

for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. YOUNG of Alaska: Committee on Resources. H.R. 2970. A bill to prescribe certain terms for the resettlement of the people of Rongelap Atoll due to conditions created at Rongelap during United States administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and for other purposes (Rept. 106-404). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. YOUNG of Alaska: Committee on Resources. H.R. 970. A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to provide assistance to the Perkins County Rural Water System, Inc., for the construction of water supply facilities in Perkins County, South Dakota; with an amendment (Rept. 106-405). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. REGULA: Committee of Conference. Conference report on H.R. 2466. A bill making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes (Rept. 106-406). Ordered to be printed.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 337. Resolution waiving points of order against the conference report to accompany the bill (H.R. 2466) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes (Rept. 106-407). Referred to the House Calendar.

Ms. PRYCE of Ohio: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 338. Resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2300) to allow a State to combine certain funds to improve the academic achievement of all its students (Rept. 106-408). Referred to the House Calendar.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. SMITH of Texas: Committee on the Judiciary. H.R. 1023. A bill for the relief of Richard W. Schaffert (Rept. 106-403). Referred to the Private Calendar.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. HYDE:

H.R. 3111. A bill to exempt certain reports from automatic elimination and sunset pursuant to the Federal Reports Elimination and Sunset Act of 1995; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MCINNIS:

H.R. 3112. A bill to amend the Colorado Ute Indian Water Rights Settlement Act to provide for a final settlement of the claims of the Colorado Ute Indian Tribes, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

By Mrs. WILSON (for herself, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mr. BAKER, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. BOUCHER, Mrs. CUBIN, Mr. DEAL of Georgia, Mr. EHRLICH, Mr. ENGLISH, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. GORDON, Mr. GREENWOOD, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Mr. KLINK, Mr. LUTHER, Ms. McCARTHY of Missouri, Mr. MCINTOSH, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. ROGAN, Mr. SANDLIN, Mr. SAWYER, Mr.

SHIMKUS, Mr. STEARNS, Mr. STRICKLAND, and Mr. STUPAK):

H.R. 3113. A bill to protect individuals, families, and Internet service providers from unsolicited and unwanted electronic mail; to the Committee on Commerce.

By Ms. GRANGER:

H.R. 3114. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to revise the update factor used in making payments to PPS hospitals under the Medicare Program; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. ISTOOK (for himself, Mr. DICKEY, and Mr. WICKER):

H.R. 3115. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act with respect to the operation by the National Institutes of Health of an experimental program to stimulate competitive research; to the Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. KOLBE (for himself and Mr. MATSUI):

H.R. 3116. A bill to promote openness, transparency, and efficiency in international government procurement through capacity building and, where appropriate, third-party procurement monitoring, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on International Relations, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mrs. MALONEY of New York:

H.R. 3117. A bill to amend the Truth in Lending Act to require 90 days notice before changing the annual percentage rate of interest applicable on any credit card account or before changing the index used to determine such rate, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

By Mr. MCHUGH (for himself and Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota):

H.R. 3118. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior to issue regulations under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act that authorize States to establish hunting seasons for double-crested cormorants; to the Committee on Resources.

By Mr. NEAL of Massachusetts:

H.R. 3119. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exclude from gross income certain stipends paid as part of a State program under which individuals who have attained age 60 perform essentially volunteer services specified by the program; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. TRAFICANT (for himself and Mr. BURTON of Indiana):

H. Con. Res. 202. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress that the Capitol Police Board should exercise the authority granted to it under law to exempt members of the United States Capitol Police with good service records from mandatory separation from employment at 57 years of age; to the Committee on House Administration.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 8: Mr. MEEKS of New York.

H.R. 88: Mr. BERMAN, Mrs. THURMAN, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, and Mr. INSLEE.

H.R. 488: Mr. OWENS and Mr. PHELPS.

H.R. 532: Ms. KAPTUR.

H.R. 623: Mr. FOSSELLA, Mr. LARGENT, and Mrs. CUBIN.

H.R. 627: Ms. LEE.

H.R. 664: Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA.

H.R. 670: Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. JOHN, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. KANJORSKI, Mr. HILLIARD, and Mr. COOK.

H.R. 721: Mr. MCHUGH.

H.R. 919: Mr. CLAY.

H.R. 979: Mr. OLVER, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. HOYER, Mr. OWENS, Mr. HORN, Mr. COSTELLO, and Mr. BONIOR.

H.R. 984: Mrs. MORELLA, Mr. MASCARA, Ms. BERKLEY, Mr. WYNN, Mr. TALENT, and Mr. HILLIARD.

H.R. 997: Mr. CLYBURN and Mr. COOKSEY.

H.R. 1046: Mr. FILNER and Mr. KILDEE.

H.R. 1111: Mr. HOLT.

H.R. 1221: Mr. GILMAN and Mr. CANNON.

H.R. 1244: Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. LATOURETTE, Ms. PRYCE of Ohio, and Mr. CALVERT.

H.R. 1248: Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. BISHOP, and Mr. LAMPSON.

H.R. 1283: Mr. McKEON, Mr. SUNUNU, Mr. SMITH of Michigan, Mr. BURR of North Carolina, and Mr. EHLERS.

H.R. 1300: Mr. FLETCHER, Mr. LEWIS of Kentucky, and Mrs. NORTHUP.

H.R. 1349: Mr. GEKAS.

H.R. 1356: Mr. EVANS.

H.R. 1367: Mr. HILLIARD.

H.R. 1398: Mr. HOEKSTRA.

H.R. 1407: Mr. VENTO.

H.R. 1483: Mr. TANNER, Mr. DOYLE, Mr. BORSKI, and Mr. CAPUANO.

H.R. 1504: Mr. BACHUS, Mr. COOK, Mr. KASICH, Mrs. EMERSON, and Mr. HILLEARY.

H.R. 1532: Mr. SOUDER.

H.R. 1592: Mr. MILLER of Florida and Mrs. CLAYTON.

H.R. 1622: Mr. DIXON.

H.R. 1657: Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey.

H.R. 1775: Mr. PASCELL, Mr. FARR of California, and Mr. FILNER.

H.R. 1839: Mr. FOSSELLA.

H.R. 1861: Mr. STUMP.

H.R. 1870: Mr. ETHERIDGE.

H.R. 1885: Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. LAFALCE, and Ms. RIVERS.

H.R. 1997: Mr. PETRI, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. VENTO, and Mr. CAMPBELL.

H.R. 2029: Mr. CALVERT.

H.R. 2030: Mr. KUYKENDALL.

H.R. 2303: Mr. SHUSTER, Mrs. BIGGERT, and Mr. INSLEE.

H.R. 2356: Mr. KUYKENDALL.

H.R. 2365: Mr. OWENS, Mr. EVANS, and Mr. OLVER.

H.R. 2372: Mr. BONILLA and Mr. ORTIZ.

H.R. 2486: Mr. KLINK, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, Mr. STARK, and Mrs. MEEK of Florida.

H.R. 2527: Mr. GONZALEZ and Mr. GUTIEREZ.

H.R. 2538: Mr. RILEY.

H.R. 2539: Mr. ROYCE.

H.R. 2709: Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. DOYLE, Mr. WALDEN of Oregon, Mr. GREENWOOD, Mr. SHIMKUS, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. PHELPS, Mr. BALDACCI, and Mr. HAYES.

H.R. 2727: Mr. WHITFIELD, Mr. CASTLE, and Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts.

H.R. 2738: Mr. GEJDENSON.

H.R. 2776: Mr. GREEN of Texas and Mr. DAVIS of Virginia.

H.R. 2807: Mrs. THURMAN.

H.R. 2814: Mr. WALDEN of Oregon.

H.R. 2827: Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska and Mr. GANSKE.

H.R. 2870: Mr. BALDACCI and Mr. NADLER.

H.R. 2990: Mr. BALDACCI.

H.R. 2901: Mr. GREEN of Wisconsin.

H.R. 2911: Mr. UNDERWOOD.

H.R. 2969: Mr. FLETCHER.

H.R. 3047: Mr. HOUGHTON and Mr. UNDERWOOD.

H.R. 3062: Mr. RAHALL, Mr. MOLLOHAN, Mr. HILLIARD, and Mr. BOUCHER.

H.R. 3075: Mr. FLETCHER and Mr. McKEON.

H.R. 3095: Mr. BROWN of Ohio and Mr. MCCOLLUM.

H.R. 3107: Mr. STARK.

H.R. 3110: Mr. LAZIO.

H. Con. Res. 79: Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. CALVERT, and Mr. SANDLIN.

H. Con. Res. 100: Mr. WU and Mr. GOODLATTE.

H. Con. Res. 148: Mr. GOSS.

H. Con. Res. 159: Mr. RUSH.

H. Con. Res. 186: Mr. WAMP, Mr. BAKER, Mr. COMBEST, Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey, Mr. DICKEY, Mr. COOK, and Mr. EHRLICH.

H. Con. Res. 190: Mr. OXLEY.

H. Con. Res. 199: Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota and Mr. POMBO.

H. Res. 224: Mr. FLETCHER.

H. Res. 238: Mr. FROST, Mr. BRADY of Texas, and Mr. BARCIA.

H. Res. 298: Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. VITTER, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mr. BOSWELL, Mr. JOHN, and Ms. HOOLEY of Oregon.

H. Res. 325: Mrs. MALONEY of New York, Mr. GALLEGLY, and Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey.

H. Res. 332: Ms. LOFGREN.

AMENDMENTS

Under clause 8 of rule XVIII, proposed amendments were submitted as follows:

H.R. 2

OFFERED BY: MR. ARMEY

AMENDMENT NO. 56: Before section 111 of the bill, insert the following (and redesignate any subsequent sections accordingly):

SEC. 111. PUPIL SAFETY AND FAMILY SCHOOL CHOICE.

Subpart 1 of part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 1115A of such Act (20 U.S.C. 6316) the following:

“SEC. 1115B. PUPIL SAFETY AND FAMILY SCHOOL CHOICE.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—If a student is eligible to be served under section 1115(b), or attends a school eligible for a schoolwide program under section 1114, and—

“(i) becomes a victim of a violent criminal offense while in or on the grounds of a public elementary school or secondary school that the student attends and that receives assistance under this part, then the local educational agency shall allow such student to attend any other public or private elementary school or secondary school, including a sectarian school, in the same State as the school where the criminal offense occurred, that is selected by the student’s parent; or

“(2) the public school that the student attends and that receives assistance under this part has been designated as an unsafe public school, then the local educational agency may allow such student to attend any other public or private elementary school or secondary school, including a sectarian school, in the same State as the school where the criminal offense occurred, that is selected by the student’s parent.

“(b) STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY DETERMINATIONS.—

“(1) The State educational agency shall determine, based upon State law, what actions constitute a violent criminal offense for purposes of this section.

“(2) The State educational agency shall determine which schools in the State are unsafe public schools.

“(3) The term ‘unsafe public schools’ means a public school that has serious crime, violence, illegal drug, and discipline problems, as indicated by conditions that may include high rates of—

“(A) expulsions and suspensions of students from school;

“(B) referrals of students to alternative schools for disciplinary reasons, to special

programs or schools for delinquent youth, or to juvenile court;

“(C) victimization of students or teachers by criminal acts, including robbery, assault and homicide;

“(D) enrolled students who are under court supervision for past criminal behavior;

“(E) possession, use, sale or distribution of illegal drugs;

“(F) enrolled students who are attending school while under the influence of illegal drugs or alcohol;

“(G) possession or use of guns or other weapons;

“(H) participation in youth gangs; or

“(I) crimes against property, such as theft or vandalism.

“(C) TRANSPORTATION AND TUITION COSTS.—

The local educational agency that serves the public school in or on the grounds on which the violent criminal offense occurred or that serves the designated unsafe public school may use funds hereafter provided under this part to provide transportation services or to pay the reasonable costs of transportation or the reasonable costs of tuition or mandatory fees associated with attending another school, public or private, selected by the student’s parent. The local educational agency shall ensure that this subsection is carried out in a constitutional manner.

“(d) SPECIAL RULE.—Any school receiving assistance provided under this section shall comply with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.) and not discriminate on the basis of race, color, or national origin.

“(e) PART B OF THE INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the requirements of part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1411 et seq.).

“(f) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the amount of assistance provided under this part for a student shall not exceed the per pupil expenditure for elementary or secondary education, as appropriate, by the local educational agency that serves the school—

“(i) where the violent criminal offense occurred for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which the offense occurred; or

“(2) designated as an unsafe public school by the State educational agency for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the designation is made.

“(g) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act or any other Federal law shall be construed to prevent a parent assisted under this section from selecting the public or private elementary school or secondary school that a child of the parent will attend within the State.

“(h) CONSIDERATION OF ASSISTANCE.—Assistance used under this section to pay the costs for a student to attend a private school shall not be considered to be Federal aid to the school, and the Federal Government shall have no authority to influence or regulate the operations of a private school as a result of assistance received under this section.

“(i) CONTINUING ELIGIBILITY.—A student assisted under this section shall remain eligible to continue receiving assistance under this section for 5 academic years without regard to whether the student is eligible for assistance under section 1114 or 1115(b).

“(j) TUITION CHARGES.—Assistance under this section may not be used to pay tuition or mandatory fees at a private elementary school or secondary school in an amount that is greater than the tuition and mandatory fees paid by students not assisted under this section at such private school.

“(k) SECTARIAN INSTITUTIONS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede

or modify any provision of a State constitution that prohibits the expenditure of public funds in or by sectarian institutions.”

After part G of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as proposed to be added by section 171 of the bill, insert the following:

PART F—ACADEMIC EMERGENCIES

SEC. 181. ACADEMIC EMERGENCIES.

(a) ACADEMIC EMERGENCIES.—Title I of the Act is amended by adding at the end the following:

“PART H—ACADEMIC EMERGENCIES

“SEC. 1801. SHORT TITLE.

“This part may be cited as the ‘Academic Emergency Act’.

“SEC. 1802. PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to provide funds to States that have 1 or more schools designated under section 1803 as academic emergency schools to provide parents whose children attend such schools with education alternatives.

“(b) GRANTS TO STATES.—Grants awarded to a State under this part shall be awarded for a period of not more than 5 years.

“SEC. 1803. ACADEMIC EMERGENCY DESIGNATION.

“(a) DESIGNATION.—The Governor of each State may designate 1 or more schools in the State that meet the eligibility requirements set forth in subsection (b) or are identified for school improvement under section 1116(b) as academic emergency schools.

“(b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be designated as an academic emergency school, the school shall be a public elementary school—

“(1) with a consistent record of poor performance by failing to meet minimum academic standards as determined by the State; and

“(2) in which more than 50 percent of the children attending are eligible for free or reduced price lunches under the National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.).

“(c) LIST TO SECRETARY.—To receive a grant under this part, the Governor shall submit a list of academic emergency schools to the State educational agency and the Secretary.

“SEC. 1804. APPLICATION AND STATE SELECTION.

“(a) APPLICATION.—Each State in which the Governor has designated 1 or more schools as academic emergency schools shall submit an application to the Secretary that includes the following:

“(I) ASSURANCES.—Assurances that the State shall—

“(A) use the funds provided under this part to supplement, not supplant, State and local funds that would otherwise be available for the purposes of this part;

“(B) provide written notification to the parents of every student eligible to receive academic emergency relief funds under this part, informing the parents of the voluntary nature of the program established under this part, and the availability of qualified schools within their geographic area;

“(C) provide parents and the education community with easily accessible information regarding available education alternatives; and

“(D) not reserve more than 4 percent of the amount made available under this part to pay administrative expenses.

“(2) INFORMATION.—Information regarding each academic emergency school, for the school year in which the application is submitted, regarding the number of children attending such school, including the number of children who are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch under the National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.) and the level of student performance.

“(b) STATE AWARDS.—