

free will and with more meaning than I am accustomed to hearing.

It is an inherent American trait to look at the courts to vindicate one's rights. With God's grace, it shall always be so. But it is neither law nor courts that shall secure our future.

"Liberty," said Learned Hand, "lies in the hearts of men and women; when it dies there, no constitution, no law, no court can save it; no constitution, no law, no court can even do much to help it."

So although I have much to learn about judging, it seems to me that Curtis Bok was right when he said of his own judicial experience "... there still remains a mystery ... that defies analysis."

"Perhaps," wrote Judge Bok, "it would be better to say that a judge's cases take hold of him and pull things out of him, and that it is his business to be sure to keep the proper supplies on hand, so far as he can be the master of that."

If "the proper supplies," or at least a portion of them, are integrity and hard work, compassion and common sense, an abiding respect for the dignity of the individual and the value of community—then, to the extent I start today with those "supplies," it is because of the people in this room and the Vermont we love.

And it is because of one who is not here, nor ever could be the seven other times his son took the oath of office in this historic chamber.

More than four decades ago, a young father took his son to Hand's Cove on Lake Champlain for a day of duck hunting.

But the father soon understood that of his son a hunter he could not make.

So he turned the day into a history lesson, for Hand's Cove is where Ethan Allen and the Green Mountain Boys gathered before their raid on Fort Ticonderoga in the early morning of May 1775.

From the father's description of the events sprang a boy's interest in history and the individuals and ideas that shape it.

Many years later—when the boy was much older than the father had been on that day—his interest in law led him to Learned Hand.

And to the realization, which somehow seemed fitting, that Hand's Cove was the home of—indeed had been named for—the Vermont ancestors of the great judge.

Logic tells me that there is no connection in the coincidence of a place from which sprang the beginning of this state, and the family of a remarkable jurist, and a father's gift to his son.

But my heart tells me otherwise.

And I believe in the "restless wisdom of the heart."

And I believe, too, in the wisdom of the poet who says to each of us—a chief justice no less than the child who even now gazes out a window, perhaps on Leonard Street: "We see but what we have the gift of seeing"; to this life, "What we bring, we find."●

TRIBUTE TO THOMAS, SHEILA, AND STACEY THOMSON ON BEING NAMED NEW HAMPSHIRE'S OUTSTANDING TREE FARMERS OF 1997

● Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I rise today to congratulate Tom Thomson, his wife Sheila, and their son Stacey, on being named New Hampshire's 1997 Outstanding Tree Farmers of the year. Tom first purchased his own wood lot at the age of 11 with his two older brothers. Today, Tom and his family manage about 2,500 acres of forest in New Hampshire and Vermont.

Stacey, Tom, and Tom's father, former Gov. Mel Thomson Jr., constitute three generations of New Hampshire tree farmers. Tom's tree farm is an example of a multipurpose forest with a diverse landscape. In addition to enhancing wildlife habitat, Tom has also increased recreational opportunities in the forest, opened vistas and taken care of the protection of water quality. He received a prestigious annual award by the New Hampshire Fish and Game Department and the University of New Hampshire Cooperative Extension in 1994, when his 1,060 acre tract in Orford, NH, became designated as a wildlife stewardship area.

Tom is known by many for his adoption of more sustainable forestry practices, and encouragement of his neighbors to do the same. He gives tree farm tours each year to school children, New Hampshire's Timberland Owners Association Board Members, conservation groups, Audubon groups and New England wildflower groups. Most recently, he had also had visitors from Eastern and Central Europe and South America. Tom also works with the New Hampshire Board of Licensure for Foresters, the New Hampshire Current Use Advisory Board, the New Hampshire Ecological Reserve System Steering Committee and the New Hampshire Forest Stewardship Committee. His enthusiasm and outstanding commitment to his work has a very important impact on the future of New Hampshire's beautiful woods.

I have known Tom and his family for many years. They are hard-working, dedicated farmers who embody the true spirit of New Hampshire. Tom's commitments to preservation and forest education are exemplary. I warmly congratulate Tom, Sheila, and Stacey for their outstanding accomplishment and well-deserved honor.●

TRIBUTE TO THE OLD TOWN MARCHING BAND

● Ms. SNOWE. Mr. President, I rise today to honor the Old Town Marching Band of Old Town, ME.

The band made the entire State of Maine proud with its extraordinary performance in the 1997 Inaugural Parade. Countless hours of practice and preparation go into such an effort, and the students' dedication to excellence was obvious and stood as a wonderful tribute to the late Old Town Superintendent of Schools, Dr. John Grady.

I was approached early last year by Dr. Grady, who shared with me his dream of having the Old Town Marching Band represent Maine at this year's inaugural parade. Sadly, Dr. Grady passed away, but his dream lived on in the hearts of bandmembers and the Old Town community. Old Town was one of more than 400 groups seeking to perform in the parade—only 23 were selected, and of those only 9 were high school bands.

Old Town's participation in the 1997 Inaugural Parade is the latest of a long

list of accomplishments. The band is nationally recognized, having won numerous awards including first place at the 1994 Saint Anselm College New England Jazz Festival, the Jazz Ensemble Grand Champions at the 1996 Orlando Musicfest, and an award-winning appearance at the 1995 Cherry Blossom parade in Washington, DC.

Mr. President, this band represents the very best characteristics of America's young people. Band members set a goal of excellence and worked hard to achieve it, and I believe their efforts should be highlighted. In an era of conflicting and often dubious influences for young men and women, and in a time when negative stories abound in the media, our children should have positive examples to follow. That is why we should shine a spotlight on groups like the Old Town Marching Band, which represent the finest qualities and aspirations of America's youth. I salute the band as well as its director, Jeffrey Priest, for showing young people what can be accomplished through hard work and commitment.

In closing, I would once again like to thank the Old Town Marching Band for their tremendous contribution to the 1997 inaugural parade, and for making Old Town and the State of Maine very proud.●

TRIBUTE TO REYNALDO MARTINEZ

● Mr. REID. Mr. President, I rise today to pay tribute to my friend and chief of staff, Reynaldo Martinez. Rey has recently been chosen for the Community Hero Award by the National Conference of Christians and Jews, and I am proud of him for receiving this well-deserved honor.

I have known Rey since I was a boy. He and I have worked side by side since he ran my first campaign and got me as elected student body president of Basic High School in 1956. Since then, he has been my adviser, campaign manager, and chief of staff. In addition to helping take me from assemblyman, to lieutenant governor, to the U.S. Senate, he has had many other titles during his life, including teacher, lobbyist, coach, education advocate, and husband. To me, Rey is both a valued friend and a trusted adviser. To his country and the State of Nevada, he is a dedicated public servant and a tireless fighter.

In his boyhood days, Rey was a great baseball player who led his high school team to numerous victories. This left-handed pitcher played a leading role in Basic High's multiple State championships, as well as its championship of the California Interscholastic Federation. In short, our tiny school in Nevada was so good, we beat all of the usually dominant California schools.

Rey's baseball talents led him to Arizona State University, where, in addition to his efforts on the field, he earned a degree in teaching. After graduation, Rey returned to Nevada to

teach government and coach the Western High School baseball team to victory in two State championships. While he was teaching, Rey worked on a local Nevada campaign with Monroe Sweetland, an executive with the National Education Association [NEA]. Mr. Sweetland recognized talent when he saw it, and lured Rey away from the Clark County School District to work for the NEA in Washington, DC, and across the Nation. After 13 years with the NEA, Rey directed his innumerable talents to my government career.

For more than 30 years, Rey has been a key player in the public arena, both in Nevada and across the Nation. He is an invaluable asset to all of the organizations and campaigns to which he has lent his energy and skill. He has a quick mind and a political acumen which he uses to great effect for the causes he believes in. He has been recognized for his efforts by groups across the Nation, including twice being named Outstanding Hispanic of the Year—in 1990 by the Latin Chamber of Commerce, and in 1988 by the New Mexico Club in Las Vegas. In 1980, the National Education Association recognized Rey as one of its outstanding political and legislative consultants. He has also been honored as an outstanding teacher in Clark County and an outstanding baseball coach in Nevada. The Community Hero award is just the most recent in his distinguished list of accolades.

The goal of the National Conference of Christians and Jews is to end bias, bigotry, and racism. Through advocacy and education, the National Conference seeks to promote understanding in all races and religions. For someone who has done so much toward these worthy goals, and who has served his community so well, Rey is truly deserving of the title "Community Hero."

It is my pleasure to speak today in tribute to my friend Reynaldo Martinez, and congratulate him on being selected for this honor.●

NOTE

On page S829 of the January 30, 1997, RECORD, during consideration of the nomination of William M. Daley, the question by the Presiding Officer is in error. The permanent RECORD has been corrected to reflect the following:

"The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. SMITH). The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the nomination of William M. Daley, of Illinois, to be Secretary of Commerce? On this question, the yeas and nays have been ordered, and the clerk will call the roll."

PROVIDING FOR SERVICE BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF SENATE FAIR EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Sen-

ate Resolution 48 submitted earlier today by myself and Senator DASCHLE. The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 48) providing for service on a temporary and intermittent basis by the director of the Office of Senate Fair Employment Practices.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. LOTT. I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 48) was agreed to.

The resolution is as follows:

S. RES. 48

Resolved,

SECTION 1. TEMPORARY AND INTERMITTENT SERVICE.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the Office of Senate Fair Employment Practices.

(2) HEARING OFFICER.—The term "hearing officer" means a hearing officer appointed in accordance with section 307(b) of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991 (2 U.S.C. 1207(b)) (as in effect on January 22, 1995).

(3) OFFICE.—The term "Office" means the Office of Senate Fair Employment Practices.

(b) DIRECTOR.—

(1) SERVICE.—The acting Director may continue to serve as the Director only on a temporary and intermittent basis, in accordance with a contract entered into with the President pro tempore of the Senate, on the recommendation of the Majority Leader and the Minority Leader of the Senate.

(2) CONTRACT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), subsection (b) of section 303 of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991 (2 U.S.C. 1203) (as in effect on January 22, 1995) shall not apply to the service of the Director.

(B) EXCEPTION.—The contract shall include provisions concerning such service that are consistent with the last sentence of subsection (b)(1) of such section 303 of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991.

(c) HEARING OFFICERS.—The President pro tempore of the Senate may extend, pursuant to an agreement between the President pro tempore and a hearing officer, a contract that was entered into by the Director and the hearing officer prior to the date of adoption of this resolution. The President pro tempore shall extend any such contract on behalf of the Office in the same manner and under the same conditions as a standing committee of the Senate may procure services on behalf of the committee under section 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 (2 U.S.C. 72a(i)). The Director shall have no authority under subsection (c) of such section 303 of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991.

(d) EXPENSES OF THE OFFICE.—

(1) APPROVAL.—The Office shall have no authority to approve a voucher under subsection (d) of such section 303 of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991, except for the compensation of a hearing officer. The Office shall also obtain the approval of the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate for the voucher for the compensa-

tion of the hearing officer. The Office shall obtain the approval of the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Committee for any voucher required under such subsection for the compensation of the Director or for reimbursement of expenses for a private document carrier. The Director shall retain authority to make payments described in paragraphs (2) through (5) of the third sentence of such subsection.

(2) LIMITATIONS.—Payments described in paragraph (1) shall be made from amounts made available under subsection (e). The Office shall use the amounts to carry out the responsibilities of the Office in accordance with section 506 of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1435).

(e) FUNDING.—The Secretary of the Senate may make available amounts, not to exceed a total of \$5,000, from the resolution and reorganization reserve of the miscellaneous items appropriations account, within the contingent fund of the Senate, for use by the Office through September 30, 1997.

(f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This resolution takes effect on January 31, 1997.

(g) TERMINATION.—This authority under this resolution terminates at the end of September 30, 1997.

EXPRESSING CONDOLENCES OF THE SENATE ON THE DEATH OF REPRESENTATIVE FRANK TEJEDA

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Senate Resolution 49 submitted earlier today by Senators HUTCHISON and GRAMM.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 49) expressing condolences of the Senate on the death of Representative Frank Tejeda.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the resolution appear at this point in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 49) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, is as follow:

S. RES. 49

Whereas the Senate has learned with profound sorrow and deep regret of the passing of our colleague, the Honorable Frank Tejeda;

Whereas Representative Tejeda has spent 4 years in the House of Representatives;

Whereas Representative Tejeda served his country honorably in the United States Marine Corps from 1963 to 1967; and

Whereas Representative Tejeda was awarded the Purple Heart, the Silver Star, the Commandant's trophy, the Marine Corps Association Award, and the Colonel Phil Yeckel Award for "the best combined record in leadership, academics, and physical fitness": Now, therefore, be it