

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS

Mr. ROTH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations of the Committee on Governmental Affairs, be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, June 26, 1997, to hold a hearing on the prevalence of waste fraud and abuse in the health care industry, with particular focus on Medicare.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## SUBCOMMITTEE ON SECURITIES

Mr. ROTH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Securities of the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, June 26, 1997, to conduct an oversight hearing on Social Security investments in the securities markets.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

## DAVID G. UNGER, ASSOCIATE CHIEF OF THE USDA FOREST SERVICE

• Ms. SNOWE. Mr. President, I would like to take a few minutes to recognize a distinguished civil servant and new resident of the State of Maine.

My colleagues know the value of having experienced, wise, and seasoned legislators in our midst to work through many of the difficult and complex issues we face on a daily basis. We can all appreciate the tremendous loss, therefore, at the Department of Agriculture when Associate Chief Dave Unger retires from his post at the Forest Service at the end of this month.

Mr. Unger has 40 years of experience working with natural resource issues in the public arena. Most recently he has been second in command at the Forest Service, engaged in the management of the National Forest System, the Forest Service research priorities, State and private forestry programs, international forestry issues, and administrative responsibilities. As one of the most heavily forested States in the country, Maine has benefitted from his leadership through technical assistance to landowners, advanced wood products manufacturing technology from the research program, and recreational opportunities in our own corner of the White Mountain National Forest.

In addition to serving as Associate Chief for the Forest Service, Mr. Unger was Deputy Assistant Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment, Associate Chief for the Soil Conservation Service, executive vice president of the National Association of Conservation Districts, Director of the Pennsylvania State Soil and Water Commission, among other leadership posts in the natural resources and conservation arena.

Recently, Mr. Unger was honored by the President of the United States with

a Distinguished Executive Rank Award. In 1991, President Bush awarded him the Presidential Meritorious Executive Rank Award. He is a fellow of the Soil and Water Conservation Society and has been recognized by many other organizations for his contributions over a long and productive career helping farmers, conserving forests and protecting wildlife.

I am also pleased to say that Mr. Unger has chosen one of the most beautiful places in the world to retire with his wife, Carolyn. He will become a permanent resident of Maine where I am sure our communities, farmers, foresters, and others will continue to reap the benefits of his illustrious career. I want to welcome the Ungers Downeast, congratulate Mr. Unger on a full and productive career, and wish them both the best in their retirement in Maine.●

## TRIBUTE TO MRS. MERRILL CATT AND THE RICE PADDY KIDS

• Mr. BUMPERS. Mr. President, I rise today to pay tribute to Mrs. Merrill Catt, a speech therapist in the Weiner, AR, public school system and eight of her students who participated in a year-long project entitled "The Rice Paddy Kids". This project was designed to teach economics and provide hands-on learning experience to the students who ranged from third to eighth grade and were receiving speech/language therapy and resource services.

Because the students live in the heart of the rice-producing region of Arkansas, which is the leading rice-producing State in the United States, the project focused on the production and marketing of rice. In the initial phase of the project the students gathered information and knowledge about rice and its economic impact locally and nationally. The second phase of the project consisted of hands-on learning opportunities as the students planned, advertised, and produced products containing rice and marketed their products to the student body and the community. In addition to the applications of economic concepts and basic skills contained in each phase, curriculum activities were incorporated to improve the students' individual language deficiencies. The students concluded the project by planning and implementing a rice banquet for their parents, business supporters, teachers, school administration and community members.

What I've just summarized in several paragraphs takes many long hours of hard work and dedication to plan, organize, and implement. This is the second economic project Mrs. Catt has successfully undertaken to expand the knowledge and capabilities of her speech and language students, and I commend her for her initiative and willingness to go the extra mile for the benefit of her students and school. In addition to teaching these students about rice, she has shown them what can be accomplished when the impor-

tant principles of responsibility, cooperation, perseverance, and innovation are utilized. I also congratulate the eight "Rice Paddy Kids" for a job well done. Not only are these students the benefactors of the project but they are an integral part of its success. While educating and helping themselves, they also educated and benefited their school and community.

There are many school systems in Arkansas that are larger in terms of student population and funding than the Weiner school system. However, the accomplishments of Mrs. Catt and "The Rice Paddy Kids" are a perfect example of how bigger is not always better. They have demonstrated a principle in which I firmly believe: being from a small town is no excuse not to think big and achieve great things.●

## TRIBUTE TO FLIP KLEFFNER

• Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, today I would like to take a few moments to pay tribute to Flip Kleffner who, after a long and distinguished career as University of Idaho alumni director, will be retiring June 30.

I take a personal interest in his retirement because, as a fellow University of Idaho graduate, I've been the beneficiary of all his work.

Flip has served as alumni director for the past 15 years and has been involved with the University of Idaho most of his life. He is a former student body president and was a standout athlete who excelled at basketball, baseball, and football. In fact, he still holds the school record for the longest punt at 82 yards.

Flip has always made everything he does a very personal effort. In that regard, he's a tremendous example of how one person really can make a difference. He has quietly given countless hours of volunteer service to his community—in everything from youth sports to education—without expecting anything in return.

In addition, his efforts to continually improve the quality of education in Idaho have helped the State keep its best and brightest at home.

Flip has a wonderful sense of humor and is one of the most personable, pleasant people I have ever had the privilege of knowing. He will be greatly missed at the university, but I'm confident he'll remain an active force for good on campus—even in retirement.

He has had a remarkable career and I wish him all the best now as he enters this new chapter in his life.●

## TRIBUTE TO DR. DAN DOYLE

• Mr. ROCKEFELLER. Mr. President, improvements in health care provide America with a sense of security. Knowing there are advancements in the medical field every day gives people hope that someday we will find cures for cancer, AIDS, leukemia, and other serious diseases. Although these advancements are notable, we cannot

forget the small town doctors who are doing their part to help our fellow citizens stay healthy and fight medical problems.

That is why I take this opportunity to express admiration and appreciation for an outstanding West Virginia physician. Dr. Daniel B. Doyle has recently received the 1997 National Rural Health Association's Practitioner of the Year Award.

For 20 years, Dr. Doyle has served the health care needs of southern, rural West Virginia. Since 1977, he has directed the New River Family Health Center in Scarbro, WV. As its director, Dr. Doyle developed all the clinical systems, recruited staff, and helped guide the center's institutional policy, budget, and strategic planning. As a result of his tremendous efforts, the center now serves a county of over 50,000 people.

Today Dr. Doyle is a full-time family physician for the New River Family Health Center. Along with serving as the Director of Medical Education for the New River Health Association, he is also the director of the Fayette, Raleigh, and Nicholas rural health initiative consortium. As a small part of his endeavors with the New River Health Association, Dr. Doyle also works with the Hidden Valley Health Care Center, a 60-bed nursing home.

One of Dr. Doyle's colleagues, Jacquelyn A. Copenhaver, coordinator of the Rivers and Bridges Rural Health Education Partnerships Consortium, said, "Doyle is involved in his community through his willingness to serve his patients whenever the need arises. He does not hesitate to make home visits, and by making those home visits, he meets the needs of the families of his patients as well as the needs of the patients themselves."

I am extremely proud that one of this country's finest doctors is dedicated to serving the people of West Virginia. Knowing that the health of West Virginians is in such capable hands, I have added confidence that the future health of our State and Nation will get better and better.●

#### COMMENCEMENT ADDRESS OF PATRICIA FERRONE

● Mr. KERRY. Mr. President, I was given the opportunity recently to read a speech prepared by my Executive Assistant, Patricia Ferrone, on the occasion of her graduation from the University of Maryland University College. I think this speech embodies many of the ideals we often talk about here on the floor of the United States Senate, and I commend all of our colleagues to take a moment and read her very thoughtful and insightful perspectives on education today. I ask it be printed in the RECORD.

The speech follows:

COMMENCEMENT ADDRESS, UNIVERSITY OF  
MARYLAND CLASS OF 1997

My name is Patricia Ferrone, and two years ago I enrolled in the Open Learning

program at the University of Maryland University College. Today, I am thrilled to be a member of the University of Maryland's class of 1997.

Twenty years ago, I adhered to a strict interpretation of Mark Twain's adage that you should never let schooling interfere with your education. After all, how in the world was I to get on with my life if all I did was go to school? How could I find a good job, make a living, and gain experience if all I did was sit in a classroom?

What I didn't realize then was that education is not designed to limit our experience, but to broaden our perspective. I didn't realize that education is a rite of passage from darkness to light, from ignorance to analysis, from having a narrow vision to acquiring a sweeping view of the immense, rich, and colorful world around us, and from living in one moment in space and time to understanding ourselves and our place in history and in the universe.

Twenty years ago, I didn't realize that education is much more than day to day experiences in a limited world. But today, I know that education is the difference between being and becoming; it is discovering that the world I live in is not the only world that exists. Today I know that education is timeless, and I've learned that education is a rite of passage to a true understanding of society, the world, and ultimately of ourselves.

The education we've been lucky enough to receive here at the University of Maryland, has not been about sitting in a classroom and learning to parrot mathematical functions or names and dates, or other people's ideas. It is more fundamental. Here, we have been taught how to think for ourselves and how to look into ourselves and our history and learn the reference points of civilization so that we fully comprehend and appreciate the times in which we live.

Therefore, it is important for all of us to understand that the education we have acquired here is not some kind of job training program. Because if we think it is, if we treat it like it is, then we will have failed, for we will have trapped ourselves in our time, never understanding that civilization is a continuing journey, and that there is a precedence for our failures and our success, and we must learn what they are.

Our society and our personal lives will always contain areas of uncertainty and confusion; we will always be confronted by more questions than answers. Education alone will never be a panacea for curing society's ills or for defeating our own personal challenges. But I am convinced that obtaining an education is a moral imperative for improving the quality of our own individual lives and, ultimately, improving the quality of life around us. Today I am certain that education is the key to the treasures of the universe, and it is also the key that unlocks the riches that lie inside each of us.

Over the past several years, we have all worked hard to earn our degrees. During the process, we were confronted by the anxieties of new possibilities, but our commitment to our goal inspired us to meet the challenge. We all refused to believe that we had limitations. So our graduation today is a personal rite of passage that we should all be proud of and should celebrate. But, my hope for all of us is that the passion that drove our commitment does not end here.

I can stand before you now and say with certainty that Mark Twain and I were wrong. It is through schooling that we learn the broader view of where we have been, and therefore understand where we are, so that we can logically think about where we want to go. I know the education I have received here has been my compass. It has set me on course and given me direction.

I am eternally grateful to all my instructors and to the University of Maryland University College for making this experience one of the richest and most profound learning experiences of my life. Now I understand that education is the catalyst that turns knowledge and experience into wisdom—and gaining wisdom is more than a rite of passage, it is a lifetime process.●

#### COMMENTS BY SENATOR SNOWE AT WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE STATUE REDEDICATION

● Ms. SNOWE. Mr. President, I would like to share with my colleagues a speech I gave today at the rededication ceremony for the Suffrage Statue. I ask that my speech be printed in the RECORD.

The speech follows:

Thank you, Lynn, for that kind introduction. It is a pleasure and honor to be here on a day that recognizes the importance of the role of women in our nation. Speaker Gingrich, you honor us with your presence and the women of America appreciate your efforts and support in returning this statue to its rightful place. And I would also like to commend Karen Staser and Joan Meecham, co-chairs of the Women's Suffrage Statute Campaign—what a wonderful day this must be to see your hard work come to fruition in such a splendid fashion.

And make no mistake: this effort has meant a great deal of hard work, and the colleagues I join today deserve special recognition for their tireless crusade to ensure that this statue is part of these hallowed halls. The outstanding attendance at this ceremony here in the Rotunda speaks to the symbolic importance of this re-dedication.

As you know, for years this statue was relegated to the crypt beneath our feet. In fact, a fitting title for the story of the women's suffrage statue could be "Tales from the Crypt". While Lady Liberty has stood proudly atop the dome of the United States Capitol, the ladies who fought to make that liberty real for women have languished in its basement.

In 1995 when a number of us sought the relocation of the statue to its originally intended spot—the Rotunda—we thought that it was a little thing to ask. We never could have imagined that this request, which on its merits seemed so straightforward, would become so problematic. The bottom line is, the debate should not have been about the weight of the statue, but the weight of an argument . . . and the worth of a just cause. When Susan B. Anthony said, "What is this little thing we are asking for? It seems so little, yet it is everything" she was talking about a woman's right to vote—but she could have been speaking about the moving of her own statue.

The difficult and circuitous journey these ladies have had from Crypt to Rotunda is in many ways emblematic of women's struggles for justice and equality throughout our history. For too long, women in this country had to endure the myth of what—or where—a "woman's place" should be. According to the out-of-date stereotype, a woman's place used to be only in the parlor, the kitchen, and, I suppose, the crypt. Since then, a lot has changed. Today, a woman's place is in the House, the Senate, and yes, in the Rotunda.

But it was not always this way. It took 73 long years beginning at the Seneca Falls Convention in 1848—spanning two centuries, eighteen Presidencies, and three wars—for women to get the right to vote. That's what it took before women won the right to shape