

## PROCLAMATION

Whereas, the Chronic Fatigue Syndrome (CFS) Association of the Lehigh Valley joined the Chronic Fatigue and Immune Dysfunction Syndrome (CFIDS) Association of America, the world's largest organization dedicated to conquering CFIDS, in observing May 12, 1997 as International Chronic Fatigue and Immune Dysfunction Syndrome Awareness Day; and

Whereas, the Chronic Fatigue Syndrome Association of the Lehigh Valley, a member of the Support Network of the CFIDS Association of America, is celebrating their fifth year of service to the community; and

Whereas, the Chronic Fatigue Syndrome Association of the Lehigh Valley recently received the CFIDS Support Network Action Award for Excellence in Service in the Area of CFIDS Awareness Day 1996 and for Excellence in Commitment and Service to the CFIDS Community in the Area of Public Policy; and

Whereas, CFIDS is a complex illness which is characterized by neurological, rheumatological and immunological problems, incapacitating fatigue, and numerous other symptoms that can persist for months or years and can be severely debilitating; and

Whereas, estimates suggest that hundreds of thousands of American adults already have CFIDS; and

Whereas, the medical community and the general public should receive more information and develop a greater awareness of the problems associated with CFIDS. While much has been done at the national, state, and local levels, more must be done to support patients and their families; and

Whereas, research has been strengthened by the efforts of the Centers for Disease Control, the National Institutes of Health, and other private institutions, the CFS Association of the Lehigh Valley recognizes that much more must be done to encourage further research so that the mission of conquering CFIDS and related disorders can be achieved.

Therefore, the United States Senate commends the designation of May 12, 1997 as CFIDS Awareness Day and applauds the efforts of those battling the illness.

Mr. SANTORUM. I appreciate the Senate's consideration of this issue, and I thank my colleagues for their attention.●

## JEWEL S. LAFONTANT-MANKARIOUS

● Ms. MOSELEY-BRAUN. Mr. President, today I would like to offer my sincere condolences to the family, friends, and colleagues of Jewel S. Lafontant-Mankarious. I especially want to convey my most heartfelt condolences to Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious's son and my dear friend, John Rogers.

On Saturday, May 31, 1997, our Nation lost one of our finest citizens. Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious, a native of my hometown Chicago, will be remembered by many as a courageous woman who broke barriers for African-American women in law and government.

Jewel Lafontant-Mankarious was born of a distinguished family of African-American professionals and leaders, who had a long history of American patriotism. It was only natural that she would want to follow in this

tradition of leadership. Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious' desires led her to pursue an undergraduate degree in political science at Oberlin College, and later a law degree from the University of Chicago, where she graduated in 1946. Due to the level of institutional racism and sexism that existed in the legal field at that time, however, Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious found herself unable to secure a job in a major firm, obtain office space in the downtown area, or even join the Chicago Bar Association. Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious was resilient, however, and would later rise to become a senior partner in the firm of Stradford, Lafontant, Gibson, Fisher & Cousins, senior legal partner at Vedder, Price, Kaufman & Kammholz, and a partner in the law firm of Holleb & Collef. Just this past year, in fact, Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious was cited as one of the top female attorneys in the city of Chicago.

Her success never interfered with her commitment to public service. Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious, has been remembered as "a regal woman, a person of the highest integrity," who "gave her legal services to the downtrodden people who couldn't fight for themselves."

It was this sense of fairness that led Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious in her other endeavors. A longtime civil rights activist, Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious was a founding member of the Congress for Racial Equality, held office in the Chicago chapter of the NAACP, and was on the board of the American Civil Liberties Union. In this capacity she is remembered for showing the same sort of tenacity and resilience that brought her success in her legal career, and is known for using innovative, yet peaceful, methods to bring about change. In later years, Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious would continue to be active in countless civic endeavors, using her influence and her legal skills to help African-American entrepreneurs.

Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious' activism was consistent and tenacious. She not only fought for the rights of African-Americans during the civil rights era, but fought to ensure that women, in particular, had a voice. In fact, by 1969, at a time when very few women had any real power in the corporate world, Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious sat on the boards of 15 major corporations, including TWA and Mobile Oil. She elegantly broke barriers of both race and gender in all of her endeavors.

Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious was extremely active in Republican politics. A close friend of Presidents Eisenhower, Nixon, and Bush, Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious served as the first African-American woman to hold the position of assistant U.S. attorney during the Eisenhower administration. In 1972, Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious became the highest female appointee named in the second Nixon administration, when she was selected as Deputy Solicitor General in the Justice De-

partment. Years later, during the Bush administration, she would serve as U.S. Ambassador-at-Large for 4 years, visiting 28 countries. President Bush also appointed her to serve as Coordinator for Refugee Affairs for the State Department.

We should all be proud of the life that Mrs. Jewel S. Lafontant-Mankarious led. She was a woman of integrity, valor, and achievement, and was a personal heroine and role model to me. She rose above adversity, used her God-given talents to fight for the rights of others, and served as an example for following generations of what a strong heart and mind can achieve. Mrs. Lafontant-Mankarious will be sorely missed by all Americans who believe in the value of a true democratic society, who oppose discrimination, and who support the notion that we can all serve the good of humanity.

Today, I salute Jewel S. Lafontant-Mankarious for her many achievements, and thank her for her legacy.●

## MAURICE SORRELL

● Ms. MOSELEY-BRAUN. Mr. President, I would like to extend my heartfelt congratulations to Maurice Sorrell, the dean of black photojournalists, as colleagues, friends, and family gather to celebrate his retirement from a lifelong commitment to capturing history on film.

Mr. Sorrell, a D.C. native, first noticed his love for photography as a youngster, when he often watched his uncles taking amateur pictures of his parents. His first job in photography was at the Pentagon in the 1950's, where he was permitted to work only in the darkroom because of racial segregation policies that existed. In 1957, Mr. Sorrell decided to strike out on his own as a freelance photographer. It was in this capacity that Mr. Sorrell served the Afro-American Newspapers and the Washington Afro-American Newspaper.

In 1962, Mr. Sorrell joined Johnson Publishing Co., Inc., as a staff photographer. Mr. Sorrell's artistic but honest portrayal of most civil rights events, as well as other issues of importance to the African-American community, has made him a landmark figure at Johnson Publishing Co., Inc. For the past 35 years, his work has appeared regularly in *Ebony* and *Jet* magazines. In addition to having received numerous awards and citations, Mr. Sorrell has earned a reputation among his colleagues for being a truly gifted photographer, with a unique eye for capturing the essence of the moment with a single portrait.

Among his many firsts, Mr. Sorrell has the distinction of being the first African-American to gain admittance in the prestigious White House News Photographers Association in 1961, as well as the honor of being the photographer who took the first group photo of the Congressional Black Caucus.

Over the course of his extensive career, Mr. Sorrell has visited more than

24 countries, covered nine presidents, photographed the March to Selma, AL, with Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., shot the World Series and NFL games, and covered many other events. His work has gained him the confidence of some of our Nation's most memorable and influential people.

Maurice Sorrell is truly an American legend. Today, I commend him for his accomplishments, and applaud his contributions to the field of photography. Through his dedication to his art, and by his desire to capture our Nation's history on film, he has touched the lives of countless Americans.●

#### HELEN MAYBELL ANGLIN

● Ms. MOSELEY-BRAUN. Mr. President, it is indeed my pleasure and privilege to join the family and friends of a distinguished citizen of Chicago, IL, Mrs. Helen Maybell Anglin, in celebrating her 50th anniversary in the restaurant business. Mrs. Anglin has always held that the "good things in life ought to be enjoyed by all people, especially good food." As owner and manager of the Soul Queen Restaurant, a popular soul food eatery located on the Windy City's Southside, Mrs. Anglin works her special magic to turn simple, down home fare into something spectacular.

Aside from being a local legend, Mrs. Anglin has been nationally recognized for her culinary talents. Her recipes have been published in numerous sources, including the Ladies Home Journal. She has also appeared on local and national television programs, including the Oprah Winfrey Show, to demonstrate her masterful cooking techniques. Throughout her career, Mrs. Anglin has been instrumental in exposing the public-at-large to delicious soul food cuisine.

In addition to being a successful restaurateur, Mrs. Anglin has been a committed civic leader for decades.

She is one of the original board members of the PUSH Foundation and has been an active supporter of the NAACP, the League of Black Women Voters, and the United Negro College Fund. She is well known for inspiring young people to maximize their educational opportunities and has provided financial assistance to help many achieve their goals.

Mrs. Anglin combines her private passion for good food with her public commitment to the common good. Her community work and civil rights advocacy represent a singular distinction for this woman of and for the people. She has distinguished herself as one of Chicago's most valuable leaders through her extraordinary talent, innovation, and compassion. Her achievements and dedication to quality in all her endeavors are a shining example to us all, and I am honored to know her.●

#### ORDERS FOR WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1997

Mr. ASHCROFT. I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it stand in adjournment until the hour of 3 p.m. on Wednesday, June 4. I further ask unanimous consent that on Wednesday, immediately following the prayer, the routine requests through the morning hour be granted and the Senate then immediately resume consideration of S. 4, the Family Friendly Workplace Act; and further the time until 4 p.m. be equally divided with Senator KENNEDY or his designee in control of the first 30 minutes and Senator ASHCROFT in control of the second 30 minutes; and further at the hour of 4 o'clock the Senate proceed to the vote on the motion to invoke cloture on the substitute amendment to S. 4.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. ASHCROFT. I ask unanimous consent that it be in order for Senators

to file second-degree amendments until 3:30 on Wednesday in order to qualify under the provisions of rule XXII.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### PROGRAM

Mr. ASHCROFT. For the information of all Members, there will be a cloture vote tomorrow afternoon at 4 p.m. on the substitute amendment to S. 4, the Family Friendly Workplace Act. It is the hope of the majority leader that cloture will be invoked and the Senate will be able to make progress and hopefully complete action on this important legislation. Additional votes are expected on or in relation to the pending amendments as well as additional amendments that may be offered.

As a reminder, it is still the hope of the leader to complete action on the budget resolution conference report as soon as that report becomes available. In addition, the majority leader has stated that the Senate may also complete action on the supplemental appropriations conference report when that report is available.

#### ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 3 P.M. TOMORROW

Mr. ASHCROFT. Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate, I now ask unanimous consent that the Senate stand in adjournment under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 7:19 p.m., adjourned until Wednesday, June 4, 1997, at 3 p.m.

#### NOMINATIONS

Executive nomination received by the Senate June 3, 1997:

##### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

BETH NOLAN, OF NEW YORK, TO BE AN ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL, VICE WALTER DELLINGER.