

noted, was "faithfulness to the means to overcome it: recitation of the psalms each day, prayer and solitude, and by these means arriving—or hoping to arrive—at a state of well-being." The psalms she found particularly helpful in this regard: "I have stilled and quieted my soul" (Ps. 131), and "Relieve the troubles of my heart" (Ps. 25). She would also quote Saint Paul's Letter to the Romans, chapter 8—"Nothing can separate us from the love of Christ"—and his advice not to judge others or even oneself, for Christ understands our failures: he was, after all, the world's greatest failure.

Among contemporary spiritual writings, she recommended in this regard Dom Hubert van Zeller's *Approach to Calvary*: "Awoke at 5:30," she penned in 1965. "Usual depression over failures, inefficiency, incapacity to cope. Van Zeller's book invaluable, teaching on how to accept all this discouragement, which he says will increase with age. . . . One must just keep going."

And that connects with the matter of perseverance, a subject on which she corresponded sporadically with Thomas Merton: "I am often full of fear about my final perseverance," she told him in 1960. But then, during his own long struggles with the problem, she advised: Your work "is the work God wants of you, no matter how much you want to run away from it."

She eventually came to terms with the fact that her difficulties were not going to end in this life. In the last book she gave me, *Spiritual Autobiography of Charles de Foucauld* (she was always giving gifts and books, prayer books and Bibles especially), she had underlined the following passage from de Foucauld: "Our difficulties are not a transitory state of affairs. . . . No, they are the normal state of affairs and we should reckon on being in angustia temporum ['in straightness of times,' Dan. 9:21] all our lives, so far as the good we want to do is concerned."

In 1960, Dorothy Day commented favorably on a then-current appraisal of the state of the American Catholic church, rendered by the Jesuit theologian, Gustave Weigel. Three things were most needed in the U.S. church, said Weigel: Austerity, preached and lived; a deeper awareness of the reality of God; and a truer and more effective love for all people, including those who are our enemies. One could not find a more succinct summary of Day's own views. In 1968, she complained that the Catholic press in the United States was too much concerned with the problems of authority, birth control, and celibacy, whereas the real problems were "war, race, poverty and wealth, violence, sex, and drugs." Some things change slowly. Or not at all.

Without the saints, Bernanos said fifty years ago, the church is only dead stones: Without them, the very grace lying within the church's institutional and sacramental forms remains fallow. Despite the unparalleled upheavals of our times, grace has not remained hidden. We have been its appealing power.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution and preamble be agreed to en bloc, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating thereto be placed in the RECORD at the appropriate place.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 163) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, is as follows:

S. RES. 163

Whereas November 8, 1997, marks the 100th anniversary of the birth of Dorothy Day on Pineapple Street in Brooklyn, New York;

Whereas Dorothy Day was a woman who lived a life of voluntary poverty, guided by the principles of social justice and solidarity with the poor;

Whereas in 1933 Dorothy Day and Peter Maurin founded the Catholic Worker Movement and the Catholic Worker newspaper "to realize in the individual and society the express and implied teachings of Christ";

Whereas the Catholic Worker "Houses of Hospitality" founded by Dorothy Day have ministered to the physical and spiritual needs of the poor for over 60 years;

Whereas there are now more than 125 Catholic Worker "Houses of Hospitality" in the United States and throughout the world;

Whereas in 1972 Dorothy Day was awarded the Laetare Medal by the University of Notre Dame for "comforting the afflicted and afflicting the comfortable virtually all of her life";

Whereas upon the death of Dorothy Day in 1980, noted Catholic historian David O'Brien called her "the most significant, interesting, and influential person in the history of American Catholicism";

Whereas His Eminence John Cardinal O'Connor has stated that he is considering recommending Dorothy Day to the Pope for Canonization; and

Whereas Dorothy Day serves as inspiration for those who strive to live their faith: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) expresses deep admiration and respect for the life and work of Dorothy Day;

(2) recognizes that the work of Dorothy Day improved the lives of countless people and that her example has inspired others to follow her in a life of solidarity with the poor;

(3) encourages all Americans to reflect on how they might learn from Dorothy Day's example and continue her work of ministering to the needy; and

(4) designates the week of November 8, 1997, through November 14, 1997, as the "National Week of Recognition for Dorothy Day and Those Whom She Served".

SEC. 2. TRANSMITTAL.

The Secretary of the Senate shall transmit an enrolled copy of this resolution to—

(1) Maryhouse, 55 East Third Street, New York City, New York;

(2) St. Joseph House, 36 East First Street, New York City, New York; and

(3) His Eminence John Cardinal O'Connor of the Archdiocese of New York, New York City, New York.

CORRECTING THE ENROLLMENT OF S. 830

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Concurrent Resolution 69 submitted earlier by Senator JEFFORDS.

I further ask unanimous consent that the concurrent resolution be agreed to and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 69) was agreed to.

The concurrent resolution is as follows:

S. CON. RES. 69

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That, in the enroll-

ment of the bill (S. 830) to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and the Public Health Service Act to improve the regulation of food, drugs, devices, and biological products, and for other purposes, the Secretary of the Senate shall make the following corrections:

(1) In section 119(b) of the bill:

(A) Strike paragraph (2) (relating to conforming amendments).

(B) Strike "(b) SECTION 505(j).—" and all that follows through "(3)(A) The Secretary shall" and insert the following:

"(b) SECTION 505(j).—Section 505(j) (21 U.S.C. 355(j)) is amended by adding at the end the following paragraph:

"(9)(A) The Secretary shall".

(2) In section 125(d)(2) of the bill, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), insert after "antibiotic drug" the second place such term appears the following: "(including any salt or ester of the antibiotic drug)".

(3) In section 127(a) of the bill: In section 503A of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (as proposed to be inserted by such section 127(a)), in the second sentence of subsection (d)(2), strike "or other criteria" and insert "and other criteria".

(4) In section 412(c) of the bill:

(A) In subparagraph (1) of section 502(e) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (as proposed to be amended by such section 412(c)), in subclause (iii) of clause (A), insert before the period the following: "or to prescription drugs".

(B) Strike "(c) MISBRANDING.—Subparagraph (1) of section 502(e)" and insert the following:

"(c) MISBRANDING.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (1) of section 502(e)".

(C) Add at the end the following:

"(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act, or the amendments made by this Act, shall affect the question of the authority of the Secretary of Health and Human Services regarding inactive ingredient labeling for prescription drugs under sections of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act other than section 502(e)(1)(A)(iii)."

(5) Strike section 501 of the bill and insert the following:

"SEC. 501. EFFECTIVE DATE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

"(b) IMMEDIATE EFFECT.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), the provisions of and the amendments made by sections 111, 121, 125, and 307 of this Act, and the provisions of section 510(m) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (as added by section 206(a)(2)), shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act."

CORRECTING OF TECHNICAL ERROR IN ENROLLMENT OF S. 1026

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Concurrent Resolution 70 submitted earlier by Senator D'AMATO. I further ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 70) was agreed to.

The concurrent resolution is as follows:

S. CON. RES. 70

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring). That, in the enrollment of the bill (S. 1026) to reauthorize the Export-Import Bank of the United States, the Secretary of the Senate shall strike subsection (a) of section 2 and insert the following:

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635f) is amended by striking ‘until’ and all that follows through ‘but’ and inserting ‘until the close of business on September 30, 2001, but’.”.

AMENDING SECTION 13031 OF THE OMNIBUS RECONCILIATION ACT OF 1985

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of H.R. 3034, which is at the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 3034) to amend section 13031 of the Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1985, Relating to Customs User Fees, to allow the use of such fees to provide for Customs inspectional personnel in connection with the arrival of passengers in Florida, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be read three times, passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating thereto be placed in the RECORD at the appropriate place.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 3034) was deemed read a third time, and passed.

MAKING TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE NICARAGUAN ADJUSTMENT AND CENTRAL AMERICAN RELIEF ACT

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to the consideration of Senate bill 1565 introduced earlier today by Senator ABRAHAM.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1565) to make technical corrections to the Nicaraguan Adjustment and Central American Relief Act.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be considered read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill appear at this point in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (S. 1565) was considered, read a third time, and passed, as follows:

S. 1565

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO NICARAGUAN ADJUSTMENT AND CENTRAL AMERICAN RELIEF ACT.

(a) ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS.—Section 202(a)(1) of the Nicaraguan Adjustment and Central American Relief Act is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “Notwithstanding section 245(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the” and inserting “The”; and

(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) by striking “is otherwise eligible to receive an immigrant visa and”; and

(B) by striking “(6)(A), and (7)(A)” and inserting “(6)(A), (7)(A), and (9)(B)”.

(b) ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS FOR SPOUSES AND CHILDREN.—Section 202(d)(1) of the Nicaraguan Adjustment and Central American Relief Act is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “Notwithstanding section 245(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the” and inserting “The”; and

(2) in subparagraph (D)—

(A) by striking “is otherwise eligible to receive an immigrant visa and”; and

(B) by striking “exclusion” and inserting “inadmissibility”; and

(C) by striking “(6)(A), and (7)(A)” and inserting “(6)(A), (7)(A), and (9)(B)”.

(c) TRANSITIONAL RULES WITH REGARD TO SUSPENSION OF DEPORTATION.—Section 309(c)(5)(C) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, as added by section 203(a)(1) of the Nicaraguan Adjustment and Central American Relief Act is amended—

(1) in clause (i), in the matter preceding subclause (I), by inserting “of this paragraph” after “subparagraph (A)”;

(2) in clause (ii), by striking “this clause (i)” and inserting “clause (i)”.

(d) TEMPORARY REDUCTION IN DIVERSITY VISAS.—Section 203(d) of the Nicaraguan Adjustment and Central American Relief Act is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1) by inserting “otherwise” before “available under that section”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)(A)—

(A) by striking “309(c)(5)(C)” and inserting “309(c)(5)(C)(i)”;

(B) by striking “year exceeds—” and inserting “year; exceeds”.

(e) TEMPORARY REDUCTION IN OTHER WORKERS’ VISAS.—Section 203(e)(2)(A) of the Nicaraguan Adjustment and Central American Relief Act is amended by striking “(d)(2)(A), exceeds—” and inserting “(d)(2)(A); exceeds”.

(f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section—

(1) shall take effect upon the enactment of the Nicaraguan Adjustment and Central American Relief Act (as contained in the District of Columbia Appropriations Act, 1998); and

(2) shall be effective as if included in the enactment of such Act.

REIMBURSEMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMY DEPLOYED IN EUROPE

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of H.R. 2796, which is at the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 2796) to authorize the reimbursement of members of the Army deployed to Europe in support of operations in Bosnia for certain out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the members during the period beginning on October 1, 1996 and ending on May 31, 1997.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the bill be read three times and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating thereto be placed in the RECORD at the appropriate place.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 2796) was read a third time, and passed.

REQUIRING THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO ESTABLISH A PROGRAM IN LOCAL PRISONS

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Judiciary Committee be discharged from further consideration of H.R. 1493, and further that the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 1493) to require the Attorney General to establish a program in local prisons to identify, prior to arraignment, criminal aliens and aliens who are unlawfully present in the United States, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be considered read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill appear at this point in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 1493) was read a third time, and passed.

THE GUN ACT OF 1997

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to the consideration of calendar No. 266, Senate bill 191.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 191) to throttle criminal use of guns.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary, with an amendment