

Without a doubt, the city of Chicago, the State of Illinois, and our country have benefited greatly from the many selfless contributions that Judge Marovitz has made over the years. He is not only a Chicago treasure, but a national treasure as well. I take great pride in congratulating him on his American ORT Diamond Jubilee Award. It is also my distinct honor to celebrate 75 wonderful years of ORT in the United States. •

UNANIMOUS-CONSENT AGREE-  
MENT—DEPARTMENT OF DE-  
FENSE AUTHORIZATION CON-  
FERENCE REPORT

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that, notwithstanding rule XXII, that on Thursday, November 6th, at 10 a.m., the Senate proceed to the DOD authorization conference report, and the report be considered as having been read, and there be 4 hours equally divided in the usual form, and following the conclusion or yielding back of time, the Senate proceed to vote on adoption of the conference report, without any intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

UNANIMOUS-CONSENT AGREE-  
MENT—PROVIDING FOR CORREC-  
TIONS IN THE ENROLLMENT OF  
H.R. 1119

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I also ask unanimous consent that following the adoption of the conference report, Senator DOMENICI be recognized to offer and the Senate proceed to a concurrent resolution making technical corrections in the enrollment of the DOD authorization conference report regarding section 3165 of the bill and to address an issue with respect to correcting several mistakes and that no amendments be in order and that the concurrent resolution be agreed to, and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, all without further action or debate, and the text of the resolution be printed in the RECORD following this request.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The concurrent resolution is as follows:

S. CON. RES.—

*Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),* That in the enrollment of H.R. 1119 to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1998 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following corrections:

In section 3165—

(1) in subsection (b)(1), strike out “under the jurisdiction” and all that follows through “Los Alamos National Laboratory” and insert in lieu thereof “under the administrative jurisdiction of the Secretary at or

in the vicinity of Los Alamos National Laboratory”; and

(2) in subsection (e), strike out “, the Secretary of the Interior” and all that follows through the end and insert in lieu thereof “but not later than 90 days after the submittal of the report under subsection (d)(1)(C), the County and the Pueblo shall submit to the Secretary an agreement between the County and the Pueblo which allocates between the County and the Pueblo the parcels identified for conveyance or transfer under subsection (b).”.

UNANIMOUS-CONSENT AGREE-  
MENT—NOMINATION OF  
CHARLES ROSSOTTI

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, as in executive session, I ask unanimous consent that on Monday, November 3, at 2:45 p.m., the Senate proceed to executive session for the consideration of calendar No. 351, the nomination of Charles Rossotti, to be Commissioner of the Internal Revenue. I further ask unanimous consent there be 3 hours of debate equally divided as follows: Senator LOTT or his designee, 60 minutes; Senator MOYNIHAN, 90 minutes; and Senator ROTH, 30 minutes. I further ask unanimous consent that following the conclusion or yielding back of the time, the Senate proceed to a vote on the confirmation of Mr. Rossotti, and that following that vote the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action, and the Senate then return to legislative session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, in executive session, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the following nomination on the Executive Calendar, No. 360.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I finally ask unanimous consent that the nomination be confirmed, that the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, any statements relating to the nomination appear at the appropriate place in the RECORD, and the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The nomination considered and confirmed is as follows:

ARMY

The following named officer for appointment in the United States Army to the grade indicated while assigned to a position of importance and responsibility under title 10, U.S.C., section 601:

*To be lieutenant general*

Maj. Gen. Jack P. Nix, Jr.

TREATIES

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate

proceed to consider the following treaties on today's Executive Calendar, Executive Calendar Nos. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15; I further ask unanimous consent that the treaties be considered as having passed through their various parliamentary stages up to and including the presentation of the resolutions of ratification; that all committee provisos, reservations, understandings and declarations be considered agreed to; that any statements in regard to these treaties be inserted in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD as if read; and that the Senate take one vote on the resolutions of ratification to be considered as separate votes; further, that when the resolutions of ratification are voted upon the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table; the President then be notified of the Senate's action and that following the disposition of the treaties, the Senate return to legislative session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The treaties will be considered to have passed through their various parliamentary stages up to and including the presentation of the resolutions of ratification.

The resolutions of ratification are as follows:

TAXATION AGREEMENT WITH TURKEY

*Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),* That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of Turkey for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income, together with a related Protocol, signed at Washington on March 28, 1996 (Treaty Doc. 104-30) subject to the declaration of subsection (a), and the proviso of subsection (b).

(a) DECLARATION.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following declaration, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) TREATY INTERPRETATION.—The Senate affirms the applicability to all treaties of the constitutionally based principles of treaty interpretation set forth in Condition (1) of the resolution of ratification of the INF Treaty, approved by the Senate on May 27, 1988, and Condition (8) of the resolution of ratification of the Document Agreed Among the States Parties to the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe, approved by the Senate on May 14, 1997.

(b) PROVISIO.—The resolution of ratification is subject to the following proviso, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION.—Nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States of America that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

TAXATION CONVENTION WITH AUSTRIA

*Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),* That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Convention between the United States of America and the Republic of Austria for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income, signed at Vienna on May 31, 1996 (Treaty Doc. 104-31) subject to the understanding of subsection (a), the declarations of subsection (b), and the proviso of subsection (c).

(a) UNDERSTANDING.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following understanding, which shall be included in the instrument of ratification, and shall be binding on the President:

(1) OECD COMMENTARY.—Provisions of the Convention that correspond to provisions of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Model Tax Convention on Income and on Capital generally shall be expected to have the same meaning as expressed in the OECD Commentary thereon. The United States understands, however, that the foregoing will not apply with respect to any reservations or observations it enters to the OECD Model or its Commentary and that it may enter such a reservation or observation at any time.

(b) DECLARATIONS.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following two declarations, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS.—The United States shall use its best efforts to negotiate with the Republic of Austria a protocol amending the Convention to provide for the application of subparagraph (b) of paragraph 2 of Article 10 of the Convention to dividends paid by a Real Estate Investment Trust in cases where (i) the beneficial owner of the dividends beneficially holds an interest of 5 percent or less in each class of the stock of the Real Estate Investment Trust and the dividends are paid with respect to a class of stock of the Real Estate Investment Trust that is publicly traded or (ii) the beneficial owner of the dividends beneficially holds an interest of 10 percent or less in the Real Estate Investment Trust and the Real Estate Investment Trust is diversified.

(2) TREATY INTERPRETATION.—The Senate affirms the applicability to all treaties of the constitutionally based principles of treaty interpretation set forth in Condition (1) of the resolution of ratification of the INF Treaty, approved by the Senate on May 27, 1988, and Condition (8) of the resolution of ratification of the Document Agreed Among the States Parties to the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe, approved by the Senate on May 14, 1997.

(b) PROVISIO.—The resolution of ratification is subject to the following proviso, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION.—Nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States of America that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

#### TAXATION CONVENTION WITH LUXEMBOURG

*Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators concurring therein),* That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Convention between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income and Capital, signed at Luxembourg on April 3, 1996 (Treaty Doc. 104-33), subject to the reservation of subsection (a), the declarations of subsection (b), and the proviso of subsection (c).

(a) RESERVATION.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following reservation, which shall be included in the instrument of ratification, and shall be binding on the President:

(1) REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS.—Subparagraph (a)(ii) of paragraph 2 of Article 10 of the Convention shall apply to dividends paid by a Real Estate Investment Trust in cases where (i) the beneficial owner of the dividends beneficially holds an interest of 5 percent or less in each class of the stock of

the Real Estate Investment Trust and the dividends are paid with respect to a class of stock of the Real Estate Investment Trust that is publicly traded, (ii) the beneficial owner of the dividends beneficially holds an interest of 10 percent or less in the Real Estate Investment Trust and the Real Estate Investment Trust is diversified, or (iii) the beneficial owner of the dividends beneficially held an interest in the Real Estate Investment Trust as of June 30, 1997, the dividends are paid with respect to such interest, and the Real Estate Investment Trust is diversified (provided that such provision shall be not apply to dividends paid after December 31, 1999 unless the Real Estate Investment Trust is publicly traded on December 31, 1999 and thereafter).

(b) DECLARATIONS.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following two declarations, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) SIMULTANEOUS EXCHANGE.—The United States shall not exchange the instruments of ratification of this Convention with the Government of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg until such time as it exchanges the instruments of ratification with respect to the Treaty Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters, signed at Washington on March 13, 1997 (Treaty Doc. 105-11).

(2) TREATY INTERPRETATION.—The Senate affirms the applicability to all treaties of the constitutionally based principles of treaty interpretation set forth in Condition (1) of the resolution of ratification of the INF Treaty, approved by the Senate on May 27, 1988, and Condition (8) of the resolution of ratification of the Document Agreed Among the States Parties to the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe, approved by the Senate on May 14, 1997.

(c) PROVISIO.—The resolution of ratification is subject to the following proviso, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION.—Nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States of America that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

#### TAXATION CONVENTION WITH THAILAND

*Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),* That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Convention between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Kingdom of Thailand for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income, signed at Bangkok, November 26, 1996 (Treaty Doc. 105-2), subject to the declaration of subsection (a); and the proviso of subsection (b).

(a) DECLARATION.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following declaration, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) TREATY INTERPRETATION.—The Senate affirms the applicability to all treaties of the constitutionally based principles of treaty interpretation set forth in Condition (1) of the resolution of ratification of the INF Treaty, approved by the Senate on May 27, 1988, and Condition (8) of the resolution of ratification of the Document Agreed Among the States Parties to the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe, approved by the Senate on May 14, 1997.

(b) PROVISIO.—The resolution of ratification is subject to the following proviso, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION.—Nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes

legislation or other action by the United States of America that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

#### TAXATION CONVENTION WITH SWITZERLAND

*Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),* That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Convention Between the United States of America and the Swiss Confederation for the Avoidance of Double Taxation with Respect to Taxes on Income, signed at Washington, October 2, 1996 together with a Protocol to the Convention (Treaty Doc. 105-8), subject to the declarations of subsection (a), and the proviso of subsection (b).

(a) DECLARATIONS.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following two declarations, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS.—The United States shall use its best efforts to negotiate with the Swiss Confederation a protocol amending the Convention to provide for the application of subparagraph (b) of paragraph 2 of Article 10 of the Convention to dividends paid by a Real Estate Investment Trust in cases where (i) the beneficial owner of the dividends beneficially holds an interest of 5 percent or less in each class of the stock of the Real Estate Investment Trust and the dividends are paid with respect to a class of stock of the Real Estate Investment Trust that is publicly traded or (ii) the beneficial owner of the dividends beneficially holds an interest of 10 percent or less in the Real Estate Investment Trust and the Real Estate Investment Trust is diversified.

(2) TREATY INTERPRETATION.—The Senate affirms the applicability to all treaties of the constitutionally based principles of treaty interpretation set forth in Condition (1) of the resolution of ratification of the INF Treaty, approved by the Senate on May 27, 1988, and Condition (8) of the resolution of ratification of the Document Agreed Among the States Parties to the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe, approved by the Senate on May 14, 1997.

(b) PROVISIO.—The resolution of ratification is subject to the following proviso, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION.—Nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States of America that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

#### TAX CONVENTION WITH SOUTH AFRICA

*Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),* That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Convention between the United States of America and the Republic of South Africa for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income and Capital Gains, signed at Cape Town February 17, 1997 (Treaty Doc. 105-9), subject to the declaration of subsection (a), and the proviso of subsection (b).

(a) DECLARATION.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following declaration, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) TREATY INTERPRETATION.—The Senate affirms the applicability to all treaties of the constitutionally based principles of treaty interpretation set forth in Condition (1) of the resolution of ratification of the INF Treaty, approved by the Senate on May 27, 1988, and Condition (8) of the resolution of ratification of the Document Agreed Among the States Parties to the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe, approved by the Senate on May 14, 1997.

(b) PROVISIO.—The resolution of ratification is subject to the following proviso, which shall be binding on the President.

(1) SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION.—Nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States of America that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

#### PROTOCOL AMENDING TAX CONVENTION WITH CANADA

*Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),* That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Protocol Amending the Convention Between the United States of America and Canada with Respect to Taxes on Income and on Capital Signed at Washington on September 26, 1980 as Amended by the Protocols Signed on June 14, 1983, March 28, 1984 and March 17, 1995, signed at Ottawa on July 29, 1997 (Treaty Doc. 105-29) subject to the declaration of subsection (a), and the proviso of subsection (b).

(a) DECLARATION.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following declaration, which shall be binding on the President.

(1) TREATY INTERPRETATION.—The Senate affirms the applicability to all treaties of the constitutionally based principles of treaty interpretation set forth in Condition (1) of the resolution of ratification of the INF Treaty, approved by the Senate on May 27, 1988, and Condition (8) of the resolution of ratification of the Document Agreed Among the States Parties to the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe, approved by the Senate on May 14, 1997.

(b) PROVISIO.—The resolution of ratification is subject to the following proviso, which shall be binding on the President.

(1) SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION.—Nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States of America that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

#### TAX CONVENTION WITH IRELAND

*Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),* That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Convention between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Ireland for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income and Capital Gains, signed at Dublin on July 28, 1997, together with Protocol and exchange of notes done on the same date (Treaty Doc. 105-31), subject to the understanding of subsection (a), the declarations of subsection (b), and the proviso of subsection (c).

(a) UNDERSTANDING.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following understanding which shall be included in the instrument of ratification, and shall be binding on the President:

(1) EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION.—The United States competent authority follows a practice of comity with respect to exchanges of information under all tax conventions.

(b) DECLARATIONS.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following two declarations, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS.—The United States shall use its best efforts to negotiate with the Government of Ireland a protocol amending the Convention to provide for the application of subparagraph (b) of paragraph 2 of Article 10 of the Convention to dividends paid by a Real Estate Investment Trust in cases where (ii) the beneficial owner of the dividends beneficially holds an interest of 5 percent or less in each class of

the stock of the Real Estate Investment Trust and the dividends are paid with respect to a class of stock of the Real Estate Investment Trust that is publicly traded or (i) the beneficial owner of the dividends beneficially holds an interest of 10 percent or less in the Real Estate Investment Trust and the Real Estate Investment Trust is diversified.

(2) TREATY INTERPRETATION.—The Senate affirms the applicability to all treaties of the constitutionally based principles of treaty interpretation set forth in Condition (1) of the resolution of ratification of the INF Treaty, approved by the Senate on May 27, 1988, and Condition (8) of the resolution of ratification of the Document Agreed Among the States Parties to the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe, approved by the Senate on May 14, 1997.

(c) PROVISIO.—The resolution of ratification is subject to the following proviso, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION.—Nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States of America that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask for a division vote on the resolutions of ratification.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. A division is requested. Senators in favor of the resolutions of ratification will rise and stand until counted. (After a pause.) Those opposed will rise and stand until counted.

On a division, two-thirds of the Senators present and voting, having voted in the affirmative, the resolutions of ratification are agreed to.

#### LEGISLATIVE SESSION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will now return to legislative session.

#### NATIONAL CONCERN ABOUT YOUNG PEOPLE AND GUN VIOLENCE DAY

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Judiciary Committee be discharged from further consideration of Senate resolution 141, and that the Senate then proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 141) expressing the sense of the Senate regarding National Concern About Young People and Gun Violence Day.

The Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, I want to thank my many colleagues, who on such short notice, agreed to cosponsor and enact this resolution establishing November 6, 1997, as National Concern about Young People and Gun Violence Day. I know the many volunteers and organizations working to protect our children also offer their thanks.

Today, Halloween, is a perfect day to reaffirm our national commitment to stopping youth violence. On this night,

children across America will be going trick or treating dressed in all sorts of wonderful costumes. They will enjoy seeing each other, visiting their neighbors, and—best of all—getting mountains of sweets.

But in many cities, parents will keep their children inside. There will be no trick or treating because the streets are too dangerous for children. There might be block parties, but there won't be the fun and freedom that comes from frolicking through the streets in search of the good treats. All of us recognize the importance of making our streets and communities safe for children.

One person, Mary Lewis Grow, thought something we might do to make our young people safer was to establish a national Day of Concern. So, this Minnesota homemaker, in 1996, persuaded Senators WELLSTONE, SPENCER, and Bradley to introduce this resolution. Other groups, such as Mothers Against Violence in America, joined her effort. The proclamation of a special day of recognition also provided support to a national effort to encourage students to sign a pledge against gun violence. In 1996, 32,000 students in Washington State signed the pledge card, as did more than 200,000 children in New York City, and tens of thousands more across the Nation.

The Student Pledge Against Gun Violence calls for a national observance on November 6 to give students throughout America the chance to make a promise, in writing, that they will do their part to prevent gun violence. The students' pledge promises three things: first, they will never carry a gun to school; second, they will never resolve a dispute with a gun; and third, they will use their influence with friends to discourage them from resolving disputes with guns.

Mr. President, just last week I joined several colleagues on the floor of the Senate as we decried the murder of Ann Harris, a 17-year-old Virginian, by a 19-year-old man in Washington State. This random act of violence was apparently precipitated because the car in which Ann was a passenger was going too slowly for the driver of the car in which the murderer was riding. The young man was angry enough and morally numbed enough to fire his gun into Ann's car, killing Ann. What a tragedy. What a waste.

In another example, a 14-year-old boy opened fire in a Moses Lake, WA, classroom, killing a teacher and student and wounding others. He has been convicted, but that does little to ease the pain of the loss suffered by that small community. Maybe if he had signed a pledge, maybe if he had heard the message over and over from parents and friends that gun violence was the wrong way to solve problems, maybe if, maybe if. We don't know how we might have stopped this act of violence, but we know we all have to try education, try outreach, try everything.

Mr. President, we need to help all of our kids feel a part of this society. Yet