

well as the Research Institute's new division, the Complementary Medicine Research Institute, which encompasses clinical and scientific laboratory based programs to study alternative medical approaches. "Helene envisioned a practice of science and medicine without boundaries," according to Dr. Tripathy.

Dr. Smith graduated BS Cum Laude from the University of Pennsylvania in 1962 and received a Doctorate in Microbiology from the University of Pennsylvania in 1967. A postdoctoral research position at Princeton University in Professor Arthur B. Pardee's laboratory from 1967-69 laid the ground work for her interests in cell culture and cellular transformation. Her first breast cancer research manuscript was published in 1973. This was followed by decades of important citations—resulting in over 100 publications. One of her last manuscripts published by *Science*, "Loss of Heterozygosity in Normal Tissue Adjacent to Breast Carcinomas" (Vol. 274, 1996), described genetic losses in morphologically normal lobular epithelium adjacent to breast cancers. These findings support her "stochastic model of breast carcinogenesis", a multivariate model of acquired genetic change. Helene believed that molecular alterations might someday be used to predict breast carcinogenesis or the biology of breast cancers in individual women. Her findings also suggest that our current methods of tissue evaluation (histopathologic evaluation) may be inadequate as the science is further developed. Helene sought to identify new intermediate endpoints and understand early changes in the process of breast carcinogenesis. She felt that a combination of traditional pathology and molecular diagnostics would be more informative for individual patients than a categorical system based on histopathology alone.

As a result of her leadership in science, ability to cross over disciplines, devotion to translational advancements, mentoring and recruitment capacities, ability to conceptualize novel ideas and service in numerous administrative roles, she has forever changed traditional approaches to breast cancer science. In addition to fostering research in many areas, Helene was particularly important as a mentor for young scientists—particularly women. These contributions, in addition to her easy smile and invigorating personality will be sorely missed and not easily forgotten.●

TRIBUTE TO "JEOPARDY"

● Mr. JEFFORDS. Mr. President, I rise today to pay tribute to "Jeopardy" and its efforts in educational outreach. The show has been successful in providing more than just entertainment for its audience. In over 3,000 episodes spanning 14 years, "Jeopardy" has challenged viewers to expand their horizons and learn more about some fundamental fields of study.

"Jeopardy" seeks and demands attentive participation. Accordingly, this forum has often been used by schools throughout the country to improve students' performance in a wide array of subjects.

The show will be taping in 2 weeks worth of episodes from Washington, DC, at Constitution Hall. The first week will pay tribute to the educational accomplishments of our Nation's best and brightest children. The second week will spotlight members of

the political community to raise more than \$150,000 for worthy causes and stress the value of education.

It seems clear that "Jeopardy" realizes the significance of learning for people both young and old. I salute "Jeopardy" for reaching beyond the television screen to provide quality programming with truly profound educational benefits for every community across the Nation.●

TITLE VII OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL

● Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. President, I submit the following clarification to the fiscal year 1998 Interior and related agencies appropriations bill on behalf of myself and Senator MACK. I ask that it be printed in the RECORD.

The clarification follows:

MACK-GRAHAM STATEMENT CONCERNING TITLE VII OF THE FISCAL YEAR 1998 INTERIOR APPROPRIATIONS BILL

Title VII of the FY'98 Interior Appropriations Bill approves and implements a settlement between the Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida and the Florida Department of Transportation. It should be understood that the lawsuit referred to in section 702(2) and elsewhere has already been dismissed. However, since the lawsuit formed the underlaying basis of the dispute and could be revived absent this settlement, the settlement and this legislation refers to the lawsuit and settles all claims based on the underlying facts of the lawsuit. It should also be understood that the concurrence of the Board of Trustees of the International Improvements Trust Fund referred to in section 702(7)(B)(ii) relates only to the transfer of land to which the Board holds title. Insofar as the settlement provides for such land transfers wherein the Board has certain responsibilities, the Board concurs. The Board has taken no position with respect to other parts of the settlement regarding which the Board has no responsibility and which are instead within the authority and responsibility of the Florida Department of Transportation, which has executed the settlement.●

HONORING SENIOR JUDGE ABRAHAM LINCOLN MAROVITZ

● Ms. MOSELEY-BRAUN. Mr. President, it is my great pleasure to join the celebration of the 75th anniversary of American ORT, and to congratulate Senior Federal Judge Abraham Lincoln Marovitz on being American ORT's Diamond Jubilee Award winner.

Each year, American ORT provides high-technology vocational training and education to over 6,000 students in cities across the country, including Chicago at the Zarem/Golde ORT Technical Institute. Worldwide, ORT teaches comprehensive technical skills to over 250,000 students in 60 countries. As a private, nonsectarian, nonpartisan, nonprofit organization, ORT has pro-

vided hope and opportunity to hundreds of thousands of people through high quality vocational education.

The stunning success of American ORT during the past 75 years certainly would not have been possible without the presence of its brightest star, Senior Federal Court Judge Abraham Lincoln Marovitz. The contributions made by Judge Marovitz to American ORT, the State of Illinois, and our Nation are, quite simply, without peer.

Judge Marovitz overcame humble beginnings amidst the poverty of Chicago's west side to lead a remarkable life of public service. After graduating from Chicago-Kent College of Law at the age of 19 in 1927, Judge Marovitz went on to serve as an Assistant Illinois states attorney and an Illinois State senator. In 1943, at the age of 38, Judge Marovitz waived his senatorial deferment and enlisted as a private in the U.S. Marine Corps. After seeing combat and being wounded in the Pacific Theater, he retired from the Marines with the rank of sergeant major.

In 1950, Abraham Lincoln Marovitz was elected judge of the Superior Court of Illinois. From 1958 to 1959, he served as the chief justice of the Criminal Court of Cook County. Judge Marovitz received national recognition for his jurisprudence in 1963 when President Kennedy appointed him as the U.S. District Court Judge for the Northern District of Illinois. In 1975, Judge Marovitz assumed senior status as a U.S. District Court Judge, a position in which he continues to serve the people of Illinois and the Nation.

Judge Marovitz has not been content to focus solely on his career. Instead, he has freely given both his time and talents to a wide range of community organizations. In addition to his association with American ORT, he has served groups including the Jewish War Veterans of the United States, the National Conference of State Court Trial Judges, and the American Legion. Moreover, Judge Marovitz served as chairman of the board of the Lincoln National Bank for 17 years, was a board member and trustee of Chicago-Kent College of Law and the Chicago Medical School, the Chicago Bar Association, and numerous other civic, religious, and veterans organizations.

For his voluntarism, Judge Marovitz has been honored by organizations such as the Variety Club, the Daughters of the American Revolution, the Anti-Defamation League, the United Neighborhood Organization of Chicago, the Jesse Owens Foundation, the Chicago City Council, the State of Illinois, and the State of Israel. These awards are but a few of the many testaments to his unyielding devotion to and enduring love for his fellow man and woman.

For all his civic commitments, Judge Marovitz has never lost his common touch and regard for individuals no matter their station in life. Specifically, I am personally ever indebted to him for the many kindnesses he showed me years ago, when I was a young assistant U.S. attorney.

Without a doubt, the city of Chicago, the State of Illinois, and our country have benefited greatly from the many selfless contributions that Judge Marovitz has made over the years. He is not only a Chicago treasure, but a national treasure as well. I take great pride in congratulating him on his American ORT Diamond Jubilee Award. It is also my distinct honor to celebrate 75 wonderful years of ORT in the United States. •

UNANIMOUS-CONSENT AGREE-
MENT—DEPARTMENT OF DE-
FENSE AUTHORIZATION CON-
FERENCE REPORT

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that, notwithstanding rule XXII, that on Thursday, November 6th, at 10 a.m., the Senate proceed to the DOD authorization conference report, and the report be considered as having been read, and there be 4 hours equally divided in the usual form, and following the conclusion or yielding back of time, the Senate proceed to vote on adoption of the conference report, without any intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

UNANIMOUS-CONSENT AGREE-
MENT—PROVIDING FOR CORREC-
TIONS IN THE ENROLLMENT OF
H.R. 1119

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I also ask unanimous consent that following the adoption of the conference report, Senator DOMENICI be recognized to offer and the Senate proceed to a concurrent resolution making technical corrections in the enrollment of the DOD authorization conference report regarding section 3165 of the bill and to address an issue with respect to correcting several mistakes and that no amendments be in order and that the concurrent resolution be agreed to, and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, all without further action or debate, and the text of the resolution be printed in the RECORD following this request.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The concurrent resolution is as follows:

S. CON. RES.—

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That in the enrollment of H.R. 1119 to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1998 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following corrections:

In section 3165—

(1) in subsection (b)(1), strike out “under the jurisdiction” and all that follows through “Los Alamos National Laboratory” and insert in lieu thereof “under the administrative jurisdiction of the Secretary at or

in the vicinity of Los Alamos National Laboratory”; and

(2) in subsection (e), strike out “, the Secretary of the Interior” and all that follows through the end and insert in lieu thereof “but not later than 90 days after the submittal of the report under subsection (d)(1)(C), the County and the Pueblo shall submit to the Secretary an agreement between the County and the Pueblo which allocates between the County and the Pueblo the parcels identified for conveyance or transfer under subsection (b).”.

UNANIMOUS-CONSENT AGREE-
MENT—NOMINATION OF
CHARLES ROSSOTTI

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, as in executive session, I ask unanimous consent that on Monday, November 3, at 2:45 p.m., the Senate proceed to executive session for the consideration of calendar No. 351, the nomination of Charles Rossotti, to be Commissioner of the Internal Revenue. I further ask unanimous consent there be 3 hours of debate equally divided as follows: Senator LOTT or his designee, 60 minutes; Senator MOYNIHAN, 90 minutes; and Senator ROTH, 30 minutes. I further ask unanimous consent that following the conclusion or yielding back of the time, the Senate proceed to a vote on the confirmation of Mr. Rossotti, and that following that vote the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action, and the Senate then return to legislative session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, in executive session, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the following nomination on the Executive Calendar, No. 360.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I finally ask unanimous consent that the nomination be confirmed, that the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, any statements relating to the nomination appear at the appropriate place in the RECORD, and the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The nomination considered and confirmed is as follows:

ARMY

The following named officer for appointment in the United States Army to the grade indicated while assigned to a position of importance and responsibility under title 10, U.S.C., section 601:

To be lieutenant general

Maj. Gen. Jack P. Nix, Jr.

TREATIES

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate

proceed to consider the following treaties on today's Executive Calendar, Executive Calendar Nos. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15; I further ask unanimous consent that the treaties be considered as having passed through their various parliamentary stages up to and including the presentation of the resolutions of ratification; that all committee provisions, reservations, understandings and declarations be considered agreed to; that any statements in regard to these treaties be inserted in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD as if read; and that the Senate take one vote on the resolutions of ratification to be considered as separate votes; further, that when the resolutions of ratification are voted upon the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table; the President then be notified of the Senate's action and that following the disposition of the treaties, the Senate return to legislative session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The treaties will be considered to have passed through their various parliamentary stages up to and including the presentation of the resolutions of ratification.

The resolutions of ratification are as follows:

TAXATION AGREEMENT WITH TURKEY

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein), That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of Turkey for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income, together with a related Protocol, signed at Washington on March 28, 1996 (Treaty Doc. 104-30) subject to the declaration of subsection (a), and the proviso of subsection (b).

(a) DECLARATION.—The Senate's advice and consent is subject to the following declaration, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) TREATY INTERPRETATION.—The Senate affirms the applicability to all treaties of the constitutionally based principles of treaty interpretation set forth in Condition (1) of the resolution of ratification of the INF Treaty, approved by the Senate on May 27, 1988, and Condition (8) of the resolution of ratification of the Document Agreed Among the States Parties to the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe, approved by the Senate on May 14, 1997.

(b) PROVISIO.—The resolution of ratification is subject to the following proviso, which shall be binding on the President:

(1) SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION.—Nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States of America that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

TAXATION CONVENTION WITH AUSTRIA

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein), That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Convention between the United States of America and the Republic of Austria for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income, signed at Vienna on May 31, 1996 (Treaty Doc. 104-31) subject to the understanding of subsection (a), the declarations of subsection (b), and the proviso of subsection (c).