## CONGRESSIONAL RECORD – HOUSE

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impact the Nation's economy. In today's highly competitive environment, the ATP program enables industry to pursue cutting edge technologies.

You might be interested to know that although U.S. software and computer companies lead the world in developing advanced, highly integrated systems for manufacturing; U.S. manufacturers as a whole trail their major foreign competitors in adopting these technologies. In my own State of Connecticut, United Technologies Corp. is working jointly with a number of other major industrial firms in an experiment on how our companies can adapt to new technology in a more efficient manner.

The ATP program lets modest Federal investments reap impressive rewards and keep America competitive in the global marketplace. Ending ATP would deny these companies the tools to expand our economy. And it would turn back the efforts of Democrats and Republicans who have helped the government help small business through these programs.

Everyone says they support a vibrant economy and an effective government. Let's show we match our rhetoric with action, and oppose this amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the genfrom Indiana tleman ĺMr. HOSTETTLER]

The question was taken; and the Chairman announced that the noes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. HOSTETTLER. Mr. Chairman, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were-ayes 177, noes 235, not voting 21, as follows:

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Aderholt Andrews Archer Armev Bachus Baker Ballenger Barr Barrett (NE) Barrett (WI) Barton Bass Bereuter Berry Bilirakis Blilev Blunt Boehner Bono Brady Bryant Bunning Burton Buver Callahan Campbell Canady Cannon Chabot Chambliss Chenoweth Christensen Coble Coburn Combest Condit Cooksey Cox Crane Crapo Cubin Cunningham

[Roll No. 456] AYES-177 Deal Jenkins DeLay Johnson, Sam Dickey Jones Doolittle Kasich Dreier Kingston Duncan Klug Dunn Kolbe Ehrlich Largent Emerson Latham Lewis (KY) Ensign Everett Linder Foley Livingston Forbes LoBiondo Fowler Lucas Fox Luther Franks (NJ) Manzullo Frelinghuysen McCollum Ganske McHugh Gillmor McInnis Goodlatte McIntosh Goodling McIntyre McKeon Goss Graham Metcalf Granger Mica Miller (FL) Greenwood Gutknecht Minge Moran (KS) Hastert Hastings (WA) Myrick Hayworth Hefley Nethercutt Neumann Herger Ney Northup Hill Hilleary Norwood Hobson Nussle Hoekstra Pappas Parker Horn Hostettler Paul Hulshof Paxon Hunter Pease Hutchinson Peterson (MN) Peterson (PA) Inglis Pickering Istook

Pombo
Portman
Pryce (OH)
Radanovich
Ramstad
Redmond
Riggs
Riley
Rohrabacher
Roukema
Royce
Ryun
Salmon
Sanford
Scarborough
Schoofen Den

Ackerman

Allen

Baesler

Baldacci

Bartlett

Bateman

Becerra

Bentsen

Berman

Bilbray

Bishop

Blagojevich

Blumenauer

Boehlert

Bonior

Borski

Boswell

Boucher

Brown (CA)

Brown (FL)

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Boyd

Burr

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Capps

Cardin

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Castle

Clayton

Clement

Clyburn

Convers

Costello

Coyne

Cramer

Danner

Cummings

Davis (FL)

Davis (IL)

Davis (VA)

DeFazio

DeGette

Delahunt

DeLauro

Dellums

Deutsch

Dicks

Dixon

Dingell

Doggett

Dooley

Edwards

Doyle

Ehlers

Engel

Eshoo

Evans

Ewing

Fattah

Fawell

Fazio

Filner

Frank (MA)

Ford

Frost

Furse Gallegly

Gekas

Gejdenson

Gephardt

Farr

English

Etheridge

Diaz-Balart

Cook

Clay

Calvert

Barcia

Pitts

Shuster Smith (MI) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smith Linda Snowbarger Solomon Souder Spence Stark Schaefer, Dan Stearns

NOES-235

Abercrombie Gilchrest Gilman Goode Gordon Green Gutierrez Hall (TX) Hamilton Harman Hefner Hilliard Hinchey Hinojosa Holden Hooley Houghton Hoyer Hyde Jackson (IL) Jackson-Lee (TX) Jefferson John Johnson (CT) Johnson (WI) Johnson, E. B. Kanjorski Kaptur Kelly Kennedy (MA) Kennedy (RI) Kennelly Kildee Kilpatrick Kim Kind (WI) King (NY) Kleczka Klink Knollenberg Kucinich LaFalce LaHood Lampson Lantos LaTourette Leach Levin Lewis (CA) Lewis (GA) Lipinski Lofgren Lowev Maloney (CT) Maloney (NY) Manton Markey Martinez Mascara Matsui McCarthy (MO) McCarthy (NY) McDermott McGovern McHale McKinney McNulty Meehan Meek Menendez Millender McDonald Miller (CA) Mink Moakley Mollohan Moran (VA) Morella Murtha

Talent Thomas Thornberry Thune Tiahrt Upton Wamp Watkins Watts (OK) Weldon (FL) Weller White Whitfield Wicker Wolf Nadler Neal Oberstar Obey Olver Ortiz Owens Packard Pallone Pascrell Pastor Payne Pelosi Petri Pickett Pomerov Porter Poshard Price (NC) Rahall Rangel Regula Reves Rivers Rodriguez Roemer Rogers Ros-Lehtinen Rothman Roybal-Allard Rush Sabo Sanchez Sanders Sandlin Sawyer Saxton Scott Sensenbrenner Serrano Sherman Sisisky Skaggs Skeen Skelton Slaughter Smith, Adam Snyder Spratt Stabenow Stenholm Stokes Strickland Stupak Tanner Tauscher Tauzin Taylor (MS) Thompson Thurman Tierney Torres Towns Traficant Turner Velazquez Vento Visclosky Walsh Waters Watt (NC) Waxman Weldon (PA)

Wexler

Wise

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Wevgand

Woolsey

Young (FL)

Bonilla Collins Flake Foglietta Gibbons Gonzalez Hall (OH)

Hansen Hastings (FL) Lazio McCrery McDade Oxley Quinn

NOT VOTING-21

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Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mrs. NORTHUP, and Mr. BRADY changed their vote from "no" to "aye.

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Mr. ROGERS. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. LATOURETTE) having assumed the chair, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 2267) making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1998, and for other purposes, had come to no resolution there.

LIMITING AMENDMENTS DURING CONSIDERATION FURTHER OF H.R. 2267, DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE. JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RE-AGENCIES APPROPRIA-LATED TIONS ACT, 1998

Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that during further consideration of H.R. 2267 pursuant to House Resolution 239:

(1) No further amendment shall be in order except: amendments printed before September 25, 1997, in the portion of the congressional Record designated for that purpose in clause 6 of rule XXIII; amendments numbered 2 and 3 in part 2 of House Report 105-264; one amendment offered by Representative Rogers of Kentucky after consultation with Representative Mollohan of West Virginia; one amendment to the amendment printed in the Congressional Record and numbered 4; and pro forma amendments offered by the chairman or ranking minority member of the Committee on Appropriations or their designees;

(2) each amendment shall be considered as read and (other than the amendments numbered 2 and 3 in part 2 of House Report 105-264 and the numbered 4 and any amendment amendment thereto) shall be debatable for 10 minutes equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent:

(3) the amendment numbered 4 shall be debatable for 60 minutes equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, except that if an amendment thereto is offered before that debate begins, then the amendment and the amendment thereto shall

Rogan

Schiff

Yates

Schumer

Smith (OR)

Taylor (NC)

Young (AK)

be debatable for 30 minutes equally divided and controlled by the original proponent and opponent;

(4) the amendment numbered 4 may be offered only before noon on Friday, September 26, 1997, or after 5 p.m. on Monday, September 29, 1997;

(5) the amendment numbered 2 in House Report 105-264 may be offered only on Tuesday, September 30, 1997;

(6) the amendment numbered 4 and the amendment offered by Representative Rogers may be offered without regard to the stage of the reading;

(7) after the sum of the number of motions to strike out the enacting words of the bill (as described in clause 7 of rule XXIII) or that the Committee rise offered by Members of the minority party reaches three, the chairman of the Committee of the Whole may entertain another such motion during further consideration of the bill only if offered by the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations or the Majority Leader or their designee.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Kentucky?

There was no objection.

### LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM

(Mr. ARMEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. ARMEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise for the purpose of making an announcement to the House about the House's work schedule for the remainder of the legislative program.

Mr. Speaker, does the gentleman from West Virginia wish to comment on the unanimous-consent request?

Mr. MOLLOHAN. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ARMEY. I yield to the gentleman from West Virginia.

Mr. MOLLŎHAN. Mr. Speaker, I would tell the gentleman, no. I thank the majority. We agree with it, and appreciate the opportunity to work it out. We are glad that we have worked it out, and look forward to further debate on the bill.

Mr. ARMEY. Mr. Speaker, of course I realize fully that the unanimous-consent request was completely understood by all the Members here, and that there could possibly be no questions related to it.

I know that it reminded me of that great Harry Bellafonte song, "It's clear as mud but it covers the ground," and everybody here is satisfied with where we are. I would like to take a moment, though, Mr. Speaker, to explain what this all means in our lives as Members as we plan the rest of our evening, the rest of the week and further consideration of this bill.

Let me begin, Mr. Speaker, with the good news. The good news is that there will be no more recorded votes this evening. Now, it only gets better from here, Mr. Speaker. The committee, again, the Members of the committee and the floor managers have once again tonight demonstrated that they continue to be willing to stay here and work on the bill even though the rest of us are free from the constraint of further votes this evening, and they will remain and continue to consider titles 2, 3, and 4 of the bill, and hopefully make good progress on those titles tonight. We will return tomorrow to consideration of the bill. The House will reconvene at 9 a.m. in the morning. It is our interest tomorrow to complete as much as is possible and hopefully altogether consideration of titles 5 and 6.

Members should understand and be assured that what we have obtained in this unanimous-consent request is a minimal number of dilatory or otherwise extracurricular votes. There will be some, but they will be minimal.

Furthermore, there are agreed-upon time limitations on some of the amendments. We ought to be able to proceed in consideration of this bill. But all Members should understand that we are no longer able, in order to achieve that much progress on the bill as is necessary to fit it into the work schedule for the remainder of the year and the impending end of the fiscal year, we may not be able tomorrow to be out by 2 o'clock, as is the expected time on Friday.

We should, however, feel quite confident that we can assure Members by virtue of this agreement that we will not work on Saturday or Sunday, and we will resume next week as scheduled. It is altogether possible, if things go well tomorrow, that we could make 2 o'clock, but Members need to understand that that might not be the case.

I want to thank everybody that has been a party to this agreement. If I may indulge myself for just a moment to put a rib on one of my colleagues from the other side of the aisle, I take a risk here, I know, but of course I always prey on his good sense of humor. The gentleman from California [Mr. MILLER], who is affectionately known on our side as the deacon of dilatoriness, has agreed with this, as we all have.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ARMEY. I yield to the gentleman from Wisconsin.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I think in plain English Members need to understand that that means tonight all votes will be rolled. The debate on the census will occur on Tuesday.

Mr. ARMEY. That is absolutely right. I appreciate that. Again, let me thank the Members. It has been my pleasure again this evening to speak to the House.

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDI-CIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1998

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 239 and rule XXIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 2267.

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#### IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 2267) making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1998, and for other purposes, with Mr. HASTINGS of Washington in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

#### $\Box$ 2245

The CHAIRMAN. When the Committee of the Whole House rose earlier today, amendment No. 12 offered by the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. HOSTETTLER] had been disposed of and the bill was open for amendment from page 42, line 5, to page 43, line 6.

The order of the House of today will be printed in the RECORD at this point.

The text of the order of the House of today is as follows:

During further consideration of H.R. 2267 pursuant to House Resolution 239:

(1) No further amendment shall be in order except: amendments printed before September 25, 1997, in the portion of the Congressional Record designated for that purpose in clause 6 of rule XXII; amendments numbered 2 and 3 in part 2 of House Report 105-264; one amendment offered by Representative Rogers of Kentucky after consultation with Representative Mollohan of West Virginia; one amendment to the amendment printed in the Congressional Record and numbered 4; and pro forma amendments offered by the chairman or ranking minority member of the Committee on Appropriations or their designees;

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