

further consideration of H.R. 2160, and that I may include tabular and extra-neous material.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New Mexico?

There was no objection.

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1998

Mr. SKEEN. Mr. Chairman, I move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 2160) making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, the Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1998, and for other purposes.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New Mexico [Mr. SKEEN].

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make a point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Evidently a quorum is not present.

The Sergeant at Arms will notify absent Members.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 259, nays 165, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 281]

YEAS—259

Aderholt	Chenoweth	Franks (NJ)
Archer	Christensen	Frelinghuysen
Armey	Coble	Gallegly
Bachus	Coburn	Ganske
Baesler	Collins	Gekas
Baker	Combest	Gephardt
Baldacci	Cook	Gibbons
Ballenger	Cooksey	Gilchrest
Barr	Cox	Gillmor
Barrett (NE)	Crane	Gilman
Bartlett	Crapo	Goode
Barton	Cubin	Goodlatte
Bass	Cunningham	Goodling
Bateman	Danner	Goss
Bereuter	Davis (FL)	Graham
Bilbray	Davis (VA)	Granger
Billirakis	Deal	Greenwood
Bliley	DeLay	Gutknecht
Blunt	Dellums	Hall (OH)
Boehner	Diaz-Balart	Hall (TX)
Bonilla	Dickey	Hamilton
Bono	Doolittle	Hansen
Borski	Doyle	Hastert
Boucher	Dreier	Hastings (WA)
Brady	Duncan	Hayworth
Bryant	Hefley	Hefley
Bunning	Ehlers	Herger
Burr	Ehrlich	Hill
Burton	Emerson	Hilleary
Buyer	Engel	Hobson
Callahan	English	Hoekstra
Calvert	Ensign	Holden
Camp	Evans	Horn
Campbell	Everett	Hostettler
Canady	Ewing	Hulshof
Cannon	Fawell	Hunter
Cardin	Foley	Hutchinson
Castle	Fowler	Hyde
Chabot	Fox	Inglis
Chambliss	Frank (MA)	Istook

Jenkins	Neal	Sessions
Johnson (CT)	Nethercutt	Shadegg
Johnson, Sam	Neumann	Shaw
Jones	Ney	Shays
Kanjorski	Northup	Shimkus
Kasich	Norwood	Shuster
Kelly	Nussle	Sisisky
Kim	Oberstar	Skeen
King (NY)	Ortiz	Skelton
Kingston	Oxley	Smith (MI)
Klink	Packard	Smith (NJ)
Klug	Pappas	Smith (OR)
Knollenberg	Parker	Smith, Linda
Kolbe	Paul	Snowbarger
LaFalce	Paxon	Solomon
LaHood	Pease	Souder
Largent	Peterson (PA)	Spence
Latham	Petri	Stearns
LaTourette	Pickering	Stenholm
Lazio	Pickett	Stump
Leach	Pitts	Sununu
Lewis (CA)	Pombo	Talent
Lewis (KY)	Porter	Tauzin
Linder	Portman	Taylor (MS)
Lipinski	Price (NC)	Taylor (NC)
Livingston	Pryce (OH)	Thomas
LoBiondo	Quinn	Thompson
Lucas	Radanovich	Thornberry
Manzullo	Rahall	Thune
Matsui	Ramstad	Tiahrt
McCollum	Redmond	Traficant
McCrery	Regula	Upton
McDade	Riggs	Walsh
McHugh	Riley	Wamp
McInnis	Rogan	Watkins
McIntosh	Rogers	Watts (OK)
McIntyre	Rohrabacher	Weldon (FL)
McKeon	Ros-Lehtinen	Weldon (PA)
Metcalfe	Royce	Weller
Mica	Ryun	White
Miller (FL)	Salmon	Whitfield
Moakley	Sanford	Wicker
Mollohan	Saxton	Wise
Moran (KS)	Scarborough	Wolf
Morella	Schaefer, Dan	Young (FL)
Murtha	Schaffer, Bob	
Myrick	Sensenbrenner	

NAYS—165

Abercrombie	Ford	McNulty
Ackerman	Frost	Meehan
Allen	Furse	Meek
Andrews	Gejdenson	Menendez
Barcia	Gordon	Millender
Barrett (WI)	Green	McDonald
Becerra	Gutierrez	Miller (CA)
Bentsen	Harman	Minge
Berman	Hastings (FL)	Mink
Berry	Hefner	Moran (VA)
Bishop	Hilliard	Nadler
Blagojevich	Hinchey	Obeys
Blumenauer	Hinojosa	Olver
Bonior	Hooley	Owens
Boswell	Hoyer	Pallone
Boyd	Jackson (IL)	Pascarell
Brown (CA)	Jackson-Lee	Pastor
Brown (FL)	(TX)	Payne
Brown (OH)	Jefferson	Pelosi
Capps	John	Peterson (MN)
Carson	Johnson (WI)	Pomeroy
Clay	Johnson, E. B.	Poshard
Clayton	Kaptur	Rangel
Clement	Kennedy (MA)	Reyes
Clyburn	Kennedy (RI)	Rivers
Condit	Kennelly	Rodriguez
Costello	Kildee	Roemer
Coyne	Kilpatrick	Rothman
Cramer	Kind (WI)	Roybal-Allard
Cummings	Klecza	Rush
Davis (IL)	Kucinich	Sabo
DeFazio	Lampson	Sanchez
DeGette	Lantos	Sanders
DeLahunt	Levin	Sandlin
DeLauro	Lewis (GA)	Sawyer
Deutsch	Lofgren	Schumer
Dicks	Lowey	Scott
Dingell	Luther	Serrano
Dixon	Maloney (CT)	Sherman
Doggett	Maloney (NY)	Skaggs
Dooley	Manton	Slaughter
Edwards	Markey	Smith, Adam
Eshoo	Martinez	Snyder
Etheridge	Mascara	Spratt
Farr	McCarthy (MO)	Stabenow
Fattah	McCarthy (NY)	Stark
Fazio	McDermott	Stokes
Filner	McGovern	Strickland
Flake	McHale	Stupak
Foglietta	McKinney	Tanner

Tauscher	Velazquez	Wexler
Thurman	Vento	Weygand
Tierney	Visclosky	Woolsey
Torres	Waters	Wynn
Towns	Watt (NC)	Yates
Turner	Waxman	

NOT VOTING—10

Boehlert	Houghton	Smith (TX)
Conyers	Molinari	Young (AK)
Forbes	Roukema	
Gonzalez	Schiff	

□ 1329

Messrs. SKAGGS, HILLIARD, RUSH, ROTHMAN, OWENS, DICKS and Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas changed their vote from "yea" to "nay."

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts and Mr. MOLLOHAN changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER THE VOTE OFFERED BY MR. FRANK OF MASSACHUSETTS

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, I move to reconsider the vote.

MOTION TO TABLE OFFERED BY MR. KINGSTON

Mr. KINGSTON. Mr. Speaker, I move to lay the motion to reconsider on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. KLUG). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Georgia [Mr. KINGSTON] to lay on the table the motion to reconsider the vote offered by the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. FRANK).

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 238, noes 188, not voting 8, as follows:

[Roll No. 282]

AYES—238

Aderholt	Chenoweth	Frelinghuysen
Archer	Christensen	Gallegly
Armey	Coble	Ganske
Bachus	Coburn	Gekas
Baker	Collins	Gibbons
Ballenger	Combest	Gilchrest
Barr	Cook	Gillmor
Barrett (NE)	Cooksey	Gilman
Bartlett	Cox	Goode
Barton	Crane	Goodlatte
Bass	Crapo	Goodling
Bateman	Cubin	Goss
Bereuter	Cunningham	Graham
Bilbray	Davis (VA)	Granger
Billirakis	Deal	Greenwood
Bliley	DeLay	Gutknecht
Blunt	Diaz-Balart	Hamilton
Boehlert	Dickey	Hansen
Boehner	Doggett	Hastings (WA)
Bonilla	Doolittle	Hayworth
Bono	Doyle	Hefley
Brady	Dreier	Herger
Bryant	Duncan	Hill
Bunning	Dunn	Hilleary
Burr	Ehlers	Hobson
Burton	Ehrlich	Hoekstra
Buyer	Emerson	Holden
Callahan	English	Horn
Calvert	Ensign	Hostettler
Camp	Everett	Houghton
Campbell	Ewing	Hulshof
Canady	Fawell	Hunter
Cannon	Foley	Hutchinson
Castle	Fowler	Hyde
Chabot	Fox	Inglis
Chambliss	Franks (NJ)	Istook

Jenkins
Johnson (CT)
Johnson, Sam
Jones
Kanjorski
Kasich
Kelly
Kim
King (NY)
Kingston
Klink
Klug
Knollenberg
Kolbe
LaHood
Largent
Latham
LaTourette
Lazio
Leach
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (KY)
Linder
Livingston
LoBiondo
Lucas
Manzullo
McCollum
McCrery
McDade
McHugh
McInnis
McIntosh
McIntyre
McKeon
Metcalfe
Mica
Miller (FL)
Molinari
Mollohan
Moran (KS)
Morella
Murtha
Myrick

NOES—188

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Allen
Andrews
Baesler
Baldacci
Barcia
Barrett (WI)
Becerra
Bentsen
Berman
Berry
Bishop
Blagojevich
Blumenauer
Bonior
Borski
Boswell
Boucher
Boyd
Brown (CA)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Capps
Cardin
Carson
Clay
Clayton
Clement
Clyburn
Condit
Conyers
Costello
Coyne
Cramer
Cummings
Danner
Davis (FL)
Davis (IL)
DeFazio
DeGette
DeLauro
Dellums
Deutsch
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon
Dooley
Edwards
Engel
Eshoo
Etheridge

Nethercutt
Neumann
Ney
Northup
Norwood
Nussle
Oxley
Packard
Pappas
Parker
Paul
Paxon
Pease
Peterson (PA)
Pickering
Pickett
Pitts
Pombo
Pomeroy
Porter
Portman
Price (NC)
Pryce (OH)
Quinn
Radanovich
Rahall
Ramstad
Redmond
Regula
Riggs
Riley
Rogan
Rogers
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Royce
Ryun
Salmon
Sanford
Saxton
Scarborough
Schaefer, Dan
Schaffer, Bob
Sensenbrenner

Sessions
Shadegg
Shaw
Shays
Shimkus
Shuster
Siskiy
Skeen
Skeltion
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Smith, Linda
Snowbarger
Solomon
Spence
Stearns
Stump
Sununu
Talent
Tauzin
Taylor (NC)
Thomas
Thornberry
Thune
Tiahrt
Towns
Traficant
Upton
Walsh
Wamp
Watkins
Watts (OK)
Weldon (FL)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
White
Whitfield
Wicker
Wolf
Young (FL)

Skaggs
Slaughter
Smith, Adam
Snyder
Spratt
Stabenow
Stark
Stenholm
Stokes
Strickland
Stupak

Forbes
Furse
Hastert

Tanner
Tauscher
Taylor (MS)
Thompson
Thurman
Tierney
Torres
Turner
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky

NOT VOTING—8

Petri
Roukema
Schiff

□ 1350

Mr. WAXMAN and Ms. SLAUGHTER changed their vote from "aye" to "no."

Mrs. LINDA SMITH of Washington changed her vote from "no" to "aye."

So the motion to table the motion to reconsider the vote was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

□ 1352

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 2160, with Mr. LAHOOD, (Chairman pro tempore), in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The CHAIRMAN pro tempore. When the Committee of the Whole rose on Wednesday, July 16, 1997, all time for general debate had expired.

(Mr. SOLOMON asked and was given permission to speak out of order for 1 minute.)

AMENDMENT PROCESS FOR LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATION

Mr. SOLOMON. Mr. Chairman, the Committee on Rules is planning to meet next week to grant a rule which may limit the amendments offered to the legislative branch appropriation bill. Members who wish to offer amendments to the bill should submit 55 copies of their amendment, together with a brief explanation, to the Committee on Rules in H-312 of the Capitol.

Amendments should be drafted to the bill as ordered reported by the Committee on Appropriations. Copies of the text will be available for examination by Members and staff in the offices of the Committee on Appropriations over here in H-218 of the Capitol.

Members should use the Office of Legislative Counsel to ensure that their amendments are properly drafted.

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SOLOMON. I yield to the gentleman from Maryland.

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Chairman, for the purposes of those of us who may have amendments and want to discuss those amendments, could the gentleman from New York [Mr. SOLOMON], the chairman, give us some idea of the criteria that the committee might use in limiting amendments?

Mr. SOLOMON. Reclaiming my time, I would say to the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. Hoyer), my good friend, that we would probably follow the pre-

vious precedent as set by both the Republican leadership in the past and the Democratic leadership before that.

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Chairman, if the gentleman would yield further, because I may not be as good a historian as he is, could he give me some idea what that precedent calls for?

Mr. SOLOMON. Reclaiming my time, we, first of all, are bound by a budget agreement with our President. We could not have any amendments that are going to increase the spending. That would probably be limited.

Mr. HOYER. If the gentleman would yield further, so that we can cut spending?

Mr. SOLOMON. Reclaiming my time, I would think so, sure.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SOLOMON. I yield to the gentleman from Wisconsin.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Chairman, would the committee allow for any and all amendments to cut spending without limitation to be made in order?

Mr. SOLOMON. Reclaiming my time, I do not know. But we would certainly take that under consideration, along with the ranking minority members and other members of the Committee on Rules.

As long as we have the attention of the membership, if I might, there have been a couple procedural votes here concerning the possibility of the rule on the foreign operations appropriation bill that will come on the floor next week.

During testimony before the Committee on Rules, the gentlewoman from California [Ms. PELOSI], my very, very good friend, testified on behalf of a pro-choice position that she would, and I went back and looked at the testimony, that she would ask us if we would please make in order an alternative viewpoint to the Mexico City-Chris Smith amendment.

And I always want to treat the gentlewoman from California [Ms. PELOSI] very fairly, because she is a very close personal friend of mine. And we did, after consultation with the pro-choice side of the issue, agree to make in order an amendment. And that is really what my good friend, the gentlewoman from California [Ms. PELOSI], asked for.

I think now there is some kind of an understanding, and we are sorry that there is a misunderstanding. But we truly did try to be fair to both the pro-life position and the pro-choice position. So I really would just urge us to proceed on that because of the agreement that we had made previously.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SOLOMON. I yield to the gentleman from Wisconsin.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Chairman, I think, in fairness to the chairman, it is important to point out that the reason that my colleague has had so many women objecting to proceeding under regular order today and the reason he has had

so many of us join them is because we have seen what we regard as a routine action on the part of the Committee on Rules to systematically deny to ranking minority members on committees, ranging from the Committee on Armed Services, to the Subcommittee on Agriculture, to the Subcommittee on Foreign Operations, to the Subcommittee on the Interior. We have seen routinely requests of ranking minority members denied and then amendments put in order which do extensive rewrite of authorizations.

And, so, I think that the gentleman from New York [Mr. SOLOMON] needs to understand that the unhappiness extends far beyond that one amendment. We believe there must be an understanding about how amendments are or which amendments are made in order when asked for by ranking members on all committees. And it is not just that one message which is causing the problem.

Mr. SOLOMON. Reclaiming my time, let me say to the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. OBEY] that, other than the situation with our good friend from California [Mr. DELLUMS], I do not know of any other situation.

I would be glad to sit down and review those with the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. OBEY] and the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations. In the meantime, I yield to the gentlewoman from California [Ms. PELOSI], and then we have to get on with regular business.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Chairman, since the distinguished gentleman from New York [Mr. SOLOMON], chair of the Committee on Rules, referenced my name and what possibly occurred in the Committee on Rules, I would like the privilege of responding to him.

First of all, our bill, the foreign operations bill, is one that we worked very hard, under the leadership of the gentleman from Alabama [Mr. CALLAHAN], to produce a bipartisan product that has reached so much agreement. We came through our full committee in only 40 minutes of debate, which is probably record time, and we are prepared to come to the floor with strong bipartisanship.

The amendments made in order by the Committee on Rules did violence to that bipartisanship and makes this rule unacceptable. One of the issues involved is the international family planning issues. But that is only one of the complaints that we have about the bill.

The Democratic women in the House have provided great leadership on the international family planning issue. And yet, when it was time for an alternative to the Smith amendment, which was made in order, and that is fair, when it was time for an alternative to be made in order, in a back-room deal on the Republican side of the aisle, with not one Democrat or Democratic woman present, an alternative was given to the gentleman from California [Mr. CAMPBELL], the gentleman from New York [Mr. GILMAN], and the gen-

tleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. GREENWOOD], without the participation of the women, especially the Democratic women in the House.

Now, first of all, it is all authorizing on an appropriations bill. The Smith amendment is. But if you are going to go down that route, then we thought it would be appropriate that there be an alternative, and that is what I asked for in my testimony, a bipartisan alternative that we could present.

The gentleman from New York [Mr. SOLOMON] knows full well and the Republican leadership knows full well that the alternative that they allowed in this bill, the Republican alternative they allowed, failed on this floor a matter of weeks ago.

The difference between what we wanted to propose and what they allowed is that the amendment they allowed is a loser. It is a loser. And they know it. And that is why they could not accommodate our fresher approach to a bipartisan amendment that we would present.

□ 1400

That is why the Democratic women of the House today are saying that we want to be heard on this subject. You cannot keep us from the table. One way or another, we will get our point across that this is an important issue to us, that we have taken the lead on it over and over again, and that we will be heard on this subject.

With all due respect to my good friend, who I do consider a distinguished chairman of the Committee on Rules, perhaps we had a misunderstanding. But the misunderstanding springs from the fact that a bipartisan alternative is not one that is plotted out in the backroom on the Republican side without the participation of the Democrats, particularly the Democratic women. I am the ranking member of the Subcommittee on Foreign Operations, Export Financing and Related Programs. There are not many women ranking members and I insist on the respect the ranking member is due.

The CHAIRMAN pro tempore (Mr. LAHOOD). The time of the gentleman from New York [Mr. SOLOMON] has expired.

Does the gentleman ask unanimous consent for further time?

Mr. SOLOMON. Yes, Mr. Chairman, very briefly.

The CHAIRMAN pro tempore. The gentleman is recognized.

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman please yield to me as a member of the Committee on Rules?

The CHAIRMAN pro tempore. The gentleman from New York has the time.

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Chairman, I was simply requesting that he yield to me.

The CHAIRMAN pro tempore. The gentleman from New York has the time.

Mr. SOLOMON. Mr. Chairman, we do have to get up to the Committee on Rules to deal with a very important bill in just a moment. I just want to say that the gentlewoman from California [Ms. PELOSI] has certainly explained her position and she is sincere in it, but I would just have to read back her testimony.

It says:

If, however, the Rules Committee chooses to make legislative amendments in order, I would request that I would be allowed or someone would be allowed to offer perfecting amendments to the Smith amendment, in particular, again, if Mr. SMITH's amendment imposes the Mexico City language.

Mr. Chairman, I very sincerely took her testimony at heart. We were going to make in order an amendment.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield for a question?

The CHAIRMAN pro tempore. The time of the gentleman from New York has expired.

The Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1998, and for other purposes, namely:

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The question was taken; and the Chairman pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Chairman, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 191, noes 233, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 283]

AYES—191

Abercrombie	DeFazio	Hilliard
Ackerman	DeGette	Hinche
Allen	Delahunt	Hinojosa
Andrews	DeLauro	Holden
Baessler	Dellums	Hooley
Baldacci	Deutsch	Hoyer
Barcia	Dicks	Jackson (IL)
Barrett (WI)	Dingell	Jackson-Lee
Becerra	Dixon	(TX)
Bentsen	Doggett	Jefferson
Berry	Dooley	John
Bishop	Doyle	Johnson (WI)
Blagojevich	Edwards	Johnson, E. B.
Blumenauer	Engel	Kanjorski
Bonior	Eshoo	Kaptur
Borski	Etheridge	Kennedy (MA)
Boswell	Evans	Kennedy (RI)
Boucher	Farr	Kennelly
Boyd	Fattah	Kildee
Brown (FL)	Fazio	Kilpatrick
Brown (OH)	Filner	Kind (WI)
Capps	Flake	Klecza
Carson	Foglietta	Klink
Clay	Ford	Kucinich
Clayton	Frank (MA)	LaFalce
Clement	Frost	Lampson
Clyburn	Gejdenson	Lantos
Condit	Gephardt	Levin
Conyers	Gonzalez	Lewis (GA)
Costello	Green	Lipinski
Coyne	Hall (OH)	Lofgren
Cummings	Hall (TX)	Lowe
Danner	Harman	Luther
Davis (FL)	Hastings (FL)	Maloney (CT)
Davis (IL)	Hefner	Maloney (NY)

Manton
Martinez
Mascara
Matsui
McCarthy (MO)
McCarthy (NY)
McDermott
McGovern
McHale
McKinney
McNulty
Meehan
Meek
Menendez
Millender-
McDonald
Miller (CA)
Minge
Mink
Moakley
Mollohan
Moran (VA)
Murtha
Nadler
Neal
Oberstar
Obey
Olver
Ortiz
Owens

Pallone
Pascrell
Pastor
Payne
Pelosi
Peterson (MN)
Pomeroy
Poshard
Price (NC)
Rangel
Reyes
Rodriguez
Roemer
Rothman
Roybal-Allard
Rush
Sabo
Sanchez
Sanders
Sandlin
Sawyer
Schumer
Scott
Serrano
Sherman
Sisisky
Skaggs
Skelton
Slaughter
Smith, Adam

Snyder
Spratt
Stabenow
Stark
Stenholm
Stokes
Strickland
Stupak
Tanner
Tauscher
Thompson
Thurman
Tierney
Torres
Towns
Turner
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Waters
Watt (NC)
Waxman
Wexler
Weygand
Wise
Woolsey
Wynn
Yates

NOES—233

Aderholt
Archer
Armey
Bachus
Baker
Ballenger
Barr
Barrett (NE)
Bartlett
Barton
Bass
Bateman
Bereuter
Billbray
Billirakis
Billey
Blunt
Boehlert
Boehner
Bonilla
Bono
Brady
Bryant
Bunning
Burr
Burton
Buyer
Callahan
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Canady
Cannon
Cardin
Castle
Chabot
Chambliss
Chenoweth
Christensen
Coble
Coburn
Collins
Combest
Cook
Cooksey
Cox
Cramer
Crane
Crapo
Cubin
Cunningham
Davis (VA)
Deal
DeLay
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Doolittle
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Ehlers
Ehrlich
Emerson
English
Ensign
Everett
Ewing

Fawell
Foley
Fowler
Fox
Franks (NJ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Ganske
Gekas
Gibbons
Gilchrest
Gillmor
Gilman
Goode
Goodlatte
Goodling
Gordon
Goss
Graham
Granger
Greenwood
Gutierrez
Gutknecht
Hamilton
Hansen
Hastert
Hastings (WA)
Hayworth
Hefley
Herger
Hill
Hilleary
Hobson
Hobson
Hoekstra
Horn
Hostettler
Houghton
Hulshof
Hunter
Hutchinson
Hyde
Ingليس
Istook
Jenkins
Johnson (CT)
Johnson, Sam
Jones
Kelly
Kim
King (NY)
Kingston
Klug
Knollenberg
Kolbe
LaHood
Largent
Latham
LaTourette
Lazio
Leach
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (KY)
Linder
Livingston
LoBiondo
Lucas
Manzullo

McCollum
McCrery
McDade
McHugh
McInnis
McIntosh
McIntyre
McKeon
Metcalf
Mica
Miller (FL)
Molinari
Moran (KS)
Morella
Myrick
Nethercutt
Neumann
Northup
Norwood
Nussle
Packard
Pappas
Parker
Paul
Paxon
Pease
Peterson (PA)
Petri
Pickering
Pickett
Pitts
Pombo
Porter
Portman
Pryce (OH)
Quinn
Radanovich
Rahall
Ramstad
Redmond
Regula
Riggs
Riley
Rivers
Rogan
Rogers
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Roukema
Royce
Ryun
Salmon
Sanford
Saxton
Scarborough
Schaefer, Dan
Schaffer, Bob
Sensenbrenner
Sessions
Shadegg
Shaw
Shays
Shimkus
Shuster
Skeen
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)

Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Smith, Linda
Snowbarger
Solomon
Souder
Spence
Stearns
Stump
Sununu
Talent

Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Thomas
Thornberry
Thune
Tiahrt
Traficant
Upton
Walsh
Wamp

Watkins
Watts (OK)
Weldon (FL)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
White
Whitfield
Wicker
Wolf
Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—10

Berman
Brown (CA)
Forbes
Furse

Kasich
Markay
Ney
Oxley

Schiff
Young (AK)

□ 1419

Mr. PETRI changed his vote from "aye" to "no."

Mr. DICKS changed his vote from "no" to "aye."

So the motion was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read. The Clerk read as follows:

TITLE I

AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS

PRODUCTION, PROCESSING, AND MARKETING

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture, and not to exceed \$75,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$2,836,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$11,000 of this amount, along with any unobligated balances of representation funds in the Foreign Agricultural Service, shall be available for official reception and representation expenses, not otherwise provided for, as determined by the Secretary.

EXECUTIVE OPERATIONS

CHIEF ECONOMIST

For necessary expenses of the Chief Economist, including economic analysis, risk assessment, cost-benefit analysis, and the functions of the World Agricultural Outlook Board, as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1622g), and including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$5,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$4,844,000.

NATIONAL APPEALS DIVISION

For necessary expenses of the National Appeals Division, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$25,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$11,718,000.

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM ANALYSIS

For necessary expenses of the Office of Budget and Program Analysis, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$5,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$5,986,000.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Chief Information Officer, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$10,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$4,773,000.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$10,000 is for em-

ployment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$4,283,000: *Provided*, That the Chief Financial Officer shall actively market cross-servicing activities of the National Finance Center.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR ADMINISTRATION

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration to carry out the programs funded in this Act, \$613,000.

AGRICULTURE BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES AND RENTAL PAYMENTS

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For payment of space rental and related costs pursuant to Public Law 92-313, including authorities pursuant to the 1984 delegation of authority from the Administrator of General Services to the Department of Agriculture under 40 U.S.C. 486, for programs and activities of the Department which are included in this Act, and for the operation, maintenance, and repair of Agriculture buildings, \$123,385,000: *Provided*, That in the event an agency within the Department should require modification of space needs, the Secretary of Agriculture may transfer a share of that agency's appropriation made available by this Act to this appropriation, or may transfer a share of this appropriation to that agency's appropriation, but such transfers shall not exceed 5 percent of the funds made available for space rental and related costs to or from this account. In addition, for construction, repair, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment or facilities as necessary to carry out the programs of the Department, where not otherwise provided, \$15,000,000, to remain available until expended; and in addition, for necessary relocation expenses of the Department's agencies, \$2,700,000, to remain available until expended; making a total appropriation of \$141,085,000.

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Department of Agriculture, to comply with the requirement of section 107(g) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 9607(g), and section 6001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6961, \$20,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That appropriations and funds available herein to the Department for Hazardous Waste Management may be transferred to any agency of the Department for its use in meeting all requirements pursuant to the above Acts on Federal and non-Federal lands.

DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For Departmental Administration, \$25,731,000, to provide for necessary expenses for management support services to offices of the Department and for general administration and disaster management of the Department, repairs and alterations, and other miscellaneous supplies and expenses not otherwise provided for and necessary for the practical and efficient work of the Department, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$10,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be reimbursed from applicable appropriations in this Act for travel expenses incident to the holding of hearings as required by 5 U.S.C. 551-558.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR
CONGRESSIONAL RELATIONS
(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations to carry out the programs funded in this Act, including programs involving intergovernmental affairs and liaison within the executive branch, \$3,668,000: *Provided*, That no other funds appropriated to the Department in this Act shall be available to the Department for support of activities of congressional relations: *Provided further*, That not less than \$2,241,000 shall be transferred to agencies funded in this Act to maintain personnel at the agency level.

OFFICE OF COMMUNICATIONS

For necessary expenses to carry on services relating to the coordination of programs involving public affairs, for the dissemination of agricultural information, and the coordination of information, work, and programs authorized by Congress in the Department, \$8,138,000, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$10,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, and not to exceed \$2,000,000 may be used for farmers' bulletins.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL
(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Inspector General, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended, \$63,128,000, including such sums as may be necessary for contracting and other arrangements with public agencies and private persons pursuant to section 6(a)(9) of the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended, including a sum not to exceed \$50,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109; and including a sum not to exceed \$95,000 for certain confidential operational expenses including the payment of informants, to be expended under the direction of the Inspector General pursuant to Public Law 95-452 and section 1337 of Public Law 97-98: *Provided*, That funds transferred to the Office of the Inspector General through forfeiture proceedings or from the Department of Justice Assets Forfeiture Fund or the Department of the Treasury Forfeiture Fund, as a participating agency, as an equitable share from the forfeiture of property in investigations in which the Office of the Inspector General participates, or through the granting of a Petition for Remission or Mitigation, shall be deposited to the credit of this account for law enforcement activities authorized under the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended, to remain available until expended.

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL

For necessary expenses of the Office of the General Counsel, \$27,949,000.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR
RESEARCH, EDUCATION AND ECONOMICS

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Under Secretary for Research, Education and Economics to administer the laws enacted by the Congress for the Economics Research Service, the National Agricultural Statistics Service, the Agricultural Research Service, and the Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service, \$540,000.

ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

For necessary expenses of the Economic Research Service in conducting economic research and analysis, as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C.

1621-1627) and other laws, \$71,604,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225).

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE

For necessary expenses of the National Agricultural Statistics Service in conducting statistical reporting and service work, including crop and livestock estimates, statistical coordination and improvements, marketing surveys, and the Census of Agriculture notwithstanding 13 U.S.C. 142(a-b), as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621-1627) and other laws, \$118,361,000, of which up to \$36,140,000 shall be available until expended for the Census of Agriculture: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$40,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

For necessary expenses to enable the Agricultural Research Service to perform agricultural research and demonstration relating to production, utilization, marketing, and distribution (not otherwise provided for); home economics or nutrition and consumer use including the acquisition, preservation, and dissemination of agricultural information; and for acquisition of lands by donation, exchange, or purchase at a nominal cost not to exceed \$100, \$725,059,000: *Provided*, That appropriations hereunder shall be available for temporary employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$115,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided further*, That appropriations hereunder shall be available for the operation and maintenance of aircraft and the purchase of not to exceed one for replacement only: *Provided further*, That appropriations hereunder shall be available pursuant to 7 U.S.C. 2250 for the construction, alteration, and repair of buildings and improvements, but unless otherwise provided the cost of constructing any one building shall not exceed \$250,000, except for greenhouses or greenhouses which shall be limited to \$1,000,000, and except for ten buildings to be constructed or improved at a cost not to exceed \$500,000 each, and the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 percent of the current replacement value of the building or \$250,000, whichever is greater: *Provided further*, That the limitations on alterations contained in this Act shall not apply to modernization or replacement of existing facilities at Beltsville, Maryland: *Provided further*, That the foregoing limitations shall not apply to replacement of buildings needed to carry out the Act of April 24, 1948 (21 U.S.C. 113a): *Provided further*, That funds may be received from any State, other political subdivision, organization, or individual for the purpose of establishing or operating any research facility or research project of the Agricultural Research Service, as authorized by law.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. STENHOLM

Mr. STENHOLM. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. STENHOLM: Page 11, line 16, insert before the period the following: "": *Provided further*, That the item under the heading "AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE" in title I of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1996 (Public Law 104-37; 109 Stat. 304), is amended by striking the penultimate pro-

viso, relating to conveyance of the Pecan Genetics and Improvement Research Laboratory".

Mr. STENHOLM (during the reading). Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that the amendment may be considered as read and printed in the RECORD.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

Mr. STENHOLM. Mr. Chairman, this amendment repeals a provision in Public Law 104-37, the Fiscal Year 1996 Agricultural Rural Development and Food and Drug Administration and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, directing the conveyance of the Pecan Genetics and Improvement Research Laboratory in Brownwood, TX, from the Agricultural Research Service to Texas A&M University.

Due to outstanding liability questions, the conveyance of the Brownwood Pecan Station cannot take place at this time. This amendment does not require any additional funds. I have consulted with both the ARS and Texas A&M, and both are amenable to this amendment. I urge its adoption.

Mr. SKEEN. Mr. Chairman, I rise in support of the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas [Mr. STENHOLM].

Mr. Chairman, we have read the amendment, it has a lot of merit, and we accept it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

Mr. Chairman, I wanted to say to the gentleman from Texas [Mr. STENHOLM] that we have read his amendment and are agreeable on this side. I understand that the gentleman has a particular problem in that the State cannot accept this facility because of cleanup requirements and that the State of Texas cannot, therefore, take this facility, and it is going to revert back to the department.

One of my concerns when we first read the amendment was that there be sufficient funding in the legislation for cleanup purposes which, as I understand it, total around \$3 million.

Will the gentleman confirm that for me, please?

Mr. STENHOLM. Mr. Chairman, will the gentlewoman yield?

Ms. KAPTUR. I yield to the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. STENHOLM. Mr. Chairman, the ARS has spent \$100,000, roughly, studying the dump and has found it to be a typical dump with a little methane gas and other benign chemicals, and therefore to do what Federal regulations would require the State of Texas, Texas A&M University would be very remiss to spend \$3 million cleaning up something that they consider would not be necessary to meet any health reasons.

So the State of Texas cannot by law accept a gift of land that contains a garbage dump. So this language striking the provision is required for ARS to

reverse the existing statutory language directing the conveyance. That is all simply that the amendment does.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, the bill that we are debating today includes additional funds for the department for hazardous waste management, and it appears to me in reading the legislation that we would be able to accommodate this particular site with the appropriated dollars in the bill. So our major concern regarding funding has been met in the legislation, and we would agree to the gentleman's amendment.

Mr. BRADY. Mr. Chairman, I rise today in support of the Stenholm amendment to be Agriculture appropriations bill on the conveyance of the Brownwood, Texas Pecan Station. The Stenholm amendment repeals a provision in Public Law 104-37, the Fiscal Year 1996 Agriculture Appropriations Act, directing the transfer of the land from the Agriculture Research Service to Texas A&M University. Because of certain outstanding liability issues, the transfer of this land from ARS to Texas A&M cannot take place at this time.

Mr. Chairman, this is a noncontroversial amendment supported by both ARS and Texas A&M University. It is also an amendment that does not require any additional funds.

I support the continued efforts of the Agriculture Research Service's pecan breeding program because it is the only breeding program in the world producing improved pecan varieties. Varieties produced by this program are the foundation of the improved pecan industry worldwide, setting standards of yield and quality. Pecan breeding and genetics are the most important tools for improving pecan profitability for U.S. producers in a global market. Chemical pest management in pecans has failed to provide long-term solutions to insects and diseases, regardless of the funds used. Consequently, breeding and selection is the best option for the future.

As I stated earlier, Texas A&M, in my district, is supportive of this amendment. The Texas A&M Agriculture Program, through the Texas Agriculture Experiment Station has long had strong ties to the ARS Pecan Station at Brownwood. This amendment would in no way diminish the relationship with the university, the experiment station, or the pecan station.

I am pleased to support Congressman STENHOLM's efforts and I urge the passage of this amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas [Mr. STENHOLM].

The amendment was agreed to.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The question was taken; and the Chairman announced that the noes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 189, noes 232, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 284]

AYES—189

Abercrombie	Gutierrez	Oberstar
Ackerman	Hall (OH)	Obey
Allen	Hall (TX)	Olver
Andrews	Harman	Ortiz
Baessler	Hastings (FL)	Owens
Baldacci	Hefner	Pallone
Barcia	Hilliard	Pascarell
Barrett (WI)	Hinchey	Pastor
Becerra	Hinojosa	Payne
Bentsen	Holden	Pelosi
Berry	Hooley	Peterson (MN)
Bishop	Hoyer	Pomeroy
Blagojevich	Jackson (IL)	Poshard
Blumenauer	Jackson-Lee	Price (NC)
Bonior	(TX)	Rangel
Borski	Jefferson	Reyes
Boswell	John	Rodriguez
Boucher	Johnson (WI)	Roemer
Boyd	Johnson, E. B.	Rothman
Brown (CA)	Kanjorski	Roybal-Allard
Brown (FL)	Kaptur	Rush
Brown (OH)	Kennedy (MA)	Sabo
Capps	Kennedy (RI)	Sanchez
Carson	Kennelly	Sanders
Clay	Kildee	Sandlin
Clayton	Kilpatrick	Sawyer
Clement	Kind (WI)	Schumer
Clyburn	Klecza	Scott
Condit	Klink	Serrano
Conyers	Kucinich	Sherman
Costello	LaFalce	Sisisky
Coyne	Lampson	Skaggs
Cummings	Lantos	Skelton
Danner	Levin	Slaughter
Davis (FL)	Lewis (GA)	Smith, Adam
Davis (IL)	Lofgren	Snyder
DeFazio	Lowey	Spratt
DeGette	Luther	Stabenow
Delahunt	Maloney (CT)	Stark
DeLauro	Maloney (NY)	Stenholm
Dellums	Manton	Stokes
Deutsch	Martinez	Strickland
Dicks	Mascara	Stupak
Dingell	Matsui	Tanner
Dixon	McCarthy (MO)	Tauscher
Doggett	McCarthy (NY)	Thompson
Dooley	McDermott	Thurman
Doyle	McGovern	Tierney
Edwards	McHale	Torres
Engel	McKinney	Towns
Eshoo	McNulty	Turner
Etheridge	Meehan	Velazquez
Evans	Meek	Vento
Farr	Menendez	Visclosky
Fazio	Millender-	Waters
Filner	McDonald	Watt (NC)
Flake	Miller (CA)	Waxman
Foglietta	Minge	Wexler
Frank (MA)	Mink	Weygand
Frost	Moakley	Wise
Gejdenson	Moran (VA)	Woolsey
Gephardt	Murtha	Wynn
Gonzalez	Nadler	Yates
Green	Neal	

NOES—232

Aderholt	Campbell	Ehlers
Archer	Canady	Ehrlich
Armey	Cannon	Emerson
Bachus	Cardin	English
Baker	Castle	Ensign
Ballenger	Chabot	Everett
Barr	Chambliss	Ewing
Barrett (NE)	Chenoweth	Fawell
Bartlett	Christensen	Foley
Barton	Coble	Fowler
Bass	Coburn	Fox
Bateman	Collins	Franks (NJ)
Bereuter	Combest	Frelinghuysen
Bilbray	Cook	Gallely
Bilirakis	Cooksey	Ganske
Bliley	Cox	Gekas
Blunt	Cramer	Gibbons
Boehlert	Crane	Gilchrest
Boehner	Crapo	Gillmor
Bonilla	Cubin	Gilman
Bono	Cunningham	Goode
Brady	Davis (VA)	Goodlatte
Bryant	Deal	Gordon
Bunning	DeLay	Goss
Burr	Diaz-Balart	Graham
Burton	Dickey	Granger
Buyer	Doolittle	Greenwood
Callahan	Dreier	Gutknecht
Calvert	Duncan	Hamilton
Camp	Dunn	Hansen

Hastert	McIntosh	Sanford
Hastings (WA)	McIntyre	Saxton
Hayworth	McKeon	Scarborough
Hefley	Metcalf	Schaefer, Dan
Herger	Mica	Schaffer, Bob
Hill	Miller (FL)	Sensenbrenner
Hilleary	Molinar	Sessions
Hobson	Mollohan	Shadegg
Hoekstra	Moran (KS)	Shaw
Horn	Morella	Shays
Hostettler	Myrick	Shimkus
Houghton	Nethercutt	Shuster
Hulshof	Ney	Skeen
Hunter	Northup	Smith (MI)
Hutchinson	Norwood	Smith (NJ)
Hyde	Nussle	Smith (OR)
Inglis	Oxley	Smith (TX)
Istook	Packard	Smith, Linda
Jenkins	Pappas	Snowbarger
Johnson (CT)	Parker	Solomon
Johnson, Sam	Paul	Souder
Jones	Paxon	Spence
Kasich	Pease	Stump
Kelly	Peterson (PA)	Sununu
Kim	Petri	Talent
King (NY)	Pickering	Tauzin
Kingston	Pickett	Taylor (MS)
Klug	Pitts	Taylor (NC)
Knollenberg	Pombo	Thomas
Kolbe	Porter	Thornberry
LaHood	Portman	Thune
Largent	Pryce (OH)	Tiahrt
Latham	Quinn	Trafficant
LaTourette	Rahall	Upton
Lazio	Ramstad	Walsh
Leach	Redmond	Wamp
Lewis (CA)	Regula	Watkins
Lewis (KY)	Riggs	Watts (OK)
Linder	Riley	Weldon (FL)
Lipinski	Rivers	Weldon (PA)
Livingston	Rogan	Weller
LoBiondo	Rogers	White
Lucas	Rohrabacher	Whitfield
Manzullo	Ros-Lehtinen	Wicker
McCollum	Roukema	Wolf
McCrery	Royce	Young (FL)
McDade	Ryun	
McInnis	Salmon	

NOT VOTING—13

Berman	Goodling	Schiff
Fattah	Markey	Stearns
Forbes	McHugh	Young (AK)
Ford	Neumann	
Furse	Radanovich	

□ 1453

Mrs. CUBIN and Mr. MOLLOHAN changed their vote from "aye" to "no."

Mr. DEUTSCH and Ms. MCKINNEY changed their vote from "no" to "aye."

So the motion was not agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The CHAIRMAN pro tempore (Mr. RIGGS). The Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

None of the funds in the foregoing paragraph shall be available to carry out research related to the production, processing or marketing of tobacco or tobacco products.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For acquisition of land, construction, repair, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment or facilities as necessary to carry out the agricultural research programs of the Department of Agriculture, where not otherwise provided, \$59,000,000, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b): *Provided*, That funds may be received from any State, other political subdivision, organization, or individual for the purpose of establishing any research facility of the Agricultural Research Service, as authorized by law.

COOPERATIVE STATE RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND EXTENSION SERVICE

RESEARCH AND EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

For payments to agricultural experiment stations, for cooperative forestry and other research, for facilities, and for other expenses, including \$168,734,000 to carry into effect the provisions of the Hatch Act (7 U.S.C.

361a-361i); \$20,497,000 for grants for cooperative forestry research (16 U.S.C. 582a-582a7); \$27,735,000 for payments to the 1890 land-grant colleges, including Tuskegee University (7 U.S.C. 3222); \$31,654,000 for special grants for agricultural research (7 U.S.C. 450i(c)); \$17,327,000 for special grants for agricultural research on improved pest control (7 U.S.C. 450i(c)); \$106,744,000 for competitive research grants (7 U.S.C. 450i(b)); \$4,500,000 for the support of animal health and disease programs (7 U.S.C. 3195); \$650,000 for supplemental and alternative crops and products (7 U.S.C. 3319d); \$500,000 for grants for research pursuant to the Critical Agricultural Materials Act of 1984 (7 U.S.C. 178) and section 1472 of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977, as amended (7 U.S.C. 3318), to remain available until expended; \$3,000,000 for higher education graduate fellowships grants (7 U.S.C. 3152(b)(6)), to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b); \$4,350,000 for higher education challenge grants (7 U.S.C. 3152(b)(1)); \$1,000,000 for a higher education minority scholars program (7 U.S.C. 3152(b)(5)), to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b); \$2,500,000 for an education grants program for Hispanic-serving Institutions (7 U.S.C. 3241); \$4,000,000 for aquaculture grants (7 U.S.C. 3322); \$8,000,000 for sustainable agriculture research and education (7 U.S.C. 5811); \$9,200,000 for a program of capacity building grants (7 U.S.C. 3152(b)(4)) to colleges eligible to receive funds under the Act of August 30, 1890 (7 U.S.C. 321-326 and 328), including Tuskegee University, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b); \$1,450,000 for payments to the 1994 Institutions pursuant to section 534(a)(1) of Public Law 103-382; and \$8,882,000 for necessary expenses of Research and Education Activities, of which not to exceed \$100,000 shall be for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109; in all, \$420,723,000.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. CALLAHAN

Mr. CALLAHAN. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. CALLAHAN: On page 12 line 17 strike "31,654,000" and insert "32,154,000" and on page 13 line 24 strike "420,723,000" and insert "421,223,000".

Mr. CALLAHAN. Mr. Chairman, this amendment provides \$500,000 to Auburn University to work in cooperation with Faulkner State Community College and Alabama Southern Community College's Center for Excellence in Forestry.

These projects are unique, joint efforts that focus on water quality and habitat loss in the gulf coastal region and forestry in the Southeast. The main efforts of the research will focus on nonpoint source pollution, watershed management, and the reduction of chemical discharge from wood and pulp processing.

I would also like to speak for a couple of seconds regarding some report language that appears in the report accompanying this bill.

In full committee, the chairman offered on my behalf some report language that supported the School of Forestry building complex at Auburn University. The language included a sentence that the committee recommends that up to \$4.75 million be made available for this project.

I recognize this language is in an account that has no money and, therefore, has no standing. I do not intend

for that language to give Auburn University an edge on any other university project. I would hope that in conference that all facilities be judged on their merit only.

I should like to thank the chairman for giving me this opportunity to present this amendment, and appreciate the assistance and cooperation of my good friend from New Mexico, as well as the cooperation from our good friend, the gentlewoman from Ohio [Ms. KAPTUR].

Mr. SKEEN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. CALLAHAN. I yield to the gentleman from New Mexico.

Mr. SKEEN. Mr. Chairman, we have seen the amendment, and we accept it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

Mr. Chairman, I thank the gentleman from Alabama [Mr. CALLAHAN], our good friend, for the cooperation that he has exhibited since the time that we were in the subcommittee and the full committee, it truly is appreciated, and for his remarks concerning his report language amendment in full committee.

□ 1500

I concur with his assessment that the report language he references has no standing since there is no funding in the Cooperative State Research Facilities account.

I would like to note for the RECORD that the subcommittee received numerous, numerous requests from Members on both sides of the aisle for funding for research buildings, and I am sure that all these proposals have merit, and should funding be made available in this account, I would expect that each proposal that qualifies for these funds would be judged on their merits.

Mr. Chairman, I also want to say that I thank the gentleman and supported his amendment, especially because it is done within the context of the additional money that was included within the subcommittee allocation. So it is within the budget constraints that we are forced to abide by, and I want to thank the gentleman for working with us on this and we accept his amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Alabama [Mr. CALLAHAN].

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. UNDERWOOD. Mr. Chairman, I am grateful that the Appropriations Committee has reported continued funding for the Agricultural Development in the American Pacific [ADAP] project and the Tropical and Subtropical Agricultural Research Programs, both conducted by the Cooperative State Research, Education and Extension Service within the USDA.

With committee provisions reporting ADAP funding at \$564,000, as in previous years, the American Government demonstrates its continuing commitment to provide funds and grants to its communities in the Asia-Pacific region. These include not only Guam, but also Hawaii, the Northern Marianas Islands, Amer-

ican Samoa, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Freely Associated States.

ADAP funds a number of activities for the Asia-Pacific communities. These include financing research of regional agricultural problems common to members of the five land-grant institutions in the American-affiliated Pacific, strengthening market information systems, producing instructional materials development and distribution, and providing scholarships for land-grant faculty and staff.

I commend the committee's continued support for ADAP, however, I am disappointed with the decreased funding it has reported for the Tropical and Subtropical Agricultural Research Programs. Not only does this program impact Guam, it also affects Hawaii, Florida, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. For the people of Guam, the Tropical and Subtropical Research Programs fund numerous activities. These include financing research contributing to the establishment of energy and labor efficient irrigation and fertigator systems, watermelon disease control, modeling crop production systems, market surveys, and the biological control of pests in order to increase productivity.

Although I have stressed the benefits Guam receives from these programs, I also point to the implications the Tropical and Subtropical Research Programs have on the neighboring regions. Knowledge and expertise culled from these studies not only improve Guam's local agricultural industry, they are disseminated throughout Micronesia, Asia, and Africa.

American tropical and subtropical regions face agricultural needs unique to other areas. Continued support for the Tropical and Subtropical Research Programs are necessary steps to improving not only the livelihood of the people of Guam, but also other tropical regions of the world.

I will continue to actively support funding for ADAP and the Tropical and Subtropical Agricultural Research Programs. These programs are fundamental vehicles for improving standards of living not only on Guam, but also other tropical regions of the United States.

Ms. FURSE. Mr. Chairman, I rise to express my appreciation to Chairman SKEEN and Ranking Member KAPTUR for including \$364,000 in this appropriation for multi-commodity research at the Food Innovation Center, located in my district.

This is a joint project of Oregon State University and the Oregon Department of Agriculture dedicated to the development and marketing of new food products. This funding will assist in creating family-wage jobs in Oregon in the food processing industry.

This outstanding facility created for enhancing entrepreneurship brings together the incredible agricultural productivity of the Pacific Northwest and the expertise of our business community. The Food Innovation Center's focus on increasing the value-added component of the Pacific Northwest's agricultural sector helps derive more income from the vast array of commodities produced there.

Oregon agriculture continues to break productivity and income records. We can do even better by utilizing the cost-effective investment that the Food Innovation Center is. If we in Oregon were to add value to our raw agricultural products at the national average level, 20,000 jobs would be created. The Food Innovation Center helps us move toward that goal.

I thank the subcommittee for its support of this tremendously cost-effective private-public partnership.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Connecticut [Ms. DELAURO].

The question was taken; and the chairman announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The CHAIRMAN. This will be a 17-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 344, noes 73, not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 285]

AYES—344

Abercrombie	Davis (FL)	Hostettler
Ackerman	DeFazio	Hoyer
Allen	DeGette	Hulshof
Andrews	Delahunt	Hunter
Archer	DeLauro	Hutchinson
Armey	DeLay	Hyde
Bachus	Dellums	Inglis
Baker	Deutsch	Istook
Baldacci	Diaz-Balart	Jackson (IL)
Ballenger	Dickey	Jackson-Lee
Barcia	Dicks	(TX)
Barr	Dingell	Jefferson
Barrett (NE)	Dixon	Jenkins
Barrett (WI)	Doggett	John
Bartlett	Dooley	Johnson (WI)
Barton	Doolittle	Johnson, E.B.
Bass	Doyle	Johnson, Sam
Bateman	Duncan	Jones
Becerra	Dunn	Kanjorski
Bentsen	Edwards	Kaptur
Bereuter	Ehrlich	Kasich
Berry	Engel	Kelly
Bishop	Ensign	Kennedy (MA)
Blagojevich	Eshoo	Kennedy (RI)
Bliley	Evans	Kennelly
Blumenauer	Ewing	Kildee
Blunt	Farr	Kilpatrick
Boehlert	Fazio	Kim
Boehner	Filner	Kind (WI)
Bonilla	Flake	King (NY)
Bonior	Foglietta	Klecza
Bono	Foley	Klink
Borski	Ford	Klug
Boswell	Fox	Knollenberg
Boucher	Frank (MA)	Kolbe
Boyd	Franks (NJ)	Kucinich
Brady	Frost	LaFalce
Brown (CA)	Gallegly	LaHood
Brown (FL)	Gejdenson	Lampson
Brown (OH)	Gekas	Lantos
Bryant	Gephardt	Largent
Bunning	Gibbons	Latham
Burr	Gilchrest	Lazio
Burton	Gillmor	Leach
Buyer	Gilman	Levin
Calvert	Gonzalez	Lewis (GA)
Camp	Goodlatte	Lewis (KY)
Canady	Goodling	Linder
Cannon	Graham	Lipinski
Capps	Granger	Livingston
Carson	Greenwood	LoBiondo
Chabot	Gutierrez	Lofgren
Chambliss	Hall (OH)	Lowey
Christensen	Hansen	Lucas
Clay	Harman	Luther
Clayton	Hastert	Maloney (CT)
Clement	Hastings (FL)	Maloney (NY)
Clyburn	Hastings (WA)	Manzullo
Coble	Hayworth	Markey
Collins	Hefley	Mascara
Combust	Hefner	Matsui
Condit	Herger	McCarthy (MO)
Conyers	Hill	McCollum
Cooksey	Hilliard	McDade
Costello	Hinchey	McDermott
Cox	Hinojosa	McGovern
Coyne	Hoekstra	McHale
Cubin	Holden	McInnis
Cummings	Hoolley	McIntosh
Danner	Horn	McKeon

McKinney	Pomeroy	Snowbarger
McNulty	Porter	Snyder
Meehan	Portman	Spence
Meek	Poshard	Spratt
Menendez	Price (NC)	Stabenow
Metcalf	Pryce (OH)	Stark
Mica	Quinn	Stenholm
Millender-	Rangel	Strickland
McDonald	Redmond	Stupak
Miller (CA)	Reyes	Sununu
Miller (FL)	Rodriguez	Talent
Minge	Roemer	Tanner
Mink	Rogan	Tauscher
Moakley	Rogers	Taylor (NC)
Molinari	Rohrabacher	Thompson
Mollohan	Ros-Lehtinen	Thornberry
Moran (KS)	Rothman	Thune
Morella	Roukema	Thurman
Murtha	Roybal-Allard	Tiahrt
Myrick	Rush	Tierney
Nadler	Ryun	Torres
Neal	Sabo	Towns
Nethercutt	Salmon	Turner
Neumann	Sanchez	Upton
Ney	Sanders	Velazquez
Northup	Sandlin	Vento
Norwood	Schaefer, Dan	Visclosky
Nussle	Schumer	Wamp
Oberstar	Sensenbrenner	Waters
Obey	Serrano	Watt (NC)
Oliver	Sessions	Watts (OK)
Ortiz	Shadegg	Waxman
Owens	Shaw	Weldon (FL)
Packard	Shays	Weldon (PA)
Pallone	Sherman	Wexler
Pappas	Shimkus	Weygand
Parker	Shuster	White
Pascrell	Sisisky	Wicker
Pastor	Skaggs	Wise
Paul	Skelton	Wolf
Paxon	Slaughter	Woolsey
Pelosi	Smith (NJ)	Wynn
Peterson (MN)	Smith (OR)	Yates
Pickering	Smith (TX)	Young (FL)
Pitts	Smith, Adam	
Pombo	Smith, Linda	

NOES—73

Aderholt	Fowler	Regula
Baessler	Frelinghuysen	Riggs
Bilbray	Ganske	Riley
Bilirakis	Goode	Rivers
Callahan	Gordon	Royce
Campbell	Goss	Sanford
Cardin	Green	Sawyer
Castle	Hall (TX)	Saxton
Chenoweth	Hamilton	Scarborough
Coburn	Hilleary	Schaffer, Bob
Cook	Hobson	Scott
Cramer	Houghton	Skeen
Crane	Johnson (CT)	Smith (MI)
Crapo	Kingston	Solomon
Cunningham	Lewis (CA)	Stearns
Davis (IL)	McCarthy (NY)	Stump
Davis (VA)	McCrery	Taylor (MS)
Deal	McIntyre	Thomas
Dreier	Pease	Traficant
Ehlers	Peterson (PA)	Walsh
Emerson	Petri	Watkins
English	Pickett	Weller
Etheridge	Radanovich	Whitfield
Everett	Rahall	
Fawell	Ramstad	

NOT VOTING—17

Berman	Manton	Schiff
Fattah	Martinez	Souder
Forbes	McHugh	Stokes
Furse	Moran (VA)	Tauzin
Gutknecht	Oxley	Young (AK)
LaTourette	Payne	

□ 1522

Mr. GOSS changed his vote from "aye" to "no."

So the motion was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. ROGAN) having assumed the chair, Mr. RIGGS, Chairman pro tempore of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 2160) making appro-

priations for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and related agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1998, and for other purposes, had come to no resolution thereon.

ADJOURNMENT TO MONDAY, JULY 21, 1997

Mr. DUNCAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today it adjourn to meet at noon of Monday next.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

HOUR OF MEETING ON TUESDAY, JULY 22, 1997

Mr. DUNCAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns on Monday, July 21, 1997, it adjourn to meet at 12:30 p.m. on Tuesday, July 22, 1997, for morning hour debates.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

DISPENSING WITH CALENDAR WEDNESDAY BUSINESS ON WEDNESDAY NEXT

Mr. DUNCAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the business in order under the Calendar Wednesday rule be dispensed with on Wednesday next.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. ROGAN). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 7, 1997, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. SAXTON] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. SAXTON addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

BALANCE THE BUDGET WITH TAX RELIEF, CONTINUED ECONOMIC GROWTH

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Georgia [Mr. KINGSTON] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. KINGSTON. Mr. Speaker, with all the discussion about balancing the budget and providing tax relief, people are concerned. Well, why is it necessary and is it even consistent to give tax relief while we are trying to balance the budget? After all, people are