

people to get ahead, the harder it is for individuals to realize their dreams.

Mr. Speaker, these commonsense truths apply, whether or not the Federal budget is in deficit or surplus. They apply, no matter what part of the business cycle the economy is in. They apply to those in industries and all sectors of the economy.

Quite simply, taxes are a drag on the economy, and an obstacle to people who are pursuing their dreams. Let us make it easier for people to make ends meet, get ahead, and save for the future, create new jobs, and pursue their dreams. Let us pass the tax cut plan as part of the balanced budget agreement.

GAO CONCLUSION ON PERSIAN GULF WAR ILLNESS NEEDS RE-ASSESSMENT

(Mr. SANDERS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. Speaker, according to the New York Times, a GAO report to be released later this week "harshly criticized the Pentagon and a special White House panel over their investigation of the illnesses reported by veterans of the 1991 Persian Gulf war, and has found that there is substantial evidence linking nerve gas and other chemical weapons to the sorts of health problems seen among the veterans."

Frankly, as a member of the Subcommittee on Human Resources of the gentleman from Connecticut, Mr. CHRIS SHAYS, which has been studying this issue for several years, the GAO conclusion is no surprise to me. Our committee has heard time and time again from scientists and scholars who believe very strongly that a major cause of Persian Gulf war ills is the synergistic effects of chemicals that our soldiers were exposed to, as well as drugs they were given as preventative measures, such as pyridostigmine bromide.

Mr. Speaker, the Presidential Advisory Committee on Gulf War Illnesses was wrong when it concluded in December 1996 that chemical exposure was not a cause of Persian Gulf illness, and that stress was the major factor. That error has delayed and deflected necessary research and treatment for tens of thousands of veterans who are suffering today.

Mr. Speaker, I am circulating a letter that I hope my colleagues will sign, asking the Presidential Advisory Committee to reassess its findings.

DEMOCRATS WANT THE GOVERNMENT TO TAKE MORE OF TAXPAYERS' MONEY

(Mr. SCARBOROUGH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SCARBOROUGH. Mr. Speaker, in the immortal words of Ronald Wilson

Reagan, there you go again. We have been hearing claims of class warfare, of how the rich are somehow going to be soaking the poor, but the fact of the matter is that for 40 years Washington, DC has been soaking everybody, getting more and more tax revenue up to Washington, DC.

It was Democratic Senator BOB KERREY that ran an Independent Entitlements Council, and determined that in 30 years, our children, my 9-year-old boy when he is 39 years old, will be paying Washington 89 percent of every dollar that he makes in Federal taxes.

Yet, we bring tax relief to this floor, and time and time again it is the liberals, and some would say radicals, that are against it. They want Washington to have more and more and more, and what we in the Republican party are saying is government needs to have less and less and less, and let the people keep more and more of their money.

A TAX PLAN WHICH WILL ULTIMATELY BENEFIT ONLY THE RICH

(Ms. PELOSI asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, the gift horse of the gentleman from Texas [Mr. ARCHER], his tax cut plan, looks good now, but in the long-term only the rich will benefit. Those are not my words, but the words of the Philadelphia Inquirer, which pointed out the bogus nature of the Republican tax plan. As this chart clearly points out, 57.9 percent of the benefits of the Republican plan will go to the top 5 percent, those making over \$247,000 a year.

□ 1430

Average Americans would be the biggest winners, the gentleman from Texas [Mr. ARCHER] says. I do not think so. Again, sounds nice, but it is bogus.

What the Republicans unveiled this week ought to be called Tax Relief for the Monied Class Act. Its focus on people trying to make ends meet lasts only for a few years. Over the long term, most of the tax savings flow to taxpayers whose incomes are much higher than the national average. If the Republican Party wants to stand or fall on that ground, waxing eloquent about a tax code that rewards risk taking, so be it. The elections in 1998 and 2000 could be a referendum on tax efficiency and fairness.

Mr. Speaker, I urge our colleagues to look carefully at who benefits from this tax proposal. Let us have tax fairness. Support the Democratic alternative.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. GIBBONS). Pursuant to the provisions of

clause 5 of rule I, the Chair announces he will postpone further proceedings today on each motion to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or on which the vote is objected to under clause 4 of rule XV.

Such rollcall votes, if postponed, will be taken after debate has concluded on all motions to suspend the rules but not before 5 p.m. today.

ANDREW JACOBS, JR. POST OFFICE BUILDING

Mr. MCHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill—H.R. 1057—to designate the building in Indianapolis, IN, which houses the operations of the Circle City Station Post Office as the "Andrew Jacobs, Jr. Post Office Building," as amended.

The Clerk read as follows:

H.R. 1057

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. DESIGNATION.

The building in Indianapolis, Indiana, which houses the operations of the Indianapolis Main Post Office shall be known and designated as the "Andrew Jacobs, Jr. Post Office Building".

SEC. 2. REFERENCES.

Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the building referred to in section 1 shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Andrew Jacobs, Jr. Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from New York [Mr. MCHUGH] and the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. FATTAH], each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York [Mr. MCHUGH].

Mr. MCHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 1057 was introduced by the chairman of the full committee, the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. BURTON], and, as required by the committee policy, supported by the entire Indiana delegation.

Mr. Speaker, the original bill designated the Circle City Station Post Office as the "Andrew Jacobs, Jr. Post Office Building." However, the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight approved the amendment proposed by the Subcommittee on Postal Service designating the facility housing the operation of the Indiana Main Post Office as a more appropriate building to bear the name of "Andrew Jacobs, Jr."

Mr. Speaker, as most of our colleagues in this House know full well, Andy Jacobs is and has always been a product of Indianapolis. After finishing high school in 1949 in that city, he entered the U.S. Marine Corps and served in the Korean conflict. He returned thereafter to his home State and received his B.S. degree from Indiana University and his LL.B. from Indiana University School of Law. He practiced law in that State and in that city, and

he was elected to the Indiana State House of Representatives at age 26.

He served in the 89th Congress and was a Member from 1965 to 1973. As he was not reelected to the 93d Congress, he did return to Indianapolis once again to teach and practice law. He was elected again to the 94th Congress and served through the 104th Congress thereafter. During his tenure he chaired the Subcommittee on Social Security of the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Speaker, those of us who remember Andy remember him for his political unorthodoxy. He returned tens of thousands of dollars to the U.S. Treasury from his salary, veterans disability payments, mileage reimbursements and office allowance. In fact, an Indiana newspaper once described him as "refreshingly unpredictable."

He is reported to have said of himself, "I am not the best go along in the House. Frankly, sometimes I do not get along very well."

That may be true in that self-observation, Mr. Speaker, but I am sure all of us agree that Andy Jacobs got along very, very well. He was one of the most respected and certainly one of the most admired Members that this House has seen in many, many years. I certainly think that this naming bill is a very appropriate way in which the Members of this House and the people of this Nation can say gratefully to this gentleman, thank you for all that you have done. I strongly urge passage of this bill.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. FATTAH. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I am pleased to support H.R. 1057. This legislation naming a postal facility in Indianapolis, IN, after our former colleague Andy Jacobs. Last year Congressman Jacobs completed a very long and distinguished career in public service. As a young marine he was wounded in combat during the Korean war. He later worked as a police officer, served in the Indiana House of Representatives and was elected to the Congress in 1964. Many of his years here were spent on the House Committee on Ways and Means and as chair of the Subcommittee on Social Security.

He will be remembered most for his efforts to balance the budget and minimize spending on his own reelection campaigns. This legislation bestows a fitting honor upon a Member who served with great distinction in this body for over three decades.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. MCHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I thank the ranking member for, as always, his input and his support and his assistance on not just this but the other bills that the subcommittee has considered.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. BURTON], chairman of the full committee, chief sponsor of this bill.

Mr. BURTON of Indiana. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me the time.

Let me just say that I have served in this body now for 15 years. I have served with no finer Congressman or Congresswoman than Andy Jacobs, Jr. Andy is a dear friend of mine. I know some of my Democrat colleagues might find that interesting, since he comes from the other party, but he is one of the finest people I know. He is a good father, a good husband. And he is a great American. He really cares about this country.

We have heard a lot of the good things about Andy today. He served in this body for 30 years. But he was such a man of integrity that I think everybody who knew him on both sides of the aisle agreed that here was a man who, if he gave you his word, you could bet the house on it because he would not break his word.

I will just say this about Andy. If I could pick one Member that I would trust with everything I own including my family, it would be Andy Jacobs, Jr. He is that kind of a person. And that is about as high a regard as I can hold anyone.

Some other things that a lot of my colleagues may not know is Andy was a marine. He did not talk about this very much. But during the Korean war, one of his buddies was killed. And it was of course the frozen fields of Korea during the war over there that Andy really showed what kind of a man he was. He carried on his back for almost 3 days his dead comrade back to our lines so that he could be properly honored and buried. That is the kind of guy Andy Jacobs is.

If we had 435 Members in this body like Andy Jacobs and 100 Members in the other body like Andy Jacobs, we could solve so many of the country's problems in a very rapid order because he was that kind of a man and is that kind of a man.

The thing I could say that means the most to me is that Andy Jacobs is my friend and I miss him.

Mr. FATTAH. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3½ minutes to the gentlewoman from Indiana [Ms. CARSON], a brave woman who has been sent by the State of Indiana to replace Andy Jacobs here in this body serving the people of her great State.

Ms. CARSON. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. FATTAH] and the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. BURTON] for those very eloquent remarks. Imagine standing here today in support of the House bill, H.R. 1057, as an individual who succeeded Congressman Andy Jacobs out of the 10th Congressional District in the State of Indiana. There is no way that Andy Jacobs can be replaced. As Henry Fonda used to say very profoundly in an advertisement for Andy Jacobs, Andy Jacobs is a Congressman's Congressman. And although I am very proud to have been able to succeed him, as he opened up his seat for election of a new Member to Congress, I say that with a great deal of pride and certainly lament the fact that Con-

gressman Jacobs no longer represents the 10th Congressional District of the State of Indiana.

We have heard that Andy Jacobs was in fact in combat as a marine infantryman in the Korean war and let the Treasury Department hold his disability check as he served as a Member of Congress. And we have certainly heard that Andy Jacobs also was Marion County deputy sheriff and that he graduated from law school. Congressman Jacobs was in fact a member of the Committee on the Judiciary that helped to write the historic 1965 Voting Rights act, and I know a lot of my colleagues in Congress would like to be reminded that Andy Jacobs is the one that sponsored legislation that made Father's Day a legal holiday. So, as my colleagues enjoyed their family a couple of days ago under the banner of Father's Day, please know that it was Congressman Andy Jacobs who authored that legislation.

Andy Jacobs was the only Indianapolis Congressman in the 20th century to serve on the House Committee on Ways and Means where he did chair the Subcommittee on Social Security and the Subcommittee on Health. Andy Jacobs followed in the footsteps of his father, Andy Jacobs, who was also a Member of Congress from the State of Indiana.

Andy Jacobs authored "The Powell Affair: Freedom Minus One," because he sat on the Committee on the Judiciary throughout all of those hearings and he tells the story of the ouster of the Harlem Congressman from the U.S. House of Representatives.

Congressman Jacobs retired from Congress in 1996 to spend more time with his lovely wife, Kim Hood Jacobs, and his sons, Andy, Jr., who is 6 years old, as we speak, and Steven, who is 5 years old at this time.

Mr. Speaker, I encourage my colleagues to support this very worthy and appropriate legislation as a special tribute to the honorable Andy Jacobs who served his country well.

Mr. MCHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. BUYER].

Mr. BUYER. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to cosponsor H.R. 1057 to designate the Main Post Office in Indianapolis, Indiana in honor of Congressman Andy Jacobs. Following in his father's footsteps, Andy Jacobs, Jr. began his congressional career in 1964, after serving 5 years in the Indiana House. For 30 years Indianapolis was well represented by a real gentleman and a formidable legislator.

As I was waiting here to make these remarks, I happened to listen to the opening segments here of 1-minute on the House floor. I think Andy was always bothered by what I would refer to coming from his own party as rhetorical political terrorism. Those are inflammatory words that are meant to incite class warfare and paint others as uncaring or callous. That was not Andy Jacobs at all. Andy Jacobs was someone who exemplified the essence of the

nobility of life; that is, someone, as a former marine and as a deputy sheriff, who was in touch with the inner sensibilities of life and those tender sensibilities.

Andy Jacobs voted his conscience. He did not go along party lines. There are some Members that will go along party lines, and then some will break from party lines for a particular political purpose. Andy was a gentleman who voted his conscience.

For example in 1989, it was Andy Jacobs that cast the deciding vote on the Committee on Ways and Means in favor of a capital gains tax cut, despite the Democrat majority at the time in opposition of cutting taxes. His tenure on the Committee on Ways and Means provided Indiana with a very powerful presence.

It was truly an honor for me to serve here for 4 years with Andy Jacobs. I wish Andy and his wife Kim and their children all the best as they move into the new phase of their lives.

I applaud the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. BURTON] for having brought this initiative to name the Main Post Office in the honor of my friend, Andy Jacobs.

□ 1445

Mr. FATTAH. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume to just suggest that the people of the State of Indiana and the 10th District have sent forth a Representative now, we just heard from her, to speak on their behalf on some of these very important issues of tax policies and the like, and I think that the issues of how Andy Jacobs would have voted on some of the matters that were discussed in the one-minutes are really beyond the point.

What we are here to do is to honor his 30 years of service and, through this legislation, to name a post office after him; and we seek no partisan advantage in that process.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from the State of Indiana [Mr. HAMILTON], a most distinguished Member, to comment on this legislation.

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me this time, and of course I rise in strong support not only of H.R. 1057, a bill to rename a post office in Indianapolis, IN for former Congressman Andy Jacobs, but I wish also to rise in support of the bill that follows, H.R. 1058, to rename a post office now under construction in Terre Haute, IN for former Congressman John Myers.

I, of course, have known Andy and John for many, many years. I think I served with each of them in this institution for 30 years, for a total of 60 years' association with these two gentlemen. I hold them in highest esteem and regard. They were a true credit to this institution during their many years of service. The House of Representatives misses them, the State of Indiana misses their service, and I miss

them as personal friends in this institution.

It was a great personal pleasure for me to work with them over the years. Both of them are individuals of the highest integrity and dedication and professionalism. They have had a tremendous impact on our great State of Indiana and its people as well as the citizens of this country. Each of them, I believe, left a distinctive mark on the U.S. Congress, and everybody in this Chamber, and many people throughout the country, are better for it.

Andy and John are missed for their personal qualities that they brought to this floor. In national politics and in Congress, we often hear now about the decline of civility. Andy and John, in contrast, were models of civility and decency. They certainly had their views on the issues and were never afraid to voice them, but they always respected those with whom they disagreed and they worked tirelessly in this institution to build a consensus on some of the difficult challenges that we had. They understood how Congress works and they worked in a constructive and bipartisan manner to achieve their purposes. Each one of us can learn from their example.

Their work here was a mark of distinction. Andy and John have every right to look back on their service with a full measure of satisfaction. They were wonderful colleagues and they are great friends of mine. They represent the very best that our State of Indiana has to offer.

These bills are fitting tributes to two outstanding Members of Congress. I congratulate the chairman of the subcommittee and the ranking member of the subcommittee for bringing the bills forward and I thank them for it.

Mr. MCHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume to, very briefly, in closing, say that I think the words spoken here today by the gentlemen from Indiana, Chairman BURTON, Mr. HAMILTON, Mr. BUYER, and others, underscore in what great esteem Mr. Jacobs is held by Members of this House. And I am sure that equal esteem will be forthcoming for the Member who is honored through the next bill. With that, I close by urging all of the Members to support this very worthy and very meritorious piece of legislation.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. FATTAH. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. VISCLOSKEY].

Mr. VISCLOSKEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise to pay tribute to Andy Jacobs and in strong support of H.R. 1057 to designate the new postal facility in Indianapolis, IN, in his honor.

I had the pleasure of serving with Andy since I was first elected to join the Indiana's congressional delegation in 1984 and until his retirement last year. In that time, I grew to appreciate him not only as one of the most thoughtful, honorable, and well-spoken

legislators to serve in this body, but also as a good friend.

Because Andy's sons, Andy and Steve, and my boys, John and Tim, were born about the same time, we were able to share the mutual joys of fatherhood together. And whether our advice to each other on raising sons would be considered problematic or not, we always took pleasure about talking about Johnko and Bronko.

While I will certainly miss his wisdom and sense of humor in these Halls, I find comfort in the knowledge that Andy is enjoying his retirement with his wife, Kim Hood, and by watching his two boys grow up to be mature young men.

Since Andy was first elected to represent Indiana's 10th Congressional District in 1964, he made his mark as a tremendous legislator. As a new Member of Congress, he helped to write the 1965 Voting Rights Act, and led the House debate to help get the United States out of Vietnam.

A member of the Committee on Ways and Means, Andy quickly developed an expertise in Medicare and Social Security, and he worked tirelessly to help improve the lives of millions of America's senior citizens.

During his tenure in the House, he served as chairman of both the Subcommittee on Health and the Subcommittee on Social Security of the Committee on Ways and Means. In Andy's capacities he was able to strengthen and enhance the Social Security Administration and Medicare programs.

Widely recognized as one of the most fiscally conservative Members of Congress, Andy was an early proponent of a balanced budget constitutional amendment, and took the lead on other efforts to reduce Federal spending. He also was legendary among Members of the House for his own frugality, regularly returning tens of thousands of dollars to the U.S. Treasury from his personal office's funds.

Mr. Speaker, in his own unique way, Andy Jacobs came to epitomize what is good and right about serving his fellow citizens as a Member of Congress. Indeed, with his interests ranging from poetry to Social Security, the people of Indiana and the rest of the Nation are fortunate to have had Andy Jacobs representing their interests in the United States Congress.

Passage of H.R. 1057 is only a small token of our appreciation, and I urge my colleagues to support it.

Mr. FATTAH. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. TRAFICANT].

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, I want to associate myself with the remarks of the gentleman from Indiana, Chairman BURTON, and I want to commend him for bringing forth the legislation.

Andy Jacobs was as well a friend of mine. There was not a Member ever to serve here with a sharper wit or a nicer attitude. He was a war hero, but one

would never know it. He did as much to protect Social Security as anyone in history. One would never know it. Loved his family, Kim and the two boys, and just a super guy.

I also want to rise in support of another great legislator from Indiana, John Myers. I know John is here. I did not see Andy. John is here visiting with Jimmy Quillen from Tennessee. Two of the greatest Members. And I want to rise in support of the naming of the post office for John Myers, for Andy Jacobs, and I personally consider them great friends and I want to thank them for having helped my district and helping the people of all of America.

So I want to associate myself with the remarks of Mr. HAMILTON, Chairman BURTON, and all of those who have spoken here, but I am so very pleased that John Myers and Andy Jacobs are getting their just due here, because there is nothing more fitting than naming these two post offices for these two great Hoosiers.

Mr. Speaker, I will stop with that, because I know others will extol their virtues.

Mr. FATTAH. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Virginia [Mr. WISE].

Mr. WISE. Mr. Speaker, I too want to join in thanking the committee for moving this forward.

Let me just say that a number of us here owe a debt of gratitude as well as the American public to Congressman Andy Jacobs, not only for his representation over many years but also personal notes.

As a personal note, as a new Member, he took me under his wing and showed me around and made sure I did not fall too badly in my early years here. Of course, he also introduced me to the woman who was later to become my wife. And so I am very, very grateful to him for that certainly as well, and our two children also thank him greatly.

I want to just note about Andy Jacobs, he was often a study of contrasts, and he was someone we needed to have in Congress and we need to have. He was a combat veteran who understood how awful war could be and always worried about sending, in his words, kids off to fight our wars. So he examined each cause for going to war carefully.

He was someone who, while many might say he was a liberal Democrat because he believed in programs that helped people, he was probably the tightest person with the taxpayers' nickel that I have run across in a long time.

And, finally, Andy was probably someone who, of anyone, would never ask that a post office be named after them and, Mr. Speaker, those are the people that we ought to be naming post offices after and Federal buildings after so the taxpayers and those who will use that building know that they were well represented and that the spirit that they would like to see in government is still memorialized.

So we thank very much the committee for moving this forward.

Mr. FATTAH. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. ROEMER], the last and final Member with remarks on this bill from our side of the aisle, whom I served with on the House Committee on Education and the Workforce, who has been very close to Congressman Jacobs.

Mr. ROEMER. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me this time and for his hard work on this particular bill.

Mr. Speaker, I will submit for the RECORD a formal statement, but Andy Jacobs was anything but formal. Andy Jacobs was somebody that at 12 o'clock at night, when this session was in, and we were working hard doing the people's business, was the first person to say something off-the-cuff and funny to keep his colleagues' sense of humor and comedy and sense of bipartisanship alive.

Whenever we talked to Andy, if we did not get a funny quip out of him first, the first thing on his mind was always his family. His two children and his wife Kim always took priority over everything else. And the latest story about his 5- or 6-year-old was always on the tip of his tongue.

The trappings of this House of Representatives never captured Andy. Not only did he not spend money on things that would keep him in office or were part of the trappings of the facade of office, Andy hardly ever ran a campaign in the State of Indiana that would cost more than \$20,000. That, by itself, is a monumental accomplishment.

Finally, when it comes to naming a post office after my good friend Andy Jacobs, I have to say that Andy was a Member of Congress that probably read each and every single one of his constituents' mailings to him, and often would reply in a sentence or two, or in three or four pages. And he had a lot to say to each one of his colleagues, sometimes very funny anecdotal stories, and sometimes things that none of his colleagues would dare write in our responses, but Andy could get away with it because he had such a great rapport with his constituency.

So my heart misses Andy but my hat is off to him and Kim, and we just wish him well in his next career in his lifetime.

Mr. Speaker, our Hoosier colleague, Andy Jacobs, served 15 terms in this House, and he is dearly missed. Andy is missed for his humor, his charm, and his grace. He is also missed for his powerful commitment to those in society who truly deserve and need help: the oldest, the youngest, and the most vulnerable.

Andrew Jacobs, Jr., served Indiana and the country well, but he rejected the trappings of office. His independent thinking and Hoosier common sense endeared him to his constituents, who returned him to office again and again without noisy or expensive campaigns. And then, without fanfare, Andy quietly decided to move on from the House of Representatives.

Mr. Speaker, Andy was a good mentor, and is a good friend. Like our colleague, John Myers, whom we also honor today, Andy put progress before partisanship, and expressed deep concerns about the lack of comity in the House. His gentility was a living rebuke to those whose rhetoric did not support civil discourse. We miss him all the more for his example.

Mr. Speaker, in naming a postal facility for Andy Jacobs, we are conducting a fitting tribute, if a modest one, for a man who served well by hard work, by integrity, and by example. I am pleased to rise in support of H.R. 1057, and to recognize my good friend Andrew Jacobs, Jr., today.

□ 1500

Mr. FATTAH. Mr. Speaker, I yield back all remaining time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. GIBBONS). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New York [Mr. MCHUGH] that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1057, as amended.

The question was taken.

Mr. MCHUGH. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 5 of rule I and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

JOHN T. MYERS POST OFFICE BUILDING

Mr. MCHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1058) to designate the facility of the U.S. Postal Service under construction at 150 West Margaret Drive in Terre Haute, IN, as the "John T. Myers Post Office Building."

The Clerk read as follows:

H.R. 1058

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. DESIGNATION.

The facility of the United States Postal Service under construction at 150 West Margaret Drive in Terre Haute, Indiana, shall be known and designated as the "John T. Myers Post Office Building".

SEC. 2. REFERENCES.

Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in section 1 shall be deemed to be a reference to the "John T. Myers Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from New York [Mr. MCHUGH] and the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. FATTAH] each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York [Mr. MCHUGH].

Mr. MCHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, as in the previous bill, H.R. 1058 was also introduced by the gentleman from Indiana, DAN BURTON, and it too is supported by the entire Indiana delegation pursuant to committee policy. As we have heard, Mr. Speaker, this legislation designates that the facility of the U.S. Postal