

[Roll No. 73]

## YEAS—409

Abercrombie	Dixon	Kennedy (RI)
Ackerman	Doggett	Kennelly
Aderholt	Dooley	Killee
Allen	Doolittle	Kim
Archer	Doyle	Kind (WI)
Armey	Dreier	King (NY)
Bachus	Duncan	Kingston
Baesler	Dunn	Klecza
Baker	Edwards	Klink
Baldacci	Ehrlich	Klug
Barcia	Emerson	Knollenberg
Barr	Engel	Kolbe
Barrett (NE)	English	Kucinich
Barrett (WI)	Ensign	LaFalce
Bartlett	Eshoo	LaHood
Barton	Evans	Lampson
Bass	Everett	Largent
Bateman	Ewing	Latham
Becerra	Farr	LaTourette
Bentsen	Fattah	Lazio
Bereuter	Fawell	Leach
Berry	Fazio	Levin
Bilbray	Flake	Lewis (CA)
Bilirakis	Foglietta	Lewis (GA)
Bishop	Foley	Lewis (KY)
Blagojevich	Forbes	Linder
Bliley	Ford	Lipinski
Blumenauer	Fowler	Livingston
Blunt	Fox	LoBiondo
Boehlert	Frank (MA)	Lofgren
Boehner	Franks (NJ)	Lofgren
Bonilla	Frelinghuysen	Lowe
Bonior	Frost	Lucas
Bono	Furse	Luther
Borski	Galleghy	Maloney (CT)
Boswell	Ganske	Maloney (NY)
Boucher	Gejdenson	Manton
Boyd	Gekas	Manzullo
Brady	Gephardt	Markley
Brown (CA)	Gibbons	Martinez
Brown (FL)	Gilchrest	Mascara
Brown (OH)	Gillmor	Matsui
Bunning	Gilman	McCarthy (MO)
Burr	Gonzalez	McCollum
Burton	Goode	McCrery
Buyer	Goodlatte	McDade
Callahan	Goodling	McDermott
Calvert	Gordon	McGovern
Camp	Goss	McHale
Campbell	Graham	McHugh
Canady	Granger	McInnis
Cannon	Green	McIntosh
Capps	Greenwood	McIntyre
Cardin	Gutknecht	McKeon
Castle	Hall (TX)	McKinney
Chabot	Hamilton	McNulty
Chambliss	Hansen	Meehan
Chenoweth	Harman	Meek
Christensen	Hastert	Menendez
Clay	Hastings (FL)	Metcalf
Clayton	Hastings (WA)	Mica
Clement	Hayworth	Millender
Clyburn	Hefley	McDonald
Coble	Herger	Miller (CA)
Coburn	Hill	Miller (FL)
Collins	Hilleary	Minge
Combest	Hilliard	Mink
Condit	Hinojosa	Moakley
Conyers	Hobson	Molinari
Cook	Hoekstra	Moran (KS)
Cooksey	Holden	Moran (VA)
Costello	Hooley	Morella
Cox	Horn	Murtha
Coyne	Hostettler	Myrick
Cramer	Houghton	Nadler
Crane	Hoyer	Neal
Crapo	Hulshof	Nethercutt
Cubin	Hunter	Neumann
Cummings	Hutchinson	Ney
Cunningham	Hyde	Northup
Danner	Inglis	Norwood
Davis (FL)	Jackson (IL)	Nussle
Davis (IL)	Jackson-Lee	Oberstar
Davis (VA)	(TX)	Obey
Deal	Jefferson	Oliver
DeFazio	Jenkins	Ortiz
DeGette	John	Owens
Delahunt	Johnson (CT)	Oxley
DeLauro	Johnson (WI)	Packard
DeLay	Johnson, E. B.	Pallone
Dellums	Johnson, Sam	Pappas
Deutsch	Jones	Parker
Diaz-Balart	Kanjorski	Pascarell
Dickey	Kasich	Pastor
Dicks	Kelly	Paul
Dingell	Kennedy (MA)	Paxon

Payne	Sanford	Sununu
Pease	Sawyer	Talent
Pelosi	Saxton	Tanner
Peterson (MN)	Scarborough	Tauscher
Peterson (PA)	Schaefer, Dan	Tauzin
Petri	Schaffer, Bob	Taylor (MS)
Pickering	Schumer	Taylor (NC)
Pickett	Scott	Thomas
Pitts	Sensenbrenner	Thompson
Pombo	Serrano	Thornberry
Porter	Sessions	Thune
Portman	Shadegg	Thurman
Poshard	Shaw	Tiahrt
Price (NC)	Shays	Tierney
Pryce (OH)	Sherman	Torres
Quinn	Shimkus	Trafficant
Radanovich	Shuster	Turner
Rahall	Sisisky	Upton
Ramstad	Skaggs	Vento
Rangel	Skeen	Visclosky
Regula	Skelton	Walsh
Reyes	Slaughter	Wamp
Riggs	Smith (MI)	Waters
Riley	Smith (NJ)	Watkins
Rivers	Smith (OR)	Watt (NC)
Roemer	Smith (TX)	Waxman
Rogan	Smith, Adam	Weldon (FL)
Rogers	Smith, Linda	Weldon (PA)
Rohrabacher	Snowbarger	Weller
Ros-Lehtinen	Snyder	Wexler
Rothman	Solomon	Weygand
Roukema	Souder	White
Roybal-Allard	Spence	Whitfield
Royce	Spratt	Wickert
Rush	Stabenow	Wise
Ryun	Stearns	Wolf
Sabo	Stenholm	Woolsey
Salmon	Stokes	Wynn
Sanchez	Strickland	Yates
Sanders	Stump	Young (AK)
Sandlin	Stupak	Young (FL)

## NOT VOTING—23

Andrews	Gutierrez	Mollohan
Ballenger	Hall (OH)	Pomeroy
Berman	Hefner	Schiff
Bryant	Hinchey	Stark
Carson	Istook	Towns
Ehlers	Kaptur	Velazquez
Etheridge	Kilpatrick	Watts (OK)
Filner	McCarthy (NY)	

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF MOTIONS TO SUSPEND THE RULES

Mr. SOLOMON, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 105-45) on the resolution (H. Res. 107) providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

## SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HOBSON). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 7, 1997, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas [Ms. JACKSON-LEE] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extension of Remarks.]

## CONGRATULATING HANNIBAL, MO

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. HULSHOF] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. HULSHOF. Mr. Speaker, I would like to congratulate a vibrant city in the Ninth Congressional District of Missouri, Hannibal, MO, for its selection to the semifinals of the National Trust for Historic Preservation 1997 Great American Main Street Awards.

The Great American Main Street Awards recognize exceptional accomplishments in revitalizing America's historic and traditional downtowns and neighborhood commercial districts.

Hannibal, MO, has demonstrated a very active public and private participation in this revitalization process. It enjoys broad-based community support, success in boosting the economy and, more importantly, preservation of the uniquely historic buildings.

Mr. Speaker, the goal of the Hannibal Main Street Program is a revitalized program area. The Hannibal Main Street Program has continued to promote economic development within the context of historic preservation. It has established a strong partnership with others in the community to create a wide range of support. The Hannibal Main Street Program has a contract with the city for professional services. In addition, both the public and private schools provide a volunteer work force for downtown cleanup days. Service clubs donate time and supplies, sponsor festivals and parades as well as providing volunteers. A number of local financial institutions participate in low-interest loan programs. This truly is, Mr. Speaker, a community that comes together.

In just 6 years, Hannibal Main Street has had a significant, positive economic impact. It has experienced a net gain of 103 new businesses as well as 414 new jobs created. Building sales have skyrocketed and the number of vacancies has plummeted just in the last couple of years.

Mr. Speaker, many of us in this Chamber might recognize Hannibal as the home of the American Classics author, Mark Twain. To some, Mark Twain and Hannibal, MO, are inseparable. To the lovers of Mark Twain, Hannibal has become a shrine. Thanks to Hannibal Main Street, all families across America will be able to continue to experience Mark Twain and his history through Hannibal's historic preservation and economic revitalization.

I am here today, Mr. Speaker, to salute the residents of Hannibal, MO. It is cities like Hannibal that represent the best that America has to offer.

Congratulations, Mr. Speaker, and to Hannibal, MO, on a job well done.

## TRIBUTE TO DR. DEBRA PHILLIPS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Illinois [Mr. SHIMKUS] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. SHIMKUS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to Dr. Debra Phillips of Golden, IL. Last month, Dr. Phillips was named the Illinois Rural Health Practitioner of the year by the Illinois Rural Health Association. Dr. Phillips received this award in recognition of her outstanding care, involvement in the community and her lasting contribution to the rural health care system in Illinois.

Raised in rural southeast Iowa, Dr. Phillips knows the benefit of rural health care providers. After finishing her undergraduate and medical education at the University of Iowa, Dr. Phillips did her residency in family practice. In the late 1980's, Dr. Phillips developed a model practice for a rural area. Working with Southern Illinois University and Blessing Hospital in Quincy, IL, which I visited last week, she helped to create the East Adams County Rural Health Clinic in May 1991. Today this clinic serves a rural population of 7,200 people. Since the nearest hospital is 30 miles away, this rural clinic is vital to the health and well-being of many people. I am very happy to report that Dr. Phillips still spends half her time caring for patients at this facility. In addition, she is the Associate Professor of Clinical Family Practice at the SIU School of Medicine, where she is also the Associate Director of the Quincy Family Practice Center residency program.

There are 15 current physicians in this residency program. Dr. Phillips also spends a considerable amount of time teaching resident physicians and medical students in the area of rural health care. She has been influential in helping to promote rural health and encouraging physicians to practice in rural areas. Additionally, Dr. Phillips is a medical director of three nursing homes in rural Adams county and even practices medicine out of her farmhouse after hours.

□ 1800

As if that was not enough, Dr. Phillips is married to Duane Phillips, and the mother of two children, 9-year-old Katherine and 6-year-old Jacob.

I would like to take this special opportunity to recognize Dr. Phillips for her tireless work and congratulate her for receiving this award. I look forward to her advice and counsel as we move forward in addressing rural health care issues. But most of all, I would like to thank Dr. Phillips for her dedication to the rural residents of Illinois.

#### TRIBUTE TO WEST WINDSOR TOWNSHIP

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. PAPPAS] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. PAPPAS. Mr. Speaker, today I join with the people of West Windsor Township, NJ, in celebrating the township's bicentennial. It was on this day 200 years ago the New Jersey State leg-

islature divided the township of Windsor, which was once a part of the William Penn land grant, into East and West Windsor.

At the time West Windsor was part of Middlesex County, but in the 1830's West Windsor was again divided, taking about 8 square miles away to form a part of what is now Princeton Township. After the Revolutionary War, the township became part of Mercer County, which was named in recognition of General Mercer, a Revolutionary War hero.

As we look back on the past 200 years, we discover that West Windsor has been home to some significant occurrences in our Nation's military history. The turning point in the Revolutionary War, the Battle of Princeton, which became the Battle of Trenton, was fought in West Windsor Township. Years later during World Wars I and II, it was the agricultural products of the township, its fruits and vegetables, that were sent to Fort Dix to feed our troops.

A great deal has changed in West Windsor over the past 200 years. The dreams and spirit that once fought a war are helping to lead the township into the new century. Today the township of 27 square miles is home to many high-tech businesses.

West Windsor continues to grow and thrive as a community of new residents and businesses and industry. Just recently Raytheon chose West Windsor as the location for its engineering division. Raytheon will join NycoMed, Berlitz, LogicWorks, and Bristol Myers Squibb as companies that have chosen the township as their place of business. These businesses, like its people, continue to be on the cutting edge.

But even as West Windsor continues to move toward the future and corporations continue to choose it as their home, the township remains committed to preserving its past. While many communities in America struggle between the desire to entice businesses and a willingness to preserve open space, West Windsor has certainly found a balance.

The town has worked hard to maintain the quality of life and the environment of the community. Forty percent of all the land in the township is designated as nonbuildable open space. I am told that Mayor Tom Frascella's goal is to increase the percentage of open space to 50 percent. It is the people of West Windsor over the years, its service organizations and elected officials, that have been responsible for the current growth and prosperity that the township enjoys.

It is not surprising that in all that has happened in the past, and in recognition of the positive direction that they are headed for in the future, New Jersey Monthly Magazine recognized West Windsor as one of the 15 best communities in New Jersey, and Philadelphia Magazine also recognized the township as one of the 15 best communities in suburban Philadelphia.

Over the coming months West Windsor has a number of events planned to celebrate its bicentennial. Shows, festivals, concerts, and parades will run throughout the year. I applaud the efforts of the dedicated volunteers, elected officials such as Mayor Frascella, and the local business owners that are committed to sharing the past and preserving the future of this town. Their pride and optimism for the future is what sets West Windsor apart.

I am proud to represent this community in the U.S. Congress. If the next 200 years are anything like the first 200 years, we can expect to continue to see great things from this Mercer County community. Congratulations to the people of West Windsor Township.

#### RAISING TAXES WILL NOT HELP AMERICA'S CHILDREN

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Florida [Mr. SCARBOROUGH] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. SCARBOROUGH. Mr. Speaker, earlier this morning I heard many floor speeches from people on the other side of the aisle talking about how much they love children and how they want to create a new layer of bureaucracy and raise more taxes on the American people to help children.

I found this to be very interesting, to say the least, considering that these same people that have been so interested in helping children across this country have over the past 40 years accumulated a \$5.6 trillion debt. In the name of helping children and helping farms and helping businesses, actually what they have done is, they have put us in a position where our children's future has been mortgaged at a \$5.6 trillion price tag.

A lot of people ask, in my town hall meetings, what does this really mean? How much is \$5.6 trillion? And this Easter, as I was going across the district, I decided to give them this example:

If you made a million dollars every day, from the day that Jesus Christ was born 2,000 years ago, a million dollars every day for 2,000 years, you would not make enough money to pay off our Federal debt. If you made a million dollars every day for the first 2,000 years and then made a million dollars every day from today until the year 4000 A.D. and added all that up, you still would not have enough money to pay off our Federal debt. In fact, you would still be \$1.6 trillion short.

Now, that is the debt that we are passing on to my 9-year-old boy, my 6-year-old boy, and to future generations, and yet we still have more liberals saying we need to tax more, we need to spend more, we need to create bureaucracies to help the children. The fact is that we are actually stealing money from their pockets.

Their argument comes down to this. They love children so much that they