#### **PEACEMAKER**

# HON. JAMES T. WALSH

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, March 17, 1997

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, for the past 2 years, Senator George Mitchell has co-chaired the multiparty talks on the future of Northern Ireland in Belfast. On the evening of March 13, 1997, in Washington, DC, he was presented the American Ireland Fund International Humanitarian Award. I would like to share Senator Mitchell's inspiring speech with you at this time.

EXCERPTS FROM REMARKS BY SENATOR GEORGE J. MITCHELL, AMERICAN-IRELAND FUND DINNER

I'm grateful for this award. The American-Ireland Fund is an important force for good in Ireland. I commend you for your efforts and I encourage you to continue them.

As you know, I've spent most of the past

As you know, I've spent most of the past two years in Northern Ireland. On my trips back to the U.S., I've been asked two questions, over and over again, by Americans who care about Ireland: Why are you doing this? And, What can I do to help?

Tonight, I'll try to answer both of those questions.

Why am I doing this?

I've asked myself that question many times. To answer it, I must go back nearly 20 years, before I'd ever been to Ireland, before I'd ever thought seriously about Northern Ireland.

Before I entered the United States Senate I had the privilege of serving as a Federal Judge. In that position I had great power. The power I most enjoyed exercising was when I presided over what are called naturalization ceremonies. They're citizenship ceremonies. A group of people who'd come from every part of the world, who'd gone through all the required procedures, gathered before me in a federal courtroom. There I administered to them the oath of allegiance to the United States and, by the power vested in me under our constitution and laws I made them Americans.

It was always emotional for me, because my mother was an immigrant from Lebanon, my father the orphan son of immigrants from Ireland. They had no education and they worked hard all their lives at difficult and low-paying jobs. But because of their efforts, and, more importantly, because of the openness of American society, I, their son, was able to become the majority leader of the United States Senate.

After every naturalization ceremony, I spoke personally with each new American, individually or in family groups. I asked them where they came from, how they came, why they came. Their stories were as different as their countries of origin. But they were all inspiring, and through them ran a common theme, best expressed by a young Asian. When I asked why he had come, he replied, in slow and halting English, "I came because here in America everybody has a chance".

A young man who'd been an American for just a few minutes summed up the meaning of our country in a single sentence. Here, everybody has a chance.

I was one of those who had a chance, and I thank God for my good fortune. Now, by an accident of fate, in a way that I did not seek or expect, I have been given the opportunity to help others to have a chance. That they are in Ireland, the land of my father's heritage, is just a fortuitous coincidence. That I am able to help, even if in just a small way, is what matters.

No one can really have a chance in a society dominated by fear and violence. And so I, who have been helped by so many, now must do what I can to help others to try to end the violence, to banish the fear, to hasten the day when all the people of Northern Ireland can lead lives of peace, reconciliation and opportunity.

Let me say, as clearly and as emphatically as I can: There will be peace and reconciliation in Northern Ireland. I don't know exactly when it will come. But I am convinced that it is inevitable, for one over-riding reason: It is the will of the overwhelming majority of the people of Northern Ireland.

They remain divided along sectarian lines, and they mistrust each other. But they share a fervent desire not to return to the violence which for so long has filled their lives with fear and anxiety.

It will take a very long time for the mistrust to end. But it need not take a long time for the violence to end. Once it does, once people can live free of fear, then gradually the walls of division will come down. Walls that exist on the ground, and in people's minds, will come down, brick by brick, person by person, slowly but inevitably.

Over the past two years I've come to know the people of Northern Ireland. They're energetic, intelligent and productive. I admire and like them. They deserve better than the troubles they have. But there is only one way to achieve that better life.

There is no alternative to democratic, meaningful, inclusive dialogue. For that to come about, there must be an end to violence and to intransigence. They are the twin demons of Northern Ireland—violence and intransigence. They feed off each other in a deadly ritual in which most of the victims are innocent.

There are those who don't want anything to change, ever. They want to recreate a past that can never be recreated. But their way will only guarantee never-ending conflict. It will insure that the next half century is as full of death and fear as was the past half century.

The people of Northern Ireland must make it clear to their leaders that they oppose intransigence, that they want meaningful negotiation. Not capitulation; not the surrender of conviction. But good-faith negotiation that places the interest of the people, the interest of peace, above personal or political considerations. Good faith negotiation can produce an agreed settlement that will command the support of the majority in Northern Ireland, including the majority in each community. I know in my heart that it can be done.

#### TRIBUTE TO KIWANIS CLUB'S 40TH ANNIVERSARY

## HON. DAVID E. BONIOR

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, March 17, 1997

Mr. BONIOR. Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in saluting the Kiwanis Club of Warren, MI, as they celebrate their 40th anniversary on May 9, 1997.

In 1957, a group of concerned Warren citizens felt there was a need to join Kiwanis International and form the Kiwanis Club of Warren. Their goal was to aid the public in ways that other charities and the Government could not.

In the past 40 years, the Kiwanis Club has contributed their time and resources to the betterment of their community. Among their

many contributions include the funding of a handicapped fitness trail at the Council Park and the donation of a Salvation Army bus. The club has also donated funds for thousands of individuals in need of operations, utility bills, and handicapped ramps.

I would like to thank the hundreds of volunteers, past and present, who have donated their various talents to improve the quality of life in the Warren community. The self-sacrificing qualities of the Kiwanis volunteers is what makes our communities successful.

I ask my colleagues to join me in wishing the Kiwanis Club of Warren a joyful 40th anniversary. Their long history of public service is sure to last at the very least, another 40 years.

#### HONORING STATE REPRESENTATIVE KEITH McCALL

### HON. PAUL E. KANJORSKI

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, March 17, 1997

Mr. KANJORSKI. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a close personal friend and colleague from my congressional district in Pennsylvania, State Representative Keith McCall.

Representative McCall will be honored by the Panther Valley Irish American Association as its 1997 recipient of the Shamrock Award. I am pleased to have been asked to participate in this prestigious event.

The youngest son of the late Representative Thomas J. and Mary Ann McCall, Keith began his career in the Pennsylvania State Auditor General's office in Harrisburg while he was attending Penn State and Harrisburg Community College. His father's untimely death in 1981, while serving his fourth State legislative term, brought Keith to succeed his father in the Assembly. Now a high ranking Representative in the Pennsylvania General Assembly, Keith has followed in his father's footsteps by serving his district for 15 years.

Keith McCall is one of the finest legislators that I have had the privilege to work with during my years in Congress. He has been responsible for helping numerous local constituents and bringing millions of dollars in economic development to his district.

Keith's hard work and tenacity on numerous issues of importance to his district demonstrates his commitment to his constituents. His attention to the needs of the residents of his legislative district is unsurpassed and manifests itself in the strong results he receives.

Keith has consistently worked closely with me on numerous projects for Carbon County, from flood control to highway projects, I can always count on Keith to be an energetic ally with all the projects that involve the state.

A few of his major projects and accomplishments include Lehigh Gorge State Park, rail infrastructure improvements, a visitors center for Delaware and Lehigh Navigation Canal National Heritage Corridor, and preservation of historical buildings.

In the State Assembly Keith wrote the Pennsylvania Enhanced Automobile Emission Inspection law and is now considered an expert on this issue.

Along with his work in the State assembly, Keith builds upon his dedication to his community by being an active participant in community service organizations. Keith's community involvement includes the Elks, Summit Hill Fire Company, Knights of Columbus, Ancient Order of Hibernians, Pennsylvania Emergency Management council, and his work as past president of the Panther Valley Irish American Association.

Mr. Speaker, I am proud to join with the community, his friends and family in paying tribute to an exemplary legislator and public servant. I congratulate the Panther Valley Irish American Association on its 50th year, for the work they do in the community, and for their outstanding choice for this year's Shamrock Award.

# A TRIBUTE TO KEVIN "CASEY" GENTHER

# HON. JERRY LEWIS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, March 17, 1997

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I would like to bring to your attention the fine work and outstanding public service of Kevin "Casey" Genther, the commander of American Legion Rim of the World Post No. 360. Casey will be relinquishing his position in July after 2 years of remarkable service to our community.

Casey has played an instrumental role in the growth and success of American Legion Post No. 360 since he assumed his position upon the resignation of the previous commander.

In that time, the enrollment of new members has increased by 20 percent. Casey has also been the driving force in getting Rim of the World Post No. 360 to participate in the activities of the Mountain Thrift Shoppe, a nonprofit resale store that benefits nine charitable and service organizations in our mountain community. In addition, donations and grants to local organizations in need of financial support have increased fivefold during his tenure in office.

Casey has also made a major contribution to local educational efforts and the lives of young people in our community. Scholarship funding for local high school graduates has increased from \$350 to \$4,000. Educational incentive grants for graduates of the local continuing education school have risen considerably. In addition, Casey has formalized the annual American Legion National High School Oratorical Contest. He has also overseen a 100-percent increase in attendance at Boy's State and Girl's State by local high school juniors. Since Casey assumed his leadership position, Post No. 360 has sent eight local teachers to teaching workshops at the Freedom Foundation in Valley Forge, PA.

Mr. Speaker, Casey Genther has made a remarkable difference in the lives of many people through his leadership of the American Legion Rim of the World Post No. 360. His many contributions toward the betterment of Post No. 360, local education, and our community is certainly worthy of our appreciation and recognition. It is only appropriate that the House recognize Commander Genther today.

IN THE SPIRIT OF ST. PATRICK'S DAY

### HON. JAMES T. WALSH

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, March 17, 1997

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, in the spirit of St. Patrick's Day, I am inviting all my colleagues to become a Friend of Ireland. The Friends of Ireland is a bipartisan congressional organization established in 1981 by the late Speaker, Thomas "Tip" O'Neill. Every successive Speaker has carried on the tradition and my appointment as chairman by Speaker GINGRICH is a clear demonstration of the bipartisan nature of the Friends. The Speaker and Minority Leader GEPHARDT serve as honorary chairmen of the group.

The purpose of the Friends of Ireland is to increase the bonds of friendship and understanding between the American people and the people of Ireland. We look for a peaceful solution to the problems of this troubled land. Our organization is open to all members of the 105th Congress who share its principles and has attracted widespread support over the years. There are also several Senators who are members of the Friends.

Over the years, the statements of support for peace in Ireland, condemnations of human rights abuses, assistance to the International Fund for Ireland, and general expressions of goodwill have made a difference. The voice of the United States Congress is listened to very attentively in Ireland both in the Republic and in the North.

I would like to share with you this year's St. Patrick's Day statement:

STATEMENT BY THE FRIENDS OF IRELAND, ST. PATRICK'S DAY 1997

On this St. Patrick's Day, we the Friends of Ireland renew our call for the IRA to restore its cease-fire, which should be followed by Sinn Fein's immediate entry into the Northern Ireland all-party peace talks when they resume in June.

The Friends of Ireland commend our former colleague. Senator George Mitchell. for his outstanding service as chairman of the talks. The talks offer an historic opportunity to address the three key relationships which must underpin any settlement-those within Northern Ireland between North and South, and between Ireland and Britain, We fully support this process, and recognize that there is much greater likelihood for success if all parties with an electoral mandate, including Sinn Fein, participate in the talks. Sinn Fein's participation in the talks, however, is properly conditional on the unequivocal restoration of the cease-fire by the IŔA.

We also recognize that the IRA maintained a cease-fire for 17 months, from September 1994 to February 1996. It is of deepest concern that, during that long and hopeful period, additional obstacles were laid in the way of bringing all parties to the table. We hope that a renewed IRA cease-fire will on this occasion be met with an appropriate response by the British Government, including the taking of necessary confidence-building measures.

Basic issues of equal justice and human rights are at the heart of the conflict in Northern Ireland and they must be central to any realistic resolution of the conflict. Peace without justice is not sustainable. It is only likely to flourish when all sides feel that their basic rights are respected and pro-

tected. Accordingly, we urge prompt action to remedy outstanding miscarriages of justice such as the Casement and Latimer cases. In light of the compelling new evidence surrounding Bloody Sunday, we add our voice to the calls for a new inquiry into this tragedy.

We are also concerned by the deteriorating conditions under which Republican prisoners are being held in Britain and in particular the treatment of Roisin McAliskey. It is essential, in negotiating a new political framework for Northern Ireland, that respect for human rights be guaranteed. The creation of a Bill of Rights, and a police service with the confidence of the whole community, are essential to ensure the protection of the rights of all and to lay a solid foundation for a lasting peace.

We strongly oppose the continued and increased punishment beatings by paramilitaries in both communities. Such atrocities have no place in society, and we call for an immediate end to these attacks.

It is essential that there be no repeat of the deplorable events during last year's marching season. The RUC behavior at Drumcree further eroded the confidence of the Catholic community in fairness of the police force. As the State Department's Country Reports on Human Rights Practices recently noted: "Many observers on both sides of the community perceived the Government's reversal in the face of unlawful Unionist protests as a victory of might over the rule of law, and the incident damaged the RUC's reputation as a impartial police force."

We therefore strongly endorse the recommendations in the North Report that an independent parades commission be given full decision-making powers to deal effectively with controversial parades. We are concerned at the British Government's decision to delay implementation of significant sections of the report, which in our view must be in place in advance of this year's marching season.

The Friends of Ireland welcome the strong commitment of President Clinton and the Congress to the success of the peace process in Northern Ireland, and the transformation in the situation which all have helped bring about. We are confident that the United States will continue to play a constructive role in encouraging an early and peaceful resolution of the conflict for the benefit of all of the people of Northern Ireland.

FRIENDS OF IRELAND EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Edward M. Kennedy, Daniel Patrick Moynihan, Christopher J. Dodd, Newt Gingrich, Richard A. Gephardt, and James T. Walsh.

#### TRIBUTE TO DICK LANGE

HON. DAVID E. BONIOR

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, March 17, 1997

Mr. BONIOR. Mr. Speaker, today I would like to pay tribute to Dick Lange as he retires from the Macomb Intermediate School District. His friends and colleagues will host a party in his honor at Partridge Creek Golf Course.

Education has always been central in Dick's life. His hard work in school was rewarded when he was honored with a 4-year Ford scholarship to the University of Michigan. While at U. of M., Dick was extremely active in intramural sports. His experience and success as a student gave him the insight he would later need as a teacher, administrator, and educational leader.