Whereas these nuns broke a 50-year-long vow of silence at the suggestion of the Bishop of Munich to expose Dr. Sewering and share their accounts of the patients;

Whereas these being elected presidentelect of the World Medical Association in 1993, protest by the American Medical Association about his alleged crimes led Dr. Sewering to resign as president-elect;

Whereas the German Government has never conducted a criminal inquiry or indicted Dr. Sewering;

Whereas the German Government has all of the patient records, including the signature of the doctor that ordered the transfers to the "Healing Center", in a government archival center, and these records have never been examined by government prosecutors; and

Whereas the German Government has so far protected this criminal: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of the Congress that the German Government should investigate and prosecute Dr. Hans Joachim Sewering for his war crimes of active euthanasia and crimes against humanity committed during World War II.

Mr. SANTORUM. Mr. President, I rise today to submit a concurrent resolution with my colleague Senator FEINSTEIN and to give a few remarks on the Holocaust. Mr. President, many Americans probably have the opinion that we have closed the door on the Holocaust. In fact, we have a museum here in Washington that stands as a reminder of this black mark in our history. Unfortunately, the very submission of this concurrent resolution tells us that this chapter has not yet been closed.

By way of background, my fatherand mother-in-law, Dr. Ken and Betty Lee Garver, have done extensive research on the medical history of Nazi war time. In their continued work within the medical community, they have come in contact with Dr. Michael Franzblau from California. It is Dr. Franzblau who brought to our attention the background and history of a German doctor who was a member of the Nazi party and referred many of Germany's disabled and afflicted to "healing centers" or death camps during the 1940's.

Of the millions of victims of World War II, it is the faces of the children we remember most, like the face of Babette Frowis. Babette Frowis was a 14-year-old child who suffered from epilepsy. She was sent to the Schoenbrunn Sanitarium in 1943 when Adolf Hitler began "cleansing" the German race. The Medical Director of the Sanitarium, Dr. Hans Joachim Sewering, then transferred her to the Healing Center at Eglfing-Haar on October 26, 1943. Twenty-one days later, on November 16, 1943, she was pronounced dead.

Babette Frowis was not the only one. It is estimated that between 1942 and 1945, 909 patients, the overwhelming majority of whom were children, were transferred to the "Healing Center" for extermination, under Dr. Sewerings' command. At Eglfing-Haar, the children were subjected to a mixture of starvation and an overdose of a sleeping drug, Luminal. Authorities at the

center saw this method as a low cost way of disposing of disabled children.

Dr. Sewering was a member of the Nazi party, as well as the Medical Director of the Sanitarium. When the war ended, Dr. Sewering went on to enjoy a full and rewarding medical career in Bavaria. In 1993 he became the president-elect of the World Medical Association, but after protest he resigned. Shortly after this, the Department of Justice placed Dr. Sewering on the "watch list" thereby preventing his entry into the United States. Dr. Sewering, at the age of 78, still practices medicine in Bavaria.

I have been in contact with the German Ambassador on this matter requesting an explanation and information on behalf of the German Government as to why Dr. Sewering has not been investigated and why the documents regarding the transfer of patients have not been made public. This concurrent resolution expresses the Sense of Congress that the German Government should investigate and prosecute Dr. Sewering for his war crimes of active euthanasia and crimes against humanity committed during World War II.

I appreciate the interest and joint sponsorship of Senator Feinstein, and look forward to working with her as we continue to draw the attention of Congress to this situation and ultimately action by the German Government.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 70—DIRECTING THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. MURKOWSKI submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

#### S. CON. RES. 70

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That in the enrollment of the bill (H.R. 1975) to improve the management of royalties from Federal and Outer Continental Shelf oil and gas leases, and for other purposes, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following corrections:

(1) On page 5, line 23, strike the word "provision" and insert in lieu thereof the word "provisions".

(2) On page 29, line 23, insert the word "so" before the word "demonstrate".

(3) On page 36, line 2, insert the word "not" after the word "shall".

(4) On page 36, line 19, strike the word "rate" and insert in lieu thereof the word "date".

"'owned" and insert in lieu thereof the word "owned" and insert in lieu thereof the word "owned"

(6) On page 39, line 8, strike the word "dues" and insert in lieu thereof the word "due".

(7) On page 44, line 24, strike the word "it" and insert in lieu thereof the word "its".

SENATE RESOLUTION 287—TO AUTHORIZE THE PRODUCTION OF RECORDS BY THE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS

Mr. LOTT (for himself and Mr. DASCHLE) submitted the following reso-

lution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. Res. 287

Whereas, the Office of the Attorney General of the State of New Jersey has requested that the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations provide it with copies of Subcommittee records in connection with a licensing investigation that the Office is currently conducting:

Whereas, by the privileges of the Senate of the United States and Rule XI of the Standing Rules of the Senate, no evidence under the control or in the possession of the Senate can, by administrative or judicial process, be taken from such control or possession but by permission of the Senate;

Whereas, when it appears that documents, papers, and records under the control or in the possession of the Senate may promote the administration of justice, the Senate will take such action as will promote the ends of justice consistently with the privileges of the Senate: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Chairman and Ranking Minority Member of the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, acting jointly, are authorized to provide to the Office of the Attorney General of the State of New Jersey copies of Subcommittee records that the Office has requested for use in connection with its pending licensing investigation.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations has received a request from the New Jersey Attorney General's Office for copies of subcommittee records relevant to a background investigation that the Office is conducting in connection with a solid waste disposal company's licensing application.

In the course of drug enforcement hearings in the mid-1970s, the subcommittee investigated allegations relating to an individual who was then a federal drug enforcement official and is now a principal in the solid waste firm seeking licensure from the State of New Jersey. The Attorney General's Office is seeking access to subcommittee records to enable the Office to fulfill its responsibilities under state law to conduct a thorough background investigation of this individual.

Mr. President, this resolution would authorize the chairman and ranking minority member of the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, acting jointly, to provide subcommittee records in response to this request.

## AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

THE FOOD AND GROCERY PRODUCTS DONATION ACT OF 1996

### LEAHY AMENDMENT NO. 5148

Mr. SANTORUM (for Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill (H.R. 2428) to encourage the donation of food and grocery products to nonprofit organizations for distribution to needy individuals by giving the Model Good Samaritan Food Donation Act the full force and effect of law.

Beginning on page 2, strike line 16 and all that follows through page 3, line 11, and insert the following:

- (C) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:
- "(c) LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES FROM DONATED FOOD AND GROCERY PRODUCTS.—
- "(1) LIABILITY OF PERSON OR GLEANER.—A person or gleaner shall not be subject to civil or criminal liability arising from the nature, age, packaging, or condition of apparently wholesome food or an apparently fit grocery product that the person or gleaner donates in good faith to a nonprofit organization for ultimate distribution to needy individuals.
- "(2) LIABILITY OF NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—A nonprofit organization shall not be subject to civil or criminal liability arising from the nature, age, packaging, or condition of apparently wholesome food or an apparently fit grocery product that the nonprofit organization received as a donation in good faith from a person or gleaner for ultimate distribution to needy individuals.
- "(3) EXCEPTION.—Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply to an injury to or death of an ultimate user or recipient of the food or grocery product that results from an act or omission of the person, gleaner, or nonprofit organization, as applicable, constituting gross negligence or intentional misconduct."

#### KENNEDY AMENDMENT NO. 5149

Mr. SANTORUM (for Mr. KENNEDY) proposed an amendment to the bill, H.R. 2428, supra; as follows:

On page 2, line 8, insert "the title heading and" before "sections".

On page 2, strike line 15 and insert the following: Samaritan';

(C) in subsection (b)(7), to read as follows: "(7) GROSS NEGLIGENCE.—The term 'gross negligence' means voluntary and conscious conduct (including a failure to act) by a person who, at the time of the conduct, knew that the conduct was likely to be harmful to the health or well-being of another person.";

On page 3, line 11, strike the period and insert ": and".

On page 3, between lines 11 and 12, insert the following:

(E) in subsection (f), by adding at the end the following: "Nothing in this section shall be construed to supercede State or local health regulations."

On page 4, after line 1, insert the following: (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the National and Community Service Act of 1990 is amended by striking the items relating to title IV.

THE OREGON RESOURCE CON-SERVATION ACT OF 1996 OPAL CREEK WILDERNESS AND OPAL CREEK SCENIC RECREATION AREA ACT OF 1996

#### HATFIELD AMENDMENT NO. 5150

Mr. HATFIELD proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 1662) to establish areas of wilderness and recreation in the State of Oregon, and for other purposes; as follows:

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Oregon Resource Conservation Act of 1996".

TITLE I—OPAL CREEK WILDERNESS AND SCENIC RECREATION AREA

#### SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Opal Creek Wilderness and Opal Creek Scenic Recreation Area Act of 1996".

#### SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) BULL OF THE WOODS WILDERNESS.—The term "Bull of the Woods Wilderness" means the land designated as wilderness by section 3(4) of the Oregon Wilderness Act of 1984 (Public Law 98–328; 16 U.S.C. 1132 note).
- (2) OPAL CREEK WILDERNESS.—The term "Opal Creek Wilderness" means certain land in the Willamette National Forest in the State of Oregon comprising approximately 12,800 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled "Proposed Opal Creek Wilderness and Scenic Recreation Area", dated July 1996.
- (3) SCENIC RECREATION AREA.—The term "Scenic Recreation Area" means the Opal Creek Scenic Recreation Area, comprising approximately 13,000 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled "Proposed Opal Creek Wilderness and Scenic Recreation Area", dated July 1996 and established under section 104(a)(3) of this title.
- (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

#### SEC. 103. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this title are:

- (1) to establish a wilderness and scenic recreation area to protect and provide for the enhancement of the natural, scenic, recreational, historic and cultural resources of the area in the vicinity of Opal Creek;
- (2) to protect and support the economy of the communities in the Sanitiam Canyon; and
- (3) to provide increased protection for an important drinking water source for communities served by the North Santiam River.

#### SEC. 104. ESTABLISHMENT OF OPAL CREEK WIL-DERNESS AND SCENIC RECREATION AREA.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—On a determination by the Secretary under subsection (b)—
- (1) the Opal Creek Wilderness, as depicted on the map described in Section 102(2), is hereby designated as wilderness, subject to the provisions of the Wilderness Act of 1964, shall become a component of the National Wilderness System, and shall be know as the Opal Creek Wilderness;
- (2) the part of the Bull of the Woods Wilderness that is located in the Willamette National Forest shall be incorporated into the Opal Creek Wilderness; and
- (3) the Secretary shall establish the Opal Creek Scenic Recreation Area in the Willamette National Forest in the State of Oregon, comprising approximately 13,000 acres, as generally depicted on the map described in Section 102(3).
- (b) CONDITIONS.—The designations in subsection (a) shall not take effect unless the Secretary makes a determination, not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this title, that the following conditions have been met:
- (1) the following have been donated to the United States in an acceptable condition and without encumbrances—
- (A) all right, title, and interest in the following patented parcels of land—
- (i) Santiam Number 1, mineral survey number 992, as described in patent number 39-92-0002, dated December 11, 1991;
- (ii) Ruth Quartz Mine Number 2, mineral survey number 994, as described in patent number 39-91-0012, dated February 12, 1991;
- (iii) Morning Star Lode, mineral survey number 993, as described in patent number 36-91-0011, dated February 12, 1991;
- (B) all right, title, and interest held by any entity other than the Times Mirror Land and Timber Company, its successors and assigns, in and to lands located in section 18, township 8 south, range 5 east, Marion County, Oregon, Eureka numbers 6, 7, 8, and 13 mining claims; and
- (C) an easement across the Hewitt, Starvation, and Poor Boy Mill Sites, mineral sur-

vey number 990, as described in patent number 36-91-0017, dated May 9, 1991. In the sole discretion of the Secretary, such easement may be limited to administrative use if an alternative access route, adequate and appropriate for public use, is provided.

(2) a binding agreement has been executed by the Secretary and the owners of record as of March 29, 1996, of the following interests, specifying the terms and conditions for the disposition of such interests to the United States Government—

(A) the lode mining claims known as Princess Lode, Black Prince Lode, and King Number 4 Lode, embracing portions of sections 29 and 32, township 8 south, range 5

oregon, the claims being more particularly described in the field notes and depicted on the plat of mineral survey number 887, Oregon; and

(B) Ruth Quartz Mine Number 1, mineral survey number 994, as described in patent number 39-91-0012, dated February 12, 1991.

(c) Additions to the Wilderness and Sce-NIC Recreation Areas.—

(1) Lands or interests in lands conveyed to the United States under this section shall be included in and become part of, as appropriate, Opal Creek Wilderness or the Opal Creek Scenic Recreation Area.

(2) On acquiring all or substantially all of the land located in section 36, township 8 south, range 4 east, of the Williamette Meridian, Marion County, Oregon, commonly known as the Rosboro section by exchange, purchase from a willing seller, or by donation, the Secretary shall expand the boundary of the Scenic Recreation Area to include such land.

(3) On acquiring all or substantially all of the land located in section 18, township 8 south, range 5 east, Marion County, Oregon, commonly known as the Times Mirror property, by exchange, purchase from a willing seller, or by donation, such land shall be included in and become a part of the Opal Creek Wilderness.

# SEC. 105. ADMINISTRATION OF THE SCENIC RECREATION AREA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall administer the Scenic Recreation Area in accordance with this title and the laws (including regulations) applicable to the National Forest System
  - (b) OPAL CREEK MANAGEMENT PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of establishment of the Scenic Recreation Area, the Secretary, in consultation with the advisory committee established under section 106(a), shall prepare a comprehensive Opal Creek Management Plan (Management Plan) for the Scenic Recreation Area.
- (2) INCORPORATION IN LAND AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLAN.—Upon its completion, the Opal Creek Management Plan shall become part of the land and resource management plan for the Williamette National Forest and supersede any conflicting provision in such land and resource management plan. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to supersede the requirements of the Endangered Species Act or the National Forest Management Act or regulations promulgated under those Acts or any other law
- under those Acts, or any other law.
  (3) REQUIREMENTS.—The Opal Creek Management Plan shall provide for a broad range of land uses, including—
  - (A) recreation;
- (B) harvesting of nontraditional forest products, such as gathering mushrooms and material to make baskets; and
- (C) educational and research opportunities. (4) PLAN AMENDMENTS.—The Secretary may amend the Opal Creek Management Plan as the Secretary may determine to be necessary, consistent with the procedures and purposes of this title.