

# Congressional Record

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE  $104^{th}$  congress, second session

Vol. 142

WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1996

No. 103

## Senate

The Senate met at 9:30 a.m., and was called to order by the President protempore [Mr. Thurmond].

#### PRAYER

The Chaplain, Dr. Lloyd John Ogilvie, offered the following prayer:

Lord God, our help in ages past and our hope for years to come, we thank You for Your mercy and blessing toward the United States throughout our history. Hear us as we seek Your continued guidance in our day. May the women and men of this Senate be so sensitive to Your grand vision for our Nation that they will be a conscience to our citizens calling them back to You. Give these leaders soundness of judgment, courage in their decisions, and a united zeal to serve You together. You have warned us that a kingdom divided against itself cannot stand. Help us to affirm that those things on which we agree are of greater value than those things on which we differ. As we work together, deepen our understanding of one another's needs and enlarge our respect for one another's opinions. Make us one in the common cause of justice, righteousness, and truth. We all commit ourselves to the work of government for the honor and glory of Your name. Amen.

## RECOGNITION OF THE ACTING MAJORITY LEADER

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The able acting majority leader is recognized.

#### **SCHEDULE**

Mr. COVERDELL. Mr. President, this morning, there will be a period for morning business until the hour of 12:30 p.m., with Senator COVERDELL of Georgia, or his designee, in control of the time between now and 11 a.m.; Sen-

ator FORD in control of the time from 11 a.m. to 12 noon; and Senator DASCHLE in control from 12 noon to 12:30 p.m.

Following morning business, the Senate will adjourn until 9 a.m. on Tuesday. No rollcall votes will occur during today's session, and the Senate will not be in session on Monday.

When the Senate reconvenes on Tuesday at 9 a.m., under the provisions of rule XXII, a live quorum will begin at 10 a m

Following the establishment of a quorum, there will be a rollcall vote on the motion to invoke cloture on the motion to proceed to S. 1936, the Nuclear Waste Policy Act. If cloture is invoked on Tuesday, it is the leader's hope that we may proceed in short order to the consideration of this important legislation. If cloture is not invoked, there will be a cloture vote on the Defense appropriations bill.

In that we have lost valuable time during the consideration of the Defense bill, the leader hopes that all Senators will cooperate and allow us to finish that matter and move on with the appropriations process.

I ask unanimous consent that the Senator from Iowa be granted up to 6 minutes, not to be counted against the controlled time under my jurisdiction.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mrs. HUTCHISON). Is there objection? Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. GRASSLEY. I thank the Senator from Georgia.

### PULSE CHECK ON AMERICA

Mr. GRASSLEY. Madam President, the Office of National Drug Control Policy recently released the latest "Pulse Check" on drug use and drug abuse in America. The "Pulse Check" provides an opportunity to see what is happening with drug use in markets across the country. The news is not

good. Other Senators and I have spoken often on this floor at the alarming trend in drug use. We have told the Nation that drug use is rising; that drug users are getting younger; and that the drugs are getting stronger and more dangerous.

We are heading down a dangerous road. "Pulse Check" does not report on trend lines. Instead, it provides a snapshot of what is happening, a road sign to what lies ahead. Here is what the most recent "Pulse Check" shows:

Heroin is gaining in popularity in many areas of the country. We are seeing higher purity and lower prices. The increased purity has allowed new users to avoid using needles. The result is increased use and popularity. In some areas, cocaine and crack dealers are being pressured by their South American distributors to diversify and also sell heroin.

The news on cocaine and crack use is also disturbing. While use remains stable throughout most areas of the country, availability remains high. Prices are fairly stable throughout the United States. Although it is losing some of its appeal in southern California, New York, and Colorado, it is gaining in popularity in areas in Texas, Delaware, Georgia, and Washington, DC, especially among female drug users. This supports recent reports that drug use no longer has a gender gap.

Perhaps the most disturbing news of all, marijuana use is up all over, especially among younger users. This is particularly disturbing in light of marijuana's role as a gateway drug. As a recent study by the Center on Addiction and Substance Abuse shows, the earlier someone starts using marijuana, the more likely they are to move onto harder, more dangerous substances. Perhaps the first sign of this occurring can be seen in reports of increasing incidence of marijuana cigarettes laced with crack or PCP or even

• This "bullet" symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.



embalming fluid. "Pulse Check" reports that these marijuana users are generally younger and represent the gamut of socioeconomic groups. Also, the quality of marijuana is higher than previous years. This means a much stronger drug is available today than was available during the last drug crisis

Besides these three more traditional menaces, methamphetamine use continues to rise in the West and Northwest, and is headed toward the east coast. It was once considered mainly a biker drug and found mainly in the Southwest. Now, Mexican organized crime organizations have moved in and are incorporating this new product into their existing networks for cocaine and heroin. Meth is a drug which can be injected, inhaled, or made into pills. It appeals to wide variety of users. Earlier I mentioned that cocaine was losing some of its appeal in southern California and Colorado, where it has developed a lowlife reputation. "Pulse Check" reports that in its stead, methamphetamine has moved in and has be-

come the new hip drug.

Even though little of this makes the nightly news, there is an alarming story to tell here. Perhaps the only one of these dangerous drugs that is getting as much national press coverage that it deserves is Rohypnol. As the DEA works toward rescheduling this date rape drug into the same category as LSD and heroin, it is becoming increasingly prevalent in the Southwest and Mid-Atlantic region. Senator BIDEN first warned us of the coming threat of this powerful sedative. And it

is a growing problem.

Other so-called club drugs continue to rise in popularity, as well as so-called natural products found in health food stores and mail order catalogs. Often these natural products contain ephedrine—one of the key components of methamphetamine—and they induce similar effects. These drugs are especially popular among younger drug users. They are marketed by comparing their effects with those of other street drugs, and portraying them as health supplements.

This is what is happening now. The "Pulse Check" gives us a feel of where we are at in the fight against illegal drug use. We are still on the same downward spiral that we have been on since 1992. Drug use is climbing, acceptance is climbing, and all of the associated problems and difficulties are

climbing.

The sad part is, this comes after years of declines in drug use. From 1979 to 1991, drug use fell dramatically. We were winning the fight for the future of our children. For some reason, we seem to have hit a roadblock in this success. We have moved off this successful road and have found an hauntingly familiar course where drug use numbers are again headed in the wrong direction.

Some have said that raising this concern is merely partisanship, playing politics. But kids using drugs is not po-

litical. Rising incidence of drug use is not political. Talking seriously about the drug problem in America is not partisan. It is an exercise in responsibility. I would welcome the President to come out and say "Drugs are bad. Don't do drugs. If someone offers you a joint, if someone offers you a snort of cocaine, just say no." Unfortunately, after a few public remarks on the issue, the President has, once again, lapsed into silence. We have had a stealth drug policy. It is clear, however, that this approach has simply not worked.

But let's not mistake criticism for partisanship. Since 1992, teenage drug use has surged. Acceptance of drug use by teens has also risen dramatically. These are not partisan conclusions. These are the facts. Modern music, movies, and even clothing depict drugs as "hip." This is a radical change from the eighties when the message was loud and consistent: "Just say no!"

Here in the Capitol, both sides of the aisle have spoken often on this issue. Many have issued the warning that we must change our message now. There are 39 million members of the "baby bust" generation who are beginning to face the choice of whether or not to use drugs. They will be faced with the choice of saying no, or trying drugs that are more potent and more addicting than what was available before. When this generation looks around to see what their leaders are saying, we need to be there loud and strong. We have been down this road before. And we know what strong leadership can accomplish. From 1979 to 1992, drug use fell at a fairly steady pace. It was not always a smooth ride, but we were headed in the right direction.

Congress, too, needs to do its part. We cannot be satisfied with rhetoric and hearings. I would encourage my colleagues to support the drug czar's proposal to reprogram \$250 million from the Department of Defense to the Office of National Drug Policy, as well as increased funding for the International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Effort at the State Department.

Madam President, we need to get back on the right track. Congress needs to do its part and support funding. In March we started along this path with a \$3.9 million appropriation to restaff the Office of National Drug Control Policy. We should continue by supporting the reprogramming of \$250 million I just mentioned from DOD to the counterdrug effort. And I would hope that the President would join us in support and show some leadership by speaking out more on the dangers of drugs and drug use.

In closing, I hope that when the next "Pulse Check" on drug use is released, I will have some good news to share with my colleagues. Unless we change directions, without a change in message, and without a show of strong moral leadership, I fear this will not happen.

Î yield the floor.

 $\check{\text{Mr}}.$  COVERDELL addressed the Chair.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Georgia.

## GETTING AMERICA'S BUSINESS DONE

Mr. COVERDELL. Madam President, we heard a really stern leader yesterday talking to both sides of the aisle and to America about getting the job of America's business done. I think he made a very eloquent case in delineating the strategy on the other side of the aisle to bog the Congress down, to keep it gnarled up. At the base of it is a political strategy, and that political strategy is ignoring America's needs and interests.

Just yesterday, the other side brought forth an outline of a program they call families first. But in the 104th Congress they have made American families and America last by stalling and filibustering and dragging their feet on issues that are of enormous interest to the welfare and benefit of millions of American families.

I can think of none more important than health care reform. Getting that done would put American families first. And stalling it and filibustering it is putting American families last.

Madam President, just to recount for a moment what the leader endeavored to move forward on behalf of America yesterday evening, he asked unanimous consent that the Senate insist on an amendment to H.R. 3103 and that the Senate agree to the request for a conference with the House and the Chair be authorized to appoint conferees on the part of the Senate.

Well, that is a lot of process. What that means is moving forward on health care reform, something that every American family is looking to the 104th Congress to do. And 87 percent of the American public want us to move forward on targeted health care reform, but we are in the 80th day of filibustering by the Senator from Massachusetts. The leader came to the floor and to the assembled body and said, 'I ask unanimous consent we go ahead, get the conferees and move forward on health care reform.' The other side objected.

The leader then asked for unanimous consent to proceed with the Department of Defense appropriations bill. One of the fundamental responsibilities of the Government, of the Federal Government, is to provide for the defense of the Nation and the keeping and care of our integral defense establishment.

The other side objected.

The leader then asked for unanimous consent to move forward with the immediate consideration of the White House Travel Office. As he said here on the floor, in all probability when that legislation finally comes to a vote, it will pass overwhelmingly. The other side objected. The leader asked for unanimous consent to proceed with the legislative matter that the Presiding Officer has had an interest in for so long, the stalking bill. That bill will