Procter & Gamble was required to invent new protocols to test olestra's safety for human consumption.

Regulatory review by the FDA is necessary to ensure the public health and safety. At the same time I believe that we should encourage innovation by American industry. I believe that unnecessary delay in the approval of new products will have a negative impact on the investment in research and development. Without the FDA approval, olestra cannot be manufactured for and used by the Nation's consumers. Procter & Gamble has invested more than \$200 million in the development of this product and expects to invest many more millions to construct manufacturing facilities should olestra be approved. Therefore, I am pleased that the FDA has indicated that it will complete its decisionmaking process very

Mr. President, I ask that the text of my letter of December 13, 1995, to Commissioner Kessler of the FDA be printed at the conclusion of my remarks.

U.S. SENATE, Washington, DC, December 13, 1995. DAVID A. KESSLER, M.D.,

Commissioner of the Food and Drug Administration, Park Lawn Building, Rockville, MD.

DEAR MR. COMMISSIONER: I am writing in regard to the food additive petition for olestra, the non-calorie fat substitute. Because of olestra's development by the Ohio based Procter & Gamble Company, I have been interested in the product and its review by the FDA. I am pleased to hear that the Food Advisory Committee has recommended to the FDA that olestra meets the statutory standard of "reasonable certainty of no harm"

I want to commend FDA for its management of the Food Advisory Committee review process. It is my understanding that based upon an objective scientific process, no significant new safety issues were raised and no new data raising concern were introduced. I further understand that the issues of labeling statements and postmarketing surveillance raised by Committee members were addressed and agreed to by Procter & Gamble prior to the meeting.

FDA's commitment to further the process is certainly evidenced by the November 13 publication of the Federal Register notice announcing that all data, information and public comments on the petition were to be filed by December 1 in order to facilitate the FDA decision making process. I am pleased that the notice also indicated that the FDA intends to render a decision within 60 days of the conclusion of the Food Advisory Committee meeting provided no significant new safety issues are raised. Given the favorable review by the advisory committee and the absence of significant new safety issues or concerns, I believe that the FDA should take the necessary steps to ensure that the decision making process is completed within the timetable on or about January 17, 1996. I look forward to the final agency action on the olestra petition.

Best regards.

JOHN GLENN, U.S. Senator.

(At the request of Mr. DASCHLE, the following statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD.)

OUTSTANDING ACCOMPLISHMENTS IN WISCONSIN COLLEGIATE ATH-LETICS

• Mr. KOHL. Mr. President, I rise today to recognize two outstanding accomplishments in Wisconsin collegiate athletics. Over the weekend of December 9-10, 1995, two Wisconsin schools were crowned as national champions. On Saturday, December 9, the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse captured the NCAA Division III Football Championship, by defeating Rowan, NJ, 36 to 7 in the Amos Alonzo Stagg Bowl, held in Salem, VA. Also finding success in the Commonwealth of Virginia, the University of Wisconsin claimed their first NCĂA Division I Men's Soccer Title, downing Duke University, 2 to 0 in Richmond. Both championships can be attributed to a team first attitude. and a work ethic that is second-to-

Behind an uncompromising defense that allowed just 153 yards, including yielding only 4 yards during the 3d quarter, and a balanced offensive attack that amassed 451 yards, the UW-La Crosse Eagles earned their second national title in 4 years. Although they trailed Rowan early in the game, the 'never-say-die'' Eagles went on to score 36 unanswered points including an 85-yard scoring strike by senior All-American quarterback, and Division III Player of the Year, Craig Kusick, that seemed to decimate the valiant efforts of the Rowan defense. Inspired by their offensive counterparts, the unrelenting Eagle defense held Rowan scoreless for the final three quarters, and gave UW-La Crosse the lead for good after tackle Mike Ivey stopped an overmatched Rowan back for a safety. The championship marks the second Division III title for Eagle head coach Roger Harring and caps off his 27th season with an undefeated campaign, 14-0.

Defense has also been the key on the road to the Badgers' title run. While allowing only 11 goals all season, and never more than 2 in a game, the Wisconsin defense continued to stonewall its opponents by becoming the first team ever to go through the entire five-game tournament without allowing a goal. The 2-to-0 victory over Duke in the final extended their shutout string to 7 consecutive games and the 17th blanking over their 25-game schedule. Truly a team effort, Coach Jim Launder's Badgers were the first Wisconsin team to advance past the NCAA quarterfinal.

There is a cliche that says, "Offense wins games. Defense wins championships." Although somewhat simplistic, it can be no more true than in the results of the championships attained by our fine Wisconsin universities. Wisconsin is truly proud of all its student athletes, and on behalf of the State of Wisconsin, I salute our national champions for their dedication to their common goal and for a job well done.

TRIBUTE TO PATTY CALLAGHAN, ACTION FOR EASTERN MON-TANA, GLENDIVE

• Mr. BAUCUS. Mr. President, I wish today to give tribute to one of eastern Montanan's treasures, Patty Callaghan. Patty recently retired after 20 years with Action for Eastern Montana.

Patty retired as executive director to attend Luther Seminary in St. Paul, MN. She hopes to return to eastern Montana as a lay leader with rural churches.

Montana needs more leaders like Patty Callaghan. Rural Montana needs the love for and knowledge of our State that people like Patty have.

Patty's work with Action actually led to her decision to choose the seminary. When funding cutbacks in the programs that she administers forced her to look to other resources, Patty found the churches responding generously. She found the needs of rural communities to be much the same as the need of rural congregations—energy, leadership for change, accountability, respect, and compassion.

Patty has dealt with many family issues that will serve her will in her new life. She found the work at Action for Eastern Montana rewarding and the Glendive community generous when a need was identified.

In a recent tribute to Patty, family members, coworkers, friends, and many others including Montana's Governor Marc Racicot expressed their respect and appreciation for her life's work.

I would also like to express my profound respect and admiration for Patty Callaghan and what she has done for eastern Montana. Public service can bring out the best and worst in people. With Patty, her compassion and caring has only deepened. Eastern Montana desperately needs this commitment to its communities.

Thank you, Patty. We wish you the best and look forward to seeing you again soon.●

ORDERS FOR FRIDAY, JANUARY 5,

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today it stand in recess until 11 a.m. on Friday; that following the prayer, the Journal of proceedings be deemed approved to date, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and there then be a period for morning business until the hour of 12 noon with Senator permits to speak for up to 10 minutes each.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PROGRAM

Mr. DOLE. For the information of all of our colleagues, negotiations with the Republican and Democrat leadership, the White House, and the President will continue tomorrow to see if

we can reach some agreement on a balanced budget. I also believe there will be a meeting on Saturday afternoon, maybe into the evening. We do not expect any rollcall votes during Friday's session of the Senate.

FEDERAL EMPLOYEES AND A BALANCED BUDGET

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, it had been our thought we might remain in session tonight because the House may take action with reference to our deeming resolution which passed here the other day. There will be a House Republican conference at 7 o'clock. They have not yet passed, and I do not know precisely what, if anything, will pass, but we wanted to be here if something passed later this evening. I now understand that would be objected toan effort to do it tonight—so if there is any action it would come tomorrow. I had hoped we would do it tonight because if it passed Federal employees could be back to work tomorrow morning. I know that is the hope of the Senator from Virginia who has been working on this on a daily basis. We have had meetings throughout the day on the balanced budget amendment and we have also talked about Federal employees. Speaker GINGRICH is very forthcoming. I know he has been in meetings throughout the day.

I think all of us regret the deadline of January 3 passed without reaching a balanced budget agreement. We have not given up. We will be back, as I said, negotiating tomorrow afternoon and probably Saturday afternoon. I would say perhaps by the weekend or sometime early next week we probably ought to have some agreement—or disagreement, maybe; that we cannot put it together. But we have not reached that point yet. I will keep everybody

informed.

If there are any rollcall votes, as I have indicated to the Democratic leader, Senator DASCHLE, there would be at least 24 hours' notice provided to our colleagues.

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I again salute our distinguished majority leader. I know how hard he has worked on this.

I have been in consultation with my colleagues from Virginia in the House of Representatives, and most specifically Congressman DAVIS, here, within the hour.

As you state, the House will have its caucus tonight. I, just speaking for myself, am optimistic, without going into the details, that there will be some action. Therefore, if that is done, it is likely that this body, the Senate, would review it tomorrow, would that be correct?

Mr. DOLE. I would do it as quickly as we can. I thought if the House took it up in the morning it might be finished at 11 o'clock and we could take it up at any time it comes from the House.

I will say, as I said before, some of our House colleagues have a different view of this than some of us in the Senate; maybe not all of us in the Senate. But I also add, at least this Senator has been here the last couple of weeks doing a lot of the heavy lifting. We explored almost every option I can think of to get people back to work. I know that is the view of all the House Members, both Republicans and Democrats, that they should be working and they should be paid, and you should not pay people for not working. In this case the workers are willing.

workers are willing.

I hope there will be some positive measure to come from the House tomorrow so we can take it up and pass it very quickly and then get back to where we ought to be, back on our message. Our message is balancing the budget over the next 7 years. It is not a Government shutdown. Our message is to balance the budget. That is what the American people want us to focus on, on both sides of the aisle. That, and a number of other issues like welfare reform and tax cuts for families with children

In my view, the other message is an impediment. If you watch the evening news tonight you will probably see two or three stories on the Government shutdown but not one on the balanced budget, not one. So I think somewhere along the way we have gotten off message. I hope things will move along here, we will get back, get our work done

I would think Members on both sides would like some free time this month or next month because we have sort of gone around the calendar here.

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, again, I commend my distinguished colleague and friend, the majority leader. I know full well, having shared many of the

hours here over the past couple of weeks with you, that you have done more than your share of the heavy lifting and you have explored in a very objective way, recognizing the diversity of views within our own party as well as across America. But the keystone is the balanced budget using the CBO figures. I am hopeful the President will recognize that obligation on his part to send to the Congress, as early as possible, such a balanced budget.

I think, when the history is written on this, the turning point in this classic chapter of our history will be when the distinguished majority leader stood right here, and I was privileged to be on the floor, and you said those important words, "Enough is enough." That was the turning point.

Mr. DOLE. I thank Congressman WOLF and Congressman DAVIS and also Congresswoman MORELLA, because they have been working with us, with the Senator, with our office, and I know they have been working on the House side. They may be in a little better position to appreciate the importance of some early action because they have a great number of Federal employees in their districts. Obviously,

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President I would like to add Congressman BATEMAN. He joined with us in our regular daily meetings today because a significant part of the Federal establishment in Virginia is in the Tidewater, of which he is a Representative.

Mr. DOLE. That is true.

they are very concerned.

RECESS UNTIL 11 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. DOLE. If there be no further business to come before the Senate, I ask unanimous consent the Senate now stand in recess under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 5:54 p.m., recessed until Friday, January 5, 1996, at 11 a.m.

NOMINATIONS

Executive nominations received by the Senate January 4, 1996:

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

STUART E. EIZENSTAT, OF MARYLAND, TO BE UNDER SECRETARY OF COMMERCE FOR INTERNATIONAL TRADE, VICE JEFFREY E. GARTEN, RESIGNED.