S. 1646

At the request of Mr. DOMENICI, the name of the Senator from New Hampshire [Mr. GREGG] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1646, a bill to authorize and facilitate a program to enhance safety, training, research and development, and safety education in the propane gas industry for the benefit of propane consumers and the public, and for other purposes.

S. 1687

At the request of Mr. KERRY, the name of the Senator from West Virginia [Mr. ROCKEFELLER] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1687, a bill to provide for annual payments from the surplus funds of the Federal Reserve System to cover the interest on obligations issued by the Financing Corporation.

# AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

THE WHITE HOUSE TRAVEL OF-FICE EXPENSES AND FEES REIM-BURSEMENT ACT

# DOLE AMENDMENT NO. 3960

Mr. DOLE proposed an amendment to amendment No. 3955 proposed by him to the bill (H.R. 2937) for the reimbursement of legal expenses and related fees incurred by former employees of the White House Travel Office with respect to the termination of their employment in that Office on May 19, 1993; as follows:

'Strike the word "enactment" and insert the following:

enactment.

## TITLE -FUEL TAX RATES

#### SEC. . REPEAL OF 4.3-CENT INCREASE IN FUEL TAX RATES ENACTED BY THE OMNI-BUS BUDGET RECONCILIATION ACT OF 1993 AND DEDICATED TO GEN-ERAL FUND OF THE TREASURY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4081 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to imposition of tax on gasoline and diesel fuel) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

'(f) Repeal of 4.3-Cent Increase in Fuel TAX RATES ENACTED BY THE OMNIBUS BUDGET RECONCILIATION ACT OF 1993 AND DEDICATED TO GENERAL FUND OF THE TREASURY

(1) IN GENERAL.—During the applicable period, each rate of tax referred to in paragraph (2) shall be reduced by 4.3 cents per

gallon.
"(2) RATES OF TAX.—The rates of tax referred to in this paragraph are the rates of

tax otherwise applicable under-'(A) subsection (a)(2)(A) (relating to gaso-

(B) sections 4091(b)(3)(A) and 4092(b)(2) (relating to aviation fuel),

line and diesel fuel)

(C) section 4042(b)(2)(C) (relating to fuel

used on inland waterways), (D) paragraph (1) or (2) of section 4041(a)

(relating to diesel fuel and special fuels), (E) section 4041(c)(2) (relating to gasoline

used in noncommercial aviation), and (F) section 4041(m)(1)(A)(i) (relating to certain methanol or ethanol fuels).

(3) COMPARABLE TREATMENT FOR COM-PRESSED NATURAL GAS.—No tax shall be imposed by section 4041(a)(3) on any sale or use during the applicable period.

(4) COMPARABLE TREATMENT UNDER CER-TAIN REFUND RULES.—In the case of fuel on

which tax is imposed during the applicable period, each of the rates specified in sections 6421(f)(2)(B), 6421(f)(3)(B)(ii), 6427(b)(2)(A), 6427(l)(3)(B)(ii), and 6427(l)(4)(B) shall be reduced by 4.3 cents per gallon.

(5) COORDINATION WITH HIGHWAY TRUST FUND DEPOSITS.—In the case of fuel on which tax is imposed during the applicable period, each of the rates specified in subparagraphs (A)(i) and (C)(i) of section 9503(f)(3) shall be reduced by 4.3 cents per gallon.

"(6) APPLICABLE PERIOD.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'applicable period' means the period after the 6th day after the date of the enactment of this subsection and before January 1, 1997.'

EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 3. FLOOR STOCK REFUNDS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—If—

- (1) before the tax repeal date, tax has been imposed under section 4081 or 4091 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 on any liquid,
- (2) on such date such liquid is held by a dealer and has not been used and is intended for sale.

there shall be credited or refunded (without interest) to the person who paid such tax (hereafter in this section referred to as the 'taxpayer'') an amount equal to the excess of the tax paid by the taxpayer over the amount of such tax which would be imposed on such liquid had the taxable event occurred on such date.

(b) TIME FOR FILING CLAIMS.—No credit or refund shall be allowed or made under this section unless-

(1) claim therefor is filed with the Secretary of the Treasury before the date which is 6 months after the tax repeal date, and

(2) in any case where liquid is held by a dealer (other than the taxpayer) on the tax repeal date-

(A) the dealer submits a request for refund or credit to the taxpayer before the date which is 3 months after the tax repeal date,

(B) the taxpayer has repaid or agreed to repay the amount so claimed to such dealer or has obtained the written consent of such dealer to the allowance of the credit or the making of the refund.

(c) EXCEPTION FOR FUEL HELD IN RETAIL STOCKS.—No credit or refund shall be allowed under this section with respect to any liquid in retail stocks held at the place where intended to be sold at retail.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this sec-

(1) the terms "dealer" and "held by a dealhave the respective meanings given to such terms by section 6412 of such Code; except that the term "dealer" includes a producer, and

(2) the term "tax repeal date" means the 7th day after the date of the enactment of

(e) CERTAIN RULES TO APPLY.—Rules similar to the rules of subsections (b) and (c) of section 6412 of such Code shall apply for purposes of this section.

## SEC. 4. FLOOR STOCKS TAX.

(a) IMPOSITION OF TAX.—In the case of any liquid on which tax was imposed under section 4081 or 4091 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 before January 1, 1997, and which is held on such date by any person, there is hereby imposed a floor stocks tax of 4.3 cents per gallon.

(b) LIABILITY FOR TAX AND METHOD OF PAY-

(1) LIABILITY FOR TAX.—A person holding a liquid on January 1, 1997, to which the tax imposed by subsection (a) applies shall be liable for such tax.

(2) METHOD OF PAYMENT.—The tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be paid in such manner as the Secretary shall prescribe.

(3) TIME FOR PAYMENT.—The tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be paid on or before June 30 1997

(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section-

(1) HELD BY A PERSON.—A liquid shall be considered as "held by a person" if title thereto has passed to such person (whether or not delivery to the person has been made.)

(2) GASOLINE AND DIESEL FUEL.—The terms gasoline" and "diesel fuel" have the respective meanings given such terms by section 4083 of such Code.

(3) AVIATION FUEL.—The term "aviation fuel" has the meaning given such term by has the meaning given such term by

section 4093 of such Code.
(4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate.

(d) EXCEPTION FOR EXEMPT USES.—The tax imposed by subsection (a) shall not apply to gasoline, diesel fuel, or aviation fuel held by any person exclusively for any use to the extent a credit or refund of the tax imposed by section 4081 or 4091 of such Code is allowable for such use

(e) EXCEPTION FOR FUEL HELD IN VEHICLE TANK.-No tax shall be imposed by subsection (a) on gasoline or diesel fuel held in the tank of a motor vehicle or motorboat.

(f) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN AMOUNTS OF

(1) IN GENERAL.—No tax shall be imposed by subsection (a)-

(A) on gasoline held on January 1, 1997. by any person if the aggregate amount of gasoline held by such person on such date does

not exceed 4,000 gallons, and
(B) on diesel fuel or aviation fuel held on such date by any person if the aggregate amount of diesel fuel or aviation fuel held by such person on such date does not exceed 2,000 gallons.

The preceding sentence shall apply only if such person submits to the Secretary (at the time and in the manner required by the Secretary) such information as the Secretary shall require for purposes of this paragraph.

(2) EXEMPT FUEL. For purposes of paragraph (1), there shall not be taken into account fuel held by any person which is exempt from the tax imposed by subsection (a) by reason of subsection (d) or (e).

(3) CONTROLLED GROUPS.—For purposes of this subsection-

(A) CORPORATIONS

(i) IN GENERAL.—All persons treated as a controlled group shall be treated as 1 person.

(ii) CONTROLLED GROUP.—The term trolled group" has the meaning given to such term by subsection (a) of section 1563 of such Code; except that for such purposes the phrase "more than 50 percent" shall be substituted for the phrase "at least 80 percent" each place it appears in such subsection.

(B) NONINCORPORATED PERSONS UNDER COM-MON CONTROL.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, principles similar to the principles of subparagraph (A) shall apply to a group of persons under common control where 1 or more of such persons is not a corporation.

(g) OTHER LAW APPLICABLE.—All provisions of law, including penalties, applicable with respect to the taxes imposed by section 4081 of such Code in the case of gasoline and diesel fuel and section 4091 of such Code in the case of aviation fuel shall, insofar as applicable and not inconsistent with the provisions of this subsection, apply with respect to the floor stock taxes imposed by subsection (a) to the same extent as if such taxes were imposed by such section 4081 or 4091.

### SEC. 5. BENEFITS OF TAX REPEAL SHOULD BE PASSED ON TO CONSUMERS.

(a) PASSTHROUGH TO CONSUMERS.-

(1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that-

(a) consumers immediately receive the benefit of the repeal of the 4.3-cent increase in the transportation motor fuels excise tax rates enacted by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, and

(B) transportation motor fuels producers and other dealers take such actions as necessary to reduce transportation motor fuels prices to reflect the repeal of such tax increase, including immediate credits to consumers accounts representing tax refunds allowed as credits against excise tax deposit payments under the floor stocks refund provisions of this Act.

#### (2) STUDY.-

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Attorney General of the United States and the Secretary of the Treasury, shall conduct a study of fuel prices during June, July, and August of 1996 to determine whether there has been a passthrough of the repeal of the 4.3-cent increase in the fuel tax imposed by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation of 1993.

(B) REPORT.—Not later than September 30, 1996, the Secretary of Energy shall report to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives the results of the study conducted under subparagraph (A).

#### SPECTRUM AUCTION

#### SEC. .SPECTRUM AUCTIONS.

(a) COMMISSION OBLIGATION TO MAKE ADDI-TIONAL SPECTRUM AVAILABLE BY AUCTION.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal Communications Commission shall complete all actions necessary to permit the assignment, by March 31, 1998, by competitive bidding pursuant to section 309(j) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)) of licenses for the use of bands of frequencies that-

(A) individually span not less than 12.5 megahertz, unless a combination of smaller bands can, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (7) of such section, reasonably be expected to produce greater receipts;

(B) in the aggregate span not less than 25 megahertz:

- (C) are located below 3 gigahertz; and (D) have not, as of the date of enactment of this Act-
- (i) been assigned or designated by Commission regulation for assignment pursuant to such section:
- (ii) been identified by the Secretary of Commerce pursuant to section 113 of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration Organization Act (47 U.S.C. 923); or
- (iii) reserved for Federal Government use pursuant to section 305 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 305).
- (2) CRITERIA FOR REASSIGNMENT.—In making available bands of frequencies for competitive bidding pursuant to paragraph (1), the Commission shall-
- (A) seek to promote the most efficient use of the spectrum;
- (B) take into account the cost to incumbent licensees of relocating existing uses to other bands of frequencies or other means of communication;
- (C) take into account the needs of public safety radio services;
- (D) comply with the requirements of international agreements concerning spectrum allocations; and
- (E) take into account the costs to satellite service providers that could result from multiple auctions of like spectrum internationally for global satellite systems.
- (b) FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION MAY NOT TREAT THIS SECTION AS CONGRES-SIONAL ACTION FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.—The Federal Communication Commission may

not treat the enactment of this Act or the inclusion of this section in this Act as an expression of the intent of Congress with respect to the award of initial licenses of construction permits for Advanced Television Services, as described by the Commission in its letter of February 1, 1996, to the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

# SEC. . AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR EXPENSES OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.

Section 660 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7270) is amend-

- (1) by inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.—" Before "APPROPRIATIONS"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- (b) FISCAL YEARS 1997 THROUGH 2002.-There are authorized to be appropriated for salaries and expenses of the Department of Energy for departmental administration and other activities in carrying out the purposes of this Act-
  - (1) \$104,000,000 for fiscal year 1997;
  - "(2) \$104,000,000 for fiscal year 1998;
  - "(3) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 1999;
  - "(4) \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2000;
  - "(5) \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and

# "(6) \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2002."

## TITLE -TEAMWORK AND MINIMUM WAGE

# SEC. 01. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that-

(1) the escalating demands of global competition have compelled an increasing number of American employers to make dramatic changes in workplace and employeremployee relationships;

(2) these changes involve an enhanced role for the employee in workplace decisionmaking, often referred to as "employee involvement", which has taken many forms, including self-managed work teams, quality-ofworklife, quality circles, and joint labormanagement committees;

employee involvement structures. which operate successfully in both unionized and non-unionized settings, have been established by over 80 percent of the largest employers of the United States and exist in an estimated 30,000 workplaces;

(4) in addition to enhancing the productivity and competitiveness of American businesses, employee involvement structures have had a positive impact on the lives of those employees, better enabling them to reach their potential in their working lives;

(5) recognizing that foreign competitors have successfully utilized employee involvement techniques, Congress has consistently joined business, labor and academic leaders in encouraging and recognizing successful employee involvement structures in the workplace through such incentives as the Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award;

(6) employers who have instituted legitimate employee involvement structures have not done so to interfere with the collective bargaining rights guaranteed by the labor laws, as was the case in the 1930s when employers established deceptive sham "company unions" to avoid unionization; and

employee involvement is currently threatened by interpretations of the prohibition against employer-dominated "company

- (b) Purposes.—It is the purpose of this Act
- (1) protect legitimate employee involvement structures against governmental inter-
- (2) preserve existing protections against deceptive, coercive employer practices; and
- (3) permit legitimate employee involvement structures where workers may discuss issues involving terms and conditions of em-

ployment, to continue to evolve and proliferate.

#### SEC. 02. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 8(a)(2) OF THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS ACT.

Section 8(a)(2) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 158(a)(2)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: 'Provided further, That it shall not constitute or be evidence of an unfair labor practice under this paragraph for an employer to establish, assist, maintain or participate in any organization or entity of any kind, in which employees participate to address matters of mutual interest (including issues of quality, productivity and efficiency) and which does not have, claim or seek authority to negotiate or enter into collective bargaining agreements under this Act with the employer or to amend existing collective bargaining agreements between the employer and any labor organization;"

#### SEC. 03. CONSTRUCTION CLAUSE LIMITING EF-FECT OF ACT.

Nothing in the amendment made by section 3 shall be construed as affecting employee rights and responsibilities under the National Labor Relations Act other than those contained in section 8(a)(2) of such Act.

#### SEC. 04. INCREASE IN THE MINIMUM WAGE RATE.

Section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

"(1) except as otherwise provided in this section, not less than \$4.25 an hour during the period ending July 3, 1996, not less than \$4.70 an hour during the year beginning July 4, 1996, and not less than \$5.15 an hour after July 3, 1997;".

# NOTICES OF HEARINGS

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RE-SOURCES, SUBCOMMITTEE ON PARKS, HISTORIC PRESERVATION, AND RECREATION

Mr. CAMPBELL. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the public that a hearing has been scheduled before the Subcommittee on Parks, Historic Preservation, and Recreation of the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

The hearing will take place on Thursday, May 16, 1996, at 9:30 a.m. in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building in Washington, DC.

The purpose of this hearing is to review S. 621, a bill to amend the National Trails System Act to designate the Great Western Trail for potential addition to the National Trails System; H.R. 531, a bill to designate the Great Western Scenic Trail as a study trail under the National Trails System Act; S. 1049, a bill to amend the National Trails System Act to designate the route from Selma to Montgomery as a National Historic Trail; S. 1706, a bill to increase the amount authorized to be appropriated for assistance for highway relocation with respect to the Chicamauga and Chattanooga National Military Park in Georgia; S. 1725, a bill to amend the National Trails System Act to create a third category of longdistance trails to be known as national discovery trails and to authorize the American Discovery Trail as the first national discovery trail.

Because of the limited time available for the hearing, witnesses may testify