Mr. President, the devastating health effects, social distress, and economic hardship remains in the hearts and minds of the people of Ukraine who lived through the Cherbobyl explosion. They cannot forget the radioactive blanket of despair that covered their homes and forced them from their villages. They cannot forget that their livelihoods have been destroyed. For their sake and for the sake of future generations, we should commemorate this event on April 26, 1996, and redouble our efforts to ensure that the devastation of 10 years ago will not be repeated.

I urge my colleagues to support this resolution.

SENATE RESOLUTION 250-EX-PRESSING THE SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING TACTILE CURRENCY FOR THE BLIND AND VISUALLY IMPAIRED PERSONS

Mr. BROWN (for himself, Mr. FAIRCLOTH, Ms. MOSELEY-BRAUN, and Mr. Shelby) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs:

S. RES. 250

Whereas currency is used by virtually everyone in everyday life, including blind and visually impaired person;

Whereas the Federal reserve notes of the United States are inaccessible to individuals with visual disabilities:

Whereas the Americans with Disabilities Act enhances the economic independence and equal opportunity for full participation in society for individuals with disabilities;

Whereas most blind and visually impaired persons are therefore required to rely upon others to determine denominations of such

Whereas this constitutes a serious impediment to independence in everyday living;

Whereas electronic means of bill identification will always be more fallible than purely tactile means;

Whereas tactile currency already exists in 23 countries world wide; and

Whereas the currency of the United States is presently undergoing significant changes for security purposes: Now, therefore, be it Resolved, that the Senate—

(1) endorse the efforts recently begun by

the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to upgrade the currency for security reasons; and (2) strongly encourages the Secretary of

the Treasury and the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to incorporate cost-effective, tactile features into the design changes, thereby including the blind and visually impaired community in independent currency usage.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

THE IMMIGRATION CONTROL AND FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ACT OF 1996

SIMPSON AMENDMENT NO. 3722

Mr. SIMPSON proposed an amendment to amendment No. 3669 proposed by him to the bill (S. 1664) to amend

the Immigration and Nationality Act to increase control over immigration to the United States by increasing border patrol and investigative personnel and detention facilities, improving the system used by employers to verify citizenship or work-authorized alien status, increasing penalties for alien smuggling and document fraud, and reforming asylum, exclusion, and deportation law and procedures; to reduce the use of welfare by aliens; and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the first word and insert: 214. USE OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS BY NON-IMMIGRANT FOREIGN STUDENTS.

"(a) PERSONS ELIGIBLE FOR STUDENT VISAS.—Section 101(a)(15)(F) (8 U.S.C.

1101(a)(15)(F)) is amended—

'(1) in clause (i) by striking 'academic high school, elementary school, or other academic institution or in a language training program' and inserting in lieu thereof 'public elementary or public secondary school (if the alien shows to the satisfaction of the consular officer at the time of application for a visa, or of the Attorney General at the time of application for admission or adjustment of status, that (I) the alien will in fact reimburse such public elementary or public secondary school for the full, unsubsidized percapita cost of providing education at such school to an individual pursuing such a course of study, or (II) the school waives such reimbursement), private elementary or private secondary school, or postsecondary academic institution, or in a language-training program'; and
"'(2) by inserting before the semicolon at

the end of clause (ii) the following: ': Provided, That nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent a child who is present in the United States in a nonimmigrant status other than that conferred by paragraph (B), (C), (F)(i), or (M)(i), from seeking admission to a public elementary school or public secondary school for which such child may otherwise be qualified.';

"(b) EXCLUSION OF STUDENT VISA ABUSERS.—Section 212(a) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following

new paragraph:

'(9) STUDENT VISA ABUSERS.—Any alien described in section 101(a)(15)(F) who is admitted as a student for study at a private elementary school or private secondary school and who does not remain enrolled, throughout the duration of his or her elementary or secondary school education in the United States, at either (A) such a private school, or (B) a public elementary or public secondary school (if (I) the alien is in fact reimbursing such public elementary or public secondary school for the full, unsubsidized per-capita cost of providing education at such school to an individual pursuing such a course of study, or (II) the school waives such reimbursement), is excludable.', and

(c) DEPORTATION OF STUDENT VISA ABUS-ERS.—Section 241(a) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following

new paragraph:

(6) STUDENT VISA ABUSERS.—Any alien described in section 101(a)(15)(F) who is admitted as a student for study at a private elementary school or private secondary school and who does not remain enrolled, throughout the duration of his or her elementary or secondary school education in the United States, at either (A) such a private school, or (B) a public elementary or public secondary school (if (I) the alien is in fact reimbursing such public elementary or public secondary school for the full, unsubsidized per-capita cost of providing education at such school to an individual pursuing such a course of

study, or (II) the school waives such reimbursement), is deportable.'.''

This section shall become effective 1 day after the date of enactment.

SIMPSON AMENDMENT NO. 3723

Mr. SIMPSON proposed an amendment to amendment No. 3670 proposed by him to the bill S. 1664, supra; as follows:

Strike all after the first word and insert:

PILOT PROGRAM TO COLLECT INFORMATION RE-LATING TO NONIMMIGRANT FOR-EIGN STUDENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—(1) The Attorney General and the Secretary of State shall jointly develop and conduct a pilot program to collect electronically from approved colleges and universities in the United States the information described in subsection (c) with respect to aliens who—
- (A) have the status, or are applying for the status, of nonimmigrants under section 101(a)(15)(F), (J), or (M) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(F), (J), or (M)); and
- (B) are nationals of the countries designated under subsection (b).
- (2) The pilot program shall commence not later than January 1, 1998.
- (b) COVERED COUNTRIES.TThe Attorney General and the Secretary of State shall jointly designate countries for purposes of subsection (a)(1)(B). The Attorney General and the Secretary shall initially designate not less than five countries and may designate additional countries at any time while the pilot program is being conducted.
 - (c) Information To Be Collected.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The information for collection under subsection (a) consists of-
- (A) the identity and current address in the United States of the alien;
- (B) the nonimmigrant classification of the alien and the date on which a visa under the classification was issued or extended or the date on which a change to such classification was approved by the Attorney General; and
- (C) the academic standing of the alien, including any disciplinary action taken by the college or university against the alien as a result of the alien's being convicted of a crime.
- (2) FERPA.—The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. 1232g) shall not apply to aliens described in subsection (a) to the extent that the Attorney General and the Secretary of State determine necessary to carry out the pilot pro-
- (d) PARTICIPATION BY COLLEGES AND UNI-VERSITIES.—(1) The information specified in subsection (c) shall be provided by approved colleges and universities as a condition of-
- (A) the continued approval of the colleges and universities under section 101(a)(15)(F) or (M) of the Immigration and Nationality Act,
- (B) the issuance of visas to aliens for purposes of studying, or otherwise participating, at such colleges and universities in a program under section 101(a)(15)(J) of such Act.
- (2) If an approved college or university fails to provide the specified information, such approvals and such issuance of visas shall be revoked or denied.
- (e) FUNDING.—(1) The Attorney General and the Secretary shall use funds collected under section 281(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by this subsection, to pay for the costs of carrying out this section.
- (2) Section 281 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1351) is amended-
- (A) by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 281."; and
 - (B) by adding at the end the following:

"(b)(1) In addition to fees that are prescribed under subsection (a), the Secretary of State shall impose and collect a fee on all visas issued under the provisions of section 101(a)(15)(F), (J), or (M) of the Immigration and Nationality Act. With respect to visas the provisions of section issued under 101(a)(15)(J), this subsection shall not apply to those "J" ' visa holders whose presence in the United States is sponsored by the United States Government.'

The Attorney General shall impose and collect a fee on all changes of nonimmigrant status under section 248 to such classifications. This subsection shall not apply to those "J" visa holders whose presence in the United States is sponsored by the

United States Government.

(3) Except as provided in section 205(g)(2) of the Immigration Reform Act of 1996, the amount of the fees imposed and collected under paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be the amount which the Attorney General and the Secretary jointly determine is necessary to recover the costs of conducting the information-collection program described in subsection (a), but may not exceed \$100.

(4) Funds collected under paragraph (1) shall be available to the Attorney General and the Secretary, without regard to appropriation Acts and without fiscal year limitation, to supplement funds otherwise available to the Department of Justice and the

Department of State, respectively.

(3) The amendments made by paragraphs (1) and (2) shall become effective April 1,

(f) JOINT REPORT.—Not later than five years after the commencement of the pilot program established under subsection (a), the Attorney General and the Secretary of State shall jointly submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the United States Senate and House of Representatives on the operations of the pilot program and the feasibility of expanding the program to cover the nationals of all countries.

(g) WORLDWIDE APPLICABILITY OF THE PRO-GRAM.—(1)(A) Not later than six months after the submission of the report required by subsection (f), the Secretary of State and the Attorney General shall jointly commence expansion of the pilot program to

cover the nationals of all countries.

(B) Such expansion shall be completed not later than one year after the date of the submission of the report referred to in sub-

(2) After the program has been expanded, as provided in paragraph (1), the Attorney General and the Secretary of State may, on a periodic basis, jointly revise the amount of the fee imposed and collected under section 281(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act in order to take into account changes in the cost of carrying out the program.

(h) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the phrase "approved colleges and universities" means colleges and universities approved by the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Education, under subparagraph (F), (J), or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 110(a)(15)).

This section shall become effective 1 day after the date of enactment.

SIMPSON AMENDMENT NO. 3724

Mr. SIMPSON proposed an amendment to amendment No. 3671 proposed by him to the bill S. 1664, supra; as fol-

Strike all after the first word and insert: 115A. FALSE CLAIMS OF U.S. CITIZENSHIP.

"(a) EXCLUSION OF ALIENS WHO FALSELY CLAIMED U.S. CITIZENSHIP.—Section 212(a)(9)(8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(9)) is amended by adding at the end the following new subpara-

(D) FALSELY CLAIMING CITIZENSHIP.—Any alien who falsely represents, or has falsely represented, himself to be a citizen of the United States is excludable.'; and

(b) DEPORTATION OF ALIENS WHO HAVE FALSELY CLAIMED U.S. CITIZENSHIP.—Section 241(a)(8 U.S.C. 1251(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

(6) FALSELY CLAIMING CITIZENSHIP.alien who falsely represents, or has falsely represented, himself to be a citizen of the United States is deportable.'

This section shall become effective 1 day after the date of enactment.

SIMPSON AMENDMENT NO. 3725

Mr. SIMPSON proposed an amendment to the motion to recommit proposed by him to the bill S. 1664, supra: as follows:

Add at the end of the instructions the following: "that the following amendment be reported back forthwith.

(1) After sec. 213 of the bill, add the following new section:

"SEC. 214. USE OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS BY NON-IMMIGRANT FOREIGN STUDENTS.

"(a) Persons ELIGIBLE FOR STUDENT VISAS.—Section 101(a)(15)(F) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(F)) is amended-

'(1) in clause (i) by striking 'academic high school, elementary school, or other academic institution or in a language training program' and inserting in lieu thereof 'public elementary or public secondary school (if the alien shows to the satisfaction of the consular officer at the time of application for a visa, or of the Attorney General at the time of application for admission or adjustment of status, that (I) the alien will in fact reimburse such public elementary or public secondary school for the full, unsubsidized percapita cost of providing education at such school to an individual pursuing such a course of study, or (II) the school waives such reimbursement), private elementary or private secondary school, or postsecondary academic institution, or in a language-training program'; and

(2) by inserting before the semicolon at the end of clause (ii) the following: ': Provided, That nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent a child who is present in the United States in a nonimmigrant status other than that conferred by paragraph (B), (C), (F)(i), or (M)(i), from seeking admission to a public elementary school or public secondary school for which such child may otherwise be qualified.'

'(b) EXCLUSION OF STUDENT VISA ABUS-ERS.—Section 212(a) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

'(9) STUDENT VISA ABUSERS.—Any alien described in section 101(a)(15)(F) who is admitted as a student for study at a private elementary school or private secondary school and who does not remain enrolled, throughout the duration of his or her elementary or secondary school education in the United States, at either (A) such a private school, or (B) a public elementary or public secondary school (if(I) the alien is in fact reimbursing such public elementary or public secondary school for the full, unsubsidized per-capita cost of providing education at such school to an individual pursuing such a course of study, or (II) the school waives such reimbursement), is excludable.'; and

"(c) DEPORTATION OF STUDENT VISA ABUS-ERS.—Section 241(a) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

'(6) STUDENT VISA ABUSERS.—Any alien described in section 101(a)(15)(F) who is admitted as a student for study at a private elementary school or private secondary school and who does not remain enrolled, throughout the duration of his or her elementary or secondary school education in the United States, at either (A) such a private school, or (B) a public elementary or public secondary school (if(I) the alien is in fact reimbursing such public elementary or public secondary school for the full, unsubsidized per-capita cost of providing education at such school to an individual pursuing such a course of study, or (II) the school waives such reimbursement), is deportable.'.''.

SIMPSON AMENDMENT NO. 3726

Mr. SIMPSON proposed an amendment to amendment No. 3725 proposed by him to the bill S. 1664, supra; as fol-

At the end of the amendment to this instructions to the motion to recommit, insert the following new section:

SEC. PILOT PROGRAM TO COLLECT INFORMA-TION RELATING TO NONIMMIGRANT FOREIGN STUDENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) The Attorney General and the Secretary of State shall jointly develop and conduct a pilot program to collect electronically from approved colleges and universities in the United States the information described in subsection (c) with respect to aliens who-

(A) have the status, or are applying for the status, of nonimmigrants under section 101(a)(15(F), (J), or (M) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(F),

(J), or (M)); and

(B) are nationals of the countries designated under subsection (b).

(2) The pilot program shall commence not later than January 1, 1998.

- (b) COVERED COUNTRIES.—The Attorney General and the Secretary of State shall jointly designate countries for purposes of subsection (a)(1)(B). the Attorney General and the Secretary shall initially designate not less than five countries and may designate additional countries at any time while the pilot program is being conducted.
 - (c) Information To Be Collected.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The information for collection under subsection (a) consists of-
- (A) the identity and current address in the United States of the alien:
- (B) the nonimmigrant classification of the alien and the date on which a visa under the classification was issued or extended or the date on which a change to such classification was approved by the Attorney General; and

(C) the academic standing of the alien, including any disciplinary action taken by the college or university against the alien as a result of the alien's being convicted of a crime.

(2) FERPA.—The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. 1232g) shall not apply to aliens described in subsection (a) to the extent that the Attorney general and the Secretary of State determine necessary to carry out the pilot pro-

(d) PARTICIAPTION BY COLLEGES AND UNI-VERSITIES.—(1) The information specified in subsection (c) shall be provided by approved colleges and universities as a condition of-

(A) the continued approval of the colleges and universities under section 101(a)(15)(F) or (M) of the Immigration and Nationality Act,

(B) the issuance of visas to aliens for purposes of studying, or otherwise participating, at such colleges and universities in a program under section 101(a)(15)(J) of such Act.