this section and the amendments made by this section shall not be affected thereby

HATCH (AND KOHL) AMENDMENT NO. 5387

Mr. STEVENS (for Mr. HATCH, for himself and Mr. KOHL) proposed an amendment to amendment No. 5384 proposed by Mr. Specter to the bill, H.R. 3723, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the bill, add the following:

SEC. ___. ESTABLISHING BOYS AND GIRLS

(a) FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.—

(1) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(A) the Boys and Girls Clubs of America, chartered by an Act of Congress on December 10, 1991, during its 90-year history as a national organization, has proven itself as a positive force in the communities it serves;

(B) there are 1,810 Boys and Girls Clubs facilities throughout the United States, Puerto Rico, and the United States Virgin Islands, serving 2,420,000 youths nationwide;

(C) 71 percent of the young people who benefit from Boys and Girls Clubs programs live in our inner cities and urban areas:

(D) Boys and Girls Clubs are locally run and have been exceptionally successful in balancing public funds with private sector donations and maximizing community involvement:

(E) Boys and Girls Clubs are located in 289 public housing sites across the Nation;

(F) public housing projects in which there is an active Boys and Girls Club have experienced a 25 percent reduction in the presence of crack cocaine, a 22 percent reduction in overall drug activity, and a 13 percent reduction in juvenile crime;

(G) these results have been achieved in the face of national trends in which overall drug use by youth has increased 105 percent since 1992 and 10.9 percent of the Nation's young people use drugs on a monthly basis; and

(H) many public housing projects and other distressed areas are still underserved by Boys and Girls Clubs.

(2) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section to provide adequate resources in the form of seed money for the Boys and Girls Clubs of America to establish 1,000 additional local Boys and Girls Clubs in public housing projects and other distressed areas by 2001.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section

(1) the terms "public housing" and 'project" have the same meanings as in section 3(b) of the United States Housing Act of 1937; and

(2) the term "distressed area" means an urban, suburban, or rural area with a high percentage of high risk youth as defined in section 509A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290aa-8(f).

(c) ESTABLISHMENT.

(1) IN GENERAL.—For each of the fiscal years 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, and 2001, the Director of the Bureau of Justice Assistance of the Department of Justice shall provide a grant to the Boys and Girls Clubs of America for the purpose of establishing Boys and Girls Clubs in public housing projects and other distressed areas.

(2) CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.—Where appropriate, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall enter into contracts with the Boys and Girls Clubs of America to establish clubs pursuant to the grants under paragraph (1).

(d) REPORT.—Not later than May 1 of each fiscal year for which amounts are made available to carry out this Act, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committees on

the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report that details the progress made under this Act in establishing Boys and Girls Clubs in public housing projects and other distressed areas, and the effectiveness of the programs in reducing drug abuse and juvenile crime.

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section-
 - (A) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 1997;
 - (B) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 1998;
 - (C) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 1999;
- (D) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2000; and

(E) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2001.

(2) VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION TRUST FUND.— The sums authorized to be appropriated by this subsection may be made from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund.

THE NATIONAL INFORMATION IN-FRASTRUCTURE **PROTECTION** ACT OF 1996

HATCH AMENDMENTS NOS. 5388-5389

Mr. STEVENS (for Mr. HATCH) proposed two amendments to the bill (S. 982) to protect the national information infrastructure, and for other purposes; as follows:

AMENDMENT NO. 5388

At the appropriate place in the bill, add the following:

SEC. . TRANSFER OF PERSONS FOUND NOT GUILTY BY REASON OF INSANITY.

(a) AMENDMENT OF SECTION 4243 OF TITLE 18.—Section 4243 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(i) CERTAIN PERSONS FOUND NOT GUILTY BY REASON OF INSANITY IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.-

"(1) TRANSFER TO CUSTODY OF THE ATTOR-GENERAL.—Notwithstanding 301(h) of title 24 of the District of Columbia Code, and notwithstanding subsection 4247(j) of this title, all persons who have been committed to a hospital for the mentally ill pursuant to section 301(d)(1) of title 24 of the District of Columbia Code, and for whom the United States has continuing financial responsibility, may be transferred to the custody of the Attorney General, who shall hospitalize the person for treatment in a suitable facility.

(2) APPLICATION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may establish custody over such persons by filing an application in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia. demonstrating that the person to be transferred is a person described in this subsection.

'(B) NOTICE.—The Attorney General shall, by any means reasonably designed to do so, provide written notice of the proposed transfer of custody to such person or such person's guardian, legal representative, or other lawful agent. The person to be transferred shall be afforded an opportunity, not to exceed 15 days, to respond to the proposed transfer of custody, and may, at the court's discretion, be afforded a hearing on the proposed transfer of custody. Such hearing, if granted, shall be limited to a determination of whether the constitutional rights of such person would be violated by the proposed transfer of custody.

(C) ORDER.—Upon application of the Attorney General, the court shall order the person transferred to the custody of the Attorney General, unless, pursuant to a hearing under this paragraph, the court finds that the proposed transfer would violate a right of such person under the United States Constitution.

(D) EFFECT.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to-

(i) create in any person a liberty interest in being granted a hearing or notice on any matter;

'(ii) create in favor of any person a cause of action against the United States or any officer or employee of the United States; or

"(iii) limit in any manner or degree the ability of the Attorney General to move, transfer, or otherwise manage any person committed to the custody of the Attorney General.

'(3) CONSTRUCTION WITH OTHER SECTIONS.-Subsections (f) and (g) and section 4247 shall apply to any person transferred to the custody of the Attorney General pursuant to this subsection.

(b) TRANSFER OF RECORDS.—Notwithstanding any provision of the District of Columbia Code or any other provision of law, the District of Columbia and St. Elizabeth's Hospital-

(1) not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, shall provide to the Attorney General copies of all records in the custody or control of the District or the Hospital on such date of enactment pertaining to persons described in section 4243(i) of title 18, United States Code (as added by subsection (a));

(2) not later than 30 days after the creation of any records by employees, agents, or contractors of the District of Columbia or of St. Elizabeth's Hospital pertaining to persons described in section 4243(i) of title 18, United States Code, provide to the Attorney General copies of all such records created after the date of enactment of this Act:

(3) shall not prevent or impede any employee, agent, or contractor of the District of Columbia or of St. Elizabeth's Hospital who has obtained knowledge of the persons described in section 4243(i) of title 18, United States Code, in the employee's professional capacity from providing that knowledge to the Attorney General, nor shall civil or criminal liability attach to such employees, agents, or contractors who provide such knowledge; and

(4) shall not prevent or impede interviews of persons described in section 4243(i) of title 18, United States Code, by representatives of the Attorney General, if such persons voluntarily consent to such interviews.

(c) CLARIFICATION OF EFFECT ON CERTAIN TESTIMONIAL PRIVILEGES.—The amendments made by this section shall not be construed to affect in any manner any doctor-patient or psychotherapist-patient testimonial privilege that may be otherwise applicable to persons found not guilty by reason of insanity and affected by this section.

(d) SEVERABILITY.—If any provision of this section, an amendment made by this section, or the application of such provision or amendment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional the remainder of this section and the amendments made by this section shall not be affected thereby.

AMENDMENT No. 5389

At the appropriate place in the bill, add the following:

SEC. . ESTABLISHING BOYS AND GIRLS CLUBS.

(a) FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.-

(1) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(A) the Boys and Girls Clubs of America, chartered by an Act of Congress on December 10, 1991, during its 90-year history as a national organization, has proven itself as a positive force in the communities it serves;

(B) there are 1,810 Boys and Girls Clubs facilities throughout the United States, Puerto Rico, and the United States Virgin Islands, serving 2,420,000 youths nationwide;

- (C) 71 percent of the young people who benefit from Boys and Girls Clubs programs live in our inner cities and urban areas;
- (D) Boys and Girls Clubs are locally run and have been exceptionally successful in balancing public funds with private sector donations and maximizing community involvement:
- (E) Boys and Girls Clubs are located in 289 public housing sites across the Nation;
- (F) public housing projects in which there is an active Boys and Girls Club have experienced a 25 percent reduction in the presence of crack cocaine, a 22 percent reduction in overall drug activity, and a 13 percent reduction in juvenile crime;
- (G) these results have been achieved in the face of national trends in which overall drug use by youth has increased 105 percent since 1992 and 10.9 percent of the Nation's young people use drugs on a monthly basis; and

(H) many public housing projects and other distressed areas are still underserved by Boys and Girls Clubs.

- (2) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section to provide adequate resources in the form of seed money for the Boys and Girls Clubs of America to establish 1,000 additional local Boys and Girls Clubs in public housing projects and other distressed areas by 2001.
- (b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section— $\,$
- (1) the terms "public housing" and "project" have the same meanings as in section 3(b) of the United States Housing Act of 1937: and
- (2) the term "distressed area" means an urban, suburban, or rural area with a high percentage of high risk youth as defined in section 509A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290aa-8(f)).
 - (c) ESTABLISHMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—For each of the fiscal years 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, and 2001, the Director of the Bureau of Justice Assistance of the Department of Justice shall provide a grant to the Boys and Girls Clubs of America for the purpose of establishing Boys and Girls Clubs in public housing projects and other distressed areas.
- (2) CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.—Where appropriate, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall enter into contracts with the Boys and Girls Clubs of America to establish clubs pursuant to the grants under paragraph (1).
- (d) REPORT.—Not later than May 1 of each fiscal year for which amounts are made available to carry out this Act, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report that details the progress made under this Act in establishing Boys and Girls Clubs in public housing projects and other distressed areas, and the effectiveness of the programs in reducing drug abuse and juvenile crime.
 - (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section—
 - (A) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 1997;
 - (B) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 1998;
 - (C) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 1999;
 - (D) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2000; and
 - (E) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2001.
- (2) VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION TRUST FUND.— The sums authorized to be appropriated by this subsection may be made from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund.

THE NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD AMENDMENTS OF 1996

PRESSLER AMENDMENT NO. 5390

Mr. STEVENS (for Mr. PRESSLER) proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 1831) to amend title 49. United States Code, to authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1997, 1998, and 1999 for the National Transportation Safety Board, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 2, before line 1, insert the following:

TITLE I-NTSB AMENDMENTS

On page 2, line 1, strike "**SECTION 1.**" and insert "**SEC. 101.**".

On page 2, line 4, strike "SEC. 2." and insert "SEC. 102."

On page 3, line 3, strike "SEC. 3." and insert "SEC. 103.".

On page 3, line 17, strike "**SEC. 4.**" and insert "**SEC. 104.**".

On page 4, line 8, strike "SEC. 5." and insert "SEC. 105.".

On page 4, after line 15, insert the following:

TITLE II—INTERMODAL TRANSPORTATION

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Intermodal Safe Container Transportation Amendments Act of 1996"

SEC. 202. AMENDMENT OF TITLE 49, UNITED STATES CODE.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this title an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of title 49 of the United States Code.

SEC. 203. DEFINITIONS.

Section 5901 (relating to definitions) is amended— $\,$

(1) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

"(1) except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the definitions in sections 10102 and 13102 of this title apply.";

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (6) and (7) as paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively; and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:

''(6) 'gross cargo weight' means the weight of the cargo, packaging materials (including ice), pallets, and dunnage.''.

SEC. 204. NOTIFICATION AND CERTIFICATION.

- (a) Prior Notification.—Subsection (a) of section 5902 (relating to prior notification) is amended—
- (1) by striking "Before a person tenders to a first carrier for intermodal transportation a" and inserting "If the first carrier to which any";
- (2) by striking "10,000 pounds (including packing material and pallets), the person shall give the carrier a written" and inserting "29,000 pounds is tendered for intermodal transportation is a motor carrier, the person tendering the container or trailer shall give the motor carrier a":
- the motor carrier a";
 (3) by striking "trailer." and inserting "trailer before the tendering of the container or trailer.":

(4) by striking "electronically." and inserting "electronically or by telephone."; and

(5) by adding at the end thereof the following: "This subsection applies to any person within the United States who tenders a container or trailer subject to this chapter for intermodal transportation if the first carrier is a motor carrier."

- (b) CERTIFICATION.—Subsection (b) of section 5902 (relating to certification) is amended to read as follows:
 - "(b) CERTIFICATION.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—A person who tenders a loaded container or trailer with an actual gross cargo weight of more than 29,000 pounds to a first carrier for intermodal transportation shall provide a certification of the contents of the container or trailer in writing, or electronically, before or when the container or trailer is so tendered.
- $^{\prime\prime}(2)$ Contents of Certification.—The certification required by paragraph (1) shall include—
 - "(A) the actual gross cargo weight;
- "(B) a reasonable description of the contents of the container or trailer;
- "(C) the identity of the certifying party; "(D) the container or trailer number; and
- "(E) the date of certification or transfer of data to another document, as provided for in

paragraph (3).

- "(3) Transfer of certification data.—A carrier who receives a certification may transfer the information contained in the certification to another document or to electric format for forwarding to a subsequent carrier. The person transferring the information shall state on the forwarded document the date on which the data was transferred and the identity of the party who performed the transfer.
- "(4) SHIPPING DOCUMENTS.—For purposes of this chapter, a shipping document, prepared by the person who tenders a container or trailer to a first carrier, that contains the information required by paragraph (2) meets the requirements of paragraph (1).
- "(5) USE OF 'FREIGHT ALL KINDS' TERM.— The term 'Freight All Kinds' or 'FAK' may not be used for the purpose of certification under section 5902(b) after December 31, 2000, as a commodity description for a trailer or container if the weight of any commodity in the trailer or container equals or exceeds 20 percent of the total weight of the contents of the trailer or container. This subsection does not prohibit the use of the term after that date for rating purposes.

"(6) SEPARĀTĒ DOCUMENT MARKING.—If a separate document is used to meet the requirements of paragraph (1), it shall be conspicuously marked 'INTERMODAL CERTIFICATION'.

- "(7) APPLICABILITY.—This subsection applies to any person, domestic or foreign, who first tenders a container or trailer subject to this chapter for intermodal transportation within the United States."
- (c) FORWARDING CERTIFICATIONS.—Subsection (c) of section 5902 (relating to forwarding certifications to subsequent carriers) is amounted.
- riers) is amended—
 (1) by striking "transportation." and inserting "transportation before or when the loaded intermodal container or trailer is tendered to the subsequent carrier. If no certification is received by the subsequent carrier before or when the container or trailer is tendered to it, the subsequent carrier may presume that no certification is required."; and
- (2) by adding at the end thereof the following: "If a person inaccurately transfers the information on the certification, or fails to forward the certification to a subsequent carrier, then that person is liable to any person who incurs any bond, fine, penalty, cost (including storage), or interest for any such fine, penalty, cost (including storage), or interest incurred as a result of the inaccurate transfer of information or failure to forward the certification. A subsequent carrier who incurs a bond, fine, penalty, or cost (including storage), or interest as a result of the inaccurate transfer of the information, or the failure to forward the certification, shall