

SEC. 2. ADDITIONAL AREA.

Section 101 of Public Law 102-248 is amended by inserting in subsection (b) after the second sentence "The site shall also include an additional area of approximately 300 acres as demarcated as the new proposed boundaries in the map dated March 8, 1996, entitled 'Manzanar National Historic Site Archaeological Base Map'."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read: "A bill to provide for disposal of public lands in support of the Manzanar National Historic Site in the State of California, and for other purposes."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

TRANSFERRING JURISDICTION OF FEDERAL PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Mr. HANSEN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent for the immediate consideration in the House of the bill (H.R. 2636) to transfer jurisdiction over certain parcels of Federal real property located in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Utah?

Mr. MILLER of California. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, and I shall not object, I yield to the gentleman from Utah [Mr. HANSEN].

(Mr. HANSEN asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HANSEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of this piece of legislation.

Mr. MILLER of California. Mr. Speaker, further reserving the right to object, I just want to mention that this legislation was introduced by our colleague the gentleman from Minnesota [Mr. OBERSTAR]. I want to thank the gentleman from Utah for his cooperation.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 2636, introduced by our colleague, Mr. OBERSTAR, authorizes a three-way transfer of jurisdiction over several parcels of land among the Architect of the Capitol, the Secretary of the Interior, and the District of Columbia. In addition to facilitating management of these parcels, this transfer is being done for the purpose of setting aside a parcel of land adjacent to the Capitol Grounds for the proposed Japanese-American Patriotism Memorial. The memorial will honor the patriotic efforts of Japanese-Americans in World War II.

It is our understanding that the parties involved support this transfer and we have no objection to the passage of the bill.

Mr. MATSUI. Mr. Speaker, I rise to express my strong support for this important legislation and my great pleasure that it is before us this evening. H.R. 2636 is needed to facilitate the construction of a Memorial honoring the patriotism of Japanese Americans during World War II here in our nation's Capital.

In 1992, Congress passed Public Law 102-502, authorizing the construction of this Me-

morial on federal property. Under the terms of the legislation, the Memorial will involve virtually no Federal costs. All construction and major maintenance costs will be paid by private funds. The National Japanese American Memorial Foundation, formerly the Go For Broke National Veterans Association, has already begun this fundraising effort.

Land currently owned by the Architect of the Capitol has been selected as a site for the Memorial. However, in order for the construction of the Memorial to proceed, the land must be transferred to the National Park Service. H.R. 2636 would direct such a transfer to occur. In exchange, the Architect of the Capitol would obtain a parcel of land adjacent to the Hart Senate Office Building that is more integral to the Capitol grounds.

It is critically important for the land exchange to occur this year. The 1992 authorizing legislation and other applicable law require that construction on the Memorial begin by 1999. Until the land is transferred, the approval process for the Memorial's design can not begin. Because of the many agencies involved, this approval process will almost definitely consume the next three years.

33,000 Americans of Japanese Ancestry served in the military during World War II. The all Japanese American 100th Infantry Battalion/442nd Regimental Combat Team was the most decorated unit in military history for its size and length of service—700 members of the unit gave their lives. When completed, this Memorial will pay tribute to the immeasurable sacrifice made by these individuals as well as the many other contributions that Japanese-Americans made to the war effort.

This effort would not have reached this stage without the hard work and assistance of several individuals. The leadership of my friend and former colleague Norm Mineta in achieving the passage of the original 1992 legislation as well as his important role in developing this legislation was absolutely essential. In addition, I am extremely grateful to the sponsor of H.R. 2636, JIM OBERSTAR and also to Chairman of the Transportation and Infrastructure Committee, BUD SHUSTER. I also deeply appreciate the assistance of the Resources Committee, particularly Chairman DON YOUNG and the Ranking Minority Member GEORGE MILLER, as well as JIM HANSEN and BILL RICHARDSON, chairman and ranking minority member of the National Parks, Forests and Lands Subcommittee respectively.

The Board and staff of the National Japanese American Memorial Foundation has also been critical to this effort. I would note particularly the Foundation's Chairman Emeritus William Marutani, its Chairman Mo Marumoto, Honorary Co-Chair Etsu Mineta Masaoka and Executive Director George Wakiji.

I look forward to working with my colleagues in this body and in the Senate to achieve final passage of this important bill.

Mr. MILLER of California. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Utah?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the bill, as follows:

H.R. 2636

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. PURPOSE.

It is the purpose of this Act—

(1) to assist in the effort to timely establish within the District of Columbia a national memorial to Japanese American patriotism in World War II; and

(2) to improve management of certain parcels of Federal real property located within the District of Columbia, by transferring jurisdiction over such parcels to the Architect of the Capitol, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Government of the District of Columbia.

SAC. 2. TRANSFERS OF JURISDICTION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Effective on the date of the enactment of this Act and notwithstanding any other provision of law, jurisdiction over the parcels of Federal real property described in subsection (b) is transferred without additional consideration as provided by subsection (b).

(b) SPECIFIC TRANSFERS.—

(1) TRANSFERS TO SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Jurisdiction over the following parcels is transferred to the Secretary of the Interior:

(i) That triangle of Federal land, including any contiguous sidewalks and tree space, that is part of the United States Capitol Grounds under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol bound by D Street, N.W., New Jersey Avenue, N.W., and Louisiana Avenue, N.W., in Square W632 in the District of Columbia, as shown on the Map Showing Properties Under Jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, dated November 8, 1994.

(ii) That triangle of Federal land, including any contiguous sidewalks and tree space, that is part of the United States Capitol Grounds under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol bound by C Street, N.W., First Street, N.W., and Louisiana Avenue, N.W., in the District of Columbia, as shown on the Map Showing Properties Under Jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, dated November 8, 1994.

(B) LIMITATION.—The parcels transferred by subparagraph (A) shall not include those contiguous sidewalks abutting Louisiana Avenue, N.W., which shall remain part of the United States Capitol Grounds under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol.

(C) CONSIDERATION AS MEMORIAL SITE.—The parcels transferred by clause (i) of subparagraph (A) may be considered as a site for a \$6201 national memorial to Japanese American patriotism in World War II.

(2) TRANSFERS TO ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL.—Jurisdiction over the following parcels is transferred to the Architect of the Capitol:

(A) That portion of the triangle of Federal land in Reservation No. 204 in the District of Columbia under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior, including any contiguous sidewalks, bound by Constitution Avenue, N.E., on the north, the branch of Maryland Avenue, N.E. running in a northeast direction on the west, the major portion of Maryland Avenue, N.E., on the south, and 2nd Street, N.E., on the east, including the contiguous sidewalks.

(B) That irregular area of Federal land in Reservation No. 204 in the District of Columbia under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior, including any contiguous sidewalks, northeast of the real property described in subparagraph (A) bound by Constitution Avenue, N.E., on the north, the branch of Maryland Avenue, N.E., running to the northeast on the south, and the private property on the west known as lot 7 in square 726.

(C) The two irregularly shaped medians lying north and east of the property described in subparagraph (A), located between

the north and south curbs of Constitution Avenue, N.E., west of its intersection with Second Street, N.E., all as shown in Land Record No. 268, dated November 22, 1957, in the Office of the Surveyor, District of Columbia, in Book 138, Page 58.

(D) All sidewalks under the jurisdiction of the District of Columbia abutting on and contiguous to the land described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C).

(3) TRANSFERS TO DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—Jurisdiction over the following parcels is transferred to the Government of the District of Columbia:

(A) That portion of New Jersey Avenue, N.W., between the northernmost point of the intersection of New Jersey Avenue, N.W., and D Street, N.W., and the northernmost point of the intersection of New Jersey Avenue, N.W., and Louisiana Avenue, N.W., between squares 631 and W632, which remains Federal property.

(B) That portion of D Street, N.W., between its intersection with New Jersey Avenue, N.W., and its intersection with Louisiana Avenue, N.W., between Squares 630 and W632, which remains Federal property.

SEC. 3. MISCELLANEOUS.

(A) COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAWS.—Compliance with this Act shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of all laws otherwise applicable to transfers of jurisdiction over parcels of Federal real property.

(b) LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSIBILITY.—Law enforcement responsibility for the parcels of Federal real property for which jurisdiction is transferred by section 2 shall be assumed by the person acquiring such jurisdiction.

(c) UNITED STATES CAPITOL GROUNDS.—

(1) DEFINITION.—The first section of the Act entitled "An Act to define the United States Capitol Grounds, to regulate the use thereof, and for other purposes", approved July 31, 1946 (40 U.S.C. 193a), is amended to include within the definition of the United States Capitol Grounds the parcels of Federal real property described in section 2(b)(2).

(2) JURISDICTION OF CAPITOL POLICE.—The United States Capitol Police shall have jurisdiction over the parcels of Federal real property described in section 2(b)(2) in accordance with section 9 of such Act of July 31, 1946 (40 U.S.C. 212a).

(e) EFFECT OF TRANSFERS.—A person relinquishing jurisdiction over a parcel of Federal real property transferred by section 2 shall not retain any interest in the parcel except as specifically provided by this Act.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the committee amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Committee amendment: Page 4, line 12, strike "S6201".

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. HANSEN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on H.R. 3006 and H.R. 2636, the bills just passed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Utah?

There was no objection.

□ 2030

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FOX of Pennsylvania). Under the Speaker's announced policy of May 12, 1995, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. SAXTON] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. SAXTON addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Illinois [Mrs. COLLINS] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. BURTON] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. BURTON of Indiana addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

SPECIAL CEREMONY FOR STEPHEN D. BAKRAN

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Michigan [Mr. STUPAK] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. STUPAK. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call to your attention and that of the U.S. House of Representatives a special ceremony that will be held this Friday, August 2, in Wells, MI, in my congressional district.

On Friday, the family of Navy aviation Radioman Second Class Stephen D. Bakran will gather at the gardens of Rest Memorial Park in Wells, MI, as his remains are laid to rest.

It is the tradition of our Nation to honor our war dead. What makes the ceremony for Airman Bakran so special is the fact that this important closure for the family comes more than five decades after this young man was killed in action.

From Navy officials and other sources, we know that Stephen Bakran was part of a special bombing squadron on a unique mission assigned to the U.S.S. *Ranger*, CV-4, the first ship built from the keel up as an aircraft carrier.

Stephen Bakran came to be aboard the *Ranger* after enlisting in the Navy on June 27, 1941, only weeks after his graduation from high school.

The eldest son in a Catholic family of 11 children, Stephen is remembered by

family, friends, teachers, and others as an honest, hard working, caring individual.

The son of Croatian immigrants, Stephen is recalled in his role as a money earner for the family on his paper route, a dutiful son working in the family garden or tending the farm animals, and a responsible sibling changing and washing diapers of his younger brothers and sisters.

Airman Bakran is part of the first U.S. carrier based mission launch against Nazi-held Norway. Code named Operation Leader, the planes of the mission sank Nazi shipping and caused other damage at the cost of two SBD-5 Dauntless scout bombers. One of these bombers that were downed claimed the lives of Stephen Bakran and his pilot, Lieutenant Clyde A. Tucker, Jr. of Alexandria, LA.

Reports say that Stephen Bakran was still firing his machine gun as his plane went down on October 4, 1943.

Although the Navy listed Stephen Bakran and Clyde Tucker as killed in action, it was not until 1990 that a Norwegian diving club and a Norwegian historical research vessel found the wreckage of the aircraft off the coast of Bodo, Norway, in 150 feet of water.

It was not until July of 1993 that divers were able to locate and recover the two aviators. The remains of Clyde Tucker were identified in 1994 and are buried in Arlington National Cemetery. However, DNA tests did not conclusively identify the remains of Stephen Bakran until this year.

I am pleased that I was able to assist the family by working with our military officials during the identification process, and now I am extremely grateful to everyone, including those who helped to find, identify and transport Steve Bakran back to his family where they will be able to find a final resting place for this fallen warrior.

Today as we watch other families struggle with the tragedies of the disappearance of loved ones in a dark watery grave, we find comfort in witnessing that the search for our military missing in action never ends and the door of hope, hope that they may be found, never closes.

Mr. Speaker, let us remember the Bakran family in our thoughts and prayers on Friday. I regret that I will not be able to attend the funeral, as I will be here attending to legislative business. The Bakran family, the Wells and Escanaba community will be at Steve's funeral, but my family will join the Bakran family in a final salute to our World War II Navy veteran who is laid to rest.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from California [Mr. RIGGS] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. RIGGS addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]