

of America

Congressional Record

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 104^{th} congress, second session

Vol. 142

WASHINGTON, THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1996

No. 102

House of Representatives

The House met at 10 a.m. and was called to order by the Speaker.

Rabbi Warren Stone, Temple Emanuel Synagogue, Kensington, MD, offered the following prayer:

Distinguished leaders of our country, why do we pray?

We pray because we need to look beyond ourselves, to seek guidance in the One beyond all time and space.

In a time of indirection, prayer can give us vision and hope.

In a time of conflict and injustice, prayer can help us act with courage.

God, may we shed our veils of defense to uncover a truth deep within ourselves. Our time on Earth is short; we are like a flower that will fade, a cloud passing by, like dust floating on the wind, a dream soon forgotten.

And yet, while here so briefly, may we never forget that we have the capacity for a lasting greatness. With our lives we can make a profound difference in the lives of others. We, created in the Divine Image, can uplift the human spirit. That is how we should be remembered.

Help us Lord to choose this path.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Florida [Mr. STEARNS] come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. STEARNS led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Lundregan, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed with an amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 743. An act to amend the National Labor Relations Act to allow labor management cooperative efforts that improve economic competitiveness in the United States to continue to thrive, and for other purposes.

WELCOMING RABBI WARREN STONE

(Mrs. MORELLA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. MORELLA. Mr. Speaker, I have the pleasure of welcoming Rabbi Warren Stone to the House this morning.

Rabbi Stone has been the spiritual leader at Temple Emanuel Synagogue in Kensington, MD for the past 10 years. His tenure at Temple Emanuel has been characterized by growth in membership and community involvement. Under Rabbi Stone's leadership, members of the congregation volunteer their services to the community, visiting the elderly, feeding the hungry, and helping at local shelters for battered women and for the homeless.

Rabbi Stone is a staunch environmentalist, and often weaves into his sermons messages about the importance of protecting our natural resources and maintaining a safe and healthy environment. He is an advocate for Israel and for human rights.

Rabbi Stone has distinguished himself with an impressive record of dedicated service to both Temple Emanuel and the Montgomery County community. I am honored that he delivered the invocation on the House floor this morning, and I am proud to represent Rabbi Stone and the congregation of

Temple Emanuel Synagogue in Congress.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. Foley). The Chair will receive fifteen 1-minutes per side.

PRESIDENT CLINTON SHOULD KEEP HIS WORD TO SIGN WIS-CONSIN WELFARE WAIVERS

(Mr. GINGRICH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GINGRICH. Mr. Speaker, on July 13, 1995, speaking to the National Governors' Association, President Clinton asked the Governors to send him waivers on welfare and he said, 'If you do that, you sign them, you send them to me and we will approve them within 30 days'.'

On May 18 of this year the President devoted his weekly radio address to the Wisconsin welfare plan. He said he was encouraged by it. He said he was supportive of it. He said, "I pledge that my administration will work with Wisconsin to make an effective transition to a new vision of welfare based on work."

Yesterday was the 30th day since Wisconsin submitted its welfare plan. The Clinton administration has broken its pledge given to the Governors a year ago. The Clinton administration has failed to approve the Wisconsin welfare waivers.

This House voted overwhelmingly in favor of approving the Wisconsin welfare waivers. We believe that people should work if they are able bodied. We believe there should be a transition from welfare to work. We believe we should strengthen families by having a strong, firm commitment to collecting child support and to making sure that

☐ This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., ☐ 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



child support is paid. We believe the future of the children of this country requires welfare reform.

It is very unfortunate that the President has failed to sign the waiver for Wisconsin. I call on President Clinton today to keep his word to the Governors and to sign the Wisconsin welfare waivers and allow the people of Wisconsin to reform welfare.

WASHINGTON POST OWES APOL-OGY TO UNITED STATES CITI-ZENS OF CUBAN DESCENT

(Mr. MENENDEZ asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. Speaker, I rise to express my outrage with yesterday's Washington Post editorial entitled "Cuba—The Poisonous title III" that refers to United States citizens as the "Miami Cubans." I have never seen the Post refer to New York Jews or the Boston Irish or the Chicago Polish community. No, this second class citizenship status by the Washington Post is preserved just for the Miami Cubans. As an American of Cuban descent, not from Miami, I think it is despicable.

Finally, title III of the Helms-Burton legislation is that part of the bill that stands up for U.S. citizens. Let us review the facts. The property of American citizens and businesses were illegally confiscated between 1959 and 1960. Those businesses were never compensated by the Cuban regime for their losses.

Title III does not prohibit investment by any nation in Cuba unless they do it in the stolen property of American citizens and companies. So there we have it. If you do not knowingly and intentionally invest in stolen property, you have no reason to be concerned about this bill.

I hope the Post gets its facts straight. It owes an apology to the Americans of Cuban descent.

MAKE HEALTH CARE MORE AFFORDABLE FOR AMERICANS

(Mr. NEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. NEY. Mr. Speaker, Congress is ready to pass bipartisan legislation that will make health care insurance more available and affordable for millions of American families without big government. It is called private sector health care reform.

However, over the last 11 weeks someone in the other body has been holding health care reform hostage, refusing to allow the legislation to proceed by using complicated procedural gimmicks. This common sense health care reform is being stonewalled, Mr. Speaker, because of the dream that still exists of imposing a single player, Government-run health care system on the entire Nation.

I think that a couple of years ago the people in this country spoke out very loud and clear that they do not want a Government-run system, but they want access, they want availability, and they want affordability for health care. Today many Americans are forced to stay in their current jobs out of fear of losing their health care benefits and insurance. Others just live in fear of losing health care coverage should they lose their job.

This bipartisan legislation would make sure Americans who lose their coverage can keep their jobs their health care, and take care of their families. I urge the movement of the bill.

EDUCATION SHOULD BE PLACED AT TOP OF NATION'S PRIORITY BUDGET LIST

(Mr. PALLONE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, in the spending bill that is coming to the floor this morning, the Republicans are once again proposing harmful education cuts, and, fortunately, the President has once again promised to veto any bill the Republicans send him that does not include reasonable levels of education funding.

Mr. Speaker, I believe that education should be placed at the top of our Nation's budget priorities. We should be heading in a direction completely opposite from where the Republicans are going, especially at a time when enrollment in our Nation's schools is rapidly expanding.

A failure to increase funding for education is a failure to invest in our children's future. I urge my colleagues on the other side of the aisle: Give up this quest to gut our education system. The Republicans tried it last year, they are trying it again this year, and it should not be done. Education needs to be a priority when we deal with this budget.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will remind all persons in the gallery that they are here as guests of the House, that any manifestation of approval or disapproval of proceedings is in violation of the rules of the House.

WHO HIRED CRAIG LIVINGSTONE?

(Mr. KINGSTON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KINGSTON. Mr. Speaker, I thought of a good way to find out who hired Craig Livingstone. Livingstone, as my colleagues will remember, is the Gore campaign political operative who went to work in the White House and proceeded to illegally review the FBI files of private American citizens.

When asked by the congressional committee who hired him, Craig Livingstone said, "I do not know." Now, the taxpayers are going to have to spend hundreds of thousands of dollars trying to find out who hired Mr. Livingstone.

I have got a cheap alternative. Let us ask Eleanor Roosevelt. All right, everybody, light your candles: Eleanor, Eleanor. It is not working. Maybe one of the Democrats can tell me what I am doing wrong.

The fact is we can save the taxpayers thousands of dollars if Mr. Livingstone would just tell the truth.

AMERICA NEEDS A RAISE

(Mr. VENTO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. VENTO. Mr. Speaker, I will not get into a seance with my friend from Georgia, but some good news that did come through from the Senate this week was the passage of the minimum wage bill.

That is right, in spite of the Republican leadership's concerted effort in the House and Senate to set the agenda and to add a poison pill to the minimum wage, the American public's will is being reflected in the other body and in this House.

Unfortunately, the antics and tricks to try and stop the minimum wage, the 90-cent increase for those that are making \$4.25 an hour today, is still in motion. They are threatening, in fact, to tie it up and hold it to other bills, to in fact try and put in place tax breaks that will dig the deficit hole deeper in this country and deny low-income workers, mostly, I might say, adults, and very often, too often, women, the opportunity to get a fair wage, a living wage

Mr. Speaker, America needs a raise, and they need this Congress to respond fair and equitably. At the same time we are cutting all the social programs, we have to let people earn their way and get a fair wage in our economy.

□ 1015

ANOTHER BROKEN WELFARE PROMISE

(Mr. GUTKNECHT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GUTKNECHT. Mr. Speaker, it has been 31 days now since President Clinton promised to take action on Wisconsin's welfare waiver request.

Thirty-one days—no action.

Another welfare promise by Bill Clinton will most likely fall by the way-side. In the meantime, millions of Americans are caught in an endless cycle of dependency and poverty.

On May 18 this year, Bill Clinton held up the Wisconsin plan as a model of good welfare reform. Let me just quote from his radio address that day: