represent a gamble. People who would most likely take the gamble would be the healthier and better off. To some degree, they would be choosing to withdraw from the broader insurance pool to fend for themselves. Left in the pool would be the more vulnerable, who would likely see their insurance costs go up; the increase would make insurance even harder to maintain than now.

In a sense this is the very opposite of the insurance principle. It is being pushed by companies that want to sell catastrophic coverage, plus people drawn to the individual responsibility that the idea entails, but for the population as a whole, it would do more harm than good. The President has rightly suggested that he would be disposed to veto a bill that included these accounts

Well, the bottom line, Mr. Speaker, is that the Republican health plan with these MSAs would raise premiums for average Americans and make insurance less affordable. Hence fewer people would be able to get insurance under this bill. It is nothing more than a payback to the Golden Rule Insurance Co. Golden Rule has made big contributions to the Republicans and will reap big profits if the MSA proposal becomes law. Of the \$1.2 million contribution that has been given to the Republicans by the Golden Rule president, J. Patrick Rooney and his family, even more has been given to other GOP candidates and causes. What causes.

What I am trying to say, Mr. Speaker, is essentially that Speaker GING-RICH got on the floor this morning and talked about what he is trying to do for health care reform. He neglects to mention that essentially he is trying to sabotage health insurance reform with the MSA provisions. This GOP provision provides no help for working families and just provides handouts for special interests. Essentially what we are seeing here is the Republican leadership jeopardizing health insurance reform by providing for rich man's insurance.

REFORM OF POLITICAL PROCESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentle-woman from Washington [Mrs. SMITH] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mrs. SMITH of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I stand here tonight recalling my first trip to Washington, DC, as someone who had just been written in for Congress. I did not run for Congress. I was written in. Within 3 weeks I found myself standing on the steps looking out at Washington, DC, thinking, oh God, why am I here? And I know that any citizen would have felt the same way; it was a Cinderella story. I did not have to spend all the time most people do. But as I listened to that speech, many speeches, I realized that we were making great promises to the American people.

Those promises were for a new way if the American people would give the Republicans control of Congress for the first time in 42 years. If we were elected, we Republicans, we would be different. Just trust us. I found out that most of my colleagues, who were new especially, were running against the corruption

They said that things have happened over the years that we do not agree with.

Many of the quotes that we heard that day were resounding. I heard a man that I have learned to trust, learned to admire, one of the leaders of our party say, as I cheered, because I agreed with him, if you will give us control, we will wrestle or wrest control back for the people and take it out of the hands of special interests. I and my colleagues stood and cheered. We looked out. We promised America.

Today I call on my colleagues to keep our word. The theme was promises made, promises kept. You would not know what we meant except that we said we would clean it up. I believed those promises, and I say today the American people need to hold us to those promises.

I arrived to Washington, DC, to training, but the first night I arrived to dozens of the first and second and third night fundraisers. I said, well, this is interesting, did not think much about it, but found out that each Member of Congress was to give four to eight. I have got the written instructions still on my desk, that we were to focus on the people that came before our committees. They brought in people to train us. If you went to the right fundraiser training, they taught us how we could get people to help us, to dial for dollars, is that it is called. And that is in writing, and to focus on those that came before us so they would understand how important it was that they came to our fundraiser. And we could get leadership people to put their name on our fundraiser.

I looked at that and I thought, how does this fit in with cleaning up Congress? Then I found out the Democrats do it, too. And not only that, that the challengers had come with some of the new freshmen and they were doing it, too, all on the same night.

There are master schedules, you see, because there is only so much around here. They have built buildings. As you look out, some of the buildings are just fundraising buildings. They have floors where you dial for dollars, where there are funds, other floors where you have receptions and the Members set themselves up on the schedule.

I looked at that and I realized that clearly that would take a little bit of time. But the biggest thing I realized is I could not go back home and tell the American people I did it. Each Member is allotted a time, four to eight scheduled events, on the calendar. You make sure there are not too many because there are only so many places to have them. We make sure that we have votes that day so we are sure to be here so there are enough Members to come

to the fundraisers. You see, the lobbyists come there to lobby us because we are in session most every night, and they have access to a lot of Members.

Then you go to someone's fundraiser, so they go to your fundraiser. The lob-byists come, and on the bill they send them is \$500 to \$1,000. They do not have to come. But if you were called by a Congressman or Congresswoman and you happened to need to go before their committee and you did not bring the \$500 or \$1,000, would you not think maybe your opponent would be there? It is not even subtle pressure anymore, folks. It is the pressure that I would have thought that we would take off.

I am called the Democrats who played games with this and the Republicans who tend to be looking like they might be playing games with this to a vote on a bipartisan bill. There are two of them. There is a Senate one, 1219, and a House one. Stop playing games. Vote, do not just talk.

□ 1900

NBA CHAMPION CHICAGO BULLS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. STEARNS). Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Illinois [Mrs. COLLINS] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to the Chicago Bulls who on Sunday night at the United Center in the Seventh Congressional District captured their fourth NBA championship in an 87 to 75 victory over the Seattle Supersonics. Many called it mission impossible. But the Bulls have won their fourth NBA championship in an amazing display of team play.

It has been a historical season for the Bulls, who finished the regular season with a 72-10 record, 87-13 record for the season, and a 15-3 record for the playoffs. The Bulls had an average margin of victory of 12.3 points, a feat only a few teams in any sport have had in any one season.

Chicago, the Seventh Congressional District and Chicago fans through the Nation are fat with pride. Some are saying that the, "NBA Champion Chicago Bulls have established a new level of play, and it's something all teams will have to chase."

I would also like to congratulate Phil Jackson and his coaching team comprised of Tex Winter, Jim Rodgers, Jim Cleamons, and John Paxson.

Mr. Speaker, I would also like to pay tribute to one of the greatest basketball players of all times, Michael Jordon, who finished off this great season with a 96 triple crown of MVP award in the league finals. His great leadership, and unparalleled performance have garnered him the title of one of the greatest ballplayers of all time. Dennis Rodman has also distinguished himself capturing his fifth rebounding title. And of course Scottie Pippen, and the entire club for an outstanding display of teamwork.

Mr. Speaker, I ask you and my colleagues to join me in congratulating one of the greatest teams in the annals of basketball, and of course one of the greatest players ever, Michael Jordon. In the more than 100 game that they played, the Bulls always delivered a championship performance.

And finally, I would like to congratulate and thank the greatest fans in the world for their undying support of the

Chicago Bulls.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair certainly appreciates the gentlewoman from Illinois for holding up the shirt for display in her speech.

SUPPORT THE ELIMINATION OF NEA'S FUNDING

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from North Carolina [Mr. JONES] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. JONES. Mr. Speaker, here we go again. Just as this Congress is set to debate the funding of the National Endowment for the Arts, NEA Chairwoman, Jane Alexander, has again shown us that both she and the taxpayer funded NEA, must go.

Last Sunday, at the New York Lesbian and Gay Video and Film Festival, director Cheryl Dunye premiered her film, "Watermelon Woman," funded by the tax dollars of hardworking Ameri-

cans.

In the words of the director herself, this pornographic film depicts black "lesbians experiencing their sexual desire for each other." This film was produced from a \$31,000 grant from the NEA

I believe that in the opinion of most Americans, Watermelon Woman has absolutely no serious artistic, or political value.

NEA Chairwoman Alexander and the National Endowment for the Arts are attempting to pull the wool over the eyes of taxpaying Americans by marketing this sexually explicit film as black history.

As Edmund Peterson, chairman of Project 21 and a leading black conservative put it, in Friday's Washington Times, "There is no demand in the black community for this movie; this is a classic example, of the Clinton administration, being in bed with the gay-lesbian movement, and funding a project through tax dollars, that can't get funded any other way."

Mr. Speaker, this is not the first time that Miss Alexander and the NEA have demonstrated a desire to divert our tax dollars to controversial works that demean the religious beliefs and moral values of mainstream Americans. One should not forget the March 1994 performance of Ron Athey, at the Minneapolis Walker Art Center.

This NEA-funded performance featured Mr. Athey carving a design into the back of an assistant, mopping up the blood with paper towels, and then sending the paper towels on a line, out over the shocked audience.

Miss Alexander defended the performance, stating in the Washington Post, "not all art is for everybody."

Many in Congress denounced this performance as an obscenity. Miss Alexander and the NEA responded by awarding more of our hard-earned tax dollars to the Walker Art Center.

Miss Alexander and the NEA have repeatedly thumbed their noses at Congress and the American public.

I call on President Clinton to find the moral courage within himself to protect the children of America from these obscenities, and to demand the immediate resignation of Jane Alexander. Mr. President, you cannot have it both ways.

Middle America does not share the NEA's values. The American taxpayer and the working families of the Third District of North Carolina do not want their money spent on so-called works of art, like a crucifix in urine, or photographs, which exploit our children.

This week, the House is scheduled to debate funding for the National Endow-

ment for the Arts.

It is time the Government got out of the business of funding this so-called art.

I urge each of my colleagues to support the elimination of the NEA's Federal funding. The taxpayer cannot afford it and our children do not deserve it.

INCLUSION OF REPUBLICAN MSA PROPOSAL THWARTS EFFORTS TO MAKE HEALTH INSURANCE ACCESSIBLE AND AFFORDABLE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Connecticut [Ms. DELAURO] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Speaker, I am a very strong supporter of health care reform and of the Kennedy-Kassebaum bipartisan legislation to afford us a first step in dealing with some very important issues that face working families today on the issue of health care. There is a serious problem that we do have today that working families face, two particularly.

First, is the whole issue of health insurance portability, that when you leave one job and go to another, what happens to your health care? People find themselves in that position today more and more without the opportunity of having the kind of health care coverage they need in switching jobs that is good for them or for their families.

The second issue that is very critical and important is the limits on coverage for individuals who have a preexisting condition where insurance companies will deny the opportunity for health insurance to somebody who has a preexisting condition.

Mr. Speaker, I have a preexisting condition; I am a cancer survivor. Ten years ago I was diagnosed with ovarian cancer. Fortunately, today I am cancer free. But there is not a small business

or some business who wants to put me in their insurance pool because it drives those premiums sky high. Or if I go out and get insurance on my own, it is 12 or \$14,000 a year to cover people who are cancer survivors.

These are serious health care problems. They face approximately 21 million Americans in this Nation. Too many families, working families, in my district, the Third District in Connecticut, pay their bills, they work hard, they play by the rules, and they do live in fear of losing their health insurance if they change their jobs. Too many of them cannot even get health care coverage because of this preexisting medical condition. This is not only bad health care policy, it is wrong.

We have an opportunity with the Kennedy-Kassebaum bill, a bipartisan bill that addresses both of these issues. As I said, this is a first step. It is not all that we want to accomplish in health care reform, but it is a way in which we can modestly reform the health insurance industry to meet the

needs of working families.

Sadly, under the banner of reform with this bipartisan bill, the congressional majority and the Speaker of the House today took the floor to talk about an opportunity for health care reform, but under this banner of reform what we have seen the congressional majority and the Speaker of the House do is to twist this opportunity, and in fact what would result would hurt consumers, and it would, in fact, increase the number of insured, the reason being the introduction of something called a medical savings account.

Medical savings accounts are expensive, they are destructive, and they are bad health care policy. They encourage the healthiest and the wealthiest individuals to opt out of the insurance pool. They allow individuals to create private accounts to pay for their medical expenses, and in exchange individuals get a bare bones catastrophic insurance plan with extremely high deductibles. It is shortsighted. What it does by people opting out, the healthiest and the wealthiest opting out of the traditional insurance pool, you leave the most frail, the sickest people in that pool, thereby driving the premiums up.

Mr. Speaker, I will tell you in order for the insurance companies to take care of these more sickly people, that cost goes up, and I am going to quote you a group, The American Academy of Actuaries, not a liberal group. These are the green eye shade people who look very carefully at the cost of insurance. Their estimate is that the process of skimming, getting the healthy out of this system, would result in a possible 61 percent increase in health care premiums for those who remain in traditional plans. If rates rise, people will no longer be able to afford insurance, and you thereby increase the number of uninsured in this country. certainly not what we want to try to