

us to win the debate, for them to win the debate, because facts are our friends and, as John Adams said, "Facts are stubborn things."

Mr. TAUZIN. You know, the freshmen, JON, all of you guys, have taken a lot of heat in the press, being too hardnosed, too rigid, inflexible. The truth is, the freshmen came to this House with a very refreshing concept. It was a concept that the Government ought to be our servant, not our master. And you came with a simple notion that we needed to make Government user friendly again. It needed to be responsive to people and helpful to people, instead of control and mandating and, indeed, inaccessible to people because its formularies and regulations were too difficult for people to understand. It is a very refreshing attitude.

I often comment to folks back home, thank God we have a huge crop of freshmen that have that attitude. I think it is great that we have the infusion of new ideas and new thought. We have seen it in the form of a willingness to tackle issues that sometimes no one wanted to tackle before; to face head on the crush and calamity of Medicare collapsing into bankruptcy and to try to deal with it, to face head on the fact we have got a welfare system that is condemning people to dependency, instead of rescuing them from dependency; to face head on the fact that Medicaid in our country is about to cripple the ability of our States to take care of people who are uninsured and need the assistance of others for their health care; and to face head on complex issues like immigration policy, and issues like, indeed, environmental reform, which are very contentious and very difficult to debate sometimes.

Freshmen, in my view, have added a great deal to this Congress, and I am glad you are here.

Mr. FOX of Pennsylvania. Congressman TAUZIN, we certainly appreciate the fact you are an honorary freshman, you have joined us in that regard, because your enthusiasm to find bipartisan solutions and work to make a positive difference is what I think all the Congress is about.

You would not be here and would not have the privilege of serving if you could not make a positive difference. The thing we have to do is make sure we continue listening back home. Back home are the best ideas on keeping costs down, on keeping government accountable for what they want, and to make sure we in fact have a government that is user friendly. In that regard, for any final comments Congressman GUTKNECHT may have?

Mr. GUTKNECHT. I thank the gentleman from Pennsylvania and Louisiana for the special order. I appreciate the opportunity to participate. I want to thank you for the kind words about the freshmen. I think in many respects, though, the freshmen just represent the common sense values and views of the American people.

This Congress started with a lot of excitement and fanfare, but I will

never forget the day after this Congress started, I was out in the hall, outside the House chambers, and a reporter came up to DICK ARMEY, the majority leader of the House Republican Conference, and she said to him, "How does it feel now that the American people have given you all this power?" And he said something very important and very profound. He said, "The American people did not give us power. They gave us responsibility. They loaned us power."

That is part of the attitude I think reflected in this Congress. The American people have given us responsibility. For as long as we have that responsibility, I think particularly speaking on behalf of the freshmen, we are going to do everything we can to give the power back to them, because we know that ultimately here in the United States it is the people who are sovereign. For too long, they felt as if there was a government that had the people, rather than a people with a government.

Frankly, I think we are bringing fresh attitudes, I think we are willing to tackle the tough issues. Have we done everything right. No. Have we made mistake? Yes. We may make mistakes in the future. But we are always guided by the basic notion that it is the people who are sovereign, and we work for them, and ultimately we have a responsibility to this generation, but, more importantly, to the next generation as well.

So I want to thank Representative TAUZIN and Representative FOX. It has been a great special order. We need to do this more often. As I said earlier, facts are our friends.

Mr. TAUZIN. I just want to reecho that thought, that this is the people's House, and in this House the people rule. That is an awfully statesmanlike approach to take, and it is surprising, indeed, that more folks do not realize that in this Chamber.

In the end, when we go back to the town hall meetings back home, we are asked a simple question: Have you advanced an American agenda? Not a Democrat or Republican agenda. Have you advanced the cause of this country? Have you made it a place where there is more liberty, instead of less liberty? Have you made it a place where we can advance our family's future more easy instead of more difficult. Have you made this a place where indeed our children can have a brighter future than we ourselves have?

If we can say yes to all of those questions, then we can go home proud and pleased with the work we have done here. I think we are well on the way. We have accomplished a lot. We have a lot left to do. But I think this "do something" Congress will be heard from much more in the days ahead.

Mr. FOX of Pennsylvania. I want to thank Congressman GUTKNECHT and Congressman TAUZIN for their leadership, not only in presenting the re-

forms that they have worked for, but in trying to forge a bipartisan agenda, one that is going to make this Congress continue to be pro-jobs, pro-reform, anti-tax, and one that relies more on the individual responsibility and relying on the fact that the Government does not run the country, the people do, and they do lend us that responsibility and that authority to act in their behalf.

So while we want to see term limits, we want to make sure the time we are here is made valuable, because what we have done is made positive changes. That will always be our guiding thought.

I thank you for letting us have this time period, Mr. Speaker, to have this dialogue. We will return again to give a further review in the future. We appreciate the input of our colleagues, from our constituents and the American people.

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TRIBUTE TO A TRUE PATRIOT,
RON BROWN

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. METCALF). Under the Speaker's announced policy of May 12, 1995, the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. PAYNE] is recognized for 60 minutes.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on and include therein extraneous material on the subject of the special order today by the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. PALLONE].

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New Jersey?

There was no objection.

Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, as chairman of the Congressional Black Caucus, I wanted to take some time this evening to pay tribute to a man so many of us knew as a great friend and a real true patriot. Secretary of Commerce Ron Brown was a person we all knew and loved. So many people across this Nation have been inspired by Ron Brown, it is fitting that we celebrated his remarkable life and legacy.

Even in the midst of our grief over his untimely passing, we recognize that Ron was the kind of person who would want to be remembered for how he lived his life rather than how he died. It has been said that a man's reach should exceed his grasp. Throughout Ron Brown's wonderful life he kept reaching, seizing each challenge with boundless confidence, with enthusiasm, with energy, with vision. Both in the private sector and in the public life he displayed that all-American can-do attitude, refusing even to entertain the thought that any obstacles would be insurmountable.

It was this spirit that won him so many firsts. First black fraternity

member at Middlebury College. First black to hold the position of Chief Counsel of the U.S. Senate. First black partner at Patton, Boggs & Blow, and then on to becoming the first black chairman of the Democratic Party before being appointed by President Clinton as the first black Secretary of Commerce.

Yet it was typical of Ron Brown that even as he built racial coalitions, he downplayed the significance of race as he sought to take on new challenges in his life. He said that race was not important as an obstacle. He simply said he can continue to move on up a little higher.

I remember back in 1988, when I was a member of the Newark City Council and seeking election to the house of Representatives, Ron Brown was campaigning at that time to become chairman of the Democratic National Committee. I traveled to Washington with the New Jersey Chamber of Commerce early in February 1988 to their annual legislative visit, when we talked to legislators here and talked about policies for our State. During my stay I introduced our State Democratic chairman, Ray Durkin, to Ron Brown, knowing that Ron was seeking the office of chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

After hearing Ron's ideas and observing his enthusiasm and his approach to problem solving and his enthusiasm and his vision, the State Democratic chairman, Ray Durkin, made a decision right on the spot to support Ron Brown. He said this is the man we need to lead our party.

I was pleased when our New Jersey U.S. Senator, BILL BRADLEY, immediately came on board to join in for the backing of Ron Brown to become the chairman of the Democratic National Committee. In fact, New Jersey was the first State to endorse Secretary Brown when he made his run for the chairmanship of the Democratic National Committee.

Ron Brown did not run a narrow campaign based on race, he reached out to a wide range of Americans, as he always did in his life, ultimately convincing the electorate to return the White House to the Democratic party for the first time in over a decade. As a matter of fact, our State of New Jersey went overwhelmingly for President Clinton for the first time in almost three decades. It was because of Ron Brown and his vision, his imagination, his creativity, his gumption, his stick-to-itiveness. He embodied the power of positive thinking, always looking ahead, assuredness, and optimistic.

Secretary Brown became involved in politics in 1971, when he was a district leader in Mount Vernon, NY, in the Democrat party there. He made a name for himself in the Urban League with his innovative ideas and creative approaches. He loved both public service and politics. Before working for Senator KENNEDY on the Committee on the

Judiciary, he served as director of the California for Kennedy committee and later organized for Jesse Jackson's run for President.

Another point that needs to be made, in this era when it is popular in some quarters to bash those who work for the Federal Government, that Ron Brown and those who perished with him out there, risking their lives under very dangerous conditions on a mission to improve the lives of people in Bosnia and to promote American products, American business opportunities in order to create American jobs.

Secretary Brown and his staff worked tirelessly over the years bringing in billions and billions of dollars of contracts to Americans. Let us hope that out of respect for the victims and their families this unfair debasing of Federal employees for cheap political mileage will cease.

Let me take a moment to pay tribute to the victims of the tragedy who were connected to my home State of New Jersey who were on that ill-fated trip that day. We are proud of their service and extend deepest sympathies to their families.

Lee Jackson, who was born in Montclair, NJ, part of my district, was Executive Director of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development at the Treasury Department. He was a young, bright African-American fellow whose father was a former newspaper person, who, as a matter of fact, was a very close friend of my Newark district office manager. We sat, Rick Thigpen and myself, watching the television, very saddened, awaiting the news from over in Croatia.

Another person on that flight from New Jersey, Claudio Elia, was chairman and chief executive of Air and Water Technologies Corp. in Branchburg, NJ.

Walter Murphy was vice president of global sales at AT&T Submarine Systems in Morristown, NJ.

Our State also lost two young people who were serving our country in the military, as Secretary Ron Brown had done as a young U.S. Army captain early in his life. S. Sgt. Robert Farrington, Jr., was from Brierfield, NJ; and T. Sgt. Cheryl Turnege lived in Lakehurst before she joined the Air Force.

Ron Brown left us too soon. He had so many gifts and yet he was not to have the gift of long life. We do not understand how life is given out, it is beyond us. Yet we can take comfort in the fact that his spirit, his zest for living, and his monumental achievements will definitely live on.

Our heartfelt condolences go out to his loving family, his wife, Alma, his son, Michael, his daughter Tracey, and his grandchildren. We will keep them in our thoughts and in our prayers.

At this time, I would yield to the gentleman from Virginia, Representative BOBBY SCOTT.

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the gentleman from New Jersey

for having this special order. I rise to add my voice to the multitude of voices singing the praises of Ron Brown. With all that has been said about him in the last 12 days, some may feel that all that needs to be said has already been said; but as we frequently say, all that need to say it have not already said it.

The fact is that we have all been affected by Ron Brown's life in general and in unique ways, and feel the need to ensure that the record of his life and his good works reflects some of those unique contributions.

For example, Mr. Speaker, the Newport News shipyard in the Third Congressional District of Virginia, which I represent, was a beneficiary of his good works. Even before the collapse of the cold war, the shipyard knew it needed to diversify its business portfolio beyond just military shipbuilding, so it began to revive its commercial shipbuilding program.

Ron Brown stood ready when called upon to help the Newport News Shipyard, just as he had helped so many other businesses before. For the Newport News Shipyard, he took Pat Phillips, the former president of the shipyard, to the Middle East to meet with business and government leaders in Israel, Egypt, Kuwait, and the United Arab Emirates to market the frigate ship program, and they were very successful. Bill Fricks, the current president of the shipyard, stated upon the news of Ron's death that, and I quote:

Ron Brown was a great advocate of our yard and voiced his support for Newport News Shipyard and other Tenneco subsidiaries during numerous trade missions overseas. Not only an advocate of stronger international ties, Brown was also a friend of Newport News Shipyard. He will truly be missed.

Mr. Speaker, there have been a lot of words used to describe Ron Brown and his life: trailblazer, bridgebuilder, fence mender, power broker, coalition builder, energizer, visionary, humanitarian, public servant, crusader, lawyer, businessman, politician, husband, father, friend; all extraordinaire. And to this descriptive list I have to add shipbuilder and a friend of the Third Congressional District of Virginia. We are all grateful for his life and his contributions and for the lives and contributions of those who were with him on that fateful trade mission.

Mr. Speaker, Ron Brown will truly be missed.

Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey. I thank the gentleman very much. I really appreciate the gentleman from Virginia for those kind remarks. Let me at this time recognize the gentlewoman from the great State of North Carolina, who has been doing special orders and has been talking about Ron Brown for the last day or two, the gentlewoman from North Carolina, Mrs. EVA CLAYTON.

Mrs. CLAYTON. Thank you, Mr. PAYNE.

I am indeed grateful to Mr. PAYNE for organizing this special order. I wanted to participate in this special order

under the guidance of the Black Caucus, because I think it is appropriate in this leadership that we also have an opportunity to have a special order.

Mr. Speaker, Ron Brown was a bridgebuilder, a peacemaker, a soldier for souls, a fisher for young men and young women.

Out of the ashes and wreckage of that faraway mountain in Bosnia—something remains—a blade of grass, an idea.

The idea—Ron Brown's living legacy—is that you can grow up in Harlem, and progress in Washington.

He left with us a prototype to follow, a style, a design, a mold, a model that we may never duplicate, but we can certainly replicate.

Under the careful counsel of his father and mother, he learned that it is far better to build bridges than to burn them. He knew that a bridge could arch a flood.

And so, he built bridges between the rich and poor, between people of every hue, between cherished views and fresh beliefs. Perhaps that is why his motorcade journey to his resting place in Arlington was as appropriate on U Street as it was on Constitution Avenue.

Ron Brown was a bridgebuilder.

His time spent in service to America, as an officer of the U.S. Army, apparently taught him that the best way to preserve world peace and avoid war is by doing business.

That is why he travelled to China, journeyed to India, took a trip to Turkey, and voyaged to Africa. And, that is why he risked a rainstorm to get to Tuzla.

He was opening doors, cementing relationships, serving his country, and promoting peace, even in a region torn by war.

Ron Brown was a peacemaker.

His rapid rise to the top was by measured steps from the bottom.

He worked by day and attended law school by night. He was a welfare social worker, a leader with the Urban League, a brilliant political strategist, a lawyer, the pilot of the Democratic Party and the architect of one of the greatest Presidential campaign victories in history.

Through it all, he never lost the common touch.

He was as comfortable playing pickup basketball in the Shaw neighborhood of Washington, DC as he was conversing with Kings and Queens and Prime Ministers.

Ron Brown was a soldier of souls.

But, perhaps the mark that he made that is most worthy of note is his mentoring, wherever he went, he took others with him, especially young men and women.

Ron knew how tough it was for an African-American to move from 125th Street in the heart of Harlem to the Commerce Building at the center of power in Washington.

With each career step he took, he embraced young people, forming and fashioning the Ron Brown's of the future.

They are there, at the Department of Commerce, at Democratic National Headquarters, in the public sector and in the private sector—the next Ron Browns.

He was a fisher of young men and young women.

Whether he was building bridges or closing divides, fighting the good fight or making peace, reaching with a helping hand or bringing others along—he always did his duty with dignity, pride, graciousness, vision and boundless energy. He filled each unforgiving minute with 60 seconds of long distance run.

Our thoughts and prayers go out to his lovely wife Alma, his loyal son Michael and his darling daughter Tracey. They have every reason to be proud.

Ron was a trailblazer, a tireless champion for all, a role model for role models. He has left his permanent imprint on the sands of time. God's finger has touched him, and he now sleeps.

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Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey. Thank you for those remarks.

As you know, we are talking about the life of Ron Brown, but there were a number of people. I mentioned several of those who lived in my great State of New Jersey who lost their lives on that mountainside in Croatia and return flight from Bosnia. There were other people who worked for the government.

As we talked about the fact that all too often it is made trite about working for the government, we hear people saying that Americans should not have to pay taxes. Why should we be involved in such things? What right do we have to take their money? We heard some of that dialog earlier here tonight.

Well, because we live in a country that is great. We live in a country where you can get on a road and the road will take you where you need to go, with pavement, with utilities, with lights. We live in a place where you can drink clear water and not worry about having bacteria in it. We live in a place that you can call the authorities or go to a courtroom and find that you can have your cases heard. And that is why it is a responsibility of Americans to have a responsibility.

As a matter of fact, at some other time we will get on to this subject, but people make it seem that here in America we are overtaxed. We pay about 29 percent. Japan used to pay 19 percent; they paid 29 percent. In the Western Europe countries, most pay 38 to 39 percent. We should take a look at the global situation, and I say that to say that Ron Brown was a person who had to take this unnecessary bashing. People in government took unnecessary bashing. We heard people criticize the Department of Commerce, but billions of dollars worth of business have been brought back to this country.

There were other people who gave their life for this country.

Bill Morton was a fellow who was always at Ron Brown's side. Bill was a

deputy assistant secretary for international trade. He was a long time aide of Ron Brown. He graduated from Georgetown University, a native of Colorado, was always there when Ron Brown had to go. Did not like to fly at all, did not like travel at all, but he felt that it was his responsibility to his boss, Ron Brown. It was the responsibility to his country, and he went when called and did not want to go on that trip to Bosnia, but he was there.

These are the types of Americans who are the unsung heroes, people who dedicate their time, their life, their energy, time away from their family. The Bill Mortons of the world are the type that makes this country run, that make it as great as it is.

There were a number of people on that flight. Duane Christian, who was Ron Brown's chief security officer, a person who had been in this government for many years, used to work for the Office of Personnel Management, a former school teacher.

On that trip was Adam Darling, just a 29-year-old person, a confidential assistant for the Deputy Secretary of Commerce. He worked in international trade, wanted to make America strong, wanted to increase our balance of trade, wanted to reduce the balance of trade deficit, a young 29-year-old person was there serving our country.

Gail Dobert, acting director of the office of business liaison, a person who had worked many years on the Hill, who was there serving our country.

Carol Hamilton, the press secretary for Ron Brown, who was a person who had worked in business and industry, worked for Chase Manhattan Bank, but decided to give her time, her talents to the United States Government and came to work in the Commerce Department so that the work that that great department was doing could be better told.

We have Kathryn Hoffman, a special assistant to Ron Brown who was a person who was interested in politics, worked in the Clinton campaign during 1992, and actually was the person that produced the first African-American inaugural gala and leadership forum at the inauguration of the inaugural committee for President Clinton, a person who worked for Sony Pictures and in the past for Senator BIDEN and Julian Bond. A person with tremendous amount of ability, also lost her life.

We have Stephen Kaminski, who was a senior commercial officer who traveled a great deal, who tried to see that the market access of American companies could be enlarged in places like Japan, and worked in capitals of Hamburg and Dusseldorf and Vienna, and was a person, a real world leader.

Kathryn Kellogg, a confidential assistant, office of business liaison, who came to that office from a background with the Jay Rockefeller office and did a tremendous amount.

And we had a very senior person with us on that trip with Ron Brown, Charles F. Meissner who was the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for

International Affairs, has been very active in government, and his wife was the Immigration and Naturalization Service commissioner, Miss Doris Meissner, and certainly our heart goes out to her, a person who is still contributing to our Government.

Also a part of our Government team was Lawrence Payne, a special assistant, office of domestic operations. He was a person who added a great deal to the mission.

Naomi P. Warbasse, who was a deputy director of Central and East Europe Business Information Center.

We had James M. Lewek, who was an intelligence analyst who worked on European economic issues. He was a person who was an analyst, a very bright individual who served very well.

So these were people who worked for our government who felt it was important, who felt they had a contribution to make, who felt that this great Nation of ours could do better. They never accepted enough was enough. They went on to move to higher heights.

Ron Brown had gone on a mission to India. No one ever looked at India as a place where we should take trade missions. It was never on the radar screen. But Ron Brown looked at the population, a population of over 900 million people, a country that in the next 20 years will have a population in excess of the population of the People's Republic of China.

It is estimated by the year 2020 the population of India will exceed 1 billion 250 million people—1 billion 300 million people. This is awesome.

The People's Republic of China currently has 1 billion 100 million people. The population of the United States is 250 million.

Ron Brown looked at India and said, after analysis, that India has as many middle-income people as the entire population of the United States of America. He was one that looked around and saw the poverty and saw the problems, but he also looked at the aggregate number, 900 million people, and found out that 250 million were middle-income people in India. And so he took a trade mission and, in less than a week, did over \$7 billion worth of business on that trip. It was Ron Brown conceiving that there is opportunity in that great country of India.

He took trade missions to South Africa, worked with Mr. Mandela. As a matter of fact, Ron Brown was one of President Nelson Mandela's favorite persons. Mr. Mandela, who, as you know, is probably one of the greatest leaders in this world, has tremendous insight, and he was a person that opened his doors to his personal home to Ron Brown because of the camaraderie between the two. Of course, President Mandela, being much older than Ron Brown, Ron just looked up to him and went to South Africa, and through Ron Brown's creativity the Mbeke-Gore Bilateral Commission for Trade, directly the deputy president, Tabo

Mbeke, Vice President AL GORE cochaired this trade development that will increase imports and exports from these two great countries.

Ron Brown went to Asia and was very popular.

The Japanese trade officials enjoyed working with Ron Brown. They felt that he was very astute, and he did outstanding business in Japan. He was one, and we heard of Mickey Kantor and his debates in Geneva with the auto parts, but Ron Brown would go over to Japan, and it was, they call it, the "bad cop, good cop," Mickey Kantor being the bad cop, tough guy, mean guy, never smiled, and Ron Brown would come with his smile. He was a good cop. But Ron would always get the signature on the dotted line. So, as we have recently heard, the tremendous increase in the amount of autos and auto parts being sold to Japan, a record for this country. Part of that success for our big three auto makers is because of Ron Brown and the work that he has done.

He went to the People's Republic of China and was ready to do business all over the place. It was just that it was so large, Ron just took a little piece of it, but billions of dollars' worth of People's Republic of China.

And so I mentioned these various missions that he took. He was interested in the whole relationship between Mexico and the United States. He felt that Mexico has tremendous potential, but that the human rights of people in Mexico must be observed better. He talked about changing over the type of government, making it more people oriented, and he was a person that saw that one way that we could stop illegal immigration is that Mexico itself becomes a place that people feel they should stay, their country. Most people prefer living in their own country. They do not like traveling to other countries. They do not want to learn a foreign language. They do not want to be put in substandard jobs. They do not want to be pointed out as the problem. So most people, wherever they live in the world, prefer to stay where their home country is.

Ron Brown felt that, with Mexico developing, with opportunities in Mexico for Mexicans, that would be the biggest way to slow down and eventually stop illegal immigration and actually have people emigrate back to Mexico once opportunities developed there. But he also said that, as Mexico developed, that there would be markets for the United States, there would be trade opportunities, that it would not be a one-way street, but we would be able to solve a tremendous social problem in our country of illegal immigration.

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So Ron Brown's policies really affected the world, whether it was in the Far East, the Pacific rim, whether it was in the new independent States, or in Africa. He was a person who felt that we could do things best in this

country, we make the best products, once we put our minds to it. He felt that all we had to do was to get an opportunity to introduce our business people to foreign markets, and that they would really jump on board on getting our products.

So as we wind down on our commemoration of Ron Brown, the man, Ron Brown, the leader, Ron Brown, the father, Ron Brown was a person that even when he was under attack, and I sat at a hearing of the Committee on International Relations where there was the move to abolish and eliminate the Department of Commerce. Some mean-spirited questions were asked, and the manner in which some of the questioners on the other side of the aisle were lashing out at the Secretary of Commerce. He answered every question. He answered the questions well. He had the facts.

As a matter of fact, when the hearing ended, most of the Members who started out with this mean-spirited slash and burn type of philosophy had to admit that the Department of Commerce had done an outstanding job; had to admit that, truly, this is the first Department of Commerce Secretary that the American people can say the name of the person. This is a Commerce Department person that people felt was doing the job. But in their fallacy, their preconceived notion was to eliminate the Department of Commerce. I think that that started to sort of slow down once Ron Brown really gave the facts to people.

We are here to say, Mr. Speaker, that we hope that we will remember Ron. We will once again say that he was a great American. We will once again say that he is the type of person that we can have young men and women, African-American, Caucasian, native American, whatever, point to and say that he is the measure of a man. Anyone can succeed if you try hard enough, that all you have to do is to have a vision, have creativity, and be ready to step up to the plate.

Once again, I would like to thank the Speaker for this time, and to express to my colleagues who came out tonight that I appreciate their participation this evening. I also appreciate the participation of many, many Members who have expressed their views during the past week that we have been back here, Monday, Tuesday, and today.

As a matter of fact, concluding, it was going to be on a week from today that he was going to visit the Congressional Black Caucus' weekly meeting. We talked before his trip, and April 24 was the date that he was scheduled to come to talk about women's opportunities, small business, the census. So we will certainly even more remember him next week when we meet in our weekly Wednesday meeting. He is a true American, a real American hero.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to: