

Bonilla	Gunderson	Oxley
Bono	Gutknecht	Packard
Brownback	Hall (TX)	Parker
Bryant (TN)	Hancock	Paxon
Bunn	Hansen	Petri
Bunning	Hastert	Pombo
Burr	Hastings (WA)	Porter
Burton	Hayworth	Portman
Buyer	Hefley	Pryce
Callahan	Heineman	Quinn
Calvert	Herger	Radanovich
Camp	Hilleary	Ramstad
Campbell	Hobson	Regula
Canady	Hoekstra	Riggs
Castle	Hoke	Roberts
Chabot	Horn	Rogers
Chambliss	Hostettler	Rohrabacher
Chenoweth	Houghton	Ros-Lehtinen
Christensen	Hunter	Roth
Clinger	Hutchinson	Roukema
Coble	Hyde	Royce
Coburn	Inglis	Salmon
Collins (GA)	Istook	Sanford
Combest	Johnson (CT)	Saxton
Cooley	Johnson, Sam	Schaefer
Cox	Jones	Schiff
Crane	Kasich	Seastrand
Crapo	Kelly	Sensenbrenner
Cremeans	Kim	Shadegg
Cubin	King	Shaw
Cunningham	Kingston	Shays
Davis	Klug	Shuster
Deal	Knollenberg	Skeen
DeLay	Kolbe	Smith (MI)
Diaz-Balart	LaHood	Smith (NJ)
Dickey	Largent	Smith (TX)
Doolittle	Latham	Smith (WA)
Dornan	LaTourette	Solomon
Dreier	Laughlin	Souder
Duncan	Lazio	Spence
Dunn	Leach	Stearns
Ehlers	Lewis (CA)	Stump
Ehrlich	Lewis (KY)	Talent
Emerson	Linder	Tate
English	Livingston	Tauzin
Ensign	LoBiondo	Taylor (NC)
Everett	Longley	Thomas
Ewing	Lucas	Thornberry
Fawell	Manzullo	Tiahrt
Flanagan	Martini	Torkildsen
Foley	McCollum	Upton
Forbes	McCrery	Vucanovich
Fowler	McDade	Waldholtz
Fox	McHugh	Walker
Franks (CT)	McInnis	Walsh
Franks (NJ)	McIntosh	Wamp
Frelinghuysen	McKeon	Watts (OK)
Frisa	Metcalf	Weldon (FL)
Funderburk	Meyers	Weldon (PA)
Gallely	Mica	Weller
Ganske	Miller (FL)	White
Gekas	Molinari	Whitfield
Gilchrest	Moorhead	Wicker
Gillmor	Morella	Wolf
Gilman	Myrick	Young (AK)
Goodlatte	Nethercutt	Young (FL)
Goodling	Neumann	Zeliff
Goss	Ney	Zimmer
Graham	Norwood	
Greenwood	Nussle	

NAYS—183

Abercrombie	Condit	Foglietta
Ackerman	Conyers	Ford
Andrews	Costello	Frank (MA)
Baesler	Frost	Frost
Baldacci	Cramer	Furse
Barcia	Danner	Gejdenson
Barrett (WI)	de la Garza	Gephardt
Becerra	DeFazio	Geren
Beilenson	DeLauro	Gibbons
Bentsen	Dellums	Gonzalez
Bevill	Deutsch	Gordon
Bishop	Dicks	Green
Bonior	Dingell	Gutierrez
Borski	Dixon	Hall (OH)
Boucher	Doggett	Hamilton
Brewster	Dooley	Harman
Browder	Doyle	Hastings (FL)
Brown (CA)	Durbin	Hefner
Brown (FL)	Edwards	Hilliard
Brown (OH)	Engel	Hinchev
Cardin	Eshoo	Holden
Clay	Evans	Hoyer
Clement	Farr	Jackson (IL)
Clyburn	Fattah	Jackson-Lee
Coleman	Fields (LA)	(TX)
Collins (IL)	Filner	Jacobs
Collins (MI)	Flake	Jefferson

Johnson (SD)	Mink	Schumer
Johnson, E. B.	Moakley	Scott
Kanjorski	Mollohan	Serrano
Kaptur	Moran	Sisisky
Kennedy (MA)	Murtha	Skaggs
Kennedy (RI)	Nadler	Skelton
Kennelly	Neal	Slaughter
Kildee	Oberstar	Spratt
Kleczka	Obey	Stenholm
Klink	Olver	Stokes
LaFalce	Ortiz	Stupak
Lantos	Orton	Tanner
Levin	Owens	Taylor (MS)
Lewis (GA)	Pallone	Tejeda
Lincoln	Pastor	Thompson
Lipinski	Payne (NJ)	Thurman
Loyde	Payne (VA)	Torres
Luther	Pelosi	Torricelli
Maloney	Peterson (FL)	Towns
Manton	Peterson (MN)	Traficant
Markey	Pickett	Velazquez
Martinez	Pomeroy	Vento
Mascara	Poshard	Visclosky
Matsui	Rahall	Volkmer
McCarthy	Rangel	Ward
McDermott	Reed	Waters
McHale	Richardson	Watt (NC)
McKinney	Rivers	Waxman
McNulty	Roemer	Williams
Meehan	Roybal-Allard	Wise
Meek	Rush	Woolsey
Menendez	Sabo	Wynn
Mfume	Sanders	Yates
Miller (CA)	Sawyer	
Minge	Schroeder	

NOT VOTING—24

Arney	Fields (TX)	Rose
Baker (LA)	Hayes	Scarborough
Berman	Johnston	Stark
Bryant (TX)	Lightfoot	Stockman
Chapman	Lofgren	Studds
Chrysler	Montgomery	Thornton
Clayton	Myers	Wilson
Fazio	Quillen	Wyden

□ 1806

The Clerk announced the following pair:

On the vote:

Mr. Arney for, with Mr. Johnston of Florida against.

So the previous question was ordered.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BUNNING of Kentucky). The question is on the resolution.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 2 of House Resolution 336, House Concurrent Resolution 131 is considered adopted.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mrs. CLAYTON. Mr. Speaker, During rollcall vote Nos. 8 and 9 on H. Res. 330 and H. Res. 336 I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present I would have voted "No" on each.

ELECTION OF MEMBER TO COMMITTEE ON BANKING AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

Mrs. KENNELLY. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Democratic caucus I offer a privileged resolution (H. Res. 337) and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

HOUSE RESOLUTION 337

Resolved, That the following named Member be, and is hereby, elected to the follow-

ing standing committee of the House of Representatives:

To the Committee on Banking and Financial Services: Jesse Jackson, Jr. of Illinois.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1996

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the Senate bill (S. 1124) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1996 for military activities of the Department of Defense, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House. The Clerk read the title of the Senate bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from South Carolina?

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, I would like to ask the distinguished gentleman from South Carolina, is the unanimous-consent request that the gentleman is engaging in an effort to expedite going to conference on the DOD authorization bill as a result of the sustaining of the veto by the President?

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. DELLUMS. I yield to the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, let me say, first of all, that I appreciate the gentleman's cooperation over the past several days in working to move this process forward. I also appreciate the leadership on both sides of the aisle making this possible.

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, reclaiming my time for a moment, I understand that the gentleman is beginning to move into a colloquy that we have agreed upon regarding the pay raise and the housing allowance of our military personnel, but I am simply asking the question prior to that.

Is the effort on the part of the distinguished gentleman from South Carolina to simply bring a Senate bill forward that would be an appropriate vehicle to expedite going to conference?

Mr. SPENCE. The gentleman is correct.

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, I just wanted my colleagues to understand that this is purely a procedural matter.

Further reserving the right to object, as many of my colleagues are aware, in the context of the DOD authorization bill conference report, it allowed for a 2.4-percent cost of living increase to our military personnel and a 5.2-percent housing allowance increase.

□ 1815

Because of the action taken in the body, we were not able to allow that cost of living increase and that housing allowance increase to go forward in the month of January. Therefore, I would

like to enter into the following colloquy with the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. Speaker, I certainly wish to enter into the process of trying to come back to this body with a conference report that can be signed into law as expeditiously as possible, and I put both my word and my reputation on the line in that respect. But I would like to ask the gentleman from South Carolina [Mr. SPENCE] that in the event that the process in some way is slowed down, that the gentleman could give this gentleman and my colleagues on this side of the aisle his word that if we have not reached agreement on the fiscal year 1996 defense authorization conference by the end of the month so that the full 2.4 percent cost of living increase and the 5.2 percent for basic allowance for quarters could be allowed to our service personnel for February 1996, that the majority leadership will agree to bring appropriate legislation to the floor in time to ensure that the military will receive these increases in February.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, let me say first of all that I appreciate the gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS] and his cooperation in the past few days in moving this process forward.

I also want to express my appreciation to the leadership on both sides of the aisle for making this process possible, or this procedure. I also want to express my appreciation to the minority members on our committee who have helped to bring this bill forward in committee and in conference to this place that we find ourselves in tonight.

Mr. Speaker, there is no disagreement between us on the importance of ensuring that the troops and their families receive their full pay raise and their full BAQ housing allowances. Based on the President's December 28 Executive Order, the troops are currently receiving a 2.0-percent pay raise and a 2.0-percent increase in their housing allowance.

Mr. Speaker, I believe that the appropriate vehicle for legislation authorizing a military pay raise is the Defense authorization bill. We attempted to override the President's veto earlier this week, and did not succeed. Therefore, we are here tonight trying to appoint conferees to a new conference in order to hopefully resolve our differences and to send a revised bill, including the pay and housing allowances, back down to the President as soon as possible.

I would commit to the gentleman from California, and to all of my colleagues, that if all efforts to reach an agreement on a revised conference report have not succeeded by end of this month, I will work with him and all others to pass legislation for the full pay raise and housing allowance as ex-

peditionally as possible, either as a free-standing bill or in some other fast-moving vehicle. It would be my intention that any such legislation would provide the full pay raise and BAQ housing allowance retroactive to January 1, 1996.

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, reclaiming my time and further reserving my right to object, I would like to first thank my distinguished colleague for a very straightforward response to the question that this gentleman raised. I appreciate both the gentleman's integrity and veracity on this issue.

Given the assurances that have been laid down clearly by my distinguished colleague, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from South Carolina?

Mr. HEFLEY. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, I do not intend to object, but under the reservation, I would hope that we are not going to open up the entire defense bill in this new conference. There are a relative few sections that there is a complaint about: ballistic missiles, U.N. control, relative small number of issues that there is a complaint about.

Mr. Speaker, I am particularly concerned, of course, about the military construction section, because this is the section where we make gigantic strides in trying to improve the housing and living conditions of our troops. There was no objection to that. The gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS], the ranking member of the committee, and I have talked about this on numerous occasions. The gentleman has no objection to that.

This is the area that I am most interested in, but there are other areas that there were no objections, that the committee was in strong support of. So, I would hope with this reduced number of conferees that we have going to this conference, and I think that is a good idea, but I would hope, Mr. Speaker, that we would not open up the entire bill and start over again. An enormous amount of time and effort and energy was put into getting where we are now. I would hope that we would focus on the areas that we need to.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman would yield, we intend in the conference to do just those things to prevent another veto, and it would not get down to housing, I am sure, because the President in his message to us did not say anything to us about the housing that we passed.

Mr. HEFLEY. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for his response. I appreciate that.

Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BUNNING of Kentucky). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from South Carolina?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the Senate bill, as follows:

S. 1124

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996".

SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 101. Army.

Sec. 102. Navy and Marine Corps.

Sec. 103. Air Force.

Sec. 104. Defense-wide activities.

Sec. 105. Reserve components.

Sec. 106. Defense Inspector General.

Sec. 107. Chemical demilitarization program.

Sec. 108. Defense health program.

Subtitle B—Army Programs

Sec. 111. AH-64D Longbow Apache attack helicopter.

Sec. 112. OH-58D AHIP Scout helicopter.

Sec. 113. Hydra 70 rocket.

Sec. 114. Report on AH-64D engine upgrades.

Subtitle C—Navy Programs

Sec. 121. Seawolf and new attack submarine programs.

Sec. 122. Repeal of prohibition on backfit of Trident submarines.

Sec. 123. Arleigh Burke class destroyer program.

Sec. 124. Split funding for construction of naval vessels.

Sec. 125. Seawolf submarine program.

Sec. 126. Crash attenuating seats acquisition program.

Subtitle D—Other Programs

Sec. 131. Tier II predator unmanned aerial vehicle program.

Sec. 132. Pioneer unmanned aerial vehicle program.

Sec. 133. Joint Primary Aircraft Training System program.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.

Sec. 202. Amount for basic research and exploratory development.

Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

Sec. 211. A/F117X long-range, medium attack aircraft.

Sec. 212. Navy mine countermeasures program.

Sec. 213. Marine Corps shore fire support.

Sec. 214. Space and missile tracking system program.

Sec. 215. Precision guided munitions.

Sec. 216. Defense Nuclear Agency programs.

Sec. 217. Counterproliferation support program.

Sec. 218. Nonlethal weapons program.

Sec. 219. Federally funded research and development centers.

Sec. 220. States eligible for assistance under Defense Experimental Program To Stimulate Competitive Research.

Sec. 221. National defense technology and industrial base, defense reinvestment, and conversion.

Sec. 222. Revisions of Manufacturing Science and Technology Program.

Sec. 223. Preparedness of the Department of Defense to respond to military and civil defense emergencies resulting from a chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear attack.

- Sec. 224. Joint Seismic Program and Global Seismic Network.
 Sec. 225. Depressed altitude guided gun round system.
 Sec. 226. Army echelon above corps communications.
 Sec. 227. Testing of theater missile defense interceptors.

Subtitle C—Missile Defense

- Sec. 231. Short title.
 Sec. 232. Findings.
 Sec. 233. Missile defense policy.
 Sec. 234. Theater missile defense architecture.
 Sec. 235. National missile defense system architecture.
 Sec. 236. Cruise missile defense initiative.
 Sec. 237. Policy regarding the ABM Treaty.
 Sec. 238. Prohibition on funds to implement an international agreement concerning theater missile defense systems.
 Sec. 239. Ballistic Missile Defense program elements.
 Sec. 240. ABM Treaty defined.
 Sec. 241. Repeal of missile defense provisions.
 Sec. 242. Sense of Senate on the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation.
 Sec. 243. Ballistic Missile Defense Technology Center.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations**

- Sec. 301. Operation and maintenance funding.
 Sec. 302. Working capital funds.
 Sec. 303. Armed Forces Retirement Home.
 Sec. 304. Transfer from National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund.
 Sec. 305. Increase in funding for the Civil Air Patrol.

Subtitle B—Depot-Level Maintenance and Repair

- Sec. 311. Policy regarding performance of depot-level maintenance and repair for the Department of Defense.
 Sec. 312. Extension of authority for aviation depots and naval shipyards to engage in defense-related production and services.

Subtitle C—Environmental Provisions

- Sec. 321. Revision of requirements for agreements for services under environmental restoration program.
 Sec. 322. Discharges from vessels of the Armed Forces.
 Sec. 323. Revision of authorities relating to restoration advisory boards.

Subtitle D—Civilian Employees

- Sec. 331. Minimum number of military reserve technicians.
 Sec. 332. Exemption of Department of Defense from personnel ceilings for civilian personnel.
 Sec. 333. Wearing of uniform by National Guard technicians.
 Sec. 334. Extension of temporary authority to pay civilian employees with respect to the evacuation from Guantanamo, Cuba.
 Sec. 335. Sharing of personnel of Department of Defense domestic dependent schools and Defense Dependents' Education System.
 Sec. 336. Revision of authority for appointments of involuntarily separated military reserve technicians.
 Sec. 337. Cost of continuing health insurance coverage for employees voluntarily separated from positions to be eliminated in a reduction in force.

- Sec. 338. Elimination of 120-day limitation on details of certain employees.
 Sec. 339. Repeal of requirement for part-time career opportunity employment reports.
 Sec. 340. Authority of civilian employees of Department of Defense to participate voluntarily in reductions in force.

- Sec. 341. Authority to pay severance payments in lump sums.
 Sec. 342. Holidays for employees whose basic workweek is other than Monday through Friday.
 Sec. 343. Coverage of nonappropriated fund employees under authority for flexible and compressed work schedules.

Subtitle E—Defense Financial Management

- Sec. 351. Financial management training.
 Sec. 352. Limitation on opening of new centers for Defense Finance and Accounting Service.

Subtitle F—Miscellaneous Assistance

- Sec. 361. Department of Defense funding for National Guard participation in joint disaster and emergency assistance exercises.
 Sec. 362. Office of Civil-Military Programs.
 Sec. 363. Revision of authority for Civil-Military Cooperative Action Program.
 Sec. 364. Office of Humanitarian and Refugee Affairs.
 Sec. 365. Overseas humanitarian, disaster, and civic AID programs.

Subtitle G—Operation of Morale, Welfare, and Recreation Activities

- Sec. 371. Disposition of excess morale, welfare, and recreation funds.
 Sec. 372. Elimination of certain restrictions on purchases and sales of items by exchange stores and other morale, welfare, and recreation facilities.
 Sec. 373. Repeal of requirement to convert ships' stores to nonappropriated fund instrumentalities.

Subtitle H—Other Matters

- Sec. 381. National Defense Sealift Fund: availability for the National Defense Reserve Fleet.
 Sec. 382. Availability of recovered losses resulting from contractor fraud.
 Sec. 383. Permanent authority for use of proceeds from the sale of certain lost, abandoned, or unclaimed property.
 Sec. 384. Sale of military clothing and subsistence and other supplies of the Navy and Marine Corps.
 Sec. 385. Conversion of Civilian Marksmanship Program to nonappropriated fund instrumentality and activities under program.
 Sec. 386. Report on efforts to contract out certain functions of Department of Defense.
 Sec. 387. Impact aid.
 Sec. 388. Funding for troops to teachers program and troops to cops program.
 Sec. 389. Authorizing the amounts requested in the budget for Junior ROTC.
 Sec. 390. Report on private performance of certain functions performed by military aircraft.
 Sec. 391. Allegany Ballistics Laboratory.
 Sec. 392. Encouragement of use of leasing authority.

TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS**Subtitle A—Active Forces**

- Sec. 401. End strengths for active forces.

- Sec. 402. Temporary variation in DOPMA authorized end strength limitations for active duty Air Force and Navy officers in certain grades.
 Sec. 403. Certain general and flag officers awaiting retirement not to be counted.

Subtitle B—Reserve Forces

- Sec. 411. End strengths for Selected Reserve.
 Sec. 412. End strengths for Reserves on active duty in support of the reserves.
 Sec. 413. Increase in number of members in certain grades authorized to serve on active duty in support of the reserves.
 Sec. 414. Reserves on active duty in support of Cooperative Threat Reduction programs not to be counted.
 Sec. 415. Reserves on active duty for military-to-military contacts and comparable activities not to be counted.

Subtitle C—Military Training Student Loads

- Sec. 421. Authorization of training student loads.

Subtitle D—Authorization of Appropriations

- Sec. 431. Authorization of appropriations for military personnel.

TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY**Subtitle A—Officer Personnel Policy**

- Sec. 501. Joint officer management.
 Sec. 502. Revision of service obligation for graduates of the service academies.
 Sec. 503. Qualifications for appointment as Surgeon General of an armed force.
 Sec. 504. Deputy Judge Advocate General of the Air Force.
 Sec. 505. Retiring general and flag officers: applicability of uniform criteria and procedures for retiring in highest grade in which served.
 Sec. 506. Extension of certain reserve officer management authorities.
 Sec. 507. Restrictions on wearing insignia for higher grade before promotion.
 Sec. 508. Director of admissions, United States Military Academy: retirement for years of service.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Reserve Components

- Sec. 511. Mobilization income insurance program for members of Ready Reserve.
 Sec. 512. Eligibility of dentists to receive assistance under the financial assistance program for health care professionals in reserve components.
 Sec. 513. Leave for members of reserve components performing public safety duty.

Subtitle C—Uniform Code of Military Justice

- Sec. 521. References to Uniform Code of Military Justice.
 Sec. 522. Definitions.
 Sec. 523. Article 32 investigations.
 Sec. 524. Refusal to testify before court-martial.
 Sec. 525. Commitment of accused to treatment facility by reason of lack of mental capacity or mental responsibility.
 Sec. 526. Forfeiture of pay and allowances and reduction in grade.
 Sec. 527. Deferment of confinement.
 Sec. 528. Submission of matters to the convening authority for consideration.

- Sec. 529. Proceedings in revision.
 Sec. 530. Appeal by the United States.
 Sec. 531. Flight from apprehension.
 Sec. 532. Carnal knowledge.
 Sec. 533. Time after accession for initial instruction in the Uniform Code of Military Justice.
 Sec. 534. Technical amendment.
 Sec. 535. Permanent authority concerning temporary vacancies on the Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces.
 Sec. 536. Advisory panel on UCMJ jurisdiction over civilians accompanying the Armed Forces in time of armed conflict.

Subtitle D—Decorations and Awards

- Sec. 541. Award of Purple Heart to certain former prisoners of war.
 Sec. 542. Meritorious and valorous service during Vietnam era: review and awards.
 Sec. 543. Military intelligence personnel prevented by secrecy from being considered for decorations and awards.
 Sec. 544. Review regarding awards of Distinguished-Service Cross to Asian-Americans and Pacific Islanders for certain World War II service.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

- Sec. 551. Determination of whereabouts and status of missing persons.
 Sec. 552. Service not creditable for periods of unavailability or incapacity due to misconduct.
 Sec. 553. Separation in cases involving extended confinement.
 Sec. 554. Duration of field training or practice cruise required under the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program.
 Sec. 555. Correction of military records.
 Sec. 556. Limitation on reductions in medical personnel.
 Sec. 557. Repeal of requirement for athletic director and nonappropriated fund account for the athletics programs at the service academies.
 Sec. 558. Prohibition on use of funds for service academy preparatory school test program.
 Sec. 559. Centralized judicial review of Department of Defense personnel actions.
 Sec. 560. Delay in reorganization of Army ROTC regional headquarters structure.

TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

Subtitle A—Pay and Allowances

- Sec. 601. Military pay raise for fiscal year 1996.
 Sec. 602. Election of basic allowance for quarters instead of assignment to inadequate quarters.
 Sec. 603. Payment of basic allowance for quarters to members of the uniformed services in pay grade E-6 who are assigned to sea duty.
 Sec. 604. Limitation on reduction of variable housing allowance for certain members.
 Sec. 605. Clarification of limitation on eligibility for family separation allowance.

Subtitle B—Bonuses and Special and Incentive Pays

- Sec. 611. Extension of certain bonuses for reserve forces.
 Sec. 612. Extension of certain bonuses and special pay for nurse officer candidates, registered nurses, and nurse anesthetists.

- Sec. 613. Extension of authority relating to payment of other bonuses and special pays.
 Sec. 614. Hazardous duty incentive pay for warrant officers and enlisted members serving as air weapons controllers.
 Sec. 615. Aviation career incentive pay.
 Sec. 616. Clarification of authority to provide special pay for nurses.
 Sec. 617. Continuous entitlement to career sea pay for crew members of ships designated as tenders.
 Sec. 618. Increase in maximum rate of special duty assignment pay for enlisted members serving as recruiters.

Subtitle C—Travel and Transportation Allowances

- Sec. 621. Calculation on basis of mileage tables of Secretary of Defense: repeal of requirement.
 Sec. 622. Departure allowances.
 Sec. 623. Dislocation allowance for moves resulting from a base closure or realignment.
 Sec. 624. Transportation of nondependent child from sponsor's station overseas after loss of dependent status while overseas.

Subtitle D—Commissaries and Nonappropriated Fund Instrumentalities

- Sec. 631. Use of commissary stores by members of the Ready Reserve.
 Sec. 632. Use of commissary stores by retired Reserves under age 60 and their survivors.
 Sec. 633. Use of morale, welfare, and recreation facilities by members of reserve components and dependents: clarification of entitlement.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

- Sec. 641. Cost-of-living increases for retired pay.
 Sec. 642. Eligibility for retired pay for nonregular service denied for members receiving certain sentences in courts-martial.
 Sec. 643. Recoupment of administrative expenses in garnishment actions.
 Sec. 644. Automatic maximum coverage under Servicemen's Group Life Insurance.
 Sec. 645. Termination of Servicemen's Group Life Insurance for members of the Ready Reserve who fail to pay premiums.
 Sec. 646. Report on extending to junior non-commissioned officers privileges provided for senior non-commissioned officers.

- Sec. 647. Payment to survivors of deceased members of the uniformed services for all leave accrued.
 Sec. 648. Annuities for certain military surviving spouses.
 Sec. 649. Transitional compensation for dependents of members of the Armed Forces separated for dependent abuse.

TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE

Subtitle A—Health Care Services

- Sec. 701. Medical care for surviving dependents of retired Reserves who die before age 60.
 Sec. 702. Dental insurance for members of the Selected Reserve.
 Sec. 703. Modification of requirements regarding routine physical examinations and immunizations under CHAMPUS.

- Sec. 704. Permanent authority to carry out specialized treatment facility program.
 Sec. 705. Waiver of medicare part B late enrollment penalty and establishment of special enrollment period for certain military retirees and dependents.

Subtitle B—TRICARE Program

- Sec. 711. Definition of TRICARE program and other terms.
 Sec. 712. Provision of TRICARE uniform benefits by uniformed services treatment facilities.
 Sec. 713. Sense of Senate on access of medicare eligible beneficiaries of CHAMPUS to health care under TRICARE.
 Sec. 714. Pilot program of individualized residential mental health services.

Subtitle C—Uniformed Services Treatment Facilities

- Sec. 721. Delay of termination of status of certain facilities as uniformed services treatment facilities.
 Sec. 722. Applicability of Federal Acquisition Regulation to participation agreements with uniformed services treatment facilities.
 Sec. 723. Applicability of CHAMPUS payment rules in certain cases.

Subtitle D—Other Changes to Existing Laws Regarding Health Care Management

- Sec. 731. Investment incentive for managed health care in medical treatment facilities.
 Sec. 732. Revision and codification of limitations on physician payments under CHAMPUS.
 Sec. 733. Personal services contracts for medical treatment facilities of the Coast Guard.
 Sec. 734. Disclosure of information in medicare and medicaid coverage data bank to improve collection from responsible parties for health care services furnished under CHAMPUS.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

- Sec. 741. TriService nursing research.
 Sec. 742. Fisher House trust funds.
 Sec. 743. Applicability of limitation on prices of pharmaceuticals procured for Coast Guard.
 Sec. 744. Report on effect of closure of Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, Colorado, on provision of care to military personnel and dependents experiencing health difficulties associated with Persian Gulf Syndrome.

TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Acquisition Reform

- Sec. 801. Waivers from cancellation of funds.
 Sec. 802. Procurement notice posting thresholds and subcontracts for ocean transportation services.
 Sec. 803. Prompt resolution of audit recommendations.
 Sec. 804. Test program for negotiation of comprehensive subcontracting plans.
 Sec. 805. Naval salvage facilities.
 Sec. 806. Authority to delegate contracting authority.
 Sec. 807. Coordination and communication of defense research activities.
 Sec. 808. Procurement of items for experimental or test purposes.
 Sec. 809. Quality control in procurements of critical aircraft and ship spare parts.

Sec. 810. Use of funds for acquisition of designs, processes, technical data, and computer software.

Sec. 811. Independent cost estimates for major defense acquisition programs.

Sec. 812. Fees for certain testing services.

Sec. 813. Construction, repair, alteration, furnishing, and equipping of naval vessels.

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Sec. 1071. Reports required by title 10, United States Code.

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Sec. 1081. Global positioning system.

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Sec. 1101. Amendments related to Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act.

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Sec. 1103. Amendments to reflect name change of Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

Sec. 1104. Miscellaneous amendments to title 10, United States Code.

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TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

Sec. 1109. Miscellaneous amendments to other laws.

Sec. 1110. Coordination with other amendments.

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 101. ARMY.
Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement for the Army as follows:

- (1) For aircraft, \$1,396,451,000.
- (2) For missiles, \$894,430,000.
- (3) For weapons and tracked combat vehicles, \$1,547,964,000.
- (4) For ammunition, \$1,120,115,000.
- (5) For other procurement, \$2,771,101,000.

SEC. 102. NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

(a) NAVY.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement for the Navy as follows:

- (1) For aircraft, \$4,916,588,000.
- (2) For weapons, including missiles and torpedoes, \$1,771,421,000.
- (3) For shipbuilding and conversion, \$7,111,935,000.
- (4) For other procurement, \$2,471,861,000.

(b) MARINE CORPS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year

1996 for procurement for the Marine Corps in the amount of \$683,416,000.

SEC. 103. AIR FORCE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement for the Air Force as follows:

- (1) For aircraft, \$6,318,586,000.
- (2) For missiles, \$3,597,499,000.
- (3) For other procurement, \$6,546,001,000.

SEC. 104. DEFENSE-WIDE ACTIVITIES.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for Defense-wide procurement in the amount of \$2,118,324,000.

SEC. 105. RESERVE COMPONENTS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement of aircraft, vehicles, communications equipment, and other equipment for the reserve components of the Armed Forces as follows:

- (1) For the Army National Guard, \$209,400,000.
- (2) For the Air National Guard, \$137,000,000.
- (3) For the Army Reserve, \$62,000,000.
- (4) For the Naval Reserve, \$74,000,000.
- (5) For the Air Force Reserve, \$240,000,000.
- (6) For the Marine Corps Reserve, \$55,000,000.

SEC. 106. DEFENSE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement for the Inspector General of the Department of Defense in the amount of \$1,000,000.

SEC. 107. CHEMICAL DEMILITARIZATION PROGRAM.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 the amount of \$671,698,000 for—

- (1) the destruction of lethal chemical weapons and munitions in accordance with section 1412 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521); and
- (2) the destruction of chemical warfare material of the United States that is not covered by section 1412 of such Act.

SEC. 108. DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for the Department of Defense for procurement for carrying out health care programs, projects, and activities of the Department of Defense in the total amount of \$288,033,000.

Subtitle B—Army Programs

SEC. 111. AH-64D LONGBOW APACHE ATTACK HELICOPTER.

The Secretary of the Army may, in accordance with section 2306b of title 10, United States Code, enter into multiyear procurement contracts for procurement of AH-64D Longbow Apache attack helicopters.

SEC. 112. OH-58D AHIP SCOUT HELICOPTER.

The prohibition in section 133(a)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-189; 103 Stat. 1383) does not apply to the obligation of funds in amounts not to exceed \$125,000,000 for the procurement of not more than 20 OH-58D AHIP Scout aircraft from funds appropriated for fiscal year 1996 pursuant to section 101.

SEC. 113. HYDRA 70 ROCKET.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—Funds appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1996 may not be obligated to procure Hydra 70 rockets until the Secretary of the Army submits to Congress a document that contains the certifications described in subsection (b)(1) together with a discussion of the matter described in subsection (b)(2).

(b) **CONTENT OF SUBMISSION.**—(1) A document submitted under subsection (a) satisfies the certification requirements of that subsection if it contains the certifications of the Secretary that—

(A) the specific technical cause of Hydra 70 Rocket failures has been identified;

(B) the technical corrections necessary for eliminating premature detonations of such rockets have been validated;

(C) the total cost of making the necessary corrections on all Hydra 70 rockets that are in the Army inventory or are being procured under any contract in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act does not exceed the amount equal to 15 percent of the non-recurring costs that would be incurred by the Army for acquisition of improved rockets, including commercially developed nondevelopmental systems, to replace the Hydra 70 rockets; and

(D) a nondevelopmental composite rocket system has been fully reviewed for, or has received operational and platform certifications for, full qualification of an alternative composite rocket motor and propellant.

(2) The document shall also contain a discussion of whether the existence of the system referred to in the certification under paragraph (1)(D) will result in—

(A) early and continued availability of training rockets to meet the requirements of the Army for such rockets; and

(B) the attainment of competition in future procurements of training rockets to meet such requirements.

(c) **WAIVER AUTHORITY.**—The Secretary of Defense may waive the requirement in subsection (a) for the Secretary to submit the document described in that subsection before procuring Hydra 70 rockets if the Secretary determines that a delay in procuring the rockets pending compliance with the requirement would result in a significant risk to the national security of the United States. Any such waiver may not take effect until the Secretary submits to Congress a notification of that determination together with the reasons for the determination.

SEC. 114. REPORT ON AH-64D ENGINE UPGRADES.

No later than February 1, 1996, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to Congress a report on plans to procure T700-701C engine upgrade kits for Army AH-64D helicopters. The report shall include—

(1) a plan to provide for the upgrade of all Army AH-64D helicopters with T700-701C engine kits commencing in fiscal year 1996.

(2) detailed timeline and funding requirements for the engine upgrade program described in paragraph (1).

Subtitle C—Navy Programs

SEC. 121. SEAWOLF AND NEW ATTACK SUBMARINE PROGRAMS.

(a) **FUNDING.**—(1) Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 102(a)(3)—

(A) \$1,507,477,000 shall be available for the final Seawolf attack submarine (SSN-23); and

(B) \$814,498,000 shall be available for design and advance procurement in fiscal year 1996 for the lead submarine and the second submarine under the New Attack Submarine program, of which—

(i) \$10,000,000 shall be available only for participation of Newport News Shipbuilding in the New Attack Submarine design; and

(ii) \$100,000,000 shall be available only for advance procurement and design of the second submarine under the New Attack Submarine program.

(2) Of amounts authorized under any provision of law to be appropriated for procurement for the Navy for fiscal year 1997 for shipbuilding and conversion, \$802,000,000 shall be available for design and advance procurement in fiscal year 1997 for the lead submarine and the second submarine under the New Attack Submarine program, of which—

(A) \$75,000,000 shall be available only for participation by Newport News Shipbuilding in the New Attack Submarine design; and

(B) \$427,000,000 shall be available only for advance procurement and design of the second submarine under the New Attack Submarine program.

(3) Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(2), \$455,398,000 shall be available for research, development, test, and evaluation for the New Attack Submarine program.

(b) **COMPETITION REQUIRED.**—Funds referred to in subsection (c) may not be obligated until the Secretary of the Navy certifies in writing to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives that—

(1) the Secretary has restructured the New Attack Submarine program in accordance with this section so as to provide for—

(A) procurement of the lead vessel under the New Attack Submarine program from the Electric Boat Division beginning in fiscal year 1998, if the price offered by Electric Boat Division is determined by the Secretary as being fair and reasonable;

(B) procurement of the second vessel under the New Attack Submarine program from Newport News Shipbuilding beginning in fiscal year 1999, if the price offered by Newport News Shipbuilding is determined by the Secretary as being fair and reasonable; and

(C) procurement of other vessels under the New Attack Submarine program under one or more contracts that are entered into after competition between potential competitors (as defined in subsection (i)) in which the Secretary shall solicit competitive proposals and award the contract or contracts on the basis of price; and

(2) the Secretary has directed, as set forth in detail in such certification, that no action prohibited in subsection (d) will be taken to impair the design, engineering, construction, and maintenance competencies of either Electric Boat Division or Newport News Shipbuilding to construct the New Attack Submarine.

(c) **COVERED FUNDS.**—The funds referred to in subsection (b) are as follows:

(1) Funds available to the Navy for any fiscal year after fiscal year 1995 for procurement of the final Seawolf attack submarine (SSN-23) pursuant to this Act or any Act enacted after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) Funds available to the Navy for any such fiscal year for research, development, test, and evaluation or for procurement (including design and advance procurement) for the New Attack Submarine program pursuant to this Act or any Act enacted after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) **LIMITATION ON CERTAIN ACTIONS.**—In order to ensure that Electric Boat Division and Newport News Shipbuilding retain the technical competencies to construct the New Attack Submarine, the following actions are prohibited:

(1) A termination of or failure to extend, except by reason of a breach of contract by the contractor or an insufficiency of appropriations—

(A) the existing Planning Yard contract for the Trident class submarines; or

(B) the existing Planning Yard contract for the SSN-688 Los Angeles class submarines.

(2) A termination of any existing Lead Design Yard contract for the SSN-21 Seawolf class submarines or for the SSN-688 Los Angeles class submarines, except by reason of a breach of contract by the contractor or an insufficiency of appropriations.

(3) A failure of, or refusal by, the Department of the Navy to permit both Electric Boat Division and Newport News Shipbuilding to have access to sufficient information concerning the design of the New Attack

Submarine to ensure that each is capable of constructing the New Attack Submarine.

(e) LIMITATION ON EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR SEAWOLF PROGRAM.—Of the funds referred to in subsection (c)(1)—

(1) not more than \$700,000,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1996;

(2) not more than an additional \$200,000,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1997;

(3) not more than an additional \$200,000,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1998; and

(4) not more than an additional \$407,477,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1999.

(f) LIMITATION ON EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR NEW ATTACK SUBMARINE PROGRAM.—Funds referred to in subsection (c)(2) that are available for the lead and second vessels under the New Attack Submarine program may not be expended during fiscal year 1996 for the lead vessel under that program (other than for class design) unless funds are obligated or expended during such fiscal year for a contract in support of procurement of the second vessel under the program.

(g) REPORTS REQUIRED.—Not later than November 1, 1995, and every six months thereafter through November 1, 1998, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report setting forth the obligations and expenditures of funds for—

(1) the procurement of the final Seawolf attack submarine (SSN-23); and

(2) research, development, test, and evaluation or for procurement (including design and advance procurement) for the lead and second vessels under the New Attack Submarine program.

(h) REFERENCES TO CONTRACTORS.—For purposes of this section—

(1) the contractor referred to as "Electric Boat Division" is General Dynamics Corporation Electric Boat Division; and

(2) the contractor referred to as "Newport News Shipbuilding" is Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company.

(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term "potential competitor" means any source to which the Secretary of the Navy has awarded, within 10 years before the date of the enactment of this Act, a contract or contracts to construct one or more nuclear attack submarines.

(2) The term "New Attack Submarine" means any submarine planned or programmed by the Navy as a class of submarines the lead ship of which is planned by the Navy, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, for procurement in fiscal year 1998.

SEC. 122. REPEAL OF PROHIBITION ON BACKFIT OF TRIDENT SUBMARINES.

Section 124 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2683) is repealed.

SEC. 123. ARLEIGH BURKE CLASS DESTROYER PROGRAM.

(a) FIRST INCREMENT FUNDING.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 102(a)(3), \$650,000,000 shall be available in accordance with section 7315 of title 10, United States Code (as added by section 124), as the first increment of funding for two Arleigh Burke class destroyers.

(b) FINAL INCREMENT FUNDING.—It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should plan for and request the final increment of funding for the two destroyers for fiscal year 1997 in accordance with section 7315 of title 10, United States Code (as added by section 124).

SEC. 124. SPLIT FUNDING FOR CONSTRUCTION OF NAVAL VESSELS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 633 of title 10, United States Code is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 7315. Planning for funding construction

"(a) PLANNING FOR SPLIT FUNDING.—The Secretary of Defense may provide in the future-years defense program for split funding of construction of new naval vessels satisfying the requirements of subsection (d).

"(b) SPLIT FUNDING REQUESTS.—In the case of construction of a new naval vessel satisfying the requirements of subsection (d), the Secretary of the Navy shall—

"(1) determine the total amount that is necessary for construction of the vessel, including an allowance for future inflation; and

"(2) request funding for construction of the vessel in two substantially equal increments.

"(c) CONTRACT AUTHORIZED UPON FUNDING OF FIRST INCREMENT.—(1) The Secretary of the Navy may enter into a contract for the construction of a new naval vessel upon appropriation of a first increment of funding for construction of the vessel.

"(2) A contract entered into in accordance with paragraph (1) shall include a liquidated damages clause for any termination of the contract for the convenience of the Government that occurs before the remainder of the amount necessary for full funding of the contract is appropriated.

"(d) APPLICABILITY.—This section applies to construction of a naval vessel—

"(1) that is in a class of vessels for which the design is mature and there is sufficient construction experience for the costs of construction to be well understood and predictable; and

"(2) for which—

"(A) provision is made in the future-years defense program; or

"(B) the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, in consultation with the Secretary of the Navy, has otherwise determined that there is a valid military requirement."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 633 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

"7315. Planning for funding construction."

SEC. 125. SEAWOLF SUBMARINE PROGRAM.

(a) LIMITATION OF COSTS.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the total amount obligated or expended for procurement of the SSN-21, SSN-22, and SSN-23 Seawolf class submarines may not exceed \$7,223,659,000.

(b) AUTOMATIC INCREASE OF LIMITATION AMOUNT.—The amount of the limitation set forth in subsection (a) is increased after fiscal year 1995 by the following amounts:

(1) The amounts of outfitting costs and post-delivery costs incurred for the submarines referred to in such subsection.

(2) The amounts of increases in costs attributable to economic inflation after fiscal year 1995.

(3) The amounts of increases in costs attributable to compliance with changes in Federal, State, or local laws enacted after fiscal year 1995.

SEC. 126. CRASH ATTENUATING SEATS ACQUISITION PROGRAM.

(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Navy may establish a program to procure for, and install in, H-53E military transport helicopters commercially developed, energy absorbing, crash attenuating seats that the Secretary determines are consistent with military specifications for seats for such helicopters.

(b) FUNDING.—To the extent provided in appropriations Acts, of the unobligated balance of amounts appropriated for the Legacy Resource Management Program pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 301(5) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2706), not more than

\$10,000,000 shall be available to the Secretary of the Navy, by transfer to the appropriate accounts, for carrying out the program authorized in subsection (a).

Subtitle D—Other Programs

SEC. 131. TIER II PREDATOR UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE PROGRAM.

Funds appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1996 for procurement or for research, development, test, and evaluation may not be obligated or expended for the Tier II Predator unmanned aerial vehicle program.

SEC. 132. PIONEER UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE PROGRAM.

Not more than 1/4 of the amount appropriated pursuant to this Act for the activities and operations of the Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Joint Program Office (UAV-JPO), and none of the unobligated balances of funds appropriated for fiscal years before fiscal year 1996 for the activities and operations of such office, may be obligated until the Secretary of the Navy certifies to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives that the nine Pioneer Unmanned Aerial Vehicle systems have been equipped with the Common Automatic Landing and Recovery System (CARs).

SEC. 133. JOINT PRIMARY AIRCRAFT TRAINING SYSTEM PROGRAM.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 103(l), \$54,968,000 shall be available for the Joint Primary Aircraft Training System program for procurement of up to eight aircraft.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for the use of the Department of Defense for research, development, test, and evaluation as follows:

(1) For the Army, \$4,845,097,000.

(2) For the Navy, \$8,624,230,000.

(3) For the Air Force, \$13,087,389,000.

(4) For Defense-wide activities, \$9,533,148,000, of which—

(A) \$239,341,000 is authorized for the activities of the Director, Test and Evaluation;

(B) \$22,587,000 is authorized for the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation; and

(C) \$475,470,000 is authorized for Other Theater Missile Defense, of which up to \$25,000,000 may be made available for the operation of the Battlefield Integration Center.

SEC. 202. AMOUNT FOR BASIC RESEARCH AND EXPLORATORY DEVELOPMENT.

(a) FISCAL YEAR 1996.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 201, \$4,076,580,000 shall be available for basic research and exploratory development projects.

(b) BASIC RESEARCH AND EXPLORATORY DEVELOPMENT DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term "basic research and exploratory development" means work funded in program elements for defense research and development under Department of Defense category 6.1 or 6.2.

Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

SEC. 211. A/F117X LONG-RANGE, MEDIUM ATTACK AIRCRAFT.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(2) for the Joint Advanced Strike Technology program—

(1) \$25,000,000 shall be available for the conduct, during fiscal year 1996, of a 6-month program definition phase for the A/F117X, an F-117 fighter aircraft modified for use by the Navy as a long-range, medium attack aircraft; and

(2) \$150,000,000 shall be available for engineering and manufacturing development of the A/F117X aircraft, except that none of such amount may be obligated until the Secretary of the Navy, after considering the results of the program definition phase, approves proceeding into engineering and manufacturing development of the A/F117X aircraft.

SEC. 212. NAVY MINE COUNTERMEASURES PROGRAM.

Section 216(a) of the National Defense, Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-190; 105 Stat. 1317) is amended—

(1) by striking out "Director, Defense Research and Engineering" and inserting in lieu thereof "Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Technology"; and

(2) by striking out "fiscal years 1995 through 1999" and inserting in lieu thereof "fiscal years 1997 through 1999".

SEC. 213. MARINE CORPS SHORE FIRE SUPPORT.

Of the amount appropriated pursuant to section 201(2) for the Tomahawk Baseline Improvement Program, not more than 50 percent of that amount may be obligated until the Secretary of the Navy certifies to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives that the Secretary has structured, and planned for full funding of, a program leading to a live-fire test of an Army Extended Range Multiple Launch Rocket from an Army Multiple Launch Rocket Launcher on a Navy ship before October 1, 1997.

SEC. 214. SPACE AND MISSILE TRACKING SYSTEM PROGRAM.

(a) DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT PLAN.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall structure the development schedule for the Space and Missile Tracking System so as to achieve a first launch of a user operation evaluation system (UOES) satellite in fiscal year 2001, and to attain initial operational capability (IOC) of a full constellation of user operation evaluation systems and objective system satellites in fiscal year 2003.

(b) MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT.—In exercising the responsibility for the Space and Missile Tracking System program, the Secretary of the Air Force shall first obtain the concurrence of the Director of the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization before implementing any decision that would have any of the following results regarding the program:

(1) A reduction in funds available for obligation or expenditure for the program for a fiscal year below the amount specifically authorized and appropriated for the program for that fiscal year.

(2) An increase in the total program cost.

(3) A delay in a previously established development or deployment schedule.

(4) A modification in the performance parameters or specifications.

(c) AUTHORIZATION.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(3) for fiscal year 1996, \$249,824,000 shall be available for the Space and Missile Tracking System (SMTS) program.

SEC. 215. PRECISION GUIDED MUNITIONS.

(a) ANALYSIS REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall perform an analysis of the full range of precision guided munitions in production and in research, development, test, and evaluation in order to determine the following:

(1) The numbers and types of precision guided munitions that are needed to provide a complementary capability against each target class.

(2) The feasibility of carrying out joint development and procurement of additional munition types by more than one of the Armed Forces.

(3) The feasibility of integrating a particular precision guided munition on multiple service platforms.

(4) The economy and effectiveness of continuing acquisition of—

(A) interim precision guided munitions; or
(B) precision guided munitions that, as a result of being procured in decreasing numbers to meet decreasing quantity requirements, have increased in cost per unit by more than 50 percent over the cost per unit for such munitions as of December 1, 1991.

(b) REPORT.—(1) Not later than February 1, 1996, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the findings and other results of the analysis.

(2) The report shall include a detailed discussion of the process by which the Department of Defense—

(A) approves the development of new precision guided munitions;

(B) avoids duplication and redundancy in the precision guided munitions programs of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps;

(C) ensures rationality in the relationship between the funding plans for precision guided munitions modernization for fiscal years following fiscal year 1996 and the costs of such modernization for those fiscal years; and

(D) identifies by name and function each person responsible for approving each new precision guided munition for initial low-rate production.

(c) FUNDING LIMITATION.—Funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may not be expended for research, development, test, and evaluation or procurement of interim precision guided munitions until the Secretary of Defense submits the report under subsection (b).

(d) INTERIM PRECISION GUIDED MUNITION DEFINED.—For purposes of paragraph (1), a precision guided munition is an interim precision guided munition if the munition is being procured in fiscal year 1996, but funding is not proposed for additional procurement of the munition in the fiscal years after fiscal year 1996 in the future years defense program submitted to Congress in 1995 under section 221(a) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 216. DEFENSE NUCLEAR AGENCY PROGRAMS.

(a) AGENCY FUNDING.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense in section 201, \$252,900,000 shall be available for the Defense Nuclear Agency.

(b) TUNNEL CHARACTERIZATION AND NEUTRALIZATION PROGRAM.—Of the amount available under subsection (a), \$3,000,000 shall be available for a tunnel characterization and neutralization program to be managed by the Defense Nuclear Agency as part of the counterproliferation activities of the Department of Defense.

(c) LONG-TERM RADIATION TOLERANT MICROELECTRONICS PROGRAM.—(1) Of the amount available under subsection (a), \$6,000,000 shall be available for the establishment of a long-term radiation tolerant microelectronics program to be managed by the Defense Nuclear Agency for the purposes of—

(A) providing for the development of affordable and effective hardening technologies and for incorporation of such technologies into systems;

(B) sustaining the supporting industrial base; and

(C) ensuring that a use of a nuclear weapon in regional threat scenarios does not interrupt or defeat the continued operability of systems of the Armed Forces exposed to the combined effects of radiation emitted by the weapon.

(2) Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on how the long-term radiation tolerant microelectronics program is to be conducted and funded in the fiscal years after fiscal year 1996 that are covered by the future-years defense program submitted to Congress in 1995.

SEC. 217. COUNTERPROLIFERATION SUPPORT PROGRAM.

(a) FUNDING.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense under section 201(4), \$144,500,000 shall be available for the Counterproliferation Support Program, of which—

(1) \$30,000,000 shall be available for a tactical antisatellite technologies program; and

(2) \$6,300,000 shall be available for research and development of technologies for Special Operations Command (SOCOM) counterproliferation activities.

(b) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER AUTHORIZATIONS.—(1) In addition to the transfer authority provided in section 1003, upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this division for fiscal year 1996 to counterproliferation programs, projects, and activities identified as areas for progress by the Counterproliferation Program Review Committee established by section 1605 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred.

(2) The total amount of authorizations that the Secretary may transfer under the authority of this subsection may not exceed \$50,000,000.

(3) The authority provided by this subsection to transfer authorizations—

(A) may only be used to provide authority for items that have a higher priority than the items from which authority is transferred; and

(B) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied authorization by Congress.

(4) A transfer made from one account to another under the authority of this subsection shall be deemed to increase the amount authorized for the account to which the amount is transferred by an amount equal to the amount transferred.

(5) The Secretary of Defense shall promptly notify Congress of transfers made under the authority of this subsection.

SEC. 218. NONLETHAL WEAPONS PROGRAM.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM OFFICE.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish in the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Technology a Program Office for Nonlethal Systems and Technologies to conduct research, development, testing, and evaluation of nonlethal weapons applicable to forces engaged in both traditional and nontraditional military operations.

(b) FUNDING.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(4), \$37,200,000 shall be available for the Program Office for Nonlethal Systems and Technologies.

SEC. 219. FEDERALLY FUNDED RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTERS.

(a) CENTERS COVERED.—Funds appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1996 pursuant to an authorization of appropriations in section 201 may be obligated to procure work from a federally funded research and development center only in the case of a center

named in the report required by subsection (b) and, in the case of such a center, only in an amount not in excess of the amount of the proposed funding level set forth for that center in such report.

(b) **REPORT ON ALLOCATIONS FOR CENTERS.**—(1) Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report containing—

(A) the name of each federally funded research and development center from which work is proposed to be procured for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1996; and

(B) for each such center, the proposed funding level and the estimated personnel level for fiscal year 1996.

(2) The total of the proposed funding levels set forth in the report for all federally funded research and development centers may not exceed the amount set forth in subsection (d).

(c) **LIMITATION PENDING SUBMISSION OF REPORT.**—No funds appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1996 may be obligated to procure work from a federally funded research and development center until the Secretary of Defense submits the report required by subsection (b).

(d) **FUNDING.**—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 201, not more than a total of \$1,162,650,000 may be obligated to procure services from the federally funded research and development centers named in the report required by subsection (b).

(e) **AUTHORITY TO WAIVE FUNDING LIMITATION.**—The Secretary of Defense may waive the limitation regarding the maximum funding amount that applies under subsection (a) to a federally funded research and development center. Whenever the Secretary proposes to make such a waiver, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives notice of the proposed waiver and the reasons for the waiver. The waiver may then be made only after the end of the 60-day period that begins on the date on which the notice is submitted to those committees, unless the Secretary determines that it is essential to the national security that funds be obligated for work at that center in excess of that limitation before the end of such period and notifies the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives of that determination and the reasons for the determination.

(f) **UNDISTRIBUTED REDUCTION.**—The total amount authorized to be appropriated for research, development, test, and evaluation in section 201 is hereby reduced by \$90,000,000.

SEC. 220. STATES ELIGIBLE FOR ASSISTANCE UNDER DEFENSE EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAM TO STIMULATE COMPETITIVE RESEARCH.

Subparagraph (A) of section 257(d)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2705; 10 U.S.C. 2358 note) is amended to read as follows:

“(A) the amount of all Department of Defense obligations for science and engineering research and development that were in effect with institutions of higher education in the State for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the designation is effective or for the last fiscal year for which statistics are available is less than the amount determined by multiplying 60 percent times $\frac{1}{50}$ of the total amount of all Department of Defense obligations for science and engineering research and development that were in effect with institutions of higher education in the

United States for such preceding or last fiscal year, as the case may be (to be determined in consultation with the Secretary of Defense);”.

SEC. 221. NATIONAL DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY AND INDUSTRIAL BASE, DEFENSE REINVESTMENT, AND CONVERSION.

(a) **REPEAL OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES AND REQUIREMENTS.**—Chapter 148 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 2491—

(A) by striking out paragraphs (12), (13), (14), and (15); and

(B) by redesignating paragraph (16) as paragraph (12);

(2) in section 2501—

(A) by striking out subsection (b); and

(B) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b); and

(3) by striking out sections 2512, 2513, 2516, 2520, 2523, and 2524.

(b) **CRITERIA FOR SELECTION OF DEFENSE ADVANCED MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PARTNERSHIPS.**—Subsection (d) of section 2522 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“(d) **SELECTION CRITERIA.**—The criteria for the selection of proposed partnerships for establishment under this section shall be the criteria specified in section 2511(f) of this title.”.

(c) **CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**—(1) Section 2516(b) of such title is amended—

(A) by inserting “and” at the end of paragraph (2);

(B) by striking out “; and” at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(C) by striking out paragraph (4).

(2) Section 2524 of such title is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “and the defense reinvestment, diversification, and conversion program objectives set forth in section 2501(b) of this title”; and

(B) in subsection (f), by striking out “and the reinvestment, diversification, and conversion program objectives set forth in section 2501(b) of this title”.

(d) **CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.**—(1) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter III of chapter 148 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 2512, 2513, 2516, and 2520.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IV of such chapter is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 2523 and 2524.

SEC. 222. REVISIONS OF MANUFACTURING SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.

(a) **PARTICIPATION OF DoD LABORATORIES IN ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.**—Subsection (a) of section 2525 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: “The Secretary shall use the manufacturing science and technology joint planning process of the directors of the Department of Defense laboratories in establishing the program.”.

(b) **PARTICIPATION OF EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS IN PROJECTS.**—Subsection (c) of such section is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after

“(c) EXECUTION.—”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) The Secretary shall seek, to the extent practicable, the participation of manufacturers of manufacturing equipment in the projects under the program.”.

SEC. 223. PREPAREDNESS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO RESPOND TO MILITARY AND CIVIL DEFENSE EMERGENCIES RESULTING FROM A CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, RADIOLOGICAL, OR NUCLEAR ATTACK.

(a) **REPORT.**—Not later than February 28, 1996, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the

Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, shall jointly submit to Congress a report on the plans and programs of the Department of Defense to prepare for and respond to military and civil defense emergencies resulting from a chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear attack on the United States.

(b) **CONTENT OF REPORT.**—The report shall contain the following:

(1) A discussion of—

(A) the consequences of an attack for which the Department of Defense has a responsibility to provide a primary response; and

(B) the plans and programs for preparing for and providing that response.

(2) A discussion of—

(A) the consequences of an attack for which the Department of Defense has a responsibility to provide a supporting response; and

(B) the plans and programs for preparing for and providing that response.

(3) Any actions and recommended legislation that the Secretary considers necessary for improving the preparedness of the Department of Defense to respond effectively to the consequences of a chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear attack on the United States.

SEC. 224. JOINT SEISMIC PROGRAM AND GLOBAL SEISMIC NETWORK.

To the extent provided in appropriations Acts, \$9,500,000 of the unobligated balance of funds available to the Air Force for research, development, test, and evaluation for fiscal year 1995 shall be available for continuation of the Joint Seismic Program and Global Seismic Network.

SEC. 225. DEPRESSED ALTITUDE GUIDED GUN ROUND SYSTEM.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(1), \$5,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for continued development of the depressed altitude guided gun round system.

SEC. 226. ARMY ECHELON ABOVE CORPS COMMUNICATIONS.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(3), \$40,000,000 is hereby transferred to the authorization of appropriations under section 101(5) for procurement of communications equipment for Army echelons above corps.

SEC. 227. TESTING OF THEATER MISSILE DEFENSE INTERCEPTORS.

(a) The Secretary of Defense may not approve a theater missile defense interceptor program proceeding beyond the low-rate initial production acquisition stage until the Secretary certifies to the congressional defense committees that such program has successfully completed initial operational test and evaluation, and is found to be a suitable and effective system.

(b) In order to be certified under subsection (a) as having been successfully completed, the initial operational test and evaluation conducted with respect to an interceptor program must have included flight tests—

(1) that were conducted with multiple interceptors and multiple targets in the presence of realistic countermeasures; and

(2) the results of which demonstrate the achievement by the interceptors of the baseline performance thresholds.

(c) For purposes of this section, the baseline performance thresholds with respect to a program are the weapons systems performance thresholds specified in the baseline description for the system established (pursuant to section 2435(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code) before the program entered the engineering and manufacturing development stage.

(d) The number of flight tests described in subsection (b) that are required in order to

make the certification under subsection (a) shall be a number determined by the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation to be sufficient for the purposes of this section.

(e) The Secretary may augment flight testing to demonstrate weapons system performance goals for purposes of the certification under subsection (a) through the use of modeling and simulation that is validated by ground and flight testing.

(f) The Director of Operational Test and Evaluation and Ballistic Missile Defense Organization shall include in their annual reports to Congress plans to adequately test theater missile defense interceptor programs throughout the acquisition process. As these theater missile defense systems progress through the acquisition process, the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation and Ballistic Missile Defense Organization shall include in their annual reports to Congress an assessment of how these programs satisfy planned test objectives.

Subtitle C—Missile Defense

SEC. 231. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Missile Defense Act of 1995".

SEC. 232. FINDINGS.

Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The threat that is posed to the national security of the United States by the proliferation of ballistic and cruise missiles is significant and growing, both quantitatively and qualitatively.

(2) The deployment of effective Theater Missile Defense systems can deny potential adversaries the option of escalating a conflict by threatening or attacking United States forces, coalition partners of the United States, or allies of the United States with ballistic missiles armed with weapons of mass destruction to offset the operational and technical advantages of the United States and its coalition partners and allies.

(3) The intelligence community of the United States has estimated that (A) the missile proliferation trend is toward longer range and more sophisticated ballistic missiles, (B) North Korea may deploy an intercontinental ballistic missile capable of reaching Alaska or beyond within 5 years, and (C) although a new indigenously developed ballistic missile threat to the continental United States is not forecast within the next 10 years there is a danger that determined countries will acquire intercontinental ballistic missiles in the near future and with little warning by means other than indigenous development.

(4) The deployment by the United States and its allies of effective defenses against ballistic missiles of all ranges, as well as against cruise missiles, can reduce the incentives for countries to acquire such missiles or to augment existing missile capabilities.

(5) The Cold War distinction between strategic ballistic missiles and nonstrategic ballistic missiles and, therefore, the ABM Treaty's distinction between strategic defense and nonstrategic defense, has changed because of technological advancements and should be reviewed.

(6) The concept of mutual assured destruction, which was one of the major philosophical rationales for the ABM Treaty, is now questionable as a basis for stability in a multipolar world in which the United States and the states of the former Soviet Union are seeking to normalize relations and eliminate Cold War attitudes and arrangements.

(7) Theater and national missile defenses can contribute to the maintenance of stability as missile threats proliferate and as the United States and the former Soviet Union significantly reduce the number of strategic nuclear forces in their respective inventories.

(8) Although technology control regimes and other forms of international arms control can contribute to nonproliferation, such measures alone are inadequate for dealing with missile proliferation, and should not be viewed as alternatives to missile defenses and other active and passive defenses.

(9) Due to limitations in the ABM Treaty which preclude deployment of more than 100 ground-based ABM interceptors at a single site, the United States is currently prohibited from deploying a national missile defense system capable of defending the continental United States, Alaska, and Hawaii against even the most limited ballistic missile attacks.

SEC. 233. MISSILE DEFENSE POLICY.

It is the policy of the United States to—

(1) deploy as soon as possible affordable and operationally effective theater missile defenses capable of countering existing and emerging theater ballistic missiles;

(2)(A) develop for deployment a multiple-site national missile defense system that: (i) is affordable and operationally effective against limited, accidental, and unauthorized ballistic missile attacks on the territory of the United States, and (ii) can be augmented over time as the threat changes to provide a layered defense against limited, accidental, or unauthorized ballistic missile threats;

(B) initiate negotiations with the Russian Federation as necessary to provide for the national missile defense systems specified in section 235; and

(C) consider, if those negotiations fail, the option of withdrawing from the ABM Treaty in accordance with the provisions of Article XV of the Treaty, subject to consultations between the President and the Senate;

(3) ensure congressional review, prior to a decision to deploy the system developed for deployment under paragraph (2), of: (A) the affordability and operational effectiveness of such a system; (B) the threat to be countered by such a system; and (C) ABM Treaty considerations with respect to such a system.

(4) improve existing cruise missile defenses and deploy as soon as practical defenses that are affordable and operationally effective against advanced cruise missiles;

(5) pursue a focused research and development program to provide follow-on ballistic missile defense options;

(6) employ streamlined acquisition procedures to lower the cost and accelerate the pace of developing and deploying theater missile defenses, cruise missile defenses, and national missile defenses;

(7) seek a cooperative transition to a regime that does not feature mutual assured destruction and an offense-only form of deterrence as the basis for strategic stability; and

(8) carry out the policies, programs, and requirements of subtitle C of title II of this Act through processes specified within, or consistent with, the ABM Treaty, which anticipates the need and provides the means for amendment to the Treaty.

SEC. 234. THEATER MISSILE DEFENSE ARCHITECTURE.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF CORE PROGRAM.—To implement the policy established in section 233, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a top priority core theater missile defense program consisting of the following systems:

(1) The Patriot PAC-3 system, with a first unit equipped (FUE) in fiscal year 1998.

(2) The Navy Lower Tier (Area) system, with a user operational evaluation system (UOES) capability in fiscal year 1997 and an initial operational capability (IOC) in fiscal year 1999.

(3) The Theater High-Altitude Area Defense (THAAD) system, with a user oper-

ational evaluation system (UOES) capability in fiscal year 1997 and an initial operational capability (IOC) no later than fiscal year 2002.

(4) The Navy Upper Tier (Theater Wide) system, with a user operational evaluation system (UOES) capability in fiscal year 1999 and an initial operational capability (IOC) in fiscal year 2001.

(b) INTEROPERABILITY AND SUPPORT OF CORE SYSTEMS.—To maximize effectiveness and flexibility, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that core theater missile defense systems are interoperable and fully capable of exploiting external sensor and battle management support from systems such as the Navy's Cooperative Engagement Capability (CEC), the Army's Battlefield Integration Center (BIC), air and space-based sensors including, in particular, the Space and Missile Tracking System (SMTS).

(c) TERMINATION OF PROGRAMS.—The Secretary of Defense shall terminate the Boost Phase Interceptor (BPI) program.

(d) FOLLOW-ON SYSTEMS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall develop an affordable development plan for follow-on theater missile defense systems which leverages existing systems, technologies, and programs, and focuses investments to satisfy military requirements not met by the core program.

(2) Before adding new theater missile defense systems to the core program from among the follow-on activities, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report describing—

(A) the requirements for the program and the specific threats to be countered;

(B) how the new program will relate to, support, and leverage off existing core programs;

(C) the planned acquisition strategy; and

(D) a preliminary estimate of total program cost and budgetary impact.

(e) REPORT.—(1) Not later than the date on which the President submits the budget for fiscal year 1997 under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report detailing the Secretary's plans for implementing the guidance specified in this section.

(2) For each deployment date for each system described in subsection (a), the report required by paragraph (1) of this subsection shall include the funding required for research, development, testing, evaluation, and deployment for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 1997 through the end of the fiscal year in which deployment is projected under subsection (a).

SEC. 235. NATIONAL MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—To implement the policy established in section 233, the Secretary of Defense shall develop an affordable and operationally effective national missile defense system to counter a limited, accidental, or unauthorized ballistic missile attack, and which is capable of attaining initial operational capability (IOC) by the end of 2003. Such system shall include the following:

(1) Ground-based interceptors capable of being deployed at multiple sites, the locations and numbers of which are to be determined so as to optimize the defensive coverage of the continental United States, Alaska, and Hawaii against limited, accidental, or unauthorized ballistic missile attacks.

(2) Fixed ground-based radars and space-based sensors, including the Space and Missile Tracking system, the mix, siting and numbers of which are to be determined so as to optimize sensor support and minimize total system cost.

(3) Battle management, command, control, and communications (BM/C3).

(b) INTERIM OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY.—To provide a hedge against the emergence of near-term ballistic missile threats against the United States and to support the development and deployment of the objective system specified in subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall develop an interim national missile defense plan that would give the United States the ability to field a limited operational capability by the end of 1999 if required by the threat. In developing this plan the Secretary shall make use of—

(1) developmental, or user operational evaluation system (UOES) interceptors, radars, and battle management, command, control, and communications (BM/C3), to the extent that such use directly supports, and does not significantly increase the cost of, the objective system specified in subsection (a);

(2) one or more of the sites that will be used as deployment locations for the objective system specified in subsection (a);

(3) upgraded early warning radars; and

(4) space-based sensors.

(c) USE OF STREAMLINED ACQUISITION PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe and use streamlined acquisition procedures to—

(1) reduce the cost and increase the efficiency of developing the national missile defense system specified in subsection (a); and

(2) ensure that any interim national missile defense capabilities developed pursuant to subsection (b) are operationally effective and on a path to fulfill the technical requirements and schedule of the objective system.

(d) ADDITIONAL COST SAVING MEASURES.—In addition to the procedures prescribed pursuant to subsection (c), the Secretary of Defense shall employ cost saving measures that do not decrease the operational effectiveness of the systems specified in subsections (a) and (b), and which do not pose unacceptable technical risk. The cost saving measures should include the following:

(1) The use of existing facilities and infrastructure.

(2) The use, where appropriate, of existing or upgraded systems and technologies, except that Minuteman boosters may not be used as part of a National Missile Defense architecture.

(3) Development of systems and components that do not rely on a large and permanent infrastructure and are easily transported, emplaced, and moved.

(e) REPORT ON PLAN FOR DEPLOYMENT.—Not later than the date on which the President submits the budget for fiscal year 1997 under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the following matters:

(1) The Secretary's plan for carrying out this section.

(2) For each deployment date in subsections (a) and (b), the report shall include the funding required for research, development, testing, evaluation, and deployment for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 1997 through the end of the fiscal year in which deployment is projected under subsection (a) or (b). The report shall also describe the specific threat to be countered and provide the Secretary's assessment as to whether deployment is affordable and operationally effective.

(3) An analysis of options for supplementing or modifying the national missile defense architecture specified in subsection (a) before attaining initial operational capability, or evolving such architecture in a building block manner after attaining initial operational capability, to improve the cost-effectiveness or the operational effectiveness of such system by adding one or a combination of the following:

(A) Additional ground-based interceptors at existing or new sites.

(B) Sea-based missile defense systems.

(C) Space-based kinetic energy interceptors.

(D) Space-based directed energy systems.

SEC. 236. CRUISE MISSILE DEFENSE INITIATIVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall undertake an initiative to coordinate and strengthen the cruise missile defense programs, projects, and activities of the military departments, the Advanced Research Projects Agency and the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization to ensure that the United States develops and deploys affordable and operationally effective defenses against existing and future cruise missile threats.

(b) ACTIONS OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that—

(1) to the extent practicable, the ballistic missile defense and cruise missile defense efforts of the Department of Defense are coordinated and mutually reinforcing;

(2) existing air defense systems are adequately upgraded to provide an affordable and operationally effective defense against existing and near-term cruise missile threats; and

(3) the Department of Defense undertakes a high priority and well coordinated technology development program to support the future deployment of systems that are affordable and operationally effective against advanced cruise missiles, including cruise missiles with low observable features.

(c) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—Not later than the date on which the President submits the budget for fiscal year 1997 under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a detailed plan, in unclassified and classified forms, as necessary, for carrying out this section. The plan shall include an assessment of—

(1) the systems that currently have cruise missile defense capabilities, and existing programs to improve these capabilities;

(2) the technologies that could be deployed in the near- to mid-term to provide significant advances over existing cruise missile defense capabilities, and the investments that would be required to ready the technologies for deployment;

(3) the cost and operational tradeoffs, if any, between upgrading existing air and missile defense systems and accelerating follow-on systems with significantly improved capabilities against advanced cruise missiles; and

(4) the organizational and management changes that would strengthen and further coordinate the cruise missile defense efforts of the Department of Defense, including the disadvantages, if any, of implementing such changes.

SEC. 237. POLICY REGARDING THE ABM TREATY.

(a) Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Article XIII of the ABM Treaty envisions "possible changes in the strategic situation which have a bearing on the provisions of this treaty".

(2) Articles XIII and XIV of the ABM Treaty establish means for the Parties to amend the Treaty, and the Parties have employed these means to amend the Treaty.

(3) Article XV of the ABM Treaty establishes the means for a party to withdraw from the Treaty, upon 6 months notice, "if it decides that extraordinary events related to the subject matter of this treaty have jeopardized its supreme interests".

(4) The policies, programs, and requirements of subtitle C of title II of this Act can be accomplished through processes specified within, or consistent with, the ABM Treaty,

which anticipates the need and provides the means for amendment to the Treaty.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—In light of the findings and policies provided in this subtitle, it is the sense of Congress that—

(1) Given the fundamental responsibility of the Government of the United States to protect the security of the United States, the increasingly serious threat posed to the United States by the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missile technology, and the effect this threat could have on the options of the United States to act in a time of crisis—

(A) it is in the vital national security interest of the United States to defend itself from the threat of a limited, accidental, or unauthorized ballistic missile attack, whatever its source; and

(B) the deployment of a national missile defense system, in accord with section 233, to protect the territory of the United States against a limited, accidental, or unauthorized missile attack can strengthen strategic stability and deterrence; and

(2)(A) the Senate should undertake a comprehensive review of the continuing value and validity of the ABM Treaty with the intent of providing additional policy guidance on the future of the ABM Treaty during the second session of the One Hundred Fourth Congress; and

(B) upon completion of the review, the Committee on Foreign Relations, in consultation with the Committee on Armed Services and other appropriate committees, should report its findings to the Senate.

SEC. 238. PROHIBITION ON FUNDS TO IMPLEMENT AN INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT CONCERNING THEATER MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEMS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Section 234 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 provides that the ABM Treaty does not apply to or limit research, development, testing, or deployment of missile defense systems, system upgrades, or system components that are designed to counter modern theater ballistic missiles, regardless of the capabilities of such missiles, unless those systems, system upgrades, or system components are tested against or have demonstrated capabilities to counter modern strategic ballistic missiles.

(2) Section 232 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 provides that the United States shall not be bound by any international agreement that would substantially modify the ABM Treaty unless the agreement is entered into pursuant to the treaty making power of the President under the Constitution.

(3) the demarcation standard described in subsection (b)(1) is based upon current technology.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) unless a missile defense system, system upgrade, or system component, including one that exploits data from space-based or other external sensors, is flight tested against a ballistic missile target that exceeds a range of 3,500 kilometers or a velocity of 5 kilometers per second, such missile defense system, system upgrade, or system component has not been tested in an ABM mode nor deemed to have been given capabilities to counter strategic ballistic missiles, and

(2) any international agreement that would limit the research, development, testing, or deployment of missile defense systems, system upgrades, or system components that are designed to counter modern theater ballistic missiles in a manner that would be

more restrictive than the criteria in paragraph (1) should be entered into only pursuant to the treaty making powers of the President under the Constitution.

(c) PROHIBITION ON FUNDING.—Funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1996 may not be obligated or expended to implement an agreement with any of the independent states of the former Soviet Union entered into after January 1, 1995 that would establish a demarcation between theater missile defense systems and anti-ballistic missile systems for purposes of the ABM Treaty or that would restrict the performance, operation, or deployment of United States theater missile defense systems except: (1) to the extent provided in an Act enacted subsequent to this Act; (2) to implement that portion of any such agreement that implements the criteria in subsection (b)(1); or (3) to implement any such agreement that is entered into pursuant to the treaty making power of the President under the Constitution.

SEC. 239. BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAM ELEMENTS.

(a) ELEMENTS SPECIFIED.—In the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Defense budget for any fiscal year after fiscal year 1996 (as submitted in the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code), the amount requested for activities of the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization shall be set forth in accordance with the following program elements:

- (1) The Patriot system.
- (2) The Navy Lower Tier (Area) system.
- (3) The Theater High-Altitude Area Defense (THAAD) system.
- (4) The Navy Upper Tier (Theater Wide) system.
- (5) Other Theater Missile Defense Activities.
- (6) National Missile Defense.
- (7) Follow-On and Support Technologies.

(b) TREATMENT OF NON-CORE TMD IN OTHER THEATER MISSILE DEFENSE ACTIVITIES ELEMENT.—Funding for theater missile defense programs, projects, and activities, other than core theater missile defense programs, shall be covered in the "Other Theater Missile Defense Activities" program element.

(c) TREATMENT OF CORE THEATER MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAMS.—Funding for core theater missile defense programs specified in section 234, shall be covered in individual, dedicated program elements and shall be available only for activities covered by those program elements.

(d) BM/C3I PROGRAMS.—Funding for programs, projects, and activities involving battle management, command, control, communications, and intelligence (BM/C3I) shall be covered in the "Other Theater Missile Defense Activities" program element or the "National Missile Defense" program element, as determined on the basis of the primary objectives involved.

(e) MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT.—Each program element shall include requests for the amounts necessary for the management and support of the programs, projects, and activities contained in that program element.

SEC. 240. ABM TREATY DEFINED.

For purposes of this subtitle, the term "ABM Treaty" means the Treaty Between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Limitation of Anti-Ballistic Missiles, signed at Moscow on May 26, 1972, and includes the Protocols to that Treaty, signed at Moscow on July 3, 1974.

SEC. 241. REPEAL OF MISSILE DEFENSE PROVISIONS.

The following provisions of law are repealed:

(1) The Missile Defense Act of 1991 (part C of title II of Public Law 102-190; 10 U.S.C. 2431 note).

(2) Section 237 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160).

(3) Section 242 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160).

(4) Section 222 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99-145; 99 Stat. 613; 10 U.S.C. 2431 note).

(5) Section 225 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99-145; 99 Stat. 614).

(6) Section 226 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (Public Law 100-180; 101 Stat. 1057; 10 U.S.C. 2431 note).

(7) Section 8123 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100-463; 102 Stat. 2270-40).

(8) Section 8133 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1992 (Public Law 102-172; 105 Stat. 1211).

(9) Section 234 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1595; 10 U.S.C. 2431 note).

(10) Section 235 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2701; 10 U.S.C. 221 note).

SEC. 242. SENSE OF SENATE ON THE DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) The Office of the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation of the Department of Defense was created by Congress to provide an independent validation and verification on the suitability and effectiveness of new weapons, and to ensure that the United States military departments acquire weapons that are proven in an operational environment before they are produced and used in combat.

(2) The office is currently making significant contributions to the process by which the Department of Defense acquires new weapons by providing vital insights on operational weapons tests to be used in this acquisition process.

(3) The office provides vital services to Congress in providing an independent certification on the performance of new weapons that have been operationally tested.

(4) A provision of H.R.1530, an Act entitled "An Act to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1996 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes", agreed to by the House of Representatives on June 15, 1995, contains a provision that could substantially diminish the authority and responsibilities of the office and perhaps cause the elimination of the office and its functions.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) the authority and responsibilities of the Office of the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation of the Department of Defense should not be diminished or eliminated; and

(2) the conferees on H.R.1530, an Act entitled "An Act to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1996 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes" should not propose to Congress a conference report on that Act that would either dimin-

ish or eliminate the Office of the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation or its functions.

SEC. 243. BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY CENTER.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director of the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization shall establish a Ballistic Missile Defense Technology Center within the Space and Strategic Defense Command of the Army.

(b) MISSION.—The missions of the Center are as follows:

(1) To maximize common application of ballistic missile defense component technology programs, target test programs, functional analysis and phenomenology investigations.

(2) To store data from the missile defense technology programs of the Armed Forces using computer facilities of the Missile Defense Data Center.

(c) TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM COORDINATION WITH CENTER.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization, shall require the head of each element or activity of the Department of Defense beginning a new missile defense program referred to in subsection (b)(1) to first coordinate the program with the Ballistic Missile Defense Technology Center in order to prevent duplication of effort.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE FUNDING.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for operation and maintenance, in amounts as follows:

- (1) For the Army, \$18,073,206,000.
- (2) For the Navy, \$21,343,960,000.
- (3) For the Marine Corps, \$2,405,711,000.
- (4) For the Air Force, \$18,224,893,000.
- (5) For Defense-wide activities, \$10,021,162,000.
- (6) For the Army Reserve, \$1,062,591,000.
- (7) For the Naval Reserve, \$840,842,000.
- (8) For the Marine Corps Reserve, \$90,283,000.
- (9) For the Air Force Reserve, \$1,482,947,000.
- (10) For the Army National Guard, \$2,304,108,000.
- (11) For the Air National Guard, \$2,734,221,000.
- (12) For the Defense Inspector General, \$138,226,000.
- (13) For the United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces, \$6,521,000.
- (14) For Environmental Restoration, Defense, \$1,601,800,000.
- (15) For Drug Interdiction and Counterdrug Activities, Defense-wide, \$680,432,000.
- (16) For Medical Programs, Defense, \$9,943,825,000.
- (17) For support for the 1996 Summer Olympics, \$15,000,000.
- (18) For Cooperative Threat Reduction programs, \$365,000,000.
- (19) For Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Aid programs, \$60,000,000.

The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301(5) is hereby reduced by \$40,000,000.

SEC. 302. WORKING CAPITAL FUNDS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for providing capital for working capital and revolving funds in amounts as follows:

- (1) For the Defense Business Operations Fund, \$878,700,000.

(2) For the National Defense Sealift Fund, \$1,084,220,000.

SEC. 303. ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT HOME.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS TO TRUST FUND.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund the sum of \$45,000,000, to remain available until expended.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FROM TRUST FUND.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 from the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund the sum of \$59,120,000 for the operation of the Armed Forces Retirement Home, including the United States Soldiers' and Airmen's Home and the Naval Home.

SEC. 304. TRANSFER FROM NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND.

(a) TRANSFER AUTHORITY.—To the extent provided in appropriations Acts, not more than \$150,000,000 is authorized to be transferred from the National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund to operation and maintenance accounts for fiscal year 1996 in amounts as follows:

(1) For the Army, \$50,000,000.

(2) For the Navy, \$50,000,000.

(3) For the Air Force, \$50,000,000.

(b) TREATMENT OF TRANSFERS.—Amounts transferred under this section—

(1) shall be merged with, and be available for the same purposes and the same period as, the amounts in the accounts to which transferred; and

(2) may not be expended for an item that has been denied authorization of appropriations by Congress.

(c) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER TRANSFER AUTHORITY.—The transfer authority provided in this section is in addition to the transfer authority provided in section 1001.

SEC. 305. INCREASE IN FUNDING FOR THE CIVIL AIR PATROL.

(a) INCREASE.—(1) The amount of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for operation and maintenance of the Air Force for the Civil Air Patrol Corporation is hereby increased by \$5,000,000.

(2) The amount authorized to be appropriated for operation and maintenance for the Civil Air Patrol Corporation under paragraph (1) is in addition to any other funds authorized to be appropriated under this Act for that purpose.

(b) OFFSETTING REDUCTION.—The amount authorized to be appropriated under this Act for Air Force support of the Civil Air Patrol is hereby reduced by \$2,900,000. The amount of the reduction shall be allocated among funds authorized to be appropriated for Air Force personnel supporting the Civil Air Patrol and for Air Force operation and maintenance support for the Civil Air Patrol.

Subtitle B—Depot-Level Maintenance and Repair

SEC. 311. POLICY REGARDING PERFORMANCE OF DEPOT-LEVEL MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR POLICY.—Not later than March 31, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall develop and report to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a comprehensive policy on the performance of depot-level maintenance and repair for the Department of Defense.

(b) PRIMARY OBJECTIVE OF POLICY.—In developing the policy, it shall be the primary objective of the Secretary to ensure a ready and controlled source of technical competence and repair and maintenance capabilities necessary for national security across a full range of current and projected training and operational requirements, in-

cluding requirements in peacetime, contingency operations, mobilization, and other emergencies.

(c) CONTENT OF POLICY.—The policy shall—

(1) define, in terms of the requirements of the Department of Defense for performance of maintenance and repair, the purpose for having public depots for performing those functions;

(2) provide for performance of core depot-level maintenance and repair capabilities in facilities owned and operated by the United States;

(3) provide for the core capabilities to include sufficient skilled personnel, equipment, and facilities to achieve the objective set forth in subsection (b);

(4) address environmental liability;

(5) in the case of depot-level maintenance and repair workloads in excess of the workload required to be performed by Department of Defense depots, provide for competition for those workloads between public and private entities when there is sufficient potential for realizing cost savings based on adequate private sector competition and technical capabilities;

(6) provide for selection on the basis of merit whenever the workload of a Department of Defense depot is changed;

(7) provide transition provisions appropriate for persons in the Department of Defense depot-level workforce; and

(8) address issues concerning exchange of technical data between the Federal Government and the private sector, environmental liability, efficient and effective performance of depot functions, and adverse effects of the policy on the Federal Government workforce.

(d) CONSIDERATION.—In developing the policy, the Secretary shall take into consideration the capabilities of the public depots and the capabilities of businesses in the private sector to perform the maintenance and repair work required by the Department of Defense.

(e) REPEAL OF 60/40 REQUIREMENT AND REQUIREMENT RELATING TO COMPETITION.—(1) Sections 2466 and 2469 of title 10, United States Code, are repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 146 of such title is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 2466 and 2469.

(3) The amendments made by paragraphs (1) and (2) shall take effect on the date (after the date of the enactment of this Act) on which legislation is enacted that contains a provision that specifically states one of the following:

(A) "The policy on the performance of depot-level maintenance and repair for the Department of Defense that was submitted by the Secretary of Defense to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives pursuant to section 311 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 is approved."; or

(B) "The policy on the performance of depot-level maintenance and repair for the Department of Defense that was submitted by the Secretary of Defense to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives pursuant to section 311 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 is approved with the following modifications:" (with the modifications being stated in matter appearing after the colon).

(f) REVIEW BY THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE.—(1) The Secretary shall make available to the Comptroller General of the United States all information used by the Department in developing the policy under subsections (a) through (d) of this section.

(2) Not later than 45 days after the Secretary submits to Congress the report required by subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall transmit to Congress a report containing a detailed analysis of the Secretary's proposed policy as reported under subsection (a).

SEC. 312. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR AVIATION DEPOTS AND NAVAL SHIPYARDS TO ENGAGE IN DEFENSE-RELATED PRODUCTION AND SERVICES.

Section 1425(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (Public Law 101-510; 104 Stat. 1684), as amended by section 370(b) of Public Law 103-160 (107 Stat. 1634) and section 386(b) of Public Law 103-337 (108 Stat. 2742), is further amended by striking out "September 30, 1995" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1996".

Subtitle C—Environmental Provisions

SEC. 321. REVISION OF REQUIREMENTS FOR AGREEMENTS FOR SERVICES UNDER ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROGRAM.

(a) REQUIREMENTS.—(1) Section 2701(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(d) SERVICES OF OTHER AGENCIES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary may enter into agreements on a reimbursable or other basis with any other Federal agency, or with any State or local government agency, to obtain the services of the agency to assist the Secretary in carrying out any of the Secretary's responsibilities under this section. Services which may be obtained under this subsection include the identification, investigation, and cleanup of any off-site contamination resulting from the release of a hazardous substance or waste at a facility under the Secretary's jurisdiction.

"(2) LIMITATION ON REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENTS.—An agreement with an agency under paragraph (1) may provide for reimbursement of the agency only for technical or scientific services obtained from the agency."

(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the total amount of funds available for reimbursements under agreements entered into under section 2710(d) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by paragraph (1), in fiscal year 1996 may not exceed \$5,000,000.

(B) The Secretary of Defense may pay in fiscal year 1996 an amount for reimbursements under agreements referred to in subparagraph (A) in excess of the amount specified in that subparagraph for that fiscal year if—

(i) the Secretary certifies to Congress that the payment of the amount under this subparagraph is essential for the management of the Defense Environmental Restoration Program under chapter 160 of title 10, United States Code; and

(ii) a period of 60 days has expired after the date on which the certification is received by Congress.

(b) REPORT ON SERVICES OBTAINED.—The Secretary of Defense shall include in the report submitted to Congress with respect to fiscal year 1998 under section 2706(a) of title 10, United States Code, information on the services, if any, obtained by the Secretary during fiscal year 1996 pursuant to each agreement on a reimbursable basis entered into with a State or local government agency under section 2701(d) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a). The information shall include a description of the services obtained under each agreement and the amount of the reimbursement provided for the services.

SEC. 322. DISCHARGES FROM VESSELS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are to—

(1) enhance the operational flexibility of vessels of the Armed Forces domestically and internationally;

(2) stimulate the development of innovative vessel pollution control technology; and

(3) advance the development by the United States Navy of environmentally sound ships.

(b) UNIFORM NATIONAL DISCHARGE STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT.—Section 312 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1322) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(n) UNIFORM NATIONAL DISCHARGE STANDARDS FOR VESSELS OF THE ARMED FORCES.—

“(1) APPLICABILITY.—This subsection shall apply to vessels of the Armed Forces and discharges, other than sewage, incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces, unless the Secretary of Defense finds that compliance with this subsection would not be in the national security interests of the United States.

“(2) DETERMINATION OF DISCHARGES REQUIRED TO BE CONTROLLED BY MARINE POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator and the Secretary of Defense, after consultation with the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, the Secretary of Commerce, and interested States, shall jointly determine the discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces for which it is reasonable and practicable to require use of a marine pollution control device to mitigate adverse impacts on the marine environment. Notwithstanding subsection (a)(1) of section 553 of title 5, United States Code, the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall promulgate the determinations in accordance with the section.

“(B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In making a determination under subparagraph (A), the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall take into consideration—

“(i) the nature of the discharge;

“(ii) the environmental effects of the discharge;

“(iii) the practicability of using the marine pollution control device;

“(iv) the effect that installation or use of the marine pollution control device would have on the operation or operational capability of the vessel;

“(v) applicable United States law;

“(vi) applicable international standards; and

“(vii) the economic costs of the installation and use of the marine pollution control device.

“(3) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR MARINE POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—For each discharge for which a marine pollution control device is determined to be required under paragraph (2), the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Commerce, other interested Federal agencies, and interested States, shall jointly promulgate Federal standards of performance for each marine pollution control device required with respect to the discharge. Notwithstanding subsection (a)(1) of section 553 of title 5, United States Code, the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall promulgate the standards in accordance with the section.

“(B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In promulgating standards under this paragraph, the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall take into consideration the matters set forth in paragraph (2)(B).

“(C) CLASSES, TYPES, AND SIZES OF VESSELS.—The standards promulgated under this paragraph may—

“(i) distinguish among classes, types, and sizes of vessels;

“(ii) distinguish between new and existing vessels; and

“(iii) provide for a waiver of the applicability of the standards as necessary or appropriate to a particular class, type, age, or size of vessel.

“(4) REGULATIONS FOR USE OF MARINE POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES.—The Secretary of Defense, after consultation with the Administrator and the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, shall promulgate such regulations governing the design, construction, installation, and use of marine pollution control devices on board vessels of the Armed Forces as are necessary to achieve the standards promulgated under paragraph (3).

“(5) DEADLINES; EFFECTIVE DATE.—

“(A) DETERMINATIONS.—The Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall—

“(i) make the initial determinations under paragraph (2) not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this subsection; and

“(ii) every 5 years—

“(I) review the determinations; and

“(II) if necessary, revise the determinations based on significant new information.

“(B) STANDARDS.—The Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall—

“(i) promulgate standards of performance for a marine pollution control device under paragraph (3) not later than 2 years after the date of a determination under paragraph (2) that the marine pollution control device is required; and

“(ii) every 5 years—

“(I) review the standards; and

“(II) if necessary, revise the standards, consistent with paragraph (3)(B) and based on significant new information.

“(C) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall promulgate regulations with respect to a marine pollution control device under paragraph (4) as soon as practicable after the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense promulgate standards with respect to the device under paragraph (3), but not later than 1 year after the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense promulgate the standards. The regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Defense under paragraph (4) shall become effective upon promulgation unless another effective date is specified in the regulations.

“(D) PETITION FOR REVIEW.—The Governor of any State may submit a petition requesting that the Secretary of Defense and the Administrator review a determination under paragraph (2) or a standard under paragraph (3), if there is significant new information, not considered previously, that could reasonably result in a change to the particular determination or standard after consideration of the matters set forth in paragraph (2)(B). The petition shall be accompanied by the scientific and technical information on which the petition is based. The Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall grant or deny the petition not later than 2 years after the date of receipt of the petition.

“(6) EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.—

“(A) PROHIBITION ON REGULATION BY STATES OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS OF STATES.—Beginning on the effective date of—

“(i) a determination under paragraph (2) that it is not reasonable and practicable to require use of a marine pollution control device regarding a particular discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces; or

“(ii) regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Defense under paragraph (4);

except as provided in paragraph (7), neither a State nor a political subdivision of a State may adopt or enforce any statute or regula-

tion of the State or political subdivision with respect to the discharge or the design, construction, installation, or use of any marine pollution control device required to control the discharge.

“(B) FEDERAL LAWS.—This subsection shall not affect the application of section 311 to discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel.

“(7) ESTABLISHMENT OF STATE NO-DISCHARGE ZONES.—

“(A) STATE PROHIBITION.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—After the effective date of—

“(I) a determination under paragraph (2) that it is not reasonable and practicable to require use of a marine pollution control device regarding a particular discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces; or

“(II) regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Defense under paragraph (4); if a State determines that the protection and enhancement of the quality of some or all of the waters within the State require greater environmental protection, the State may prohibit 1 or more discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel, whether treated or not treated, into the waters. No prohibition shall apply until the Administrator makes the determinations described in subclauses (II) and (III) of subparagraph (B)(i).

“(ii) DOCUMENTATION.—To the extent that a prohibition under this paragraph would apply to vessels of the Armed Forces and not to other types of vessels, the State shall document the technical or environmental basis for the distinction.

“(B) PROHIBITION BY THE ADMINISTRATOR.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Upon application of a State, the Administrator shall by regulation prohibit the discharge from a vessel of 1 or more discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel, whether treated or not treated, into the waters covered by the application if the Administrator determines that—

“(I) the protection and enhancement of the quality of the specified waters within the State require a prohibition of the discharge into the waters;

“(II) adequate facilities for the safe and sanitary removal of the discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel are reasonably available for the waters to which the prohibition would apply; and

“(III) the prohibition will not have the effect of discriminating against a vessel of the Armed Forces by reason of the ownership or operation by the Federal Government, or the military function, of the vessel.

“(ii) APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL.—The Administrator shall approve or disapprove an application submitted under clause (i) not later than 90 days after the date on which the application is submitted to the Administrator. Notwithstanding clause (i)(II), the Administrator shall not disapprove an application for the sole reason that there are not adequate facilities to remove any discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel from vessels of the Armed Forces.

“(C) APPLICABILITY TO FOREIGN FLAGGED VESSELS.—A prohibition under this paragraph—

“(i) shall not impose any design, construction, manning, or equipment standard on a foreign flagged vessel engaged in innocent passage unless the prohibition implements a generally accepted international rule or standard; and

“(ii) that relates to the prevention, reduction, and control of pollution shall not apply to a foreign flagged vessel engaged in transit passage unless the prohibition implements

an applicable international regulation regarding the discharge of oil, oily waste, or any other noxious substance into the waters.

“(8) PROHIBITION RELATING TO VESSELS OF THE ARMED FORCES.—After the effective date of the regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Defense under paragraph (4), it shall be unlawful for any vessel of the Armed Forces subject to the regulations to—

“(A) operate in the navigable waters of the United States or the waters of the contiguous zone, if the vessel is not equipped with any required marine pollution control device meeting standards established under this subsection; or

“(B) discharge overboard any discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel in waters with respect to which a prohibition on the discharge has been established under paragraph (7).

“(9) ENFORCEMENT.—This subsection shall be enforceable, as provided in subsections (j) and (k), against any agency of the United States responsible for vessels of the Armed Forces notwithstanding any immunity asserted by the agency.”.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—Section 312(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1322(a)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (8)—

(i) by striking “or”; and

(ii) by inserting “or agency of the United States” after “association.”;

(B) in paragraph (11), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(12) ‘discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel’—

“(A) means a discharge, including—

“(i) graywater, bilge water, cooling water, weather deck runoff, ballast water, oil water separator effluent, and any other pollutant discharge from the operation of a marine propulsion system, shipboard maneuvering system, crew habitability system, or installed major equipment, such as an aircraft carrier elevator or a catapult, or from a protective, preservative, or absorptive application to the hull of the vessel; and

“(ii) a discharge in connection with the testing, maintenance, and repair of a system described in clause (i) whenever the vessel is waterborne; and

“(B) does not include—

“(i) a discharge of rubbish, trash, garbage, or other such material discharged overboard;

“(ii) an air emission resulting from the operation of a vessel propulsion system, motor driven equipment, or incinerator; or

“(iii) a discharge that is not covered by part 122.3 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of subsection (n));

“(13) ‘marine pollution control device’ means any equipment or management practice, for installation or use on board a vessel of the Armed Forces, that is—

“(A) designed to receive, retain, treat, control, or discharge a discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel; and

“(B) determined by the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense to be the most effective equipment or management practice to reduce the environmental impacts of the discharge consistent with the considerations set forth in subsection (n)(2)(B); and

“(14) ‘vessel of the Armed Forces’ means—

“(A) any vessel owned or operated by the Department of Defense, other than a time or voyage chartered vessel; and

“(B) any vessel owned or operated by the Department of Transportation that is designated by the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating as a vessel equivalent to a vessel described in subparagraph (A).”.

(2) ENFORCEMENT.—The first sentence of section 312(j) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1322(j)) is amended—

(A) by striking “of this section or” and inserting a comma; and

(B) by striking “of this section shall” and inserting “, or subsection (n)(8) shall”.

(3) OTHER DEFINITIONS.—Subparagraph (A) of the second sentence of section 502(6) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1362(6)) is amended by striking “‘sewage from vessels’” and inserting “sewage from vessels or a discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces”.

(d) COOPERATION IN STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of Defense may, by mutual agreement, with or without reimbursement, provide for the use of information, reports, personnel, or other resources of the Environmental Protection Agency or the Department of Defense to carry out section 312(n) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (as added by subsection (b)), including the use of the resources to—

(1) determine—

(A) the nature and environmental effect of discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces;

(B) the practicability of using marine pollution control devices on vessels of the Armed Forces; and

(C) the effect that installation or use of marine pollution control devices on vessels of the Armed Forces would have on the operation or operational capability of the vessels; and

(2) establish performance standards for marine pollution control devices on vessels of the Armed Forces.

SEC. 323. REVISION OF AUTHORITIES RELATING TO RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARDS.

(a) REGULATIONS.—Paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of section 2705 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(2)(A) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations regarding the establishment of restoration advisory boards pursuant to this subsection.

“(B) The regulations shall set forth the following matters:

“(i) The functions of the boards.

“(ii) Funding for the boards.

“(iii) Accountability of the boards for expenditures of funds.

“(iv) The routine administrative expenses that may be paid pursuant to paragraph (3).

“(C) The issuance of regulations under subparagraph (A) shall not be a precondition to the establishment of restoration advisory boards under this subsection.”.

(b) FUNDING FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—Paragraph (3) of such subsection is amended to read as follows:

“(3) The Secretary may authorize the commander of an installation to pay routine administrative expenses of a restoration advisory board established for that installation. Such payments shall be made from funds available under subsection (g).”.

(c) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Such section is further amended by striking out subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subsection (e):

“(e) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—(1) The Secretary may authorize the commander of an installation, upon the request of the technical review committee or restoration advisory board for the installation, to obtain for the committee or advisory board, as the case may be, from private sector sources technical assistance for interpreting scientific and engineering issues with regard to the nature of environmental hazards at the installation and the restoration activities pro-

posed for or conducted at the installation. The commander of an installation shall use funds made available under subsection (g) for obtaining assistance under this paragraph.

“(2) The commander of an installation may obtain technical assistance under paragraph (1) for a technical review committee or restoration advisory board only if—

“(A) the technical review committee or restoration advisory board demonstrates that the Federal, State, and local agencies responsible for overseeing environmental restoration at the installation, and available Department of Defense personnel, do not have the technical expertise necessary for achieving the objective for which the technical assistance is to be obtained;

“(B) the technical assistance is likely to contribute to the efficiency, effectiveness, or timeliness of environmental restoration activities at the installation; and

“(C) the technical assistance is likely to contribute to community acceptance of environmental restoration activities at the installation.”.

(d) FUNDING.—(1) Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(g) FUNDING.—The Secretary shall, to the extent provided in appropriations Acts, make funds available under subsections (d)(3) and (e)(1) using funds in the following accounts:

“(1) In the case of a military installation not approved for closure pursuant to a base closure law, the Defense Environmental Restoration Account established under section 2703(a) of this title.

“(2) In the case of an installation approved for closure pursuant to such a law, the Department of Defense Base Closure Account 1990 established under section 2906(a) of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).”.

(2)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), the total amount of funds made available under section 2705(g) of title 10, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1), for fiscal year 1996 may not exceed \$4,000,000.

(B) Amounts may not be made available under subsection (g) of such section 2705 after March 1, 1996, unless the Secretary of Defense prescribes the regulations required under subsection (d) of such section, as amended by subsection (a).

(e) DEFINITION.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term ‘base closure law’ means the following:

“(1) Title II of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act (Public Law 100-526; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).

“(2) The Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).

“(3) Section 2687 of this title.”.

(f) REPORTS ON ACTIVITIES OF TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEES AND RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARDS.—Section 2706(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(J) A statement of the activities, if any, of the technical review committee or restoration advisory board established for the installation under section 2705 of this title during the preceding fiscal year.”.

Subtitle D—Civilian Employees

SEC. 331. MINIMUM NUMBER OF MILITARY RESERVE TECHNICIANS.

For each of fiscal years 1996 and 1997, the minimum number of personnel employed as military reserve technicians (as defined in section 8401(30) of title 5, United States Code) for reserve components as of the last day of such fiscal year shall be as follows:

(1) For the Army National Guard, 25,750.

- (2) For the Army Reserve, 7,000.
 (3) For the Air National Guard, 23,250.
 (4) For the Air Force Reserve, 10,000.

SEC. 332. EXEMPTION OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FROM PERSONNEL CEILINGS FOR CIVILIAN PERSONNEL.

Section 129 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking out “man-year constraint or limitation” and inserting in lieu thereof “constraint or limitation in terms of man years, end strength, full-time equivalent (FTE) employees, or maximum number of employees”; and

(2) in subsection (b)(2), by striking out “any end-strength” and inserting in lieu thereof “any constraint or limitation in terms of man years, end strength, full-time equivalent (FTE) employees, or maximum number of employees”.

SEC. 333. WEARING OF UNIFORM BY NATIONAL GUARD TECHNICIANS.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Section 709(b) of title 32, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(b) Except as prescribed by the Secretary concerned, a technician employed under subsection (a) shall, while so employed—

“(1) be a member of the National Guard;
 “(2) hold the military grade specified by the Secretary concerned for that position; and

“(3) wear the uniform appropriate for the member’s grade and component of the armed forces while performing duties as a technician.”.

(b) UNIFORM ALLOWANCES FOR OFFICERS.—Section 417 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d)(1) For purposes of sections 415 and 416 of this title, a period for which an officer of an armed force, while employed as a National Guard technician, is required to wear a uniform under section 709(b) of title 32 shall be treated as a period of active duty (other than for training).

“(2) A uniform allowance may not be paid, and uniforms may not be furnished, to an officer under section 1593 of title 10 or section 5901 of title 5 for a period of employment referred to in paragraph (1) for which an officer is paid a uniform allowance under section 415 or 416 of this title.”.

(c) CLOTHING OR ALLOWANCES FOR ENLISTED MEMBERS.—Section 418 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(a)” before “The President”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:
 “(b) In determining the quantity and kind of clothing or allowances to be furnished pursuant to regulations prescribed under this section to persons employed as National Guard technicians under section 709 of title 32, the President shall take into account the requirement under subsection (b) of such section for such persons to wear a uniform.
 “(c) A uniform allowance may not be paid, and uniforms may not be furnished, under section 1593 of title 10 or section 5901 of title 5 to a person referred to in subsection (b) for a period of employment referred to in that subsection for which a uniform allowance is paid under section 415 or 416 of this title.”.

SEC. 334. EXTENSION OF TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO PAY CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES WITH RESPECT TO THE EVACUATION FROM GUANTANAMO, CUBA.

(a) EXTENSION FOR 120 Days.—The authority provided in section 103 of Public Law 104-6 (109 Stat.79) shall be effective until the end of January 31, 1996.

(b) MONTHLY REPORT.—On the first day of each month, the Secretary of the Navy shall transmit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report regarding the employees being

paid pursuant to section 103 of Public Law 104-6. The report shall include the number of the employees, their positions of employment, the number and location of the employees’ dependents, and the actions that the Secretary is taking to eliminate the conditions making the payments necessary.

SEC. 335. SHARING OF PERSONNEL OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DOMESTIC DEPENDENT SCHOOLS AND DEFENSE DEPENDENTS’ EDUCATION SYSTEM.

Section 2164(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4)(A) The Secretary may, without regard to the provisions of any law relating to the number, classification, or compensation of employees—

“(i) transfer civilian employees in schools established under this section to schools in the defense dependents’ education system in order to provide the services referred to in subparagraph (B) to such system; and
 “(ii) transfer employees in such system to such schools in order to provide such services to such schools.

“(B) The services referred to in subparagraph (A) are the following:

“(i) Administrative services.
 “(ii) Logistical services.
 “(iii) Personnel services.
 “(iv) Such other services as the Secretary considers appropriate.

“(C) Transfers under this paragraph shall extend for such periods as the Secretary considers appropriate. The Secretary shall provide appropriate compensation for employees so transferred.

“(D) The Secretary may provide that the transfer of any employee under this paragraph occur without reimbursement of the school or system concerned.

“(E) In this paragraph, the term ‘defense dependents’ education system’ means the program established and operated under section 1402(a) of the Defense Dependents’ Education Act of 1978 (20 U.S.C. 921(a)).”.

SEC. 336. REVISION OF AUTHORITY FOR APPOINTMENTS OF INVOLUNTARILY SEPARATED MILITARY RESERVE TECHNICIANS.

(a) REVISION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 3329 of title 5, United States Code, as added by section 544 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484; 106 Stat. 2415), is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking out “be offered” and inserting in lieu thereof “be provided placement consideration in a position described in subsection (c) through a priority placement program of the Department of Defense”; and

(2) by striking out subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subsection (c):

“(c)(1) The position to be offered a former military technician under subsection (b) shall be a position—

“(A) in either the competitive service or the excepted service;

“(B) within the Department of Defense; and

“(C) in which the person is qualified to serve, taking into consideration whether the employee in that position is required to be a member of a reserve component of the armed forces as a condition of employment.

“(2) To the maximum extent practicable, the position shall also be in a pay grade or other pay classification sufficient to ensure that the rate of basic pay of the former military technician, upon appointment to the position, is not less than the rate of basic pay last received by the former military technician for technician service before separation.”.

(b) TECHNICAL AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) The section 3329 of title 5, United

States Code, that was added by section 4431 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484; 106 Stat. 2719) is redesignated as section 3330 of such title.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 33 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 3329, as added by section 4431(b) of such Act (106 Stat. 2720), and inserting in lieu thereof the following new item:

“3330. Government-wide list of vacant positions.”.

SEC. 337. COST OF CONTINUING HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR EMPLOYEES VOLUNTARILY SEPARATED FROM POSITIONS TO BE ELIMINATED IN A REDUCTION IN FORCE.

Section 8905a(d)(4) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by striking out “from a position” and inserting in lieu thereof “or voluntary separation from a surplus position”; and

(B) by striking out “force—” and inserting in lieu thereof “force or a closure or realignment of a military installation pursuant to a base closure law—”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) In this paragraph:

“(i) The term ‘surplus position’ means a position that, as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, is identified during planning for a reduction in force as being no longer required and is designated for elimination during the reduction in force.

“(ii) The term ‘base closure law’ means the following:

“(I) Section 2687 of title 10.

“(II) Title II of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act (Public Law 100-526; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).

“(III) The Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).

“(iii) The term ‘military installation’—

“(I) in the case of an installation covered by section 2687 of title 10, has the meaning given such term in subsection (e)(1) of such section;

“(II) in the case of an installation covered by the Act referred to in subclause (II) of clause (ii), has the meaning given such term in section 209(6) of such Act;

“(III) in the case of an installation covered by the Act referred to in subclause (III) of that clause, has the meaning given such term in section 2910(4) of such Act.”.

SEC. 338. ELIMINATION OF 120-DAY LIMITATION ON DETAILS OF CERTAIN EMPLOYEES.

Subsection (b) of section 3341 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) Details of employees of the Department of Defense under subsection (a) of this section may be made only by written order of the Secretary of the military department concerned (or by the Secretary of Defense, in the case of an employee of the Department of Defense who is not an employee of a military department) or a designee of the Secretary. Paragraph (1) does not apply to the Department of Defense.”.

SEC. 339. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR PART-TIME CAREER OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYMENT REPORTS.

Section 3407 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(c) This section does not apply to the Department of Defense.”.

SEC. 340. AUTHORITY OF CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO PARTICIPATE VOLUNTARILY IN REDUCTIONS IN FORCE.

Section 3502 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

(f) (1) The Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of a military department may—

“(A) release in a reduction in force an employee who volunteers for the release even though the employee is not otherwise subject to release in the reduction in force under the criteria applicable under the other provisions of this section; and

“(B) for each employee voluntarily released in the reduction in force under subparagraph (A), retain an employee who would otherwise be released in the reduction in force under such criteria.

“(2) A voluntary release of an employee in a reduction in force pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be treated as an involuntary release in the reduction in force.

“(3) The regulations prescribed under this section shall incorporate the authority provided in this subsection.

“(4) The authority under paragraph (1) may not be exercised after September 30, 1996.”.

SEC. 341. AUTHORITY TO PAY SEVERANCE PAYMENTS IN LUMP SUMS.

Section 5595 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

(i) (1) In the case of an employee of the Department of Defense who is entitled to severance pay under this section, the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of the military department concerned may, upon application by the employee, pay the total amount of the severance pay to the employee in one lump sum.

“(2) (A) If an employee paid severance pay in a lump sum under this subsection is reemployed by the Government of the United States or the government of the District of Columbia at such time that, had the employee been paid severance pay in regular pay periods under subsection (b), the payments of such pay would have been discontinued under subsection (d) upon such reemployment, the employee shall refund to the Department of Defense (for the military department that formerly employed the employee, if applicable) an amount equal to the amount of severance pay to which the employee was entitled under this section that would not have been paid to the employee under subsection (d) by reason of such reemployment.

“(B) The period of service represented by an amount of severance pay refunded by an employee under subparagraph (A) shall be considered service for which severance pay has not been received by the employee under this section.

“(C) Amounts refunded to an agency under this paragraph shall be credited to the appropriation available for the pay of employees of the agency for the fiscal year in which received. Amounts so credited shall be merged with, and shall be available for the same purposes and the same period as, the other funds in that appropriation.

“(3) This subsection applies with respect to severance payable under this section for separations taking effect on or after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 and before October 1, 1999.”.

SEC. 342. HOLIDAYS FOR EMPLOYEES WHOSE BASIC WORKWEEK IS OTHER THAN MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY.

Section 6103(b) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking out “Instead” and inserting in lieu thereof “Except as provided in paragraph (3), instead”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) (A) In the case of an employee of a military department or any other employee of the Department of Defense, subject to the discretion of the Secretary concerned, instead of a holiday that occurs on a regular weekly non-workday of an employee whose basic workweek is other than Monday through Friday, the legal holiday for the employee is—

“(i) the workday of the employee immediately before the regular weekly non-workday; or

“(ii) if the holiday occurs on a regular weekly non-workday administratively scheduled for the employee instead of Sunday, the next immediately following workday of the employee.

“(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term ‘Secretary concerned’ has the meaning given that term in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of section 101(a)(9) of title 10 and includes the Secretary of Defense with respect to an employee of the Department of Defense who is not an employee of a military department.”.

SEC. 343. COVERAGE OF NONAPPROPRIATED FUND EMPLOYEES UNDER AUTHORITY FOR FLEXIBLE AND COMPRESSED WORK SCHEDULES.

Paragraph (2) of section 6121 of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(2) ‘employee’ has the meaning given the term in subsection (a) of section 2105 of this title, except that such term also includes an employee described in subsection (c) of that section;”.

Subtitle E—Defense Financial Management

SEC. 351. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT TRAINING.

(a) LIMITATION.—Funds authorized by this Act to be appropriated for the Department of Defense may not be obligated for a capital lease for the establishment of a Department of Defense financial management training center before the date that is 90 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense submits, in accordance with subsection (b), a certification of the need for such a center and a report on financial management training for Department of Defense personnel.

(b) CERTIFICATION AND REPORT.—(1) Before obligating funds for a Department of Defense financial management training center, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(A) certify to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives the need for such a center; and

(B) submit to such committees, with the certification, a report on financial management training for Department of Defense personnel.

(2) Any report under paragraph (1) shall contain the following:

(A) The Secretary’s analysis of the requirements for providing financial management training for employees of the Department of Defense.

(B) The alternatives considered by the Secretary for meeting those requirements.

(C) A detailed plan for meeting those requirements.

(D) A financial analysis of the estimated short-term and long-term costs of carrying out the plan.

(E) If, after the analysis referred to in subparagraph (A) and after considering alternatives as described in subparagraph (B), the Secretary determines to meet the requirements through a financial management training center—

(i) the determination of the Secretary regarding the location for the university; and

(ii) a description of the process used by the Secretary for selecting that location.

SEC. 352. LIMITATION ON OPENING OF NEW CENTERS FOR DEFENSE FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING SERVICE.

(a) LIMITATION.—During fiscal year 1996, the Secretary of Defense may not establish any center for the Defense Finance and Accounting Service that is not operating on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) EXCEPTION.—If the Secretary submits to Congress not later than March 31, 1996, a report containing a discussion of the need for establishing a new center prohibited by subsection (a), the prohibition in such subsection shall not apply to the center effective 30 days after the date on which Congress receives the report.

(c) REEXAMINATION OF NEED REQUIRED.—Before submitting a report regarding a new center that the Secretary planned before the date of the enactment of this Act to establish on or after that date, the Secretary shall reconsider the need for establishing that center.

Subtitle F—Miscellaneous Assistance

SEC. 361. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FUNDING FOR NATIONAL GUARD PARTICIPATION IN JOINT DISASTER AND EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE EXERCISES.

Section 503(a) of title 32, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(a)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) Paragraph (1) includes authority to provide for participation of the National Guard in conjunction with the Army or the Air Force, or both, in joint exercises for instruction to prepare the National Guard for response to civil emergencies and disasters.”.

SEC. 362. OFFICE OF CIVIL-MILITARY PROGRAMS.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the Office of Civil-Military Programs within the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Reserve Affairs.

SEC. 363. REVISION OF AUTHORITY FOR CIVIL-MILITARY COOPERATIVE ACTION PROGRAM.

(a) RESERVE COMPONENTS TO BE USED FOR COOPERATIVE ACTION.—Section 410 of title 10, United States Code, is amended in the second sentence of subsection (a) by inserting “of the reserve components and of the combat support and combat service support elements of the regular components” after “resources”.

(b) PROGRAM OBJECTIVES.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended by striking out paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(1) To enhance individual and unit training and morale in the armed forces.

“(2) To encourage cooperation between civilian and military sectors of society.”.

(c) REGULATIONS.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended by striking out paragraphs (5) and (6) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(5) Procedures to ensure that Department of Defense resources are not applied exclusively to the program.

“(6) A requirement that a commander of a unit of the armed forces involved in providing assistance certify that the assistance is consistent with the military missions of the unit.”.

SEC. 364. OFFICE OF HUMANITARIAN AND REFUGEE AFFAIRS.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the Office of Humanitarian and Refugee Affairs within the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict.

SEC. 365. OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER, AND CIVIC AID PROGRAMS.

(a) GAO REPORT.—Not later than December 15, 1995, the Comptroller General of the United States shall provide to the congressional defense committees a report on—

(1) existing funding mechanisms available to cover the costs associated with the Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Assistance activities through funds provided to the Department of State or the Agency for International Development, and

(2) if such mechanisms do not exist, actions necessary to institute such mechanisms, including any changes in existing law or regulations.

Subtitle G—Operation of Morale, Welfare, and Recreation Activities**SEC. 371. DISPOSITION OF EXCESS MORALE, WELFARE, AND RECREATION FUNDS.**

Section 2219 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence, by striking out “a military department” and inserting in lieu thereof “an armed force”;

(2) in the second sentence—

(A) by striking out “, department-wide”;

(B) by striking out “of the military department” and inserting in lieu thereof “for that armed force”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following: “This section does not apply to the Coast Guard.”.

SEC. 372. ELIMINATION OF CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON PURCHASES AND SALES OF ITEMS BY EXCHANGE STORES AND OTHER MORALE, WELFARE, AND RECREATION FACILITIES.

(a) RESTRICTIONS ELIMINATED.—(1) Subchapter II of chapter 134 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§2255. Military exchange stores and other morale, welfare, and recreation facilities: sale of items

“(a) AUTHORITY.—The MWR retail facilities may sell items in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

“(b) CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS PROHIBITED.—The regulations may not include any of the following restrictions on the sale of items:

“(1) A restriction on the prices of items offered for sale, including any requirement to establish prices on the basis of a specific relationship between the prices charged for the merchandise and the cost of the merchandise to the MWR retail facilities concerned.

“(2) A restriction on price of purchase of an item.

“(3) A restriction on the categories of items that may be offered for sale.

“(4) A restriction on the size of items that may be offered for sale.

“(5) A restriction on the basis of—

(A) whether the item was manufactured, produced, or mined in the United States; or

(B) the extent to which the merchandise contains components or materials manufactured, produced, or mined in the United States.

“(c) MWR RETAIL FACILITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘MWR retail facilities’ means exchange stores and other revenue generating facilities operated by nonappropriated fund activities of the Department of Defense for the morale, welfare, and recreation of members of the armed forces.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of chapter 134 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following: “2255. Military exchange stores and other morale, welfare, and recreation facilities: sale of items.”.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than June 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the

Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report that identifies each restriction in effect immediately before the date of the enactment of this Act that is terminated or made inapplicable by section 2255 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), to exchange stores and other revenue generating facilities operated by nonappropriated fund activities of the Department of Defense for the morale, welfare, and recreation of members of the Armed Forces.

SEC. 373. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT TO CONVERT SHIPS' STORES TO NONAPPROPRIATED FUND INSTRUMENTALITIES.

(a) REPEAL.—Section 371 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1634; 10 U.S.C. 7604 note) is amended by striking out subsections (a), (b), and (d).

(b) REPEAL OF RELATED CODIFIED PROVISIONS.—Section 7604 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking out “(a) IN GENERAL.—”; and

(2) by striking out subsections (b) and (c).

Subtitle H—Other Matters**SEC. 381. NATIONAL DEFENSE SEALIFT FUND: AVAILABILITY FOR THE NATIONAL DEFENSE RESERVE FLEET.**

Section 2218 of title 10, United States Code is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)(1)—

(A) by striking out “and” at the end of subparagraph (C);

(B) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (D) and inserting in lieu thereof “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(E) expenses of the National Defense Reserve Fleet, as established by section 11 of the Merchant Ship Sales Act of 1946 (50 U.S.C. App. 1744).”; and

(2) in subsection (i), by striking out “Nothing” and inserting in lieu thereof “Except as provided in subsection (c)(1)(E), nothing”.

SEC. 382. AVAILABILITY OF RECOVERED LOSSES RESULTING FROM CONTRACTOR FRAUD.

(a) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO RECEIVE 3 PERCENT.—Subchapter 1 of chapter 134 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§2250. Recoveries of losses and expenses resulting from contractor fraud

“(a) RETENTION OF PART OF RECOVERY.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a portion of the amount recovered by the Government in a fiscal year for losses and expenses incurred by the Department of Defense as a result of contractor fraud at military installations shall be credited to appropriations accounts of the Department of Defense for that fiscal year in accordance with allocations made pursuant to subsection (b).

“(2) The total amount credited to appropriations accounts for a fiscal year pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be the lesser of—

(A) the amount equal to three percent of the amount referred to in such paragraph that is recovered in that fiscal year; or

(B) \$500,000.

“(b) ALLOCATION OF RECOVERED FUNDS.—The Secretary of Defense shall allocate amounts recovered in a contractor fraud case through the Secretary of the military department concerned to each installation that incurred a loss or expense as a result of the fraud.

“(c) USE BY MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.—The Secretary of a military department receiving an allocation under subsection (b) in a fiscal year with respect to a contractor fraud case—

(1) shall credit (for use by each installation concerned) the amount equal to the

costs incurred by the military department in carrying out or supporting an investigation or litigation of the contractor fraud case to appropriations accounts of the department for such fiscal year that are used for paying the costs of carrying out or supporting investigations or litigation of contractor fraud cases; and

(2) may credit to any appropriation account of the department for that fiscal year (for use by each installation concerned) the amount, if any, that exceeds the amount credited to appropriations accounts under paragraph (1).

“(d) RECOVERIES INCLUDED.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2)(B), subsection (a) applies to amounts recovered in civil or administrative actions (including settlements) as actual damages, restitution, and investigative costs.

“(2) Subsection (a) does not apply to—

(A) criminal fines, forfeitures, civil penalties, and damages in excess of actual damages; or

(B) recoveries of losses or expenses incurred by working-capital funds managed through the Defense Business Operations Fund.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following:

“2248. Recoveries of losses and expenses resulting from contractor fraud.”.

SEC. 383. PERMANENT AUTHORITY FOR USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE SALE OF CERTAIN LOST, ABANDONED, OR UNCLAIMED PROPERTY.

(a) PERMANENT AUTHORITY.—Section 2575 of title 10 is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(b)(1) In the case of property found on a military installation, the proceeds from the sale of the property under this section shall be credited to the operation and maintenance account of that installation and used—

(A) to reimburse the installation for any costs incurred by the installation to collect, transport, store, protect, or sell the property; and

(B) if all such costs are reimbursed, to support morale, welfare, and recreation activities under the jurisdiction of the armed forces conducted for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, or physical or mental improvement of members of the armed forces at that installation.

“(2) The net proceeds from the sale of other property under this section shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(d)(1) The owner (or heirs, next of kin, or legal representative of the owner) of personal property the proceeds of which are credited to a military installation under subsection (b)(1) may file a claim with the Secretary of Defense for the amount equal to the proceeds (less costs referred to in subparagraph (A) of such subsection). Amounts to pay the claim shall be drawn from the morale, welfare, and recreation account for the installation that received the proceeds.

“(2) The owner (or heirs, next of kin, or legal representative of the owner) may file a claim with the General Accounting Office for proceeds covered into the Treasury under subsection (b)(2).

“(3) Unless a claim is filed under this subsection within 5 years after the date of the disposal of the property to which the claim relates, the claim may not be considered by a court, the Secretary of Defense (in the case of a claim filed under paragraph (1)), or the General Accounting Office (in the case of a claim filed under paragraph (2)).”.

(b) REPEAL OF AUTHORITY FOR DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.—Section 343 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-190; 105 Stat. 1343) is repealed.

SEC. 384. SALE OF MILITARY CLOTHING AND SUBSISTENCE AND OTHER SUPPLIES OF THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 651 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 7606. Subsistence and other supplies: members of armed forces; veterans; executive or military departments and employees; prices

“(a) The Secretary of the Navy shall procure and sell, for cash or credit—

“(1) articles designated by the Secretary to members of the Navy and Marine Corps; and
“(2) items of individual clothing and equipment to members of the Navy and Marine Corps, under such restrictions as the Secretary may prescribe.

An account of sales on credit shall be kept and the amount due reported to the Secretary. Except for articles and items acquired through the use of working capital funds under section 2208 of this title, sales of articles shall be at cost, and sales of individual clothing and equipment shall be at average current prices, including overhead, as determined by the Secretary.

“(b) The Secretary shall sell subsistence supplies to members of other armed forces at the prices at which like property is sold to members of the Navy and Marine Corps.

“(c) The Secretary may sell serviceable supplies, other than subsistence supplies, to members of other armed forces for the buyers' use in the service. The prices at which the supplies are sold shall be the same prices at which like property is sold to members of the Navy and Marine Corps.

“(d) A person who has been discharged honorably or under honorable conditions from the Army, Navy, Air Force or Marine Corps and who is receiving care and medical treatment from the Public Health Service or the Department of Veterans Affairs may buy subsistence supplies and other supplies, except articles of uniform, at the prices at which like property is sold to members of the Navy and Marine Corps.

“(e) Under such conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, exterior articles of uniform may be sold to a person who has been discharged from the Navy or Marine Corps honorably or under honorable conditions, at the prices at which like articles are sold to members of the Navy or Marine Corps. This subsection does not modify sections 772 or 773 of this title.

“(f) Payment for subsistence supplies sold under this section shall be made in cash.

“(g)(1) The Secretary may provide for the procurement and sale of stores designated by the Secretary to such civilian officers and employees of the United States, and such other persons, as the Secretary considers proper—

“(A) at military installations outside the United States; and

“(B) subject to paragraph (2), at military installations inside the United States where the Secretary determines that it is impracticable for those civilian officers, employees, and persons to obtain such stores from commercial enterprises without impairing the efficient operation of military activities.

“(2) Sales to civilian officers and employees inside the United States may be made under paragraph (1) only to those residing within military installations.

“(h) Appropriations for subsistence of the Navy or Marine Corps may be applied to the purchase of subsistence supplies for sale to members of the Navy and Marine Corps on active duty for the use of themselves and their families.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 651 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

“7606. Subsistence and other supplies: members of armed forces; veterans; executive or military departments and employees; prices.”.

SEC. 385. CONVERSION OF CIVILIAN MARKSMANSHIP PROGRAM TO NONAPPROPRIATED FUND INSTRUMENTALITY AND ACTIVITIES UNDER PROGRAM.

(a) CONVERSION.—Section 4307 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 4307. Promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety: administration

“(a) NONAPPROPRIATED FUND INSTRUMENTALITY.—On and after October 1, 1995, the Civilian Marksmanship Program shall be operated as a nonappropriated fund instrumentality of the United States within the Department of Defense for the benefit of members of the armed forces and for the promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety among civilians.

“(b) ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—(1) The Civilian Marksmanship Program shall be under the general supervision of an Advisory Committee for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and Firearms Safety, which shall replace the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice. The Advisory Committee shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Army.

“(2) Members of the Advisory Committee shall serve without compensation, except that members shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of Advisory Committee services.

“(c) DIRECTOR.—The Secretary of the Army shall appoint a person to serve as Director of the Civilian Marksmanship Program.

“(d) FUNDING.—(1) The Advisory Committee and the Director may solicit, accept, hold, use, and dispose of, in furtherance of the activities of the Civilian Marksmanship Program, donations of money, property, and services received by gift, devise, bequest, or otherwise. Donations may be accepted notwithstanding any legal restrictions otherwise arising from procurement relationships of the donors with the United States.

“(2) All amounts collected under the Civilian Marksmanship Program, including the proceeds from the sale of arms, ammunition, targets, and other supplies and appliances under section 4308 of this title, shall be credited to the Civilian Marksmanship Program and shall be available to carry out the Civilian Marksmanship Program. Amounts collected by, and available to, the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice before the date of the enactment of this section from sales programs and from fees in connection with competitions sponsored by that Board shall be transferred to the nonappropriated funds account established for the Civilian Marksmanship Program and shall be available to carry out the Civilian Marksmanship Program.

“(3) Funds held on behalf of the Civilian Marksmanship Program shall not be construed to be Government or public funds or appropriated funds and shall not be available to support other nonappropriated fund instrumentalities of the Department of Defense. Expenditures on behalf of the Civilian Marksmanship Program, including compensation and benefits for civilian employees, may not exceed \$5,000,000 during any fiscal year. The approval of the Advisory Committee shall be required for any expenditure

in excess of \$50,000. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds held on behalf of the Civilian Marksmanship Program shall remain available until expended.

“(e) INAPPLICABILITY OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) does not apply to the Advisory Committee.

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section and sections 4308 through 4313 of this title:

“(1) The term ‘Civilian Marksmanship Program’ means the rifle practice and firearms safety program carried out under section 4308 of this title and includes the National Matches and small-arms firing schools referred to in section 4312 of this title.

“(2) The term ‘Advisory Committee’ means the Advisory Committee for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and Firearms Safety.

“(3) The term ‘Director’ means the Director of the Civilian Marksmanship Program.”.

(b) ACTIVITIES.—Section 4308 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“§ 4308. Promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety: activities

“(a) INSTRUCTION, SAFETY, AND COMPETITION PROGRAMS.—(1) The Civilian Marksmanship Program shall provide for—

“(A) the operation and maintenance of indoor and outdoor rifle ranges and their accessories and appliances;

“(B) the instruction of citizens of the United States in marksmanship, and the employment of necessary instructors for that purpose;

“(C) the promotion of safe and responsible practice in the use of rifled arms and the maintenance and management of matches or competitions in the use of those arms; and

“(D) the award to competitors of trophies, prizes, badges, and other insignia.

“(2) In carrying out this subsection, the Civilian Marksmanship Program shall give priority to activities that benefit firearms safety training and competition for youth and reach as many youth participants as possible.

“(3) Before a person may participate in any activity sponsored or supported by the Civilian Marksmanship Program under this subsection, the person shall be required to certify that the person has not violated any Federal or State firearms laws.

“(b) SALE AND ISSUANCE OF ARMS AND AMMUNITION.—(1) The Civilian Marksmanship Program may issue, without cost, the arms, ammunition (including caliber .22 and caliber .30 ammunition), targets, and other supplies and appliances necessary for activities conducted under subsection (a). Issuance shall be made only to gun clubs under the direction of the Director of the program that provide training in the use of rifled arms to youth, the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps, the Boy Scouts of America, 4-H Clubs, Future Farmers of America, and other youth-oriented organizations for training and competition.

“(2) The Director of the Civilian Marksmanship Program may sell at fair market value caliber .30 rifles and accoutrements, caliber .22 rifles, and air rifles, and ammunition for such rifles, to gun clubs that are under the direction of the Director and provide training in the use of rifled arms. In lieu of sales, the Director may loan such rifles to such gun clubs.

“(3) The Director of the Civilian Marksmanship Program may sell at fair market value small arms, ammunition, targets, and other supplies and appliances necessary for target practice to citizens of the United States over 18 years of age who are members of a gun club under the direction of the Director.

“(4) Before conveying any weapon or ammunition to a person, whether by sale or

lease, the Director shall provide for a criminal records check of the person with appropriate Federal and State law enforcement agencies.

“(c) OTHER AUTHORITIES.—The Director shall provide for—

“(1) the procurement of necessary supplies, appliances, trophies, prizes, badges, and other insignia, clerical and other services, and labor to carry out the Civilian Marksmanship Program; and

“(2) the transportation of employees, instructors, and civilians to give or to receive instruction or to assist or engage in practice in the use of rifled arms, and the transportation and subsistence, or an allowance instead of subsistence, of members of teams authorized by the Advisory Committee to participate in matches or competitions in the use of rifled arms.

“(d) FEES.—The Director, in consultation with the Advisory Committee, may impose reasonable fees for persons and gun clubs participating in any program or competition conducted under the Civilian Marksmanship Program for the promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety among civilians.

“(e) RECEIPT OF EXCESS ARMS AND AMMUNITION.—(1) The Secretary of the Army shall reserve for the Civilian Marksmanship Program all remaining M-1 Garand rifles, accoutrements, and ammunition for such rifles, still held by the Army. After the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996, the Secretary of the Army shall cease demilitarization of remaining M-1 Garand rifles in the Army inventory unless such rifles are determined to be irreparable.

“(2) Transfers under this subsection shall be made without cost to the Civilian Marksmanship Program, except for the costs of transportation for the transferred small arms and ammunition.

“(f) PARTICIPATION CONDITIONS.—(1) All participants in the Civilian Marksmanship Program and activities sponsored or supported by the Advisory Committee shall be required, as a condition of participation, to sign affidavits stating that—

“(A) they have never been convicted of a firearms violation under State or Federal law; and

“(B) they are not members of any organization which advocates the violent overthrow of the United States Government.

“(2) Any person found to have violated this subsection shall be ineligible to participate in the Civilian Marksmanship Program and future activities.”.

(c) PARTICIPATION OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES IN INSTRUCTION AND COMPETITION.—Section 4310 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“§4310. Rifle instruction and competitions: participation of members

“The commander of a major command of the armed forces may pay the personnel costs and travel and per diem expenses of members of an active or reserve component of the armed forces who participate in a competition sponsored by the Civilian Marksmanship Program or who provide instruction or other services in support of the Civilian Marksmanship Program.”.

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 4312(a) of such title is amended by striking out “as prescribed by the Secretary of the Army” and inserting in lieu thereof “as part of the Civilian Marksmanship Program”.

(2) Section 4313 of such title is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “Secretary of the Army” both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “Advisory Committee”; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking out “Appropriated funds available for the Civilian

Marksmanship Program (as defined in section 4308(e) of this title) may” and inserting in lieu thereof “Nonappropriated funds available to the Civilian Marksmanship Program shall”.

(e) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 401 of such title is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 4307, 4308, 4309, and 4310 and inserting in lieu thereof the following new items:

“4307. Promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety: administration.

“4308. Promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety: activities.

“4309. Rifle ranges: availability for use by members and civilians.

“4310. Rifle instruction and competitions: participation of members.”.

(f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1995.

SEC. 386. REPORT ON EFFORTS TO CONTRACT OUT CERTAIN FUNCTIONS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Not later than March 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report describing the advantages and disadvantages of using contractor personnel, rather than civilian employees of the Department of Defense, to perform functions of the Department that are not essential to the warfighting mission of the Armed Forces. The report shall specify all legislative and regulatory impediments to contracting those functions for private performance.

SEC. 387. IMPACT AID.

(a) SPECIAL RULE FOR 1994 PAYMENTS.—The Secretary of Education shall not consider any payment to a local educational agency by the Department of Defense, that is available to such agency for current expenditures and used for capital expenses, as funds available to such agency for purposes of making a determination for fiscal year 1994 under section 3(d)(2)(B)(i) of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, 81st Congress) (as such Act was in effect on September 30, 1994).

(b) PAYMENTS FOR ELIGIBLE FEDERALLY CONNECTED CHILDREN.—Subsection (f) of section 8003 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7703) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in the matter preceding clause (i) of subparagraph (A), by striking “only if such agency” and inserting “if such agency is eligible for a supplementary payment in accordance with subparagraph (B) or such agency”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) A local educational agency shall only be eligible to receive additional assistance under this subsection if the Secretary determines that—

“(i) such agency is exercising due diligence in availing itself of State and other financial assistance; and

“(ii) the eligibility of such agency under State law for State aid with respect to the free public education of children described in subsection (a)(1) and the amount of such aid are determined on a basis no less favorable to such agency than the basis used in determining the eligibility of local educational agencies for State aid, and the amount of such aid, with respect to the free public education of other children in the State.”; and

(2) in paragraph (3)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting “(other than any amount received under paragraph (2)(B))” after “subsection”; and

(ii) in subclause (I) of clause (i), by striking “or the average per-pupil expenditure of all the States”;

(iii) by amending clause (ii) to read as follows:

“(ii) The Secretary shall next multiply the amount determined under clause (i) by the total number of students in average daily attendance at the schools of the local educational agency.”; and

(iv) by amending clause (iii) to read as follows:

“(iii) The Secretary shall next subtract from the amount determined under clause (ii) all funds available to the local educational agency for current expenditures, but shall not so subtract funds provided—

“(I) under this Act; or

“(II) by any department or agency of the Federal Government (other than the Department) that are used for capital expenses.”; and

(B) by amending subparagraph (B) to read as follows:

“(B) SPECIAL RULE.—With respect to payments under this subsection for a fiscal year for a local educational agency described in clause (ii) or (iii) of paragraph (2)(A), the maximum amount of payments under this subsection shall be equal to—

“(i) the product of—

“(I) the average per-pupil expenditure in all States multiplied by 0.7, except that such amount may not exceed 125 percent of the average per-pupil expenditure in all local educational agencies in the State; multiplied by

“(II) the number of students described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1) for such agency; minus

“(ii) the amount of payments such agency receives under subsections (b) and (d) for such year.”.

(c) CURRENT YEAR DATA.—Paragraph (4) of section 8003(f) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 7703(f)) is amended to read as follows:

“(4) CURRENT YEAR DATA.—For purposes of providing assistance under this subsection the Secretary—

“(A) shall use student and revenue data from the fiscal year for which the local educational agency is applying for assistance under this subsection; and

“(B) shall derive the per pupil expenditure amount for such year for the local educational agency’s comparable school districts by increasing or decreasing the per pupil expenditure data for the second fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made by the same percentage increase or decrease reflected between the per pupil expenditure data for the fourth fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made and the per pupil expenditure data for such second year.”.

SEC. 388. FUNDING FOR TROOPS TO TEACHERS PROGRAM AND TROOPS TO COPS PROGRAM.

(a) FUNDING.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 431—

(1) \$42,000,000 shall be available for the Troops-to-Teachers program; and

(2) \$10,000,000 shall be available for the Troops-to-Cops program.

(b) DEFINITION.—In this section:

(1) The term “Troops-to-Cops program” means the program of assistance to separated members and former members of the Armed Forces to obtain employment with law enforcement agencies established, or carried out, under section 1152 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The term “Troops-to-Teachers program” means the program of assistance to separated members of the Armed Forces to obtain certification and employment as teachers or employment as teachers’ aides established under section 1151 of such title.

SEC. 389. AUTHORIZING THE AMOUNTS REQUESTED IN THE BUDGET FOR JUNIOR ROTC.

(a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated \$12,295,000 to fully fund the budget request for the Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps programs of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps. Such amount is in addition to the amount otherwise available for such programs under section 301.

(b) The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 101(4) is hereby reduced by \$12,295,000.

SEC. 390. REPORT ON PRIVATE PERFORMANCE OF CERTAIN FUNCTIONS PERFORMED BY MILITARY AIRCRAFT.

(a) **REPORT REQUIRED.**—Not later than May 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the feasibility, including the costs and benefits, of using private sources for satisfying, in whole or in part, the requirements of the Department of Defense for VIP transportation by air, airlift for other personnel and for cargo, in-flight refueling of aircraft, and performance of such other military aircraft functions as the Secretary considers appropriate to discuss in the report.

(b) **CONTENT OF REPORT.**—The report shall include a discussion of the following:

(1) Contracting for the performance of the functions referred to in subsection (a).

(2) Converting to private ownership and operation the Department of Defense VIP air fleets, personnel and cargo aircraft, and in-flight refueling aircraft, and other Department of Defense aircraft.

(3) The wartime requirements for the various VIP and transport fleets.

(4) The assumptions used in the cost-benefit analysis.

(5) The effect on military personnel and facilities of using private sources, as described in paragraphs (1) and (2), for the purposes described in subsection (a).

SEC. 391. ALLEGANY BALLISTICS LABORATORY.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 301(2), \$2,000,000 shall be available for the Allegany Ballistics Laboratory for essential safety functions.

SEC. 392. ENCOURAGEMENT OF USE OF LEASING AUTHORITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—(1) Chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2316 the following new section:

“§2317. Equipment Leasing

“The Secretary of Defense is authorized to use leasing in the acquisition of commercial vehicles when such leasing is practicable and efficient.”

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“2317. Equipment leasing.”

(b) **REPORT.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a report to the congressional defense committees setting forth changes in legislation that would be required to facilitate the use of leases by the Department of Defense in the acquisition of equipment.

(c) **PILOT PROGRAM.**—The Secretary of the Army may conduct a pilot program for leasing of commercial utility cargo vehicles as follows:

(1) Existing commercial utility cargo vehicles may be traded in for credit against new replacement commercial utility cargo vehicle lease costs;

(2) Quantities of commercial utility cargo vehicles to be traded in and their value to be credited shall be subject to negotiation between the parties;

(3) New commercial utility cargo vehicle lease agreements may be executed with or without options to purchase at the end of each lease period;

(4) New commercial utility cargo vehicle lease periods may not exceed five years;

(5) Such leasing pilot program shall consist of replacing no more than forty percent of the validated requirement for commercial utility cargo vehicles, but may include an option or options for the remaining validated requirement which may be executed subject to the requirements of subsection (c)(7);

(6) The Army shall enter into such pilot program only if the Secretary—

(A) awards such program in accordance with the provisions of section 2304 of title 10, United States Code;

(B) has notified the congressional defense committees of his plans to execute the pilot program;

(C) has provided a report detailing the expected savings in operating and support costs from retiring older commercial utility cargo vehicles compared to the expected costs of leasing newer commercial utility cargo vehicles; and

(D) has allowed 30 calendar days to elapse after such notification.

(7) One year after the date of execution of an initial leasing contract, the Secretary of the Army shall submit a report setting forth the status of the pilot program. Such report shall be based upon at least six months of operating experience. The Secretary may exercise an option or options for subsequent commercial utility cargo vehicles only after he has allowed 60 calendar days to elapse after submitting this report.

(8) **EXPIRATION OF AUTHORITY.**—No lease of commercial utility cargo vehicles may be entered into under the pilot program after September 30, 2000.

TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS**Subtitle A—Active Forces****SEC. 401. END STRENGTHS FOR ACTIVE FORCES.**

(a) **FISCAL YEAR 1996.**—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for active duty personnel as of September 30, 1996, as follows:

(1) The Army, 495,000, of which not more than 81,300 may be commissioned officers.

(2) The Navy, 428,340, of which not more than 58,870 may be commissioned officers.

(3) The Marine Corps, 174,000, of which not more than 17,978 may be commissioned officers.

(4) The Air Force, 388,200, of which not more than 75,928 may be commissioned officers.

(b) **FISCAL YEAR 1997.**—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for active duty personnel as of September 30, 1997, as follows:

(1) The Army, 495,000, of which not more than 80,312 may be commissioned officers.

(2) The Navy, 409,740, of which not more than 56,615 may be commissioned officers.

(3) The Marine Corps, 174,000, of which not more than 17,978 may be commissioned officers.

(4) The Air Force, 385,400, of which not more than 76,494 may be commissioned officers.

SEC. 402. TEMPORARY VARIATION IN DOPMA AUTHORIZED END STRENGTH LIMITATIONS FOR ACTIVE DUTY AIR FORCE AND NAVY OFFICERS IN CERTAIN GRADES.

(a) **AIR FORCE OFFICERS.**—(1) In the administration of the limitation under section 523(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, for fiscal years 1996 and 1997, the numbers applicable to officers of the Air Force serving on active duty in the grades of major, lieutenant colonel, and colonel shall be the numbers set forth for that fiscal year in paragraph (2) (rather than the numbers determined in accordance with the table in that section).

(2) The numbers referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:

Fiscal year	Number of officers who may be serving on active duty in the grade of:		
	Major	Lieutenant colonel	Colonel
1996	15,566	9,876	3,609
1997	15,645	9,913	3,627

(b) **NAVY OFFICERS.**—(1) In the administration of the limitation under section 523(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, for fiscal years 1996 and 1997, the numbers applicable to officers of the Navy serving on active duty in the grades of lieutenant commander, commander, and captain shall be the numbers set forth for that fiscal year in paragraph (2) (rather than the numbers determined in accordance with the table in that section).

(2) The numbers referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:

Fiscal year	Number of officers who may be serving on active duty in the grade of:		
	Lieutenant commander	Commander	Captain
1996	11,924	7,390	3,234
1997	11,732	7,297	3,188

SEC. 403. CERTAIN GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICERS AWAITING RETIREMENT NOT TO BE COUNTED.

(a) **DISTRIBUTION OF OFFICERS ON ACTIVE DUTY IN GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICER GRADES.**—Section 525 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) An officer continuing to hold the grade of general or admiral under section 601(b)(4) of this title after relief from the position of Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Chief of Staff of the Army, Chief of Naval Operations, Chief of Staff of the Air Force, or Commandant of the Marine Corps shall not be counted for purposes of this section.”

(b) **NUMBER OF OFFICERS ON ACTIVE DUTY IN GRADE OF GENERAL OR ADMIRAL.**—Section 528(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”;

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) An officer continuing to hold the grade of general or admiral under section 601(b)(4) of this title after relief from the position of Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Chief of Staff of the Army, Chief of Naval Operations, Chief of Staff of the Air Force, or Commandant of the Marine Corps shall not be counted for purposes of this section.”

Subtitle B—Reserve Forces**SEC. 411. END STRENGTHS FOR SELECTED RESERVE.**

(a) **FISCAL YEAR 1996.**—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for Selected Reserve personnel of the reserve components as of September 30, 1996, as follows:

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 373,000.

(2) The Army Reserve, 230,000.

(3) The Naval Reserve, 98,894.

(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 42,274.

(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 112,707.

(6) The Air Force Reserve, 73,969.

(7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 8,000.

(b) **FISCAL YEAR 1997.**—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for Selected Reserve personnel of the reserve components as of September 30, 1997, as follows:

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 367,000.

(2) The Army Reserve, 215,000.

(3) The Naval Reserve, 96,694.

(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 42,682.

(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 107,151.

(6) The Air Force Reserve, 73,160.

(7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 8,000.

(c) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense may vary the end strength authorized by subsection (a) or subsection (b) by not more than 2 percent.

(d) ADJUSTMENTS.—The end strengths prescribed by subsection (a) or (b) for the Selected Reserve of any reserve component for a fiscal year shall be proportionately reduced by—

(1) the total authorized strength of units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component which are on active duty (other than for training) at the end of the fiscal year, and

(2) the total number of individual members not in units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component who are on active duty (other than for training or for unsatisfactory participation in training) without their consent at the end of the fiscal year.

Whenever such units or such individual members are released from active duty during any fiscal year, the end strength prescribed for such fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of such reserve component shall be proportionately increased by the total authorized strengths of such units and by the total number of such individual members.

SEC. 412. END STRENGTHS FOR RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVES.

(a) FISCAL YEAR 1996.—Within the end strengths prescribed in section 411(a), the reserve components of the Armed Forces are authorized, as of September 30, 1996, the following number of Reserves to be serving on full-time active duty or, in the case of members of the National Guard, full-time National Guard duty for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components:

- (1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 23,390.
- (2) The Army Reserve, 11,575.
- (3) The Naval Reserve, 17,587.
- (4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 2,559.
- (5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 10,066.
- (6) The Air Force Reserve, 628.

(b) FISCAL YEAR 1997.—Within the end strengths prescribed in section 411(b), the reserve components of the Armed Forces are authorized, as of September 30, 1997, the following number of Reserves to be serving on full-time active duty or, in the case of members of the National Guard, full-time National Guard duty for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components:

- (1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 23,040.
- (2) The Army Reserve, 11,550.
- (3) The Naval Reserve, 17,171.
- (4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 2,976.
- (5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 9,824.
- (6) The Air Force Reserve, 625.

SEC. 413. INCREASE IN NUMBER OF MEMBERS IN CERTAIN GRADES AUTHORIZED TO SERVE ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVES.

(a) OFFICERS.—The table at the end of section 12011(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"Grade	Army	Navy	Air Force	Marine Corps
Major or Lieutenant Commander	3,219	1,071	643	140
Lieutenant Colonel or Commander ...	1,524	520	672	90
Colonel or Navy Captain	412	188	274	30"

(b) SENIOR ENLISTED MEMBERS.—The table at the end of section 12012(a) of such title is amended to read as follows:

"Grade	Army	Navy	Air Force	Marine Corps
E-9	603	202	366	20
E-8	2,585	429	890	94"

SEC. 414. RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION PROGRAMS NOT TO BE COUNTED.

Section 115(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(8) Members of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve on active duty for more than 180 days to support programs described in section 1203(b) of the Cooperative Threat Reduction Act of 1993 (title XII of Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1778; 22 U.S.C. 5952(b))."

SEC. 415. RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY FOR MILITARY-TO-MILITARY CONTACTS AND COMPARABLE ACTIVITIES NOT TO BE COUNTED.

Section 168 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection (f):

"(f) ACTIVE DUTY END STRENGTHS.—(1) A member of a reserve component referred to in paragraph (2) shall not be counted for purposes of the following personnel strength limitations:

"(A) The end strength for active-duty personnel authorized pursuant to section 115(a)(1) of this title for the fiscal year in which the member carries out the activities referred to in paragraph (2).

"(B) The authorized daily average for members in pay grades E-8 and E-9 under section 517 of this title for the calendar year in which the member carries out such activities.

"(C) The authorized strengths for commissioned officers under section 523 of this title for the fiscal year in which the member carries out such activities.

"(2) A member of a reserve component referred to in paragraph (1) is any member on active duty under an order to active duty for 180 days or more who is engaged in activities authorized under this section."

Subtitle C—Military Training Student Loads
SEC. 421. AUTHORIZATION OF TRAINING STUDENT LOADS.

(a) FISCAL YEAR 1996.—For fiscal year 1996, the Armed Forces are authorized average military training student loads as follows:

- (1) The Army, 75,013.
- (2) The Navy, 44,238.
- (3) The Marine Corps, 26,095.
- (4) The Air Force, 33,232.

(b) FISCAL YEAR 1997.—For fiscal year 1997, the Armed Forces are authorized average military training student loads as follows:

- (1) The Army, 79,275.
- (2) The Navy, 44,121.
- (3) The Marine Corps, 27,255.
- (4) The Air Force, 35,522.

(c) SCOPE.—The average military training student load authorized for an armed force for a fiscal year under subsection (a) or (b) applies to the active and reserve components of that armed force for that fiscal year.

(d) ADJUSTMENTS.—The average military training student load authorized for a fiscal year in subsection (a) or (b) shall be adjusted consistent with the end strengths authorized for that fiscal year in subtitles A and B. The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe the manner in which such adjustments shall be apportioned.

Subtitle D—Authorization of Appropriations
SEC. 431. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for

military personnel for fiscal year 1996 a total of \$68,896,863,000. The authorization in the preceding sentence supersedes any other authorization of appropriations (definite or indefinite) for such purpose for fiscal year 1996.

TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY
Subtitle A—Officer Personnel Policy

SEC. 501. JOINT OFFICER MANAGEMENT.

(a) CRITICAL JOINT DUTY ASSIGNMENT POSITIONS.—Section 661(d)(2)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "1,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "500".

(b) ADDITIONAL QUALIFYING JOINT SERVICE.—Section 664 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(i) JOINT DUTY CREDIT FOR CERTAIN JOINT TASK FORCE ASSIGNMENTS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, may credit an officer with having completed a full tour of duty in a joint duty assignment upon the officer's completion of service described in paragraph (2) or may grant credit for such service for purposes of determining the cumulative service of the officer in joint duty assignments. The credit for such service may be granted without regard to the length of the service (except as provided in regulations pursuant to subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (4)) and without regard to whether the assignment in which the service was performed is a joint duty assignment as defined in regulations pursuant to section 668 of this title.

"(2) Service performed by an officer in a temporary assignment on a joint task force or a multinational force headquarters staff may be considered for credit under paragraph (1) if—

"(A) the Secretary of Defense determines that the service in that assignment provided significant experience in joint matters;

"(B) any portion of the service in that assignment was performed on or after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996; and

"(C) the officer is recommended for such credit by the Chief of Staff of the Army (for an officer in the Army), the Chief of Naval Operations (for an officer in the Navy), the Chief of Staff of the Air Force (for an officer in the Air Force), or the Commandant of the Marine Corps (for an officer in the Marine Corps).

"(3) Credit shall be granted under paragraph (1) on a case-by-case basis.

"(4) The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe uniform criteria for determining whether to grant an officer credit under paragraph (1). The criteria shall include the following:

"(A) For an officer to be credited as having completed a full tour of duty in a joint duty assignment, the officer accumulated at least 24 months of service in a temporary assignment referred to in paragraph (2).

"(B) For an officer to be credited with service in a joint duty assignment for purposes of determining cumulative service in joint duty assignments, the officer accumulated at least 30 consecutive days of service or 60 days of total service in a temporary assignment referred to in paragraph (2).

"(C) The service was performed in support of a mission that was directed by the President or was assigned by the President to United States forces in the joint task force or multinational force involved.

"(D) The joint task force or multinational force involved was constituted or designated by the Secretary of Defense, by a commander of a combatant command or of another force, or by a multinational or United Nations command authority.

"(E) The joint task force or multinational force involved conducted military combat or combat-related operations or military operations other than war in a unified action

under joint, multinational, or United Nations command and control.

"(5) Officers for whom joint duty credit is granted pursuant to this subsection shall not be taken into account for the purposes of section 661(d)(1) of this title, subsections (a)(3) and (b) of section 662 of this title, section 664(a) of this title, or paragraph (7), (8), (9), (11), or (12) of section 667 of this title.

"(6) In the case of an officer credited with having completed a full tour of duty in a joint duty assignment pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary of Defense may waive the requirement in paragraph (1)(B) of section 661(c) of this title that the tour of duty in a joint duty assignment be performed after the officer completes a program of education referred to in paragraph (1)(A) of that section."

(c) INFORMATION IN ANNUAL REPORT.—Section 667 of such title is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (18) as paragraph (19); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (17) the following new paragraph (18):

"(18) The number of officers granted credit for service in joint duty assignments under section 664(i) of this title and—

"(A) of those officers—

"(i) the number of officers credited with having completed a tour of duty in a joint duty assignment; and

"(ii) the number of officers granted credit for purposes of determining cumulative service in joint duty assignments; and

"(B) the identity of each operation for which an officer has been granted credit pursuant to section 664(i) of this title and a brief description of the mission of the operation."

(d) GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICER EXEMPTION FROM WAIVER LIMITS.—Section 661(c)(3)(D) of such title is amended by inserting ", other than for general or flag officers," in the third sentence after "during any fiscal year".

(e) LENGTH OF SECOND JOINT TOUR.—Section 664 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (e)(2), by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following:

"(C) Service described in subsection (f)(6), except that no more than 10 percent of all joint duty assignments shown on the list published pursuant to section 668(b)(2)(A) of this title may be so excluded in any year."; and

(2) in subsection (f)—

(A) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (4);

(B) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (5) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

"(6) a second joint duty assignment that is less than the period required under subsection (a), but not less than 2 years, without regard to whether a waiver was granted for such assignment under subsection (b)."

SEC. 502. REVISION OF SERVICE OBLIGATION FOR GRADUATES OF THE SERVICE ACADEMIES.

(a) MILITARY ACADEMY.—Section 4348(a)(2)(B) of such title is amended by striking out "six years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five years".

(b) NAVAL ACADEMY.—Section 6959(a)(2)(B) of such title is amended by striking out "six years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five years".

(c) AIR FORCE ACADEMY.—Section 9348(a)(2)(B) of such title is amended by striking out "six years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five years".

(d) REQUIREMENT FOR REVIEW AND REPORT.—Not later than April 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) review the effects that each of various periods of obligated active duty service for graduates of the United States Military

Academy, the United States Naval Academy, and the United States Air Force Academy would have on the number and quality of the eligible and qualified applicants seeking appointment to such academies; and

(2) submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the Secretary's findings together with any recommended legislation regarding the minimum periods of obligated active duty service for graduates of the United States Military Academy, the United States Naval Academy, and the United States Air Force Academy.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—(1) The amendments made by this section shall apply to persons who are first admitted to military service academies after December 31, 1991.

(2) Section 511(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-189; 103 Stat. 1439; 10 U.S.C. 2114 note) is amended—

(A) by striking out "amendments made by this section" and inserting in lieu thereof "amendment made by subsection (a)"; and

(B) by striking out "or one of the service academies".

SEC. 503. QUALIFICATIONS FOR APPOINTMENT AS SURGEON GENERAL OF AN ARMED FORCE.

(a) SURGEON GENERAL OF THE ARMY.—Section 3036 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by inserting after the third sentence the following: "The Surgeon General shall be appointed as prescribed in subsection (f)."; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection (f):

"(f) The President shall appoint the Surgeon General from among commissioned officers in any corps of the Army Medical Department who are educationally and professionally qualified to furnish health care to other persons, including doctors of medicine, dentistry, and osteopathy, nurses, and clinical psychologists."

(b) SURGEON GENERAL OF THE NAVY.—Section 5137 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a), by striking out "in the Medical Corps" and inserting in lieu thereof "who are educationally and professionally qualified to furnish health care to other persons, including doctors of medicine, dentistry, and osteopathy, nurses, and clinical psychologists"; and

(2) in subsection (b), by striking out "in the Medical Corps" and inserting in lieu thereof "who is qualified to be the Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery".

(c) SURGEON GENERAL OF THE AIR FORCE.—The first sentence of section 8036 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "designated as medical officers under section 8067(a) of this title" and inserting in lieu thereof "educationally and professionally qualified to furnish health care to other persons, including doctors of medicine, dentistry, and osteopathy, nurses, and clinical psychologists".

SEC. 504. DEPUTY JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL OF THE AIR FORCE.

(a) TENURE AND GRADE OF DEPUTY JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL.—Section 8037(d)(1) of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out "two years" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "four years"; and

(2) by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "An officer appointed as Deputy Judge Advocate General who holds a lower regular grade shall be appointed in the regular grade of major general."

(b) SAVINGS PROVISION.—The amendments made by this section shall not apply to a per-

son serving pursuant to appointment in the position of Deputy Judge Advocate General of the Air Force while such person is serving the term for which the person was appointed to such position before the date of the enactment of this Act and any extension of such term.

SEC. 505. RETIRING GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICERS: APPLICABILITY OF UNIFORM CRITERIA AND PROCEDURES FOR RETIRING IN HIGHEST GRADE IN WHICH SERVED.

(a) APPLICABILITY OF TIME-IN-GRADE REQUIREMENTS.—Section 1370 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2)(A), by striking out "and below lieutenant general or vice admiral"; and

(2) in the first sentence of subsection (d)(2)(B), as added by section 1641 of the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act (title XVI of Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2968), by striking out "and below lieutenant general or vice admiral".

(b) RETIREMENT IN HIGHEST GRADE UPON CERTIFICATION OF SATISFACTORY SERVICE.—Section 1370(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "Upon retirement an officer" and inserting in lieu thereof "An officer"; and

(2) by striking out "may, in the discretion" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "may be retired in the higher grade under subsection (a) only after the Secretary of Defense certifies in writing to the President and the Senate that the officer served on active duty satisfactorily in that grade. The 3-year time-in-grade requirement in paragraph (2)(A) of subsection (a) may not be reduced or waived under such subsection in the case of such an officer while the officer is under investigation for alleged misconduct or while disposition of an adverse personnel action is pending against the officer for alleged misconduct."

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Sections 3962(a), 5034, and 8962(a) of title 10, United States Code, are repealed.

(d) TECHNICAL AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) Sections 3962(b) and 8962(b) of such title are amended by striking out "(b) Upon" and inserting in lieu thereof "Upon".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 505 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 5034.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE FOR AMENDMENTS TO PROVISION TAKING EFFECT IN 1996.—The amendment made by subsection (a)(2) shall take effect on October 1, 1996, immediately after subsection (d) of section 1370 of title 10, United States Code, takes effect under section 1691(b)(1) of the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act (108 Stat. 3026).

SEC. 506. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN RESERVE OFFICER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITIES.

(a) GRADE DETERMINATION AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN RESERVE MEDICAL OFFICERS.—Section 3359(b) and 8359(b) of title 10, United States Code, are each amended by striking out "September 30, 1995" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1996".

(b) PROMOTION AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN RESERVE OFFICERS SERVING ON ACTIVE DUTY.—Sections 3380(d) and 8380(d) of title 10, United States Code, are each amended by striking out "September 30, 1995" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1996".

(c) YEARS OF SERVICE FOR MANDATORY TRANSFER TO THE RETIRED RESERVE.—Section 1016(d) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 (10 U.S.C. 3360) is amended by striking out "September 30, 1995" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1996".

SEC. 507. RESTRICTIONS ON WEARING INSIGNIA FOR HIGHER GRADE BEFORE PROMOTION.

(a) ACTIVE-DUTY LIST.—(1) Subchapter II of chapter 36 of title 10, United States Code, is

amended by inserting after section 624 the following:

“§ 624a. Restrictions on frocking

“(a) RESTRICTIONS.—An officer may not be frocked to a grade unless—

“(1) the Senate has confirmed by advice and consent a nomination of the officer for promotion to that grade; and

“(2) the officer is serving in, or has been ordered to, a position for which that grade is authorized.

“(b) BENEFITS NOT TO ACCRUE.—(1) An officer frocked to a grade may not, on the basis of the frocking—

“(A) be paid the rate of pay provided for an officer in that grade having the same number of years of service as the frocked officer; or

“(B) assume any legal authority associated with that grade.

“(2) The period for which an officer is frocked to a grade may not be taken into account for any of the following purposes:

“(A) Seniority in that grade.

“(B) Time of service in that grade.

“(c) NUMBERS OF ACTIVE-DUTY LIST OFFICERS FROCKED TO GRADE O-7.—The number of officers on the active-duty list who are authorized by frocking to wear the insignia for the grade of brigadier general or, in the Navy, rear admiral (lower half) may not exceed 35.

“(d) NUMBERS OF ACTIVE-DUTY LIST OFFICERS FROCKED TO GRADES O-4, O-5, AND O-6.—The number of officers of an armed force on the active-duty list who are authorized by frocking to wear the insignia for a grade to which a limitation on total number applies under section 523(a) of this title for a fiscal year may not exceed one percent of the total number provided for the officers in that grade in that armed force in the administration of the limitation under such section 523(a) for such fiscal year.

“(e) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term ‘frock’, with respect to an officer, means to authorize the officer to wear the insignia of a higher grade before being promoted to that grade.”

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of chapter 36 of such title is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 624 the following:

“624a. Restrictions on frocking.”

(b) TEMPORARY VARIATION OF LIMITATIONS ON NUMBERS OF FROCKED OFFICERS.—(1) In the administration of section 624a(c) of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), for fiscal years 1996 and 1997, the maximum number applicable to officers on the active-duty list who are authorized by frocking to wear the insignia for the grade of brigadier general or, in the Navy, rear admiral (lower half) is as follows:

(A) During fiscal year 1996, 75 officers.

(B) During fiscal year 1997, 55 officers.

(2) In the administration of section 624a(d) of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), for fiscal year 1996, the percent limitation applied under that section shall be two percent instead of one percent.

(c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term ‘frock’, with respect to an officer, means to authorize the officer to wear the insignia of a higher grade before being promoted to that grade.

SEC. 508. DIRECTOR OF ADMISSIONS, UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY: RETIREMENT FOR YEARS OF SERVICE.

(a) AUTHORITY TO DIRECT RETIREMENT.—Section 3920 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 3920. More than thirty years: permanent professors and the Director of Admissions of United States Military Academy

“(a) AUTHORITY TO DIRECT RETIREMENT.—The Secretary of the Army may retire any of

the personnel of the United States Military Academy described in subsection (b) who has more than 30 years of service as a commissioned officer.

“(b) APPLICABILITY.—The authority under subsection (a) may be exercised in the case of the following personnel:

“(1) A permanent professor.

“(2) The Director of Admissions.”

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 367 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“3920. More than thirty years: permanent professors and the Director of Admissions of United States Military Academy.”

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Reserve Components

SEC. 511. MOBILIZATION INCOME INSURANCE PROGRAM FOR MEMBERS OF READY RESERVE.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—(1) Subtitle E of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 1213 the following new chapter:

“CHAPTER 1214—READY RESERVE INCOME INSURANCE

“Sec.

“12521. Definitions.

“12522. Establishment of insurance program.

“12523. Risk insured.

“12524. Enrollment and election of benefits.

“12525. Benefit amounts.

“12526. Premiums.

“12527. Payment of premiums.

“12528. Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Fund.

“12529. Board of Actuaries.

“12530. Payment of benefits.

“12531. Purchase of insurance.

“12532. Termination for nonpayment of premiums; forfeiture.

“§ 12521. Definitions

“In this chapter:

“(1) The term ‘insurance program’ means the Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Program established under section 12522 of this title.

“(2) The term ‘covered service’ means active duty performed by a member of a reserve component under an order to active duty for a period of more than 30 days which specifies that the member’s service—

“(A) is in support of an operational mission for which members of the reserve components have been ordered to active duty without their consent; or

“(B) is in support of forces activated during a period of war declared by Congress or a period of national emergency declared by the President or Congress.

“(3) The term ‘insured member’ means a member of the Ready Reserve who is enrolled for coverage under the insurance program in accordance with section 12524 of this title.

“(4) The term ‘Secretary’ means the Secretary of Defense.

“(5) The term ‘Department’ means the Department of Defense.

“(6) The term ‘Board of Actuaries’ means the Department of Defense Education Benefits Board of Actuaries referred to in section 2006(e)(1) of this title.

“(7) The term ‘Fund’ means the Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Fund established by section 12528(a) of this title.

“§ 12522. Establishment of insurance program

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish for members of the Ready Reserve an insurance program to be known as the ‘Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Program’.

“(b) ADMINISTRATION.—The insurance program shall be administered by the Secretary.

The Secretary may prescribe in regulations such rules, procedures, and policies as the Secretary considers necessary or appropriate to carry out the insurance program.

“§ 12523. Risk insured

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The insurance program shall insure members of the Ready Reserve against the risk of being ordered into covered service.

“(b) ENTITLEMENT TO BENEFITS.—(1) An insured member ordered into covered service shall be entitled to payment of a benefit for each month (and fraction thereof) of covered service that exceeds 30 days of covered service, except that no member may be paid under the insurance program for more than 12 months of covered service served during any period of 18 consecutive months.

“(2) Payment shall be based solely on the insured status of a member and on the period of covered service served by the member. Proof of loss of income or of expenses incurred as a result of covered service may not be required.

“§ 12524. Enrollment and election of benefits

“(a) ENROLLMENT.—(1) Except as provided in subsection (f), upon first becoming a member of the Ready Reserve, a member shall be automatically enrolled for coverage under the insurance program. An automatic enrollment of a member shall be void if within 30 days after first becoming a member of the Ready Reserve the member declines insurance under the program in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

“(2) Promptly after the insurance program is established, the Secretary shall offer to members of the reserve components who are then members of the Ready Reserve (other than members ineligible under subsection (f)) an opportunity to enroll for coverage under the insurance program. A member who fails to enroll within 30 days after being offered the opportunity shall be considered as having declined to be insured under the program.

“(3) A member of the Ready Reserve ineligible to enroll under subsection (f) shall be afforded an opportunity to enroll upon being released from active duty if the member has not previously had the opportunity to be enrolled under paragraph (1) or (2). A member who fails to enroll within 30 days after being afforded that opportunity shall be considered as having declined to be insured under the program.

“(b) ELECTION OF BENEFIT AMOUNT.—The amount of a member’s monthly benefit under an enrollment shall be the basic benefit under subsection (a) of section 12525 of this title unless the member elects a different benefit under subsection (b) of such section within 30 days after first becoming a member of the Ready Reserve or within 30 days after being offered the opportunity to enroll, as the case may be.

“(c) ELECTIONS IRREVOCABLE.—(1) An election to decline insurance pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) is irrevocable.

“(2) Subject to subsection (d), the amount of coverage may not be changed after enrollment.

“(d) ELECTION TO TERMINATE.—A member may terminate an enrollment at any time.

“(e) INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED.—The Secretary shall ensure that members referred to in subsection (a) are given a written explanation of the insurance program and are advised that they have the right to decline to be insured and, if not declined, to elect coverage for a reduced benefit or an enhanced benefit under subsection (b).

“(f) MEMBERS INELIGIBLE TO ENROLL.—Members of the Ready Reserve serving on active duty (or full-time National Guard duty) are not eligible to enroll for coverage under

the insurance program. The Secretary may define any additional category of members of the Ready Reserve to be excluded from eligibility to purchase insurance under this chapter.

“§ 12525. Benefit amounts

“(a) BASIC BENEFIT.—The basic benefit for an insured member under the insurance program is \$1,000 per month (as adjusted under subsection (d)).

“(b) REDUCED AND ENHANCED BENEFITS.—Under the regulations prescribed by the Secretary, a person enrolled for coverage under the insurance program may elect—

“(1) a reduced coverage benefit equal to one-half the amount of the basic benefit; or

“(2) an enhanced benefit in the amount of \$1,500, \$2,000, \$2,500, \$3,000, \$3,500, \$4,000, \$4,500, or \$5,000 per month (as adjusted under subsection (d)).

“(c) AMOUNT FOR PARTIAL MONTH.—The amount of insurance payable to an insured member for any period of covered service that is less than one month shall be determined by multiplying $\frac{1}{30}$ of the monthly benefit rate for the member by the number of days of the covered service served by the member during such period.

“(d) ADJUSTMENT OF AMOUNTS.—(1) The Secretary shall determine annually the effect of inflation on benefits and shall adjust the amounts set forth in subsections (a) and (b)(2) to maintain the constant dollar value of the benefit.

“(2) If the amount of a benefit as adjusted under paragraph (1) is not evenly divisible by \$10, the amount shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10, except that an amount evenly divisible by \$5 but not by \$10 shall be rounded to the next lower amount that is evenly divisible by \$10.

“§ 12526. Premiums

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF RATES.—(1) The Secretary, in consultation with the Board of Actuaries, shall prescribe the premium rates for insurance under the insurance program.

“(2) The Secretary shall prescribe a fixed premium rate for each \$1,000 of monthly insurance benefit. The premium amount shall be equal to the share of the cost attributable to insuring the member and shall be the same for all members of the Ready Reserve who are insured under the insurance program for the same benefit amount. The Secretary shall prescribe the rate on the basis of the best available estimate of risk and financial exposure, levels of subscription by members, and other relevant factors.

“(b) LEVEL PREMIUMS.—The premium rate prescribed for the first year of insurance coverage of an insured member shall be continued without change for subsequent years of insurance coverage, except that the Secretary, after consultation with the Board of Actuaries, may adjust the premium rate in order to fund inflation-adjusted benefit increases on an actuarially sound basis.

“§ 12527. Payment of premiums

“(a) METHODS OF PAYMENT.—(1) The monthly premium for coverage of a member under the insurance program shall be deducted and withheld from the insured member's basic pay for inactive duty training each month.

“(2) An insured member who does not receive pay on a monthly basis shall pay the Secretary directly the premium amount applicable for the level of benefits for which the member is insured.

“(b) ADVANCE PAY FOR PREMIUM.—The Secretary concerned may advance to an insured member the amount equal to the first insurance premium payment due under this chapter. The advance may be paid out of appropriations for military pay. An advance to a member shall be collected from the member

either by deducting and withholding the amount from basic pay payable for the member or by collecting it from the member directly. No disbursing or certifying officer shall be responsible for any loss resulting from an advance under this subsection.

“(c) PREMIUMS TO BE DEPOSITED IN FUND.—Premium amounts deducted and withheld from the basic pay of insured members and premium amounts paid directly to the Secretary shall be credited to the Fund.

“§ 12528. Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Fund

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established on the books of the Treasury a fund to be known as the ‘Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Fund’, which shall be administered by the Secretary of the Treasury. The Fund shall be used for the accumulation of funds in order to finance the liabilities of the insurance program on an actuarially sound basis.

“(b) ASSETS OF FUND.—There shall be deposited into the Fund the following:

“(1) Premiums paid under section 12527 of this title.

“(2) Any amount appropriated to the Fund.

“(3) Any return on investment of the assets of the Fund.

“(c) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts in the Fund shall be available for paying insurance benefits under the insurance program.

“(d) INVESTMENT OF ASSETS OF FUND.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest such portion of the Fund as is not in the judgment of the Secretary of Defense required to meet current liabilities. Such investments shall be in public debt securities with maturities suitable to the needs of the Fund, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, and bearing interest at rates determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consideration current market yields on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturities. The income on such investments shall be credited to the Fund.

“(e) ANNUAL ACCOUNTING.—At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Secretary, in consultation with the Board of Actuaries and the Secretary of the Treasury, shall determine the following:

“(1) The projected amount of the premiums to be collected, investment earnings to be received, and any transfers or appropriations to be made for the Fund for that fiscal year.

“(2) The amount for that fiscal year of any cumulative unfunded liability (including any negative amount or any gain to the Fund) resulting from payments of benefits.

“(3) The amount for that fiscal year (including any negative amount) of any cumulative actuarial gain or loss to the Fund.

“§ 12529. Board of Actuaries

“(a) ACTUARIAL RESPONSIBILITY.—The Board of Actuaries shall have the actuarial responsibility for the insurance program.

“(b) VALUATIONS AND PREMIUM RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Board of Actuaries shall carry out periodic actuarial valuations of the benefits under the insurance program and determine a premium rate methodology for the Secretary to use in setting premium rates for the insurance program. The Board shall conduct the first valuation and determine a premium rate methodology not later than six months after the insurance program is established.

“(c) EFFECTS OF CHANGED BENEFITS.—If at the time of any actuarial valuation under subsection (b) there has been a change in benefits under the insurance program that has been made since the last such valuation and such change in benefits increases or decreases the present value of amounts payable from the Fund, the Board of Actuaries shall determine a premium rate methodology, and

recommend to the Secretary a premium schedule, for the liquidation of any liability (or actuarial gain to the Fund) resulting from such change and any previous such changes so that the present value of the sum of the scheduled premium payments (or reduction in payments that would otherwise be made) equals the cumulative increase (or decrease) in the present value of such benefits.

“(d) ACTUARIAL GAINS OR LOSSES.—If at the time of any such valuation the Board of Actuaries determines that there has been an actuarial gain or loss to the Fund as a result of changes in actuarial assumptions since the last valuation or as a result of any differences, between actual and expected experience since the last valuation, the Board shall recommend to the Secretary a premium rate schedule for the amortization of the cumulative gain or loss to the Fund resulting from such changes in assumptions and any previous such changes in assumptions or from the differences in actual and expected experience, respectively, through an increase or decrease in the payments that would otherwise be made to the Fund.

“(e) INSUFFICIENT ASSETS.—If at any time liabilities of the Fund exceed assets of the Fund as a result of members of the Ready Reserve being ordered to active duty as described in section 12521(2) of this title, and funds are unavailable to pay benefits completely, the Secretary shall request the President to submit to Congress a request for a special appropriation to cover the unfunded liability. If appropriations are not made to cover an unfunded liability in any fiscal year, the Secretary shall reduce the amount of the benefits paid under the insurance program to a total amount that does not exceed the assets of the Fund expected to accrue by the end of such fiscal year. Benefits that cannot be paid because of such a reduction shall be deferred and may be paid only after and to the extent that additional funds become available.

“(f) DEFINITION OF PRESENT VALUE.—The Board of Actuaries shall define the term ‘present value’ for purposes of this subsection.

“§ 12530. Payment of benefits

“(a) COMMENCEMENT OF PAYMENT.—An insured member who serves in excess of 30 days of covered service shall be paid the amount to which such member is entitled on a monthly basis beginning not later than one month after the 30th day of covered service.

“(b) METHOD OF PAYMENT.—The Secretary shall prescribe in the regulations the manner in which payments shall be made to the member or to a person designated in accordance with subsection (c).

“(c) DESIGNATED RECIPIENTS.—(1) A member may designate in writing another person (including a spouse, parent, or other person with an insurable interest, as determined in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the Secretary) to receive payments of insurance benefits under the insurance program.

“(2) A member may direct that payments of insurance benefits for a person designated under paragraph (1) be deposited with a bank or other financial institution to the credit of the designated person.

“(d) RECIPIENTS IN EVENT OF DEATH OF INSURED MEMBER.—Any insurance payable under the insurance program on account of a deceased member's period of covered service shall be paid, upon the establishment of a valid claim, to the beneficiary or beneficiaries which the deceased member designated in writing. If no such designation has been made, the amount shall be payable in accordance with the laws of the State of the member's domicile.

§ 12531. Purchase of insurance

“(a) PURCHASE AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary may, instead of or in addition to underwriting the insurance program through the Fund, purchase from one or more insurance companies a policy or policies of group insurance in order to provide the benefits required under this chapter. The Secretary may waive any requirement for full and open competition in order to purchase an insurance policy under this subsection.

“(b) ELIGIBLE INSURERS.—In order to be eligible to sell insurance to the Secretary for purposes of subsection (a), an insurance company shall—

“(1) be licensed to issue insurance in each of the 50 States and in the District of Columbia; and

“(2) as of the most recent December 31 for which information is available to the Secretary, have in effect at least one percent of the total amount of insurance that all such insurance companies have in effect in the United States.

“(c) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.—(1) An insurance company that issues a policy for purposes of subsection (a) shall establish an administrative office at a place and under a name designated by the Secretary.

“(2) For the purposes of carrying out this chapter, the Secretary may use the facilities and services of any insurance company issuing any policy for purposes of subsection (a), may designate one such company as the representative of the other companies for such purposes, and may contract to pay a reasonable fee to the designated company for its services.

“(d) REINSURANCE.—The Secretary shall arrange with each insurance company issuing any policy for purposes of subsection (a) to reinsure, under conditions approved by the Secretary, portions of the total amount of the insurance under such policy or policies with such other insurance companies (which meet qualifying criteria prescribed by the Secretary) as may elect to participate in such reinsurance.

“(e) TERMINATION.—The Secretary may at any time terminate any policy purchased under this section.

§ 12532. Termination for nonpayment of premiums; forfeiture

“(a) TERMINATION FOR NONPAYMENT.—The coverage of a member under the insurance program shall terminate without prior notice upon a failure of the member to make required monthly payments of premiums for two consecutive months. The Secretary may provide in the regulations for reinstatement of insurance coverage terminated under this subsection.

“(b) FORFEITURE.—Any person convicted of mutiny, treason, spying, or desertion, or who refuses to perform service in the armed forces or refuses to wear the uniform of any of the armed forces shall forfeit all rights to insurance under this chapter.”

(2) The tables of chapters at the beginning of subtitle E, and at the beginning of part II of subtitle E, of title 10, United States Code, are amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 1213 the following new item:

“1214. Ready Reserve Income Insurance 12521”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The insurance program provided for in chapter 1214 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), and the requirement for deductions and contributions for that program shall take effect on September 30, 1996, or on any earlier date declared by the Secretary and published in the Federal Register.

SEC. 512. ELIGIBILITY OF DENTISTS TO RECEIVE ASSISTANCE UNDER THE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS IN RESERVE COMPONENTS.

Section 16201(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out “(b) PHYSICIANS IN CRITICAL SPECIALTIES.—” and inserting in lieu thereof “(b) PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS IN CRITICAL SPECIALTIES.—”;

(2) in paragraph (1)—
(A) by inserting “or dental school” in subparagraph (A) after “medical school”;

(B) by inserting “or as a dental officer” in subparagraph (B) after “medical officer”; and

(C) by striking out “physicians in a medical specialty designated” and inserting in lieu thereof “physicians or dentists in a medical specialty or dental specialty, respectively, that is designated”; and

(3) in paragraph (2)(B), by inserting “or dental officer” after “medical officer”.

SEC. 513. LEAVE FOR MEMBERS OF RESERVE COMPONENTS PERFORMING PUBLIC SAFETY DUTY.

(a) ELECTION OF LEAVE TO BE CHARGED.—Subsection (b) of section 6323 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: “Upon the request of an employee, the period for which an employee is absent to perform service described in paragraph (2) may be charged to the employee’s accrued annual leave or to compensatory time available to the employee instead of being charged as leave to which the employee is entitled under this subsection. The period of absence may not be charged to sick leave.”

(b) PAY FOR PERIOD OF ABSENCE.—Section 5519 of such title is amended by striking out “entitled to leave” and inserting in lieu thereof “granted military leave”.

Subtitle C—Uniform Code of Military Justice

SEC. 521. REFERENCES TO UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this subtitle an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code (the Uniform Code of Military Justice).

SEC. 522. DEFINITIONS.

Section 801 (article 1) is amended by inserting after paragraph (14) the following new paragraphs:

“(15) The term ‘classified information’ means any information or material that has been determined by an official of the United States pursuant to law, an Executive order, or regulation to require protection against unauthorized disclosure for reasons of national security, and any restricted data, as defined in section 11(y) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(y)).

“(16) The term ‘national security’ means the national defense and foreign relations of the United States.”

SEC. 523. ARTICLE 32 INVESTIGATIONS.

Section 832 (article 32) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection (d):

“(d) If evidence adduced in an investigation under this article indicates that the accused committed an uncharged offense, the investigating officer is authorized to investigate the subject matter of such offense without the accused having first been charged with the offense. If the accused was present at such investigation, was informed of the nature of each uncharged offense investigated, and was afforded the opportuni-

ties for representation, cross-examination, and presentation prescribed in subsection (b), no further investigation of such offense or offenses is necessary under this article.”.

SEC. 524. REFUSAL TO TESTIFY BEFORE COURT-MARTIAL.

Section 847(b) (article 47(b)) is amended—

(1) by inserting “indictment or” in the first sentence after “shall be tried on”; and

(2) in the second sentence, by striking out “shall be” and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof “shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the court’s discretion.”.

SEC. 525. COMMITMENT OF ACCUSED TO TREATMENT FACILITY BY REASON OF LACK OF MENTAL CAPACITY OR MENTAL RESPONSIBILITY.

(a) APPLICABLE PROCEDURES.—(1) Chapter 47 is amended by inserting after section 850a (article 50a) the following:

“§ 850b. Art. 50b. Lack of mental capacity or mental responsibility; commitment of accused for examination and treatment

“(a) PERSONS INCOMPETENT TO STAND TRIAL.—(1) In the case of a person determined under this chapter to be presently suffering from a mental disease or defect rendering the person mentally incompetent to the extent that the person is unable to understand the nature of the proceedings against that person or to conduct or cooperate intelligently in the defense of the case, the general court-martial convening authority for that person shall commit the person to the custody of the Attorney General.

“(2) The Attorney General shall take action in accordance with section 4241(d) of title 18.

“(3) If at the end of the period for hospitalization provided for in section 4241(d) of title 18, it is determined that the committed person’s mental condition has not so improved as to permit the trial to proceed, action shall be taken in accordance with section 4246 of such title.

“(4)(A) When the director of a facility in which a person is hospitalized pursuant to paragraph (2) determines that the person has recovered to such an extent that the person is able to understand the nature of the proceedings against the person and to conduct or cooperate intelligently in the defense of the case, the director shall promptly transmit a notification of that determination to the Attorney General and to the general court-martial convening authority for the person. The director shall send a copy of the notification to the person’s counsel.

“(B) Upon receipt of a notification, the general court-martial convening authority shall promptly take custody of the person unless the person covered by the notification is no longer subject to this chapter. If the person is no longer subject to this chapter, the Attorney General shall take any action within the authority of the Attorney General that the Attorney General considers appropriate regarding the person.

“(C) The director of the facility may retain custody of the person for not more than 30 days after transmitting the notifications required by subparagraph (A).

“(5) In the application of section 4246 of title 18 to a case under this subsection, references to the court that ordered the commitment of a person, and to the clerk of such court, shall be deemed to refer to the general court-martial convening authority for that person. However, if the person is no longer subject to this chapter at a time relevant to the application of such section to the person, the United States district court for the district where the person is hospitalized or otherwise may be found shall be considered as the court that ordered the commitment of the person.

“(b) PERSONS FOUND NOT GUILTY BY REASON OF LACK OF MENTAL RESPONSIBILITY.—(1)

If a person is found by a court-martial not guilty only by reason of lack of mental responsibility, the person shall be committed to a suitable facility until the person is eligible for release in accordance with this section.

"(2) The court-martial shall conduct a hearing on the mental condition in accordance with subsection (c) of section 4243 of title 18. Subsections (b) and (d) of that section shall apply with respect to the hearing.

"(3) A report of the results of the hearing shall be made to the general court-martial convening authority for the person.

"(4) If the court-martial fails to find by the standard specified in subsection (d) of section 4243 of title 18 that the person's release would not create a substantial risk of bodily injury to another person or serious damage of property of another due to a present mental disease or defect—

"(A) the general court-martial convening authority may commit the person to the custody of the Attorney General; and

"(B) the Attorney General shall take action in accordance with subsection (e) of section 4243 of title 18.

"(5) Subsections (f), (g), and (h) of section 4243 of title 18 shall apply in the case of a person hospitalized pursuant to paragraph (4)(B), except that the United States district court for the district where the person is hospitalized shall be considered as the court that ordered the person's commitment.

"(c) GENERAL PROVISIONS.—(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection (d)(1), the provisions of section 4247 of title 18 apply in the administration of this section.

"(2) In the application of section 4247(d) of title 18 to hearings conducted by a court-martial under this section or by (or by order of) a general court-martial convening authority under this section, the reference in that section to section 3006A of such title does not apply.

"(d) APPLICABILITY.—(1) The provisions of chapter 313 of title 18 referred to in this section apply according to the provisions of this section notwithstanding section 4247(j) of title 18.

"(2) If the status of a person as described in section 802 of this title (article 2) terminates while the person is, pursuant to this section, in the custody of the Attorney General, hospitalized, or on conditional release under a prescribed regimen of medical, psychiatric, or psychological care or treatment, the provisions of this section establishing requirements and procedures regarding a person no longer subject to this chapter shall continue to apply to that person notwithstanding the change of status."

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter VII of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 850a (article 50a) the following:

"850b. 50b. Lack of mental capacity or mental responsibility: commitment of accused for examination and treatment."

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 802 of title 10, United States Code (article 2 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(e) The provisions of this section are subject to section 850b(d)(2) of this title (article 50b(d)(2))."

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Section 850b of title 10, United States Code (article 50b of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), as added by subsection (a), shall take effect 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply with respect to charges referred to courts-martial on or after that effective date.

SEC. 526. FORFEITURE OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES AND REDUCTION IN GRADE.

(a) EFFECTIVE DATE OF PUNISHMENTS.—Section 857(a) (article 57(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a)(1) Any forfeiture of pay, forfeiture of allowances, or reduction in grade included in a sentence of a court-martial takes effect on the earlier of—

"(A) the date that is 14 days after the date on which the sentence is adjudged; or

"(B) the date on which the sentence is approved by the convening authority.

"(2) On application by an accused, the convening authority may defer any forfeiture of pay, forfeiture of allowances, or reduction in grade that would otherwise become effective under paragraph (1)(A) until the date on which the sentence is approved by the convening authority. The deferment may be rescinded at any time by the convening authority.

"(3) A forfeiture of pay or allowances shall be collected from pay accruing on and after the date on which the sentence takes effect under paragraph (1). Periods during which a sentence to forfeiture of pay or forfeiture of allowances is suspended or deferred shall be excluded in computing the duration of the forfeiture.

"(4) In this subsection, the term 'convening authority', with respect to a sentence of a court-martial, means any person authorized to act on the sentence under section 860 of this title (article 60)."

(b) EFFECT OF PUNITIVE SEPARATION OR CONFINEMENT FOR ONE YEAR OR MORE.—(1) Subchapter VIII is amended by inserting after section 858a (article 58a) the following new section (article):

"§858b. Art. 58b. Sentences: forfeiture of pay and allowances

"(a) A sentence adjudged by a court-martial that includes confinement for one year or more, death, dishonorable discharge, bad-conduct discharge, or dismissal shall result in the forfeiture of all pay and allowances due that member during any period of confinement or parole. The forfeiture required by this section shall take effect on the date determined under section 857(a) of this title (article 57(a)) and may be deferred in accordance with that section.

"(b) In a case involving an accused who has dependents, the convening authority or other person acting under section 860 of this title (article 60) may waive any or all of the forfeitures of pay and allowances required by subsection (a) for a period not to exceed six months. Any amount of pay or allowances that, except for a waiver under this subsection, would be forfeited shall be paid, as the convening authority or other person taking action directs, to the dependents of the accused.

"(c) If the sentence of a member who forfeits pay and allowances under subsection (a) is set aside or disapproved or, as finally approved, does not provide for a punishment referred to in subsection (a), the member shall be paid the pay and allowances which the member would have been paid, except for the forfeiture, for the period during which the forfeiture was in effect."

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter VIII of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

"858b. 58b. Sentences: forfeiture of pay and allowances."

(c) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to a case in which a sentence is adjudged by a court-martial on or after the first day of the first month that begins at least 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 527. DEFERMENT OF CONFINEMENT.

Section 857 (article 57) is amended by striking out subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(e)(1) When an accused in the custody of a State or foreign country is returned temporarily to military authorities for trial by court-martial and is later returned to that State or foreign country under the authority of a mutual agreement or treaty, the convening authority of the court-martial may defer the service of the sentence to confinement without the consent of the accused. The deferment shall terminate when the accused is released permanently to military authorities by the State or foreign country having custody of the accused.

"(2) In this subsection, the term 'State' includes the District of Columbia and any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States.

"(f) While a review of a case under section 867(a)(2) of this title (article 67(a)(2)) is pending, the Secretary concerned or, when designated by the Secretary, an Under Secretary, an Assistant Secretary, the Judge Advocate General, or a commanding officer may defer further service of a sentence to confinement which has been ordered executed in such case."

SEC. 528. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO THE CONVENING AUTHORITY FOR CONSIDERATION.

Section 860(b)(1) (article 60(b)(1)) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: "Any such submission shall be in writing."

SEC. 529. PROCEEDINGS IN REVISION.

Section 860(e)(2) (article 60(e)(2)) is amended by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "A proceeding in revision may be ordered before authentication of the record of trial in order to correct a clerical mistake in a judgment, order, or other part of the record or any error in the record arising from oversight or omission."

SEC. 530. APPEAL BY THE UNITED STATES.

Section 862(a)(1) (article 62(a)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a)(1)(A) In a trial by court-martial in which a military judge presides and in which a punitive discharge may be adjudged, the United States may appeal the following:

"(i) An order or ruling of the military judge which terminates the proceedings with respect to a charge or specification.

"(ii) An order or ruling which excludes evidence that is substantial proof of a fact material in the proceeding.

"(iii) An order or ruling which directs the disclosure of classified information.

"(iv) An order or ruling which imposes sanctions for nondisclosure of classified information.

"(v) A refusal of the military judge to issue a protective order sought by the United States to prevent the disclosure of classified information.

"(vi) A refusal by the military judge to enforce an order described in clause (v) that has previously been issued by appropriate authority.

"(B) The United States may not appeal an order or ruling that is or that amounts to, a finding of not guilty with respect to the charge or specification."

SEC. 531. FLIGHT FROM APPREHENSION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 895 (article 95) is amended to read as follows:

"§895. Art. 95. Resistance, flight, breach of arrest, and escape

"Any person subject to this chapter who—

"(1) resists apprehension;

"(2) flees from apprehension;

"(3) breaks arrest; or

"(4) escapes from custody or confinement; shall be punished as a court-martial may direct."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to section 895 (article 95) in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter X is amended to read as follows:

"895. Art. 95. Resistance, flight, breach of arrest, and escape."

SEC. 532. CARNAL KNOWLEDGE.

(a) GENDER NEUTRALITY.—Subsection (b) of section 920 (article 120) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Any person subject to this chapter who, under circumstances not amounting to rape, commits an act of sexual intercourse with a person—

"(1) who is not that person's spouse; and

"(2) who has not attained the age of sixteen years;

is guilty of carnal knowledge and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct."

(b) MISTAKE OF FACT.—Such section (article) is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(d)(1) In a prosecution under subsection (b), it is an affirmative defense that—

"(A) the person with whom the accused committed the act of sexual intercourse had at the time of the alleged offense attained the age of twelve years; and

"(B) the accused reasonably believed that that person had at the time of the alleged offense attained the age of sixteen years.

"(2) The accused has the burden of proving a defense under paragraph (1) by a preponderance of the evidence."

SEC. 533. TIME AFTER ACCESSION FOR INITIAL INSTRUCTION IN THE UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE.

Section 937(a)(1) (article 137(a)(1)) is amended by striking out "within six days" and inserting in lieu thereof "within fourteen days".

SEC. 534. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.

Section 866(f) (article 66(f)) is amended by striking out "Courts of Military Review" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Courts of Criminal Appeals".

SEC. 535. PERMANENT AUTHORITY CONCERNING TEMPORARY VACANCIES ON THE COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES.

Section 1301 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-189; 103 Stat. 1569; 10 U.S.C. 942 note) is amended by striking out subsection (i).

SEC. 536. ADVISORY PANEL ON UCMJ JURISDICTION OVER CIVILIANS ACCOMPANYING THE ARMED FORCES IN TIME OF ARMED CONFLICT.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than December 15, 1996, the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General shall jointly establish an advisory panel to review and make recommendations on jurisdiction over civilians accompanying the Armed Forces in time of armed conflict.

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The panel shall be composed of at least 5 individuals, including experts in military law, international law, and federal civilian criminal law. In making appointments to the panel, the Secretary and the Attorney General shall ensure that the members of the panel reflect diverse experiences in the conduct of prosecution and defense functions.

(c) DUTIES.—The panel shall—

(1) review historical experiences and current practices concerning the employment, training, discipline, and functions of civilians accompanying the Armed Forces in the field;

(2) make specific recommendations (in accordance with subsection (d)) concerning—

(A) establishing court-martial jurisdiction over civilians accompanying the Armed

Forces in the field during time of armed conflict not involving a war declared by Congress;

(B) revisions to the jurisdiction of the Article III courts over such persons; and

(C) establishment of Article I courts to exercise jurisdiction over such persons; and

(3) make such additional recommendations (in accordance with subsection (d)) as the panel considers appropriate as a result of the review.

(d) REPORT.—(1) Not later than December 15, 1996, the advisory panel shall transmit a report on the findings and recommendations of the panel to the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General.

(2) Not later than January 15, 1997, the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General shall jointly transmit the report of the advisory panel to Congress. The Secretary and the Attorney General may include in the transmittal any joint comments on the report that they consider appropriate, and either such official may include in the transmittal any separate comments on the report that such official considers appropriate.

(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term "Article I court" means a court established under Article I of the Constitution.

(2) The term "Article III court" means a court established under Article III of the Constitution.

(f) TERMINATION OF PANEL.—The panel shall terminate 30 days after the date of submission of the report to the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General under subsection (d).

Subtitle D—Decorations and Awards

SEC. 541. AWARD OF PURPLE HEART TO CERTAIN FORMER PRISONERS OF WAR.

(a) AUTHORITY TO MAKE AWARD.—The President may award the Purple Heart to a person who, while serving in the Armed Forces of the United States before April 25, 1962—

(1) was taken prisoner or held captive—

(A) in an action against an enemy of the United States;

(B) in military operations involving conflict with an opposing foreign force;

(C) during service with friendly forces engaged in an armed conflict against an opposing armed force in which the United States was not a belligerent party;

(D) as the result of an action of any such enemy or opposing armed force; or

(E) as the result of an act of any foreign hostile force; and

(2) was wounded while being taken prisoner or held captive.

(b) STANDARDS.—An award of the Purple Heart may be made under subsection (a) only in accordance with the standards in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act for the award of the Purple Heart to a member of the Armed Forces who, on or after April 25, 1962, has been taken prisoner and held captive under circumstances described in that subsection.

(c) EXCEPTION FOR AIDING THE ENEMY.—An award of a Purple Heart may not be made under this section to any person convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of rendering assistance to any enemy of the United States.

(d) COVERED WOUNDS.—A wound determined by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs as being a service-connected injury arising from being taken prisoner or held captive under circumstances described in subsection (a) satisfies the condition set forth in paragraph (2) of that subsection.

(e) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER AUTHORITY TO AWARD THE PURPLE HEART.—The authority under this section is in addition to any other authority of the President to award the Purple Heart.

SEC. 542. MERITORIOUS AND VALOROUS SERVICE DURING VIETNAM ERA: REVIEW AND AWARDS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The Ia Drang Valley (Pleiku) campaign, carried out by the Armed Forces of the United States in the Ia Drang Valley of Vietnam from October 23, 1965, to November 26, 1965, is illustrative of the many battles which pitted forces of the United States against North Vietnamese Army regulars and Viet Cong in vicious fighting in which many members of the Armed Forces displayed extraordinary heroism, sacrifice, and bravery which has not yet been officially recognized through award of appropriate decorations.

(2) Accounts of these battles published since the war ended authoritatively document repeated acts of extraordinary heroism, sacrifice, and bravery on the part of many members of the Armed Forces who were engaged in these battles, many of whom have never been officially recognized for those acts.

(3) In some of the battles United States military units suffered substantial losses, in some cases a majority of the strength of the units.

(4) The incidence of heavy casualties throughout the war inhibited the timely collection of comprehensive and detailed information to support recommendations for awards for the acts of heroism, sacrifice, and bravery performed.

(5) Requests to the Secretaries of the military departments for review of award recommendations for those acts have been denied because of restrictions in law and regulations that require timely filing of recommendations and documented justification.

(6) Acts of heroism, sacrifice, and bravery performed in combat by members of the Armed Forces of the United States deserve appropriate and timely recognition by the people of the United States.

(7) It is appropriate to recognize military personnel for acts of extraordinary heroism, sacrifice, or bravery that are belatedly, but properly, documented by persons who witnessed those acts.

(b) WAIVER OF RESTRICTIONS ON AWARDS.—

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of the military department concerned may award or upgrade a decoration to any person for an act, an achievement, or service that the person performed in a campaign while serving on active duty during the Vietnam era.

(2) Paragraph (1) applies to any decoration (including any device in lieu of a decoration) that, during or after the Vietnam era and before the date of the enactment of this Act, was authorized by law or under regulations of the Department of Defense or the military department concerned to be awarded to a person for an act, an achievement, or service performed by that person while serving on active duty.

(c) REVIEW OF AWARD RECOMMENDATIONS.—

(1) The Secretary of each military department shall review all recommendations for awards for acts, achievements, or service described in subsection (b)(1) that have been received by the Secretary during the period of the review.

(2) The Secretaries shall begin the review within 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and shall complete the review within one year after such date.

(3) The Secretary may use the same process for carrying out the review as the Secretary uses for reviewing other recommendations for awarding decorations to members of the armed force or armed forces under the Secretary's jurisdiction for acts, achievements, or service.

(4)(A) Upon completing the review, the Secretary shall submit a report on the review to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives.

(B) The report shall contain the following information on each recommendation for award reviewed:

- (i) A summary of the recommendation.
- (ii) The findings resulting from the review.
- (iii) The final action taken on the recommendation.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term "Vietnam era" has the meaning given that term in section 101(29) of title 38, United States Code.

(2) The term "active duty" has the meaning given such term in section 101(d)(1) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 543. MILITARY INTELLIGENCE PERSONNEL PREVENTED BY SECRECY FROM BEING CONSIDERED FOR DECORATIONS AND AWARDS.

(a) WAIVER ON RESTRICTIONS OF AWARDS.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President, the Secretary of Defense, or the Secretary of the military department concerned may award a decoration to any person for an act, achievement, or service that the person performed in carrying out military intelligence duties during the period January 1, 1940, through December 31, 1990.

(2) Paragraph (1) applies to any decoration (including any device in lieu of a decoration) that, during or after the period described in paragraph (1) and before the date of the enactment of this Act, was authorized by law or under the regulations of the Department of Defense or the military department concerned to be awarded to a person for an act, achievement, or service performed by that person while serving on active duty.

(b) REVIEW OF AWARD RECOMMENDATIONS.—(1) The Secretary of each military department shall review all recommendations for awards of decorations for acts, achievements, or service described in subsection (a)(1) that have been received by the Secretary during the period of the review.

(2) The Secretary shall begin the review within 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and shall complete the review within one year after such date.

(3) The Secretary may use the same process for carrying out the review as the Secretary uses for reviewing other recommendations for awarding decorations to members of the armed force or armed forces under the Secretary's jurisdiction for acts, achievements, or service.

(4) The Secretary may reject a recommendation if the Secretary determines that there is a justifiable basis for concluding that the recommendation is specious.

(5) The Secretary shall take reasonable actions to publicize widely the opportunity to recommend awards of decorations under this section.

(6)(A) Upon completing the review, the Secretary shall submit a report on the review to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives.

(B) The report shall contain the following information on each recommendation for an award reviewed:

- (i) A summary of the recommendation.
- (ii) The findings resulting from the review.
- (iii) The final action taken on the recommendation.

(iv) Administrative or legislative recommendations to improve award procedures with respect to military intelligence personnel.

(c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "active duty" has the meaning given such term in section 101(d)(1) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 544. REVIEW REGARDING AWARDS OF DISTINGUISHED-SERVICE CROSS TO ASIAN-AMERICANS AND PACIFIC ISLANDERS FOR CERTAIN WORLD WAR II SERVICE.

(a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the Army shall—

(1) review the records relating to the award of the Distinguished-Service Cross to Asian-Americans and Native American Pacific Islanders for service as members of the Army during World War II in order to determine whether the award should be upgraded to the Medal of Honor; and

(2) submit to the President a recommendation that the President award a Medal of Honor to each such person for whom the Secretary determines an upgrade to be appropriate.

(b) WAIVER OF TIME LIMITATIONS.—The President is authorized to award a Medal of Honor to any person referred to in subsection (a) in accordance with a recommendation of the Secretary of the Army submitted under that subsection. The following restrictions do not apply in the case of any such person:

(1) Sections 3744 and 8744 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) Any regulation or other administrative restriction on—

(A) the time for awarding a Medal of Honor; or

(B) the awarding of a Medal of Honor for service for which a Distinguished-Service Cross has been awarded.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term "Native American Pacific Islander" means a Native Hawaiian and any other Native American Pacific Islander within the meaning of the Native American Programs Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 2991 et seq.).

(2) The term "World War II" has the meaning given that term in section 101(8) of title 38, United States Code.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 551. DETERMINATION OF WHEREABOUTS AND STATUS OF MISSING PERSONS.

(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to ensure that any member of the Armed Forces is accounted for by the United States (by the return of such person alive, by the return of the remains of such person, or by the decision that credible evidence exists to support another determination of the status of such person) and, as a general rule, is not declared dead solely because of the passage of time.

(b) IN GENERAL.—(1) Part II of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 75 the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 76—MISSING PERSONS

"Sec.

"1501. System for accounting for missing persons.

"1502. Missing persons: initial report.

"1503. Actions of Secretary concerned; initial board inquiry.

"1504. Subsequent board of inquiry.

"1505. Further review.

"1506. Personnel files.

"1507. Recommendation of status of death.

"1508. Return alive of person declared missing or dead.

"1509. Effect on State law.

"1510. Definitions.

"§ 1501. System for accounting for missing persons

"(a) OFFICE FOR MISSING PERSONNEL.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish within the Office of the Secretary of Defense an office to have responsibility for Department of Defense policy relating to missing persons. Subject to the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary of Defense, the responsibilities of the office shall include—

"(A) policy, control, and oversight within the Department of Defense of the entire process for investigation and recovery related to missing persons; and

"(B) coordination for the Department of Defense with other departments and agencies of the United States on all matters concerning missing persons.

"(2) In carrying out the responsibilities of the office established under this subsection, the head of the office shall coordinate the efforts of that office with those of other departments and agencies and other elements of the Department of Defense for such purposes and shall be responsible for the coordination for such purposes within the Department of Defense among the military departments, the Joint Staff, and the commanders of the combatant commands.

"(3) The office shall establish policies, which shall apply uniformly throughout the Department of Defense, for personnel recovery.

"(4) The office shall establish procedures to be followed by Department of Defense boards of inquiry, and by officials reviewing the reports of such boards, under this chapter.

"(b) SEARCH AND RESCUE.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), responsibility for search and rescue policies within the Department of Defense shall be established by the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict.

"(c) UNIFORM DOD PROCEDURES.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe procedures, to apply uniformly throughout the Department of Defense, for—

"(A) the determination of the status of persons described in subsection (e); and

"(B) for the systematic, comprehensive, and timely collection, analysis, review, dissemination, and periodic update of information related to such persons.

"(2) Such procedures may provide for the delegation by the Secretary of Defense of any responsibility of the Secretary under this chapter to the Secretary of a military department.

"(3) Such procedures shall be prescribed in a single directive applicable to all elements of the Department of Defense, other than the elements carrying out activities relating to search and rescue.

"(4) As part of such procedures, the Secretary may provide for the extension, on a case-by-case basis, of any time limit specified in section 1503 or 1504 of this title. Any such extension may not be for a period in excess of the period with respect to which the extension is provided. Subsequent extensions may be provided on the same basis.

"(d) COAST GUARD.—(1) The Secretary of Transportation shall designate an officer of the Department of Transportation to have responsibility within the Department of Transportation for matters relating to missing persons who are Coast Guard personnel.

"(2) The Secretary of Transportation shall prescribe procedures for the determination of the status of persons described in subsection (e) who are personnel of the Coast Guard and for the collection, analysis, review, and update of information on such persons. To the maximum extent practicable, the procedures prescribed under this paragraph shall be similar to the procedures prescribed by the Secretary of Defense under subsection (c).

"(e) COVERED PERSONS.—Section 1502 of this title applies in the case of any member of the armed forces on active duty who becomes involuntarily absent as a result of a hostile action, or under circumstances suggesting that the involuntary absence is a result of a hostile action, and whose status is undetermined or who is unaccounted for.

"(f) PRIMARY NEXT OF KIN.—The individual who is primary next of kin of any person prescribed in subsection (e) may for purposes of

this chapter designate another individual to act on behalf of that individual as primary next of kin. The Secretary concerned shall treat an individual so designated as if the individual designated were the primary next of kin for purposes of this chapter. A designation under this subsection may be revoked at any time by the person who made the designation.

“(g) TERMINATION OF APPLICABILITY OF PROCEDURES WHEN MISSING PERSON IS ACCOUNTED FOR.—The provisions of this chapter relating to boards of inquiry and to the actions by the Secretary concerned on the reports of those boards shall cease to apply in the case of a missing person upon the person becoming accounted for or otherwise being determined to be in a status other than missing.

“§ 1502. Missing persons: initial report

“(a) PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATION BY COMMANDER.—After receiving information that the whereabouts or status of a person described in section 1501(e) of this title is uncertain and that the absence of the person may be involuntary, the commander of the unit, facility, or area to or in which the person is assigned shall make a preliminary assessment of the circumstances. If, as a result of that assessment, the commander concludes that the person is missing, the commander shall—

“(1) recommend that the person be placed in a missing status; and

“(2) transmit that recommendation to the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary having jurisdiction over the missing person in accordance with procedures prescribed under section 1501 of this title.

“(b) FORWARDING OF RECORDS.—The commander making the initial assessment shall (in accordance with procedures prescribed under section 1501 of this title) safeguard and forward for official use any information relating to the whereabouts or status of a missing person that result from the preliminary assessment or from actions taken to locate the person.

“§ 1503. Actions of Secretary concerned; initial board inquiry

“(a) DETERMINATION BY SECRETARY.—(1) Upon receiving a recommendation on the status of a person under section 1502(a)(2) of this title, the Secretary receiving the recommendation shall review the recommendation.

“(2) After reviewing the recommendation on the status of a person, the Secretary shall—

“(A) make a determination whether the person shall be declared missing; or

“(B) if the Secretary determines that a status other than missing may be warranted for the person, appoint a board under this section to carry out an inquiry into the whereabouts or status of the person.

“(b) INQUIRIES INVOLVING MORE THAN ONE MISSING PERSON.—If it appears to the Secretary who appoints a board under this section that the absence or missing status of two or more persons is factually related, the Secretary may appoint a single board under this section to conduct the inquiry into the whereabouts or status of such persons.

“(c) COMPOSITION.—(1) A board appointed under this section to inquire into the whereabouts or status of a person shall consist of at least one military officer who has experience with and understanding of military operations or activities similar to the operation or activity in which the person disappeared.

“(2) An individual may be appointed as a member of a board under this section only if the individual has a security clearance that affords the individual access to all information relating to the whereabouts and status

of the missing persons covered by the inquiry.

“(3) The Secretary who appoints a board under this subsection shall, for purposes of providing legal counsel to the board, assign to the board a judge advocate, or appoint to the board an attorney, who has expertise in the law relating to missing persons, the determination of death of such persons, and the rights of family members and dependents of such persons.

“(d) DUTIES OF BOARD.—A board appointed to conduct an inquiry into the whereabouts or status of a missing person under this section shall—

“(1) collect, develop, and investigate all facts and evidence relating to the disappearance, whereabouts, or status of the person;

“(2) collect appropriate documentation of the facts and evidence covered by the investigation;

“(3) analyze the facts and evidence, make findings based on that analysis, and draw conclusions as to the current whereabouts and status of the person; and

“(4) with respect to each person covered by the inquiry, recommend to the Secretary who appointed the board that—

“(A) the person be placed in a missing status; or

“(B) the person be declared to have deserted, to be absent without leave, or to be dead.

“(e) BOARD PROCEEDINGS.—During the proceedings of an inquiry under this section, a board shall—

“(1) collect, record, and safeguard all facts, documents, statements, photographs, tapes, messages, maps, sketches, reports, and other information (whether classified or unclassified) relating to the whereabouts or status of each person covered by the inquiry;

“(2) gather information relating to actions taken to find the person, including any evidence of the whereabouts or status of the person arising from such actions; and

“(3) maintain a record of its proceedings.

“(f) ACCESS TO PROCEEDINGS.—The proceedings of a board during an inquiry under this section shall be closed to the public (including, with respect to the person covered by the inquiry, the primary next of kin, other members of the immediate family, and any other previously designated person of the person).

“(g) RECOMMENDATION ON STATUS OF MISSING PERSONS.—(1) Upon completion of its inquiry, a board appointed under this section shall make a recommendation to the Secretary who appointed the board as to the appropriate determination of the current whereabouts or status of each person whose whereabouts and status were covered by the inquiry.

“(2) (A) A board may not recommend under paragraph (1) that a person be declared dead unless the board determines that the evidence before it established conclusive proof of the death of the person.

“(B) In this paragraph, the term ‘conclusive proof of death’ means credible evidence establishing that death is the only credible explanation for the absence of the person.

“(h) REPORT.—(1) A board appointed under this section shall submit to the Secretary who appointed the board a report on the inquiry carried out by the board. The report shall include—

“(A) a discussion of the facts and evidence considered by the board in the inquiry;

“(B) the recommendation of the board under subsection (g) with respect to each person covered by the report; and

“(C) disclosure of whether classified documents and information were reviewed by the board or were otherwise used by the board in forming recommendations under subparagraph (B).

“(2) A board shall submit a report under this subsection with respect to the inquiry carried out by the board not later than 30 days after the date of the appointment of the board to carry out the inquiry.

“(3) A report submitted under this subsection with respect to a missing person may not be made public until one year after the date on which the report is submitted, and not without the approval of the primary next of kin of the person.

“(i) DETERMINATION BY SECRETARY.—(1) Not later than 30 days after the receipt of a report from a board under subsection (j), the Secretary receiving the report shall review the report.

“(2) In reviewing a report under paragraph (1) the Secretary shall determine whether or not the report is complete and free of administrative error. If the Secretary determines that the report is incomplete, or that the report is not free of administrative error, the Secretary may return the report to the board for further action on the report by the board.

“(3) Upon a determination by the Secretary that a report reviewed under this subsection is complete and free of administrative error, the Secretary shall make a determination concerning the status of each person covered by the report, including whether the person shall—

“(A) be declared missing;

“(B) be declared to have deserted;

“(C) be declared to be absent without leave; or

“(D) be declared to be dead.

“(j) REPORT TO FAMILY MEMBERS AND OTHER INTERESTED PERSONS.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary concerned makes a determination of the status of a person under subsection (a)(2) or (i), the Secretary shall take reasonable actions to—

“(1) provide to the primary next of kin, the other members of the immediate family, and any other previously designated person of the person—

“(A) an unclassified summary of the unit commander's report with respect to the person under section 1502(a) of this title; and

“(B) if a board was appointed to carry out an inquiry into the person under this section, the report of the board (including the names of the members of the board) under subsection (h); and

“(2) inform each individual referred to in paragraph (1) that the United States will conduct a subsequent inquiry into the whereabouts or status of the person on or about one year after the date of the first official notice of the disappearance of the person, unless information becomes available sooner that may result in a change in status of the person.

“(k) TREATMENT OF DETERMINATION.—Any determination of the status of a missing person under subsection (a)(2) or (i) shall be treated as the determination of the status of the person by all departments and agencies of the United States.

“§ 1504. Subsequent board of inquiry

“(a) ADDITIONAL BOARD.—If information that may result in a change of status of a person covered by a determination under subsection (a)(2) or (i) of section 1503 of this title becomes available within one year after the date of the transmission of a report with respect to the person under section 1502(a)(2) of this title, the Secretary concerned shall appoint a board under this section to conduct an inquiry into the information.

“(b) DATE OF APPOINTMENT.—The Secretary concerned shall appoint a board under this section to conduct an inquiry into the whereabouts and status of a missing person on or about one year after the date of the

transmission of a report concerning the person under section 1502(a)(2) of this title.

“(c) COMBINED INQUIRIES.—If it appears to the Secretary concerned that the absence or status of two or more persons is factually related, the Secretary may appoint one board under this section to conduct the inquiry into the whereabouts or status of such persons.

“(d) COMPOSITION.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), a board appointed under this section shall consist of not less than three officers having the grade of major or lieutenant commander or above.

“(2) The Secretary concerned shall designate one member of a board appointed under this section as president of the board. The president of the board shall have a security clearance that affords the president access to all information relating to the whereabouts and status of each person covered by the inquiry.

“(3) One member of each board appointed under this subsection shall be an individual who—

“(A) has an occupational specialty similar to that of one or more of the persons covered by the inquiry; and

“(B) has an understanding of and expertise in the type of official activities that one or more such persons were engaged in at the time such person or persons disappeared.

“(4) The Secretary who appoints a board under this subsection shall, for purposes of providing legal counsel to the board, assign to the board a judge advocate, or appoint to the board an attorney, who has expertise in the law relating to missing persons, the determination of death of such persons, and the rights of family members and dependents of such persons.

“(e) DUTIES OF BOARD.—A board appointed under this section to conduct an inquiry into the whereabouts or status of a person shall—

“(1) review the report with respect to the person transmitted under section 1502(a)(2) of this title, and the report, if any, submitted under subsection (h) of section 1503 of this title by the board appointed to conduct inquiry into the status of the person under such section 1503;

“(2) collect and evaluate any document, fact, or other evidence with respect to the whereabouts or status of the person that has become available since the determination of the status of the person under section 1503 of this title;

“(3) draw conclusions as to the whereabouts or status of the person;

“(4) determine on the basis of the activities under paragraphs (1) and (2) whether the status of the person should be continued or changed; and

“(5) submit to the Secretary concerned a report describing the findings and conclusions of the board, together with a recommendation for a determination by the Secretary concerning the whereabouts or status of the person.

“(f) ATTENDANCE OF FAMILY MEMBERS AND CERTAIN OTHER INTERESTED PERSONS AT PROCEEDINGS.—(1) With respect to any person covered by a inquiry under this section, the primary next of kin, other members of the immediate family, and any other previously designated person of the person may attend the proceedings of the board during the inquiry.

“(2) The Secretary concerned shall take reasonable actions to notify each individual referred to in paragraph (1) of the opportunity to attend the proceedings of a board. Such notice shall be provided not less than 60 days before the first meeting of the board.

“(3) An individual who receives notice under paragraph (2) shall notify the Secretary of the intent, if any, of that individual to attend the proceedings of the board

not later than 21 days after the date on which the individual receives the notice.

“(4) Each individual who notifies the Secretary under paragraph (3) of the individual's intent to attend the proceedings of the board—

“(A) in the case of a individual who is the primary next of kin or other member of the immediate family of a missing person whose status is a subject of the inquiry and whose receipt of the pay or allowances (including allotments) of the person could be reduced or terminated as a result of a revision in the status of the person, may attend the proceedings of the board with private counsel;

“(B) shall have access to the personnel file of the missing person, to unclassified reports, if any, of the board appointed under section 1503 of this title to conduct the inquiry into the whereabouts and status of the person, and to any other unclassified information or documents relating to the whereabouts and status of the person;

“(C) shall be afforded the opportunity to present information at the proceedings of the board that such individual considers to be relevant to those proceedings; and

“(D) subject to paragraph (5), shall be given the opportunity to submit in writing an objection to any recommendation of the board under subsection (h) as to the status of the missing person.

“(5)(A) Individuals who wish to file objections under paragraph (4)(D) to any recommendation of the board shall—

“(i) submit a letter of intent to the president of the board not later than 2 days after the date on which the recommendations are made; and

“(ii) submit to the president of the board the objections in writing not later than 15 days after the date on which the recommendations are made.

“(B) The president of a board shall include any objections to a recommendation of the board that are submitted to the president of the board under subparagraph (A) in the report of the board containing the recommendation under subsection (h).

“(6) An individual referred to in paragraph (1) who attends the proceedings of a board under this subsection shall not be entitled to reimbursement by the United States for any costs (including travel, lodging, meals, local transportation, legal fees, transcription costs, witness expenses, and other expenses) incurred by that individual in attending such proceedings.

“(g) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION TO BOARDS.—(1) In conducting proceedings in an inquiry under this section, a board may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States any information that the board considers necessary in order to conduct the proceedings.

“(2) Upon written request from the president of a board, the head of a department or agency of the United States shall release information covered by the request to the board. In releasing such information, the head of the department or agency shall—

“(A) declassify to an appropriate degree classified information; or

“(B) release the information in a manner not requiring the removal of markings indicating the classified nature of the information.

“(3)(A) If a request for information under paragraph (2) covers classified information that cannot be declassified, cannot be removed before release from the information covered by the request, or cannot be summarized in a manner that prevents the release of classified information, the classified information shall be made available only to the president of the board making the request.

“(B) The president of a board shall close to persons who do not have appropriate secu-

rity clearances the proceeding of the board at which classified information is discussed. Participants at a proceeding of a board at which classified information is discussed shall comply with all applicable laws and regulations relating to the disclosure of classified information. The Secretary concerned shall assist the president of a board in ensuring that classified information is not compromised through board proceedings.

“(h) RECOMMENDATION ON STATUS.—(1) Upon completion of an inquiry under this subsection, a board shall make a recommendation as to the current whereabouts or status of each missing person covered by the inquiry.

“(2) A board may not recommend under paragraph (1) that a person be declared dead unless—

“(A) proof of death is established by the board; or

“(B) in making the recommendation, the board complies with section 1507 of this title.

“(i) REPORT.—A board appointed under this section shall submit to the Secretary concerned a report on the inquiry carried out by the board, together with the evidence considered by the board during the inquiry. The report may include a classified annex.

“(j) ACTIONS BY SECRETARY CONCERNED.—(1) Not later than 30 days after the receipt of a report from a board under subsection (i), the Secretary shall review—

“(A) the report; and

“(B) the objections, if any, to the report submitted to the president of the board under subsection (f)(5).

“(2) In reviewing a report under paragraph (1) (including the objections described in subparagraph (B) of that paragraph), the Secretary concerned shall determine whether or not the report is complete and free of administrative error. If the Secretary determines that the report is incomplete, or that the report is not free of administrative error, the Secretary may return the report to the board for further action on the report by the board.

“(3) Upon a determination by the Secretary that a report reviewed under this subsection is complete and free of administrative error, the Secretary shall make a determination concerning the status of each person covered by the report.

“(k) REPORT TO FAMILY MEMBERS AND OTHER INTERESTED PERSONS.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Secretary concerned makes a determination with respect to a missing person under subsection (j), the Secretary shall—

“(1) provide an unclassified summary of the report reviewed by the Secretary in making the determination to the primary next of kin, the other members of the immediate family, and any other previously designated person of the person; and

“(2) in the case of a person who continues to be in a missing status, inform each individual referred to in paragraph (1) that the United States will conduct subsequent inquiries into the whereabouts or status of the person upon obtaining credible information that may result in a change in the status of the person.

“(l) TREATMENT OF DETERMINATION.—Any determination of the status of a missing person under subsection (j) shall supersede the determination of the status of the person under section 1503 of this title and shall be treated as the determination of the status of the person by all departments and agencies of the United States.

“§ 1505. Further review

“(a) SUBSEQUENT REVIEW.—(1) The Secretary concerned shall conduct subsequent inquiries into the whereabouts or status of any person determined by the Secretary

under section 1504 of this title to be in a missing status.

“(2) The Secretary concerned shall appoint a board to conduct an inquiry with respect to a person under this subsection upon obtaining credible information that may result in a change of status of the person.

“(b) CONDUCT OF PROCEEDINGS.—The appointment of, and activities before, a board appointed under this section shall be governed by the provisions of section 1504 of this title with respect to a board appointed under that section.

“§ 1506. Personnel files

“(a) INFORMATION IN FILES.—Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), and (d), the Secretary of the department having jurisdiction over a missing person at the time of the person’s disappearance shall, to the maximum extent practicable, ensure that the personnel file of the person contains all information in the possession of the United States relating to the disappearance and whereabouts or status of the person.

“(b) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—(1) The Secretary concerned may withhold classified information from a personnel file under this section.

“(2) If the Secretary concerned withholds classified information from a personnel file, the Secretary shall ensure that the file contains the following:

“(A) A notice that the withheld information exists.

“(B) A notice of the date of the most recent review of the classification of the withheld information.

“(c) PROTECTION OF PRIVACY.—The Secretary concerned shall maintain personnel files under this section, and shall permit disclosure of or access to such files, in accordance with the provisions of section 552a of title 5 and with other applicable laws and regulations pertaining to the privacy of the persons covered by the files.

“(d) PRIVILEGED INFORMATION.—The Secretary concerned shall withhold reports obtained as privileged information from the personnel files under this section. If the Secretary withholds a report from a personnel file under this subsection, the Secretary shall ensure that the file contains a notice that the withheld information exists.

“(e) WRONGFUL WITHHOLDING.—Except as otherwise provided by law, any person who knowingly and willfully withholds from the personnel file of a missing person any information relating to the disappearance or whereabouts or status of a missing person shall be fined as provided in title 18 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

“(f) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary concerned shall, upon request, make available the contents of the personnel file of a missing person to the primary next of kin, the other members of the immediate family, or any other previously designated person of the person.

“§ 1507. Recommendation of status of death

“(a) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO RECOMMENDATION.—A board appointed under section 1504 or 1505 of this title may not recommend that a person be declared dead unless—

“(1) credible evidence exists to suggest that the person is dead;

“(2) the United States possesses no credible evidence that suggests that the person is alive;

“(3) representatives of the United States have made a complete search of the area where the person was last seen (unless, after making a good faith effort to obtain access to such area, such representatives are not granted such access); and

“(4) representatives of the United States have examined the records of the govern-

ment or entity having control over the area where the person was last seen (unless, after making a good faith effort to obtain access to such records, such representatives are not granted such access).

“(b) SUBMITTAL OF INFORMATION ON DEATH.—If a board appointed under section 1504 or 1505 of this title makes a recommendation that a missing person be declared dead, the board shall, to the maximum extent practicable, include in the report of the board with respect to the person under such section the following:

“(1) A detailed description of the location where the death occurred.

“(2) A statement of the date on which the death occurred.

“(3) A description of the location of the body, if recovered.

“(4) If the body has been recovered and is not identifiable through visual means, a certification by a practitioner of an appropriate forensic science that the body recovered is that of the missing person.

“§ 1508. Return alive of person declared missing or dead

“(a) PAY AND ALLOWANCES.—Any person (except for a person subsequently determined to have been absent without leave or a deserter) in a missing status or declared dead under the Missing Persons Act of 1942 (56 Stat. 143) or chapter 10 of title 37 or by a board appointed under this chapter who is found alive and returned to the control of the United States shall be paid for the full time of the absence of the person while given that status or declared dead under the law and regulations relating to the pay and allowances of persons returning from a missing status.

“(b) EFFECT ON GRATUITIES PAID AS A RESULT OF STATUS.—Subsection (a) shall not be interpreted to invalidate or otherwise affect the receipt by any person of a death gratuity or other payment from the United States on behalf of a person referred to in subsection (a) before the date of the enactment of this chapter.

“§ 1509. Effect on State law

“Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to invalidate or limit the power of any State court or administrative entity, or the power of any court or administrative entity of any political subdivision thereof, to find or declare a person dead for purposes of such State or political subdivision.

“§ 1510. Definitions

“In this chapter:

“(1) The term ‘missing person’ means a member of the armed forces on active duty who is in a missing status.

“(2) The term ‘missing status’ means the status of a missing person who is determined to be absent in a category of—

- “(A) missing;
- “(B) missing in action;
- “(C) interned in a foreign country;
- “(D) captured;
- “(E) beleaguered;
- “(F) besieged; or
- “(G) detained.

“(3) The term ‘accounted for’, with respect to a person in a missing status, means that—

“(A) the person is returned to United States control alive;

“(B) the remains of the person are identified by competent authority; or

“(C) credible evidence exists to support another determination of the person’s status.

“(4) The term ‘primary next of kin’, in the case of a missing person, means the individual authorized to direct disposition of the remains of the person under section 1482(c) of this title.

“(5) The term ‘member of the immediate family’, in the case of a missing person, means the following:

“(A) The spouse of the person.

“(B) A natural child, adopted child, step child, or illegitimate child (if acknowledged by the person or parenthood has been established by a court of competent jurisdiction) of the person, except that if such child has not attained the age of 18 years, the term means a surviving parent or legal guardian of such child.

“(C) A biological parent of the person, unless legal custody of the person by the parent has been previously terminated by reason of a court decree or otherwise under law and not restored.

“(D) A brother or sister of the person, if such brother or sister has attained the age of 18 years.

“(E) Any other blood relative or adoptive relative of the person, if such relative was given sole legal custody of the person by a court decree or otherwise under law before the person attained the age of 18 years and such custody was not subsequently terminated before that time.

“(6) The term ‘previously designated person’, in the case of a missing person, means an individual designated by the person under section 655 of this title for purposes of this chapter.

“(7) The term ‘classified information’ means any information determined as such under applicable laws and regulations of the United States.

“(8) The term ‘State’ includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any territory or possession of the United States.

“(9) The term ‘Secretary concerned’ includes the Secretary of Transportation with respect to the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Department of the Navy.

“(10) The term ‘armed forces’ includes Coast Guard personnel operating in conjunction with, in support of, or under the command of a unified combatant command (as that term is used in section 6 of this title).”.

(2) The tables of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A, and at the beginning of part II of subtitle A, of title 10, United States Code, are amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 75 the following new item: “76. Missing Persons 1501”.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Chapter 10 of title 37, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 555 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “when a member” and inserting in lieu thereof “except as provided in subsection (d), when a member”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) This section does not apply in a case to which section 1502 of title 10 applies.”.

(2) Section 552 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “for all purposes,” in the second sentence of the matter following paragraph (2) and all that follows through the end of the sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “for all purposes.”;

(B) in subsection (b), by inserting “or under chapter 76 of title 10” before the period at the end; and

(C) in subsection (e), by inserting “or under chapter 76 of title 10” after “section 555 of this title” after “section 555 of this title”.

(3) Section 553 is amended—

(A) in subsection (f), by striking out “the date the Secretary concerned receives evidence that” and inserting in lieu thereof “the date on which, in a case covered by section 555 of this title, the Secretary concerned receives evidence, or, in a case covered by chapter 76 of title 10, the Secretary concerned determines pursuant to that chapter that”; and

(B) in subsection (g), by inserting "or under chapter 76 of title 10" after section 555 of this title".

(4) Section 556 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by inserting after paragraph (7) the following: "Paragraphs (1), (5), (6), and (7) shall only apply with respect to a case to which section 555 of this title applies.";

(B) in subsection (b), by inserting "in a case to which section 555 of this title applies," after "When the Secretary concerned"; and

(C) in subsection (h)—

(i) in the first sentence, by striking out "status" and inserting in lieu thereof "pay"; and

(ii) in the second sentence, by inserting "in a case to which section 555 of this title applies" after "under this section".

(d) DESIGNATION OF INDIVIDUALS HAVING INTEREST IN STATUS OF SERVICE MEMBERS.—(1) Chapter 37 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"§ 655. Designation of persons having interest in status of a missing member

"(a) The Secretary concerned shall, upon the enlistment or appointment of a person in the armed forces, require that the person specify in writing the person or persons, if any, other than that person's primary next of kin or immediate family, to whom information on the whereabouts or status of the member shall be provided if such whereabouts or status are investigated under chapter 76 of this title. The Secretary shall periodically, and whenever the member is deployed as part of a contingency operation or in other circumstances specified by the Secretary, require that such designation be reconfirmed, or modified, by the member.

"(b) The Secretary concerned shall, upon the request of a member, permit the member to revise the person or persons specified by the member under subsection (a) at any time. Any such revision shall be in writing."

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

"655. Designation of persons having interest in status of a missing member."

(e) ACCOUNTING FOR CIVILIAN EMPLOYEE AND CONTRACTORS OF THE UNITED STATES.—(1) The Secretary of State shall carry out a comprehensive study of the Missing Persons Act of 1942 (56 Stat. 143), and any other laws and regulations establishing procedures for the accounting for of civilian employees of the United States or contractors of the United States who serve with or accompany the Armed Forces in the field. The purpose of the study is to determine the means, if any, by which such procedures may be improved.

(2) The Secretary of State shall carry out the study required under paragraph (1) in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Transportation, the Director of Central Intelligence, and the heads of such other departments and agencies of the Federal Government as the President shall designate for that purpose.

(3) In carrying out the study, the Secretary of State shall examine the procedures undertaken when a civilian employee referred to in paragraph (1) becomes involuntarily absent as a result of a hostile action, or under circumstances suggesting that the involuntary absence is a result of a hostile action, and whose status is undetermined or who is unaccounted for, including procedures for—

(A) search and rescue for the employee;

(B) determining the status of the employee;

(C) reviewing and changing the status of the employee;

(D) determining the rights and benefits accorded to the family of the employee; and

(E) maintaining and providing appropriate access to the records of the employee and the investigation into the status of the employee.

(4) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the study carried out by the Secretary under this subsection. The report shall include the recommendations, if any, of the Secretary for legislation to improve the procedures covered by the study.

SEC. 552. SERVICE NOT CREDITABLE FOR PERIODS OF UNAVAILABILITY OR INCAPACITY DUE TO MISCONDUCT.

(a) ENLISTED SERVICE CREDIT.—Section 972 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out paragraphs (3) and (4) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(3) is confined by military or civilian authorities for more than one day in connection with a trial, whether before, during, or after the trial; or"; and

(2) by redesignating paragraph (5) paragraph (4).

(b) OFFICER SERVICE CREDIT.—Chapter 49 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 972 the following new section:

"§ 972a. Officers: service not creditable

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), an officer of an armed force may not receive credit for service in the armed forces for any purpose for a period for which the officer—

"(1) deserts;

"(2) is absent from the officer's organization, station, or duty for more than one day without proper authority, as determined by competent authority;

"(3) is confined by military or civilian authorities for more than one day in connection with a trial, whether before, during, or after the trial; or

"(4) is unable for more than one day, as determined by competent authority, to perform the officer's duties because of intemperate use of drugs or alcoholic liquor, or because of disease or injury resulting from the officer's misconduct.

"(b) INAPPLICABILITY TO COMPUTATION OF BASIC PAY.—Subsection (a) does not apply to a determination of the amount of basic pay of the officer under section 205 of title 37."

(c) ARMY COMPUTATION OF YEARS OF SERVICE.—Section 3926 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(e) A period for which service credit is denied under section 972a(a) of this title may not be counted for purposes of computing years of service under this section."

(d) NAVY COMPUTATION OF YEARS OF SERVICE.—Chapter 571 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 6327 the following new section:

"§ 6328. Computation of years of service: service not creditable

"(a) ENLISTED MEMBERS.—Years of service computed under this chapter may not include a period of unavailability or incapacity to perform duties that is required under section 972 of this title to be made up by performance of service for an additional period.

"(b) OFFICERS.—A period for which service credit is denied under section 972a(a) of this title may not be counted for purposes of computing years of service under this chapter."

(e) AIR FORCE COMPUTATION OF YEARS OF SERVICE.—Section 8926 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(d) A period for which service credit is denied under section 972a(a) of this title may not be counted for purposes of computing years of service under this section."

(f) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 49 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 972 the following:

"972a. Officers: service not creditable."

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 571 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 6327 the following new item:

"6328. Computation of years of service: service not creditable."

(g) EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1995, and shall apply to occurrences on or after that date of unavailability or incapacity to perform duties as described in section 972 or 972a of title 10, United States Code, as the case may be.

SEC. 553. SEPARATION IN CASES INVOLVING EXTENDED CONFINEMENT.

(a) SEPARATION.—(1)(A) Chapter 59 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 1178. Persons under confinement for one year or more

"Except as otherwise provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, a person sentenced by a court-martial to a period of confinement for one year or more may be separated from the person's armed force at any time after the sentence to confinement has become final under chapter 47 of this title and the person has served in confinement for a period of one year."

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 59 of such title is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new item:

"1178. Persons under confinement for one year or more."

(2)(A) Chapter 1221 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 12687. Persons under confinement for one year or more

"Except as otherwise provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, a Reserve sentenced by a court-martial to a period of confinement for one year or more may be separated from the person's armed force at any time after the sentence to confinement has become final under chapter 47 of this title and the person has served in confinement for a period of one year."

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1221 of such title is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new item:

"12687. Persons under confinement for one year or more."

(b) DROP FROM ROLLS.—(1) Section 1161(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "or (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(2) who may be separated under section 1178 of this title by reason of a sentence to confinement adjudged by a court-martial, or (3)".

(2) Section 12684 of such title is amended—

(A) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (1);

(B) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

"(2) who may be separated under section 12687 of this title by reason of a sentence to confinement adjudged by a court-martial; or"

SEC. 554. DURATION OF FIELD TRAINING OR PRACTICE CRUISE REQUIRED UNDER THE SENIOR RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS PROGRAM.

Section 2104(b)(6)(A)(ii) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "not less than six weeks' duration" and inserting in lieu thereof "a duration".

SEC. 555. CORRECTION OF MILITARY RECORDS.

(a) **REVIEW OF PROCEDURES.**—The Secretary of each military department shall review the system and procedures used by the Secretary in the exercise of authority under section 1552 of title 10, United States Code, in order to identify potential improvements that could be made in the process for correcting military records to ensure fairness, equity, and, consistent with appropriate service to applicants, maximum efficiency.

(b) **ISSUES REVIEWED.**—In conducting the review, the Secretary shall consider the following issues:

(1) The composition of the board for correction of military records and of the support staff for the board.

(2) Timeliness of final action.

(3) Independence of deliberations by the civilian board for the correction of military records.

(4) The authority of the Secretary to modify the recommendations of the board.

(5) Burden of proof and other evidentiary standards.

(6) Alternative methods for correcting military records.

(c) **REPORT.**—(1) Not later than April 1, 1996, the Secretary of each military department shall submit a report on the results of the Secretary's review under this section to the Secretary of Defense. The report shall contain the recommendations of the Secretary of the military department for improving the process for correcting military records in order to achieve the objectives referred to in subsection (a).

(2) The Secretary of Defense shall immediately transmit a copy of the report to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 556. LIMITATION ON REDUCTIONS IN MEDICAL PERSONNEL.

(a) **LIMITATION ON REDUCTIONS.**—Unless the Secretary of Defense makes the certification described in subsection (b) for a fiscal year, the Secretary may not reduce the number of medical personnel of the Department of Defense—

(1) in fiscal year 1996, to a number that is less than—

(A) 95 percent of the number of such personnel at the end of fiscal year 1994; or

(B) 90 percent of the number of such personnel at the end of fiscal year 1993; and

(2) in any fiscal year beginning after September 30, 1996, to a number that is less than—

(A) 95 percent of the number of such personnel at the end of the immediately preceding fiscal year; or

(B) 90 percent of the number of such personnel at the end of the third fiscal year preceding the fiscal year.

(b) **CERTIFICATION.**—The Secretary may make a reduction described in subsection (a) if the Secretary certifies to Congress that—

(1) the number of medical personnel of the Department that is being reduced is excess to the current and projected needs of the military departments; and

(2) such reduction will not result in an increase in the cost of health care services provided under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services.

(c) **REPORT ON PLANNED REDUCTIONS.**—Not later than March 1, 1996, the Assistant Secretary of Defense having responsibility for health affairs, in consultation with Surgeon

General of the Army, the Surgeon General of the Navy, and the Surgeon General of the Air Force, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for the reduction of the number of medical personnel of the Department of Defense over the 5-year period beginning on October 1, 1996.

(d) **REPEAL OF OBSOLETE PROVISIONS OF LAW.**—(1) Section 711 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (10 U.S.C. 115 note) is repealed.

(2) Section 718 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-190; 105 Stat. 1404; 10 U.S.C. 115 note) is amended by striking out subsection (b).

(3) Section 518 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484; 106 Stat. 2407) is repealed.

(e) **DEFINITION.**—For purposes of this section, the term "medical personnel" has the meaning given such term in section 115a(g)(2) of title 10, United States Code, except that such term includes civilian personnel of the Department of Defense assigned to military medical facilities.

SEC. 557. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR ATHLETIC DIRECTOR AND NONAPPROPRIATED FUND ACCOUNT FOR THE ATHLETICS PROGRAMS AT THE SERVICE ACADEMIES.

(a) **UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY.**—(1) Section 4357 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 403 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 4357.

(b) **UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY.**—Section 556 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2774) is amended by striking out subsections (b), (d), and (e).

(c) **UNITED STATES AIR FORCE ACADEMY.**—(1) Section 9356 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 903 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 9356.

SEC. 558. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR SERVICE ACADEMY PREPARATORY SCHOOL TEST PROGRAM.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act, or otherwise made available, to the Department of Defense may be obligated to carry out a test program for determining the cost effectiveness of transferring to the private sector the mission of operating one or more preparatory schools for the United States Military Academy, the United States Naval Academy, and the United States Air Force Academy.

SEC. 559. CENTRALIZED JUDICIAL REVIEW OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PERSONNEL ACTIONS.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General shall jointly establish an advisory panel on centralized review of Department of Defense administrative personnel actions.

(b) **MEMBERSHIP.**—(1) The panel shall be composed of five members appointed as follows:

(A) One member appointed by the Chief Justice of the United States.

(B) Three members appointed by the Secretary of Defense.

(C) One member appointed by the Attorney General.

(2) The Secretary of Defense shall designate one of the members appointed under paragraph (1)(B) to serve as chairman of the panel.

(3) All members shall be appointed not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(4) The panel shall meet at the call of the chairman. The panel shall hold its first

meeting not later than 30 days after the date on which all members have been appointed.

(c) **DUTIES.**—The panel shall review, and provide findings and recommendations in accordance with subsection (d) regarding, the following matters:

(1) Whether the existing practices with regard to judicial review of administrative personnel actions of the Department of Defense are appropriate and adequate.

(2) Whether a centralized judicial review of administrative personnel actions should be established.

(3) Whether the United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces should conduct such reviews.

(d) **REPORT.**—(1) Not later than December 15, 1996, the panel shall submit a report on the findings and recommendations of the panel to the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General.

(2) Not later than January 1, 1997, the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General shall jointly transmit the panel's report to Congress. The Secretary and the Attorney General may include in the transmittal any joint comments on the report that they consider appropriate, and either such official may include in the transmittal any separate comments on the report that such official considers appropriate.

(e) **TERMINATION OF PANEL.**—The panel shall terminate 30 days after the date of submission of the report to the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General under subsection (d).

SEC. 560. DELAY IN REORGANIZATION OF ARMY ROTC REGIONAL HEADQUARTERS STRUCTURE.

(a) **DELAY.**—The Secretary of the Army may not take any action to reorganize the regional headquarters and basic camp structure of the Reserve Officers Training Corps program of the Army until six months after the date on which the report required by subsection (d) is submitted.

(b) **COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS.**—The Secretary of the Army shall conduct a comparative cost-benefit analysis of various options for the reorganization of the regional headquarters and basic camp structure of the Army ROTC program. As part of such analysis, the Secretary shall measure each reorganization option considered against a common set of criteria.

(c) **SELECTION OF REORGANIZATION OPTION FOR IMPLEMENTATION.**—Based on the findings resulting from the cost-benefit analysis under subsection (b) and such other factors as the Secretary considers appropriate, the Secretary shall select one reorganization option for implementation. The Secretary may select an option for implementation only if the Secretary finds that the cost-benefit analysis and other factors considered clearly demonstrate that such option, better than any other option considered—

(1) provides the structure to meet projected mission requirements;

(2) achieves the most significant personnel and cost savings;

(3) uses existing basic and advanced camp facilities to the maximum extent possible;

(4) minimizes additional military construction costs; and

(5) makes maximum use of the reserve components to support basic and advanced camp operations, thereby minimizing the effect of those operations on active duty units.

(d) **REPORT.**—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report describing the reorganization option selected under subsection (c). The report shall include the results of the cost-benefit analysis under

subsection (b) and a detailed rationale for the reorganization option selected.

TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

Subtitle A—Pay and Allowances

SEC. 601. MILITARY PAY RAISE FOR FISCAL YEAR 1996.

(a) WAIVER OF SECTION 1009 ADJUSTMENT.—Any adjustment required by section 1009 of title 37, United States Code, in elements of compensation of members of the uniformed services to become effective during fiscal year 1996 shall not be made.

(b) INCREASE IN BASIC PAY AND BAS.—Effective on January 1, 1996, the rates of basic pay and basic allowance for subsistence of members of the uniformed services are increased by 2.4 percent.

(c) INCREASE IN BAQ.—Effective on January 1, 1996, the rates of basic allowance for quarters of members of the uniformed services are increased by 5.2 percent.

SEC. 602. ELECTION OF BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR QUARTERS INSTEAD OF ASSIGNMENT TO INADEQUATE QUARTERS.

(a) ELECTION AUTHORIZED.—Section 403(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)";

(2) by designating the second sentence as paragraph (2) and, as so designated, by striking out "However, subject" and inserting in lieu thereof "Subject"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(3) A member without dependents who is in pay grade E-6 and who is assigned to quarters of the United States that do not meet the minimum adequacy standards established by the Department of Defense for members in such pay grade, or to a housing facility under the jurisdiction of a uniformed service that does not meet such standards, may elect not to occupy such quarters or facility and instead to receive the basic allowance for quarters prescribed for his pay grade by this section."

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on July 1, 1996.

SEC. 603. PAYMENT OF BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR QUARTERS TO MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES IN PAY GRADE E-6 WHO ARE ASSIGNED TO SEA DUTY.

(a) PAYMENT AUTHORIZED.—Section 403(c)(2) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence, by striking out "E-7" and inserting in lieu thereof "E-6"; and

(2) in the second sentence, by striking out "E-6" and inserting in lieu thereof "E-5".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on July 1, 1996.

SEC. 604. LIMITATION ON REDUCTION OF VARIABLE HOUSING ALLOWANCE FOR CERTAIN MEMBERS.

(a) LIMITATION ON REDUCTION IN VHA.—Subsection (c)(3) of section 403a of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: "However, on and after January 1, 1996, the monthly amount of a variable housing allowance under this section for a member of a uniformed service with respect to an area

may not be reduced so long as the member retains uninterrupted eligibility to receive a variable housing allowance within that area and the member's certified housing costs are not reduced, as indicated by certifications provided by the member under subsection (b)(4)."

(b) EFFECT ON TOTAL AMOUNT AVAILABLE FOR VHA.—Subsection (d)(3) of such section is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "In addition, the total amount determined under paragraph (1) shall be adjusted to ensure that sufficient amounts are available to allow payment of any additional amounts of variable housing allowance necessary as a result of the requirements of the second sentence of subsection (c)(3)."

(c) REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than June 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report describing the procedures to be used to implement the amendments made by this section and the costs of such amendments.

SEC. 605. CLARIFICATION OF LIMITATION ON ELIGIBILITY FOR FAMILY SEPARATION ALLOWANCE.

Section 427(b)(4) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting "paragraph (1)(A) of" after "not entitled to an allowance under" in the first sentence.

Subtitle B—Bonuses and Special and Incentive Pays

SEC. 611. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN BONUSES FOR RESERVE FORCES.

(a) SELECTED RESERVE REENLISTMENT BONUS.—Section 308b(f) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(b) SELECTED RESERVE ENLISTMENT BONUS.—Section 308c(e) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(c) SELECTED RESERVE AFFILIATION BONUS.—Section 308e(f) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(d) READY RESERVE ENLISTMENT AND REENLISTMENT BONUS.—Section 308h(g) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(e) PRIOR SERVICE ENLISTMENT BONUS.—Section 308i(i) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

SEC. 612. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN BONUSES AND SPECIAL PAY FOR NURSE OFFICER CANDIDATES, REGISTERED NURSES, AND NURSE ANESTHETISTS.

(a) NURSE OFFICER CANDIDATE ACCESSION PROGRAM.—Section 2130a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(b) ACCESSION BONUS FOR REGISTERED NURSES.—Section 302d(a)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(c) INCENTIVE SPECIAL PAY FOR NURSE ANESTHETISTS.—Section 302e(a)(1) of title 37,

United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

SEC. 613. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY RELATING TO PAYMENT OF OTHER BONUSES AND SPECIAL PAYS.

(a) AVIATION OFFICER RETENTION BONUS.—Section 301b(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996," and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(b) REENLISTMENT BONUS FOR ACTIVE MEMBERS.—Section 308(g) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(c) ENLISTMENT BONUSES FOR CRITICAL SKILLS.—Sections 308a(c) and 308f(c) of title 37, United States Code, are each amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(d) SPECIAL PAY FOR ENLISTED MEMBERS OF THE SELECTED RESERVE ASSIGNED TO CERTAIN HIGH PRIORITY UNITS.—Section 308d(c) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(e) REPAYMENT OF EDUCATION LOANS FOR CERTAIN HEALTH PROFESSIONALS WHO SERVE IN THE SELECTED RESERVE.—Section 16302(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "October 1, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1997".

(f) SPECIAL PAY FOR CRITICALLY SHORT WARTIME HEALTH SPECIALISTS IN THE SELECTED RESERVES.—Section 613(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1989 (37 U.S.C. 302 note) is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(g) SPECIAL PAY FOR NUCLEAR QUALIFIED OFFICERS EXTENDING PERIOD OF ACTIVE SERVICE.—Section 312(e) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(h) NUCLEAR CAREER ACCESSION BONUS.—Section 312b(c) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(i) NUCLEAR CAREER ANNUAL INCENTIVE BONUS.—Section 312c(d) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "October 1, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1997".

SEC. 614. HAZARDOUS DUTY INCENTIVE PAY FOR WARRANT OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEMBERS SERVING AS AIR WEAPONS CONTROLLERS.

Section 301 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(11), by striking out "an officer (other than a warrant officer)" and inserting in lieu thereof "a member of a uniformed service"; and

(2) in subsection (c)(2)—

(A) by striking out "an officer" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "a member";

(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking out the table and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Pay grade	Years of service as an air weapons controller						
	2 or less	Over 2	Over 3	Over 4	Over 6	Over 8	Over 10
"O-7 and above	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200
"O-6	225	250	300	325	350	350	350
"O-5	200	250	300	325	350	350	350
"O-4	175	225	275	300	350	350	350
"O-3	125	156	188	206	250	250	250
"O-2	125	156	188	206	250	300	300
"O-1	125	156	188	206	250	250	250
"W-4	200	225	275	300	325	325	325

Pay grade	Years of service as an air weapons controller							
	2 or less	Over 2	Over 3	Over 4	Over 6	Over 8	Over 10	
"W-3	175	225	275	300	325	325	325	
"W-2	150	200	250	275	325	325	325	
"W-1	100	125	150	175	325	325	325	
"E-9	200	225	250	275	300	300	300	
"E-8	200	225	250	275	300	300	300	
"E-7	175	200	225	250	275	275	275	
"E-6	156	175	200	225	250	250	250	
"E-5	125	156	175	188	200	200	200	
"E-4 and below	125	156	175	188	200	200	200	
	Over 12	Over 14	Over 16	Over 18	Over 20	Over 22	Over 24	Over 25
"O-7 and above	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$110
"O-6	350	350	350	350	300	250	250	225
"O-5	350	350	350	350	300	250	250	225
"O-4	350	350	350	350	300	250	250	225
"O-3	350	350	350	300	275	250	225	200
"O-2	300	300	300	275	245	210	200	180
"O-1	250	250	250	245	210	200	180	150
"W-4	325	325	325	325	276	250	225	200
"W-3	325	325	325	325	325	250	225	200
"W-2	325	325	325	325	275	250	225	200
"W-1	325	325	325	325	275	250	225	200
"E-9	300	300	300	300	275	230	200	200
"E-8	300	300	300	300	265	230	200	200
"E-7	300	300	300	300	265	230	200	200
"E-6	300	300	300	300	265	230	200	200
"E-5	250	250	250	250	225	200	175	150
"E-4 and below	200	200	200	200	175	150	125	125"

and

(C) in subparagraph (B), by striking out "the officer" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the member".

SEC. 615. AVIATION CAREER INCENTIVE PAY.

(a) YEARS OF OPERATIONAL FLYING DUTIES REQUIRED.—Paragraph (4) of section 301a(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended in the first sentence by striking out "9" and inserting in lieu thereof "8".

(b) EXERCISE OF WAIVER AUTHORITY.—Paragraph (5) of such section is amended by inserting after the second sentence the following new sentence: "The Secretary concerned may not delegate the authority in the preceding sentence to permit the payment of incentive pay under this subsection."

SEC. 616. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE SPECIAL PAY FOR NURSES.

Section 302c(d)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "or an officer" and inserting in lieu thereof "an officer"; and

(2) by inserting before the semicolon the following: ", an officer of the Nurse Corps of the Army or Navy, or an officer of the Air Force designated as a nurse".

SEC. 617. CONTINUOUS ENTITLEMENT TO CAREER SEA PAY FOR CREW MEMBERS OF SHIPS DESIGNATED AS TENDERS.

Section 305a(d)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(A) while permanently or temporarily assigned to a ship, ship-based staff, or ship-based aviation unit and—

"(i) while serving on a ship the primary mission of which is accomplished while under way;

"(ii) while serving as a member of the off-crew of a two-crewed submarine; or

"(iii) while serving as a member of a tender-class ship (with the hull classification of submarine or destroyer); or".

SEC. 618. INCREASE IN MAXIMUM RATE OF SPECIAL DUTY ASSIGNMENT PAY FOR ENLISTED MEMBERS SERVING AS RECRUITERS.

(a) SPECIAL MAXIMUM RATE FOR RECRUITERS.—Section 307(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: "In the case of a member who is serving as a military recruiter and is eligible for special duty assign-

ment pay under this subsection by reason of such duty, the Secretary concerned may increase the monthly rate of special duty assignment pay for the member to not more than \$375."

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on January 1, 1996.

Subtitle C—Travel and Transportation Allowances

SEC. 621. CALCULATION ON BASIS OF MILEAGE TABLES OF SECRETARY OF DEFENSE: REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT.

Section 404(d)(1)(A) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out ", based on distances established over the shortest usually traveled route, under mileage tables prepared under the direction of the Secretary of Defense".

SEC. 622. DEPARTURE ALLOWANCES.

(a) ELIGIBILITY WHEN EVACUATION AUTHORIZED BUT NOT ORDERED.—Section 405a(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "ordered" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "authorized or ordered".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1995, and shall apply to persons authorized or ordered to depart as described in section 405a(a) of title 37, United States Code, on or after such date.

SEC. 623. DISLOCATION ALLOWANCE FOR MOVES RESULTING FROM A BASE CLOSURE OR REALIGNMENT.

Section 407(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by—

(1) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (3);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following: "(5) the member is ordered to move in connection with the closure or realignment of a military installation and, as a result, the member's dependents actually move or, in the case of a member without dependents, the member actually moves."

SEC. 624. TRANSPORTATION OF NONDEPENDENT CHILD FROM SPONSOR'S STATION OVERSEAS AFTER LOSS OF DEPENDENT STATUS WHILE OVERSEAS.

Section 406(h)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out the last

sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sentence: "If a member receives for an unmarried child of the member transportation in kind to the member's station outside the United States or in Hawaii or Alaska, reimbursement thereof, or a monetary allowance in place thereof and, while the member is serving at that station, the child ceases to be a dependent of the member by reason of ceasing to satisfy an age requirement in section 401(a)(2) of this title or ceasing to be enrolled in an institution of higher education as described in subparagraph (C) of such section, the child shall be treated as a dependent of the member for purposes of this subsection."

Subtitle D—Commissaries and Nonappropriated Fund Instrumentalities

SEC. 631. USE OF COMMISSARY STORES BY MEMBERS OF THE READY RESERVE.

(a) PERIOD OF USE.—Section 1063 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1)—

(A) by inserting "for a period of one year on the same basis as members on active duty" before the period at the end of the first sentence; and

(B) by striking out the second sentence; (2) by striking out subsection (b); and (3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b).

(b) CONFORMING AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) The heading for such section is amended to read as follows:

"§ 1063. Commissary stores: use by members of the Ready Reserve".

(2) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 54 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"1063. Commissary stores: use by members of the Ready Reserve."

SEC. 632. USE OF COMMISSARY STORES BY RETIRED RESERVES UNDER AGE 60 AND THEIR SURVIVORS.

(a) ELIGIBILITY.—Section 1064 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 1064. Commissary stores: use by retired Reservists under age 60 and their survivors

"(a) RETIRED RESERVES UNDER AGE 60.—Members of the reserve components under 60 years of age who, but for age, would be eligible for retired pay under chapter 1223 of this

title (or under chapter 67 of this title as in effect before December 1, 1994) shall be authorized to use commissary stores of the Department of Defense on the same basis as members and former members of the armed forces who have retired entitled to retired or retainer pay under chapter 367, 571, or 867 of this title.

“(b) SURVIVORS.—If a person authorized to use commissary stores under subsection (a) dies before attaining 60 years of age, the surviving dependents of the deceased person shall be authorized to use commissary stores of the Department of Defense on the same basis as the surviving dependents of persons who die after being retired entitled to retired or retainer pay under chapter 367, 571, or 867 of this title.

“(c) USE SUBJECT TO REGULATIONS.—Use of commissary stores under this section is subject to regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 54 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“1064. Commissary stores: use by retired Reserves under age 60 and their survivors.”.

SEC. 633. USE OF MORALE, WELFARE, AND RECREATION FACILITIES BY MEMBERS OF RESERVE COMPONENTS AND DEPENDENTS: CLARIFICATION OF ENTITLEMENT.

Section 1065 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§1065. Use of certain morale, welfare, and recreation facilities by members of reserve components and dependents

“(a) MEMBERS OF THE SELECTED RESERVE.—Members of the Selected Reserve in good standing (as determined by the Secretary concerned) shall be permitted to use MWR retail facilities on the same basis as members on active duty.

“(b) MEMBERS OF READY RESERVE NOT IN SELECTED RESERVE.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe, members of the Ready Reserve (other than members of the Selected Reserve) may be permitted to use MWR retail facilities on the same basis as members serving on active duty.

“(c) RETIREES UNDER AGE 60.—Members of the reserve components under 60 years of age who, but for age, would be eligible for retired pay under chapter 1223 of this title (or under chapter 67 of this title as in effect before December 1, 1994) shall be permitted to use MWR retail facilities on the same basis as members and former members of the armed forces who have retired entitled to retired or retainer pay under chapter 367, 571, or 867 of this title.

“(d) DEPENDENTS.—(1) Dependents of members referred to in subsection (a) shall be permitted to use MWR retail facilities on the same basis as dependents of members on active duty.

“(2) Dependents of members referred to in subsection (c) shall be permitted to use MWR retail facilities on the same basis as dependents of members and former members of the armed forces who have retired entitled to retired or retainer pay under chapter 367, 571, or 867 of this title.

“(e) MWR RETAIL FACILITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘MWR retail facilities’ means exchange stores and other revenue generating facilities operated by nonappropriated fund activities of the Department of Defense for the morale, welfare, and recreation of members of the armed forces.”.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 641. COST-OF-LIVING INCREASES FOR RETIRED PAY.

(a) MODIFICATION OF DELAYS.—Clause (ii) of section 1401a(b)(2)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out “1994, 1995, 1996, or 1997” and inserting in lieu thereof “1994 or 1995”; and

(2) by striking out “September” and inserting in lieu thereof “March”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The captions for such section 1401a(2)(B) and for clause (ii) of such section are amended by striking out “THROUGH 1998” and inserting in lieu thereof “THROUGH 1996”.

(c) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED PROVISION.—Section 8114A of Public Law 103-335 (108 Stat. 2648) is repealed.

SEC. 642. ELIGIBILITY FOR RETIRED PAY FOR NON-REGULAR SERVICE DENIED FOR MEMBERS RECEIVING CERTAIN SENTENCES IN COURTS-MARTIAL.

Section 12731 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (e), (f), and (g), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

“(d) A person who is convicted of an offense under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of this title), and whose executed sentence includes death, a dishonorable discharge, a bad conduct discharge, or (in the case of an officer) a dismissal is not eligible for retired pay under this chapter.”.

SEC. 643. RECOUPMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES IN GARNISHMENT ACTIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (j) of section 5520a of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) Such regulations shall provide that an agency’s administrative costs in executing legal process to which the agency is subject under this section shall be deducted from the amount withheld from the pay of the employee concerned pursuant to the legal process.”.

(b) INVOLUNTARY ALLOTMENTS OF PAY OF MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES.—Subsection (k) of such section is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):

“(3) Regulations under this subsection may also provide that the administrative costs in establishing and maintaining an involuntary allotment be deducted from the amount withheld from the pay of the member of the uniformed services concerned pursuant to such regulations.”.

(c) DISPOSITION OF AMOUNTS WITHHELD FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(1) The amount of an agency’s administrative costs deducted under regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (j)(2) or (k)(2) shall be credited to the appropriation, fund, or account from which such administrative costs were paid.”.

SEC. 644. AUTOMATIC MAXIMUM COVERAGE UNDER SERVICEMEN’S GROUP LIFE INSURANCE.

Section 1967 of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsections (a) and (c), by striking out “\$100,000” each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof in each instance “\$200,000”;

(2) by striking out subsection (e); and

(3) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (e).

SEC. 645. TERMINATION OF SERVICEMEN’S GROUP LIFE INSURANCE FOR MEMBERS OF THE READY RESERVE WHO FAIL TO PAY PREMIUMS.

Section 1968(a)(4) of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“except that, if the member fails to make a direct remittance of a premium for the insurance to the Secretary when required to do so, the insurance shall cease with respect to the member 120 days after the date on which the Secretary transmits a notification of the termination by mail addressed to the member at the member’s last known address, unless the Secretary accepts from the member full payment of the premiums in arrears within such 120-day period.”.

SEC. 646. REPORT ON EXTENDING TO JUNIOR NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS PRIVILEGES PROVIDED FOR SENIOR NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than February 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report containing the determinations of the Secretary regarding whether, in order to improve the working conditions of noncommissioned officers in pay grades E-5 and E-6, any of the privileges afforded noncommissioned officers in any of the pay grades above E-6 should be extended to noncommissioned officers in pay grades E-5 and E-6.

(b) SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATION REGARDING ELECTION OF BAS.—The Secretary shall include in the report a determination on whether noncommissioned officers in pay grades E-5 and E-6 should be afforded the same privilege as noncommissioned officers in pay grades above E-6 to elect to mess separately and receive the basic allowance for subsistence.

(c) ADDITIONAL MATTERS.—The report shall also contain a discussion of the following matters:

(1) The potential costs of extending additional privileges to noncommissioned officers in pay grades E-5 and E-6.

(2) The effects on readiness that would result from extending the additional privileges.

(3) The options for extending the privileges on an incremental basis over an extended period.

(d) RECOMMENDED LEGISLATION.—The Secretary shall include in the report any recommended legislation that the Secretary considers necessary in order to authorize extension of a privilege as determined appropriate under subsection (a).

SEC. 647. PAYMENT TO SURVIVORS OF DECEASED MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES FOR ALL LEAVE ACCRUED.

(a) INAPPLICABILITY OF 60-DAY LIMITATION.—Section 501(d) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking out the third sentence; and

(2) by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(2) The limitations in the second sentence of subsection (b)(3), subsection (f), and the second sentence of subsection (g) shall not apply with respect to a payment made under this subsection.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 501(f) of such title is amended by striking out “. (d).” in the first sentence.

SEC. 648. ANNUITIES FOR CERTAIN MILITARY SURVIVING SPOUSES.

(a) STUDY REQUIRED.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study to determine the quantitative results (described in subsection (b)) of enactment and exercise of authority for the Secretary of the military department concerned to pay an annuity to the

qualified surviving spouse of each member of the Armed Forces who—

(A) died before March 21, 1974, and was entitled to retired or retainer pay on the date of death; or

(B) was a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces during the period beginning on September 21, 1972, and ending on October 1, 1978, and at the time of his death would have been entitled to retired pay under chapter 67 of title 10, United States Code (as in effect before December 1, 1994), but for the fact that he was under 60 years of age.

(2) A qualified surviving spouse for purposes of paragraph (1) is a surviving spouse who has not remarried and who is not eligible for an annuity under section 4 of Public Law 92-425 (10 U.S.C. 1448 note).

(b) REQUIRED DETERMINATIONS.—By means of the study required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall determine the following matters:

(1) The number of unremarried surviving spouses of deceased members and deceased former members of the Armed Forces referred to in subparagraph (A) of subsection (a)(1) who would be eligible for an annuity under authority described in such subsection.

(2) The number of unremarried surviving spouses of deceased members and deceased former members of reserve components of the Armed Forces referred to in subparagraph (B) of subsection (a)(1) who would be eligible for an annuity under authority described in such subsection.

(3) The number of persons in each group of unremarried former spouses described in paragraphs (1) and (2) who are receiving a widow's insurance benefit or a widower's insurance benefit under title II of the Social Security Act on the basis of employment of a deceased member or deceased former member referred to in subsection (a)(1).

(c) REPORT.—(1) Not later than March 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the results of the study.

(2) The Secretary shall include in the report a recommendation on the amount of the annuity that should be authorized to be paid under any authority described in subsection (a)(1) together with a recommendation on whether the annuity should be adjusted annually to offset increases in the cost of living.

SEC. 649. TRANSITIONAL COMPENSATION FOR DEPENDENTS OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES SEPARATED FOR DEPENDENT ABUSE.

(a) CLARIFICATION OF ENTITLEMENT.—Section 1059(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “of a separation from active duty as” in the first sentence.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE FOR PROGRAM AUTHORITY.—Section 554(b)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (107 Stat. 1666; 10 U.S.C. 1059 note) is amended by striking out “the date of the enactment of this Act—” and inserting in lieu thereof “April 1, 1994—”.

TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE

Subtitle A—Health Care Services

SEC. 701. MEDICAL CARE FOR SURVIVING DEPENDENTS OF RETIRED RESERVES WHO DIE BEFORE AGE 60.

Section 1076(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in clause (2)—

(A) by striking out “death (A) would” and inserting in lieu thereof “death would”; and

(B) by striking out “, and (B) had elected to participate in the Survivor Benefit Plan established under subchapter II of chapter 73 of this title”; and

(2) in the second sentence, by striking out “without regard to subclause (B) of such clause”.

SEC. 702. DENTAL INSURANCE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SELECTED RESERVE.

(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZATION.—(1) Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1076a the following new section:

“§ 1076b. Selected Reserve dental insurance

“(a) AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH PLAN.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a dental insurance plan for members of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve. The plan shall provide for voluntary enrollment and for premium sharing between the Department of Defense and the members enrolled in the plan. The plan shall be administered under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

“(b) PREMIUM SHARING.—(1) A member enrolling in the dental insurance plan shall pay a share of the premium charged for the insurance coverage. The member's share may not exceed \$25 per month.

“(2) The Secretary of Defense may reduce the monthly premium required to be paid by enlisted members under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that the reduction is appropriate in order to assist enlisted members to participate in the dental insurance plan.

“(3) A member's share of the premium for coverage by the dental insurance plan shall be deducted and withheld from the basic pay payable to the member for inactive duty training and from the basic pay payable to the member for active duty.

“(4) The Secretary of Defense shall pay the portion of the premium charged for coverage of a member under the dental insurance plan that exceeds the amount paid by the member.

“(c) BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE PLAN.—The dental insurance plan shall provide benefits for basic dental care and treatment, including diagnostic services, preventive services, basic restorative services, and emergency oral examinations.

“(d) TERMINATION OF COVERAGE.—The coverage of a member by the dental insurance plan shall terminate on the last day of the month in which the member is discharged, transfers to the Individual Ready Reserve, Standby Reserve, or Retired Reserve, or is ordered to active duty for a period of more than 30 days.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1076a the following:

“1076b. Selected Reserve dental insurance.”.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under section 301(16), \$9,000,000 shall be available to pay the Department of Defense share of the premium required for members covered by the dental insurance plan established pursuant to section 1076b of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

SEC. 703. MODIFICATION OF REQUIREMENTS REGARDING ROUTINE PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS AND IMMUNIZATIONS UNDER CHAMPUS.

Section 1079(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraph:

“(2) consistent with such regulations as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe regarding the content of health promotion and disease prevention visits, the schedule of pap smears and mammograms, and the types and schedule of immunizations—

“(A) for dependents under six years of age, both health promotion and disease prevention visits and immunizations may be provided; and

“(B) for dependents six years of age or older, health promotion and disease prevention visits may be provided in connection with immunizations or with diagnostic or preventive pap smears and mammograms;”.

SEC. 704. PERMANENT AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT SPECIALIZED TREATMENT FACILITY PROGRAM.

Section 1105 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsection (h).

SEC. 705. WAIVER OF MEDICARE PART B LATE ENROLLMENT PENALTY AND ESTABLISHMENT OF SPECIAL ENROLLMENT PERIOD FOR CERTAIN MILITARY RETIREES AND DEPENDENTS.

Section 1837 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395p) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(j)(1) The Secretary shall make special provisions for the enrollment of an individual who is a covered beneficiary under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, and who is affected adversely by the closure of a military medical treatment facility of the Department of Defense pursuant to a closure or realignment of a military installation.

“(2) The special enrollment provisions required by paragraph (1) shall be established in regulations issued by the Secretary. The regulations shall—

“(A) identify individuals covered by paragraph (1) in accordance with regulations providing for such identification that are prescribed by the Secretary of Defense;

“(B) provide for a special enrollment period of at least 90 days to be scheduled at some time proximate to the date on which the military medical treatment facility involved is scheduled to be closed; and

“(C) provide that, with respect to individuals who enroll pursuant to paragraph (1), the increase in premiums under section 1839(b) due to late enrollment under this part shall not apply.

“(3) For purposes of this subsection—

“(A) the term ‘covered beneficiary’ has the meaning given such term in section 1072(5) of title 10, United States Code;

“(B) the term ‘military medical treatment facility’ means a facility of a uniformed service referred to in section 1074(a) of title 10, United States Code, in which health care is provided; and

“(C) the terms ‘military installation’ and ‘realignment’ have the meanings given such terms—

“(i) in section 209 of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act (10 U.S.C. 2687 note), in the case of a closure or realignment under title II of such Act;

“(ii) in section 2910 of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note), in the case of a closure or realignment under such Act; or

“(iii) in subsection (e) of section 2687 of title 10, United States Code, in the case of a closure or realignment under such section.”.

Subtitle B—TRICARE Program

SEC. 711. DEFINITION OF TRICARE PROGRAM AND OTHER TERMS.

In this subtitle:

(1) The term “TRICARE program” means the managed health care program that is established by the Secretary of Defense under the authority of chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, principally section 1097 of such title, and includes the competitive selection of contractors to financially underwrite the delivery of health care services under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services.

(2) The term “covered beneficiary” means a beneficiary under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, including a beneficiary under section 1074(a) of such title.

(3) The term "Uniformed Services Treatment Facility" means a facility deemed to be a facility of the uniformed services by virtue of section 911(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1982 (42 U.S.C. 248c(a)).

(4) The term "administering Secretaries" has the meaning given such term in section 1072(3) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 712. PROVISION OF TRICARE UNIFORM BENEFITS BY UNIFORMED SERVICES TREATMENT FACILITIES.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Subject to subsection (b), upon the implementation of the TRICARE program in the catchment area served by a Uniformed Services Treatment Facility, the facility shall provide to the covered beneficiaries enrolled in a health care plan of such facility the same health care benefits (subject to the same conditions and limitations) as are available to covered beneficiaries in that area under the TRICARE program.

(b) EFFECT ON CURRENT ENROLLEES.—(1) A covered beneficiary who has been continuously enrolled on and after October 1, 1995, in a health care plan offered by a Uniformed Services Treatment Facility pursuant to a contract between the Secretary of Defense and the facility may elect to continue to receive health care benefits in accordance with the plan instead of benefits in accordance with subsection (a).

(2) The Uniform Services Treatment Facility concerned shall continue to provide benefits to a covered beneficiary in accordance with an election of benefits by that beneficiary under paragraph (1). The requirement to do so shall terminate on the effective date of any contract between the Secretary of Defense and the facility that—

(A) is entered into on or after the date of the election; and

(B) requires the health care plan offered by the facility for covered beneficiaries to provide health care benefits in accordance with subsection (a).

SEC. 713. SENSE OF SENATE ON ACCESS OF MEDICAL ELIGIBLE BENEFICIARIES OF CHAMPUS TO HEALTH CARE UNDER TRICARE.

It is the sense of the Senate—

(1) that the Secretary of Defense should develop a program to ensure that covered beneficiaries who are eligible for Medicare under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) and who reside in a region in which the TRICARE program has been implemented have adequate access to health care services after the implementation of the TRICARE program in that region; and

(2) to support strongly, as a means of ensuring such access, the reimbursement of the Department of Defense by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for health care services provided such beneficiaries at the medical treatment facilities of the Department of Defense.

SEC. 714. PILOT PROGRAM OF INDIVIDUALIZED RESIDENTIAL MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES.

(a) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—During fiscal year 1996, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the other administering Secretaries, shall carry out a pilot program for providing wraparound services to covered beneficiaries who are children in need of mental health services. The Secretary shall carry out the pilot program in one region in which the TRICARE program has been implemented as of the beginning of such fiscal year.

(b) WRAPAROUND SERVICES DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, wraparound services are individualized mental health services that a provider provides, principally in a residential setting but also with follow-up services, in return for payment on a case rate

basis. For payment of the case rate for a patient, the provider incurs the risk that it will be necessary for the provider to provide the patient with additional mental health services intermittently or on a longer term basis after completion of the services provided on a residential basis under a treatment plan.

(c) PILOT PROGRAM AGREEMENT.—Under the pilot program the Secretary of Defense shall enter into an agreement with a provider of mental health services that requires the provider—

(1) to provide wraparound services to covered beneficiaries referred to in subsection (a);

(2) to continue to provide such services to each beneficiary as needed during the period of the agreement even if the patient relocates outside the TRICARE program region involved (but inside the United States) during that period; and

(3) to accept as payment for such services an amount not in excess of the amount of the standard CHAMPUS residential treatment clinic benefit payable with respect to the covered beneficiary concerned (as determined in accordance with section 8.1 of chapter 3 of volume II of the CHAMPUS policy manual).

(d) REPORT.—Not later than March 1, 1997, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the program carried out under this section. The report shall contain—

(1) an assessment of the effectiveness of the program; and

(2) the Secretary's views regarding whether the program should be implemented in all regions where the TRICARE program is carried out.

Subtitle C—Uniformed Services Treatment Facilities

SEC. 721. DELAY OF TERMINATION OF STATUS OF CERTAIN FACILITIES AS UNIFORMED SERVICES TREATMENT FACILITIES.

Section 1252(e) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 (42 U.S.C. 248d(e)) is amended by striking out "December 31, 1996" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

SEC. 722. APPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION TO PARTICIPATION AGREEMENTS WITH UNIFORMED SERVICES TREATMENT FACILITIES.

Section 718(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (Public Law 101-510; 104 Stat. 1587) is amended—

(1) in the second sentence of paragraph (1), by striking out "A participation agreement" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as provided in paragraph (4), a participation agreement";

(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (5); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:

"(4) APPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION.—On and after the date of enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996, the Federal Acquisition Regulation issued pursuant to section 25(c) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 421(c)) shall apply to any action to modify an existing participation agreement and to any action by the Secretary of Defense and a Uniformed Services Treatment Facility to enter into a new participation agreement."

SEC. 723. APPLICABILITY OF CHAMPUS PAYMENT RULES IN CERTAIN CASES.

Section 1074 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(d)(1) The Secretary of Defense, after consultation with the other administering Secretaries, may by regulation require a private CHAMPUS provider to apply the CHAMPUS payment rules (subject to any modifications considered appropriate by the Secretary) in imposing charges for health care that the provider provides outside the catchment area of a Uniformed Services Treatment Facility to a member of the uniformed services who is enrolled in a health care plan of the Uniformed Services Treatment Facility.

"(2) In this subsection:

"(A) The term 'private CHAMPUS provider' means a private facility or health care provider that is a health care provider under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services.

"(B) The term 'CHAMPUS payment rules' means the payment rules referred to in subsection (c).

"(C) The term 'Uniformed Services Treatment Facility' means a facility deemed to be a facility of the uniformed services under section 911(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1982 (42 U.S.C. 248c(a))."

Subtitle D—Other Changes to Existing Laws Regarding Health Care Management

SEC. 731. INVESTMENT INCENTIVE FOR MANAGED HEALTH CARE IN MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITIES.

(a) AVAILABILITY OF 3 PERCENT OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR TWO FISCAL YEARS.—Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1071 the following new section:

"§ 1071a. Availability of appropriations

"Of the total amount authorized to be appropriated for a fiscal year for programs and activities carried out under this chapter, the amount equal to three percent of such total amount is authorized to be appropriated to remain available until the end of the following fiscal year."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1071 the following:

"1071a. Availability of appropriations."

SEC. 732. REVISION AND CODIFICATION OF LIMITATIONS ON PHYSICIAN PAYMENTS UNDER CHAMPUS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1079(h) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(h)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), payment for a charge for services by an individual health care professional (or other noninstitutional health care provider) for which a claim is submitted under a plan contracted for under subsection (a) shall be limited to the lesser of—

"(A) the amount equivalent to the 80th percentile of billed charges, as determined by the Secretary of Defense in consultation with the other administering Secretaries, for similar services in the same locality during a 12-month base period that the Secretary shall define and may adjust as frequently as the Secretary considers appropriate; or

"(B) the amount payable for charges for such services (or similar services) under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) as determined in accordance with the reimbursement rules applicable to payments for medical and other health services under that title.

"(2) The amount to be paid to an individual health care professional (or other noninstitutional health care provider) shall be determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense in consultation with the other administering Secretaries. Such regulations—

“(A) may provide for such exceptions from the limitation on payments set forth in paragraph (1) as the Secretary determines necessary to ensure that covered beneficiaries have adequate access to health care services, including payment of amounts greater than the amounts otherwise payable under that paragraph when enrollees in managed care programs obtain covered emergency services from nonparticipating providers; and

“(B) shall establish limitations (similar to those established under title XVIII of the Social Security Act) on beneficiary liability for charges of an individual health care professional (or other noninstitutional health care provider).”.

(b) TRANSITION.—In prescribing regulations under paragraph (2) of section 1079(h) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall provide—

(1) for a period of transition between the payment methodology in effect under section 1079(h) of such title, as such section was in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, and the payment methodology under section 1079(h) of such title, as so amended; and

(2) that the amount payable under such section 1079(h), as so amended, for a charge for a service under a claim submitted during the period may not be less than 85 percent of the maximum amount that was payable under such section 1079(h), in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, for charges for the same service during the 1-year period (or a period of other duration that the Secretary considers appropriate) ending on the day before such date.

SEC. 733. PERSONAL SERVICES CONTRACTS FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITIES OF THE COAST GUARD.

(a) CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.—Section 1091(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting after “Secretary of Defense” the following: “, with respect to medical treatment facilities of the Department of Defense, and the Secretary of Transportation, with respect to medical treatment facilities of the Coast Guard when the Coast Guard is not operating as a service in the Navy;”; and

(2) by striking out “medical treatment facilities of the Department of Defense” and inserting in lieu thereof “such facilities”.

(b) RATIFICATION OF EXISTING CONTRACTS.—Any exercise of authority under section 1091 of title 10, United States Code, to enter into a personal services contract on behalf of the Coast Guard before the effective date of the amendments made by subsection (a) is hereby ratified.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the earlier of the date of the enactment of this Act or October 1, 1995.

SEC. 734. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IN MEDICARE AND MEDICAID COVERAGE DATA BANK TO IMPROVE COLLECTION FROM RESPONSIBLE PARTIES FOR HEALTH CARE SERVICES FURNISHED UNDER CHAMPUS.

(a) PURPOSE OF DATA BANK.—Subsection (a) of section 1144 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b-14) is amended—

(1) by striking out “and” at the end of the paragraph (1);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof “, and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) assist in the identification of, and collection from, third parties responsible for the reimbursement of the costs incurred by the United States for health care services furnished to individuals who are covered beneficiaries under chapter 55 of title 10,

United States Code, upon request by the administering Secretaries.”.

(b) AUTHORITY TO DISCLOSE INFORMATION.—Subsection (b)(2) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking out “and” at the end of subparagraph (A);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof “, and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(C) (subject to the restriction in subsection (c)(7) of this section) to disclose any other information in the Data Bank to the administering Secretaries for purposes described in subsection (a)(3) of this section.”.

(c) DEFINITION.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(5) ADMINISTERING SECRETARIES.—The term ‘administering Secretaries’ shall have the meaning given to such term by section 1072(3) of title 10, United States Code.”.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 741. TRISERVICE NURSING RESEARCH.

(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—Chapter 104 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§2116. Research on the furnishing of care and services by nurses of the armed forces

“(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—The Board of Regents of the University may establish at the University a program of research on the furnishing of care and services by nurses in the Armed Forces (hereafter in this section referred to as ‘military nursing research’). A program carried out under this section shall be known as the ‘TriService Nursing Research Program’.

“(b) TRISERVICE RESEARCH GROUP.—(1) The TriService Nursing Research Program shall be administered by a TriService Nursing Research Group composed of Army, Navy, and Air Force nurses who are involved in military nursing research and are designated by the Secretary concerned to serve as members of the group.

“(2) The TriService Nursing Research Group shall—

“(A) develop for the Department of Defense recommended guidelines for requesting, reviewing, and funding proposed military nursing research projects; and

“(B) make available to Army, Navy, and Air Force nurses and Department of Defense officials concerned with military nursing research—

“(i) information about nursing research projects that are being developed or carried out in the Army, Navy, and Air Force; and

“(ii) expertise and information beneficial to the encouragement of meaningful nursing research.

“(c) RESEARCH TOPICS.—For purposes of this section, military nursing research includes research on the following issues:

“(1) Issues regarding how to improve the results of nursing care and services provided in the armed forces in time of peace.

“(2) Issues regarding how to improve the results of nursing care and services provided in the armed forces in time of war.

“(3) Issues regarding how to prevent complications associated with battle injuries.

“(4) Issues regarding how to prevent complications associated with the transporting of patients in the military medical evacuation system.

“(5) Issues regarding how to improve methods of training nursing personnel.

“(6) Clinical nursing issues, including such issues as prevention and treatment of child abuse and spouse abuse.

“(7) Women’s health issues.

“(8) Wellness issues.

“(9) Preventive medicine issues.

“(10) Home care management issues.”.

“(11) Case management issues.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 104 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

“2116. Research on the furnishing of care and services by nurses of the armed forces.”.

SEC. 742. FISHER HOUSE TRUST FUNDS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—(1) Chapter 131 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§2221. Fisher House trust funds

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The following trust funds are established on the books of the Treasury:

“(1) The Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Army.

“(2) The Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Air Force.

“(b) INVESTMENT.—Funds in the trust funds may be invested in securities of the United States. Earnings and gains realized from the investment of funds in a trust fund shall be credited to the trust fund.

“(c) USE OF FUNDS.—(1) Amounts in the Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Army, that are attributable to earnings or gains realized from investments shall be available for operation and maintenance of Fisher houses that are located in proximity to medical treatment facilities of the Army.

“(2) Amounts in the Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Air Force, that are attributable to earnings or gains realized from investments shall be available for operation and maintenance of Fisher houses that are located in proximity to medical treatment facilities of the Air Force.

“(3) The use of funds under this section is subject to the requirements of section 1321(b)(2) of title 31.

“(d) FISHER HOUSES DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, Fisher houses are housing facilities that are located in proximity to medical treatment facilities of the Army or Air Force and are available for residential use on a temporary basis by patients at such facilities, members of the family of such patients, and others providing the equivalent of familial support for such patients.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following:

“2221. Fisher House trust funds.”.

(b) CORPUS OF TRUST FUNDS.—(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall—

(A) close the accounts established with the funds that were required by section 8019 of Public Law 102-172 (105 Stat. 1175) and section 9023 of Public Law 102-396 (106 Stat. 1905) to be transferred to an appropriated trust fund; and

(B) transfer the amounts in such accounts to the Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Army, established by subsection (a)(1) of section 2221 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

(2) The Secretary of the Air Force shall transfer to the Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Air Force, established by subsection (a)(2) of section 2221 of title 10, United States Code (as added by section (a)), all amounts in the accounts for Air Force installations and other facilities that, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, are available for operation and maintenance of Fisher houses (as defined in subsection (c) of such section 2221).

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 1321 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by adding at the end of subsection (a) the following:

“(92) Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Army.

“(93) Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Air Force.”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”;

(B) in the second sentence, by striking out “Amounts accruing to these funds (except to the trust fund ‘Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund’)” and inserting in lieu thereof “Except as provided in paragraph (2), amounts accruing to these funds”;

(C) by striking out the third sentence; and

(D) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) Expenditures from the following trust funds shall be made only under annual appropriations and only if the appropriations are specifically authorized by law:

“(A) Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund.

“(B) Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Army.

“(C) Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Air Force.”.

(d) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED PROVISIONS.—The following provisions of law are repealed:

(1) Section 8019 of Public Law 102-172 (105 Stat. 1175).

(2) Section 9023 of Public Law 102-396 (106 Stat. 1905).

(3) Section 8019 of Public Law 103-139 (107 Stat. 1441).

(4) Section 8017 of Public Law 103-335 (108 Stat. 2620; 10 U.S.C. 1074 note).

SEC. 743. APPLICABILITY OF LIMITATION ON PRICES OF PHARMACEUTICALS PROCURED FOR COAST GUARD.

Section 8126(b) of title 38, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4) The Coast Guard.”.

SEC. 744. REPORT ON EFFECT OF CLOSURE OF FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER, COLORADO, ON PROVISION OF CARE TO MILITARY PERSONNEL AND DEPENDENTS EXPERIENCING HEALTH DIFFICULTIES ASSOCIATED WITH PERSIAN GULF SYNDROME.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report that—

(1) assesses the effects of the closure of Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, Colorado, on the capability of the Department of Defense to provide appropriate and adequate health care to members and former members of the Armed Forces and their dependents who suffer from undiagnosed illnesses (or combination of illnesses) as a result of service in the Armed Forces in the Southwest Asia theater of operations during the Persian Gulf War; and

(2) describes the plans of the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the Army to ensure that adequate and appropriate health care is available to such members, former members, and their dependents for such illnesses.

TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Acquisition Reform

SEC. 801. WAIVERS FROM CANCELLATION OF FUNDS.

Notwithstanding section 1552(a) of title 31, United States Code, funds appropriated for any fiscal year after fiscal year 1995 that are administratively reserved or committed for satellite on-orbit incentive fees shall remain available for obligation and expenditure until the fee is earned, but only if and to the extent that section 1512 of title 31, United States Code, the Impoundment Control Act (2 U.S.C. 681 et seq.), and other applicable provisions of law are complied with in the reservation and commitment of funds for that purpose

SEC. 802. PROCUREMENT NOTICE POSTING THRESHOLDS AND SUBCONTRACTS FOR OCEAN TRANSPORTATION SERVICES.

(a) PROCUREMENT NOTICE POSTING THRESHOLDS.—Section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(a)(1)(B)) is amended—

(1) by striking out “subsection (f)—” and all that follows through the end of the subparagraph and inserting in lieu thereof “subsection (b); and”; and

(2) by inserting after “property or services” the following: for a price expected to exceed \$10,000, but not to exceed \$25,000.”.

(b) SUBCONTRACTS FOR OCEAN TRANSPORTATION SERVICES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, neither section 901(b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C. 1241(b)) nor section 2631 of title 10, United States Code, shall be included prior to May 1, 1996 on any list promulgated under section 34(b) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 430(b)).

SEC. 803. PROMPT RESOLUTION OF AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS.

Section 6009 of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-355; 108 Stat. 3367, October 14, 1994) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 6009. PROMPT MANAGEMENT DECISIONS AND IMPLEMENTATION OF AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS.

“(a) MANAGEMENT DECISIONS.—(1) The head of a Federal agency shall make management decisions on all findings and recommendations set forth in an audit report of the inspector general of the agency within a maximum of six months after the issuance of the report.

“(2) The head of a Federal agency shall make management decisions on all findings and recommendations set forth in an audit report of any auditor from outside the Federal Government within a maximum of six months after the date on which the head of the agency receives the report.

“(b) COMPLETIONS OF ACTIONS.—The head of a Federal agency shall complete final action on each management decision required with regard to a recommendation in an inspector general’s report under subsection (a)(1) within 12 months after the date of the inspector general’s report. If the head of the agency fails to complete final action with regard to a management decision within the 12-month period, the inspector general concerned shall identify the matter in each of the inspector general’s semiannual reports pursuant to section 5(a)(3) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) until final action on the management decision is completed.”.

SEC. 804. TEST PROGRAM FOR NEGOTIATION OF COMPREHENSIVE SUBCONTRACTING PLANS.

(a) REVISION OF AUTHORITY.—Subsection (a) of section 834 of National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (15 U.S.C. 637 note) is amended by striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish a test program under which contracting activities in the military departments and the Defense Agencies are authorized to undertake one or more demonstration projects to determine whether the negotiation and administration of comprehensive subcontracting plans will reduce administrative burdens on contractors while enhancing opportunities provided under Department of Defense contracts for small business concerns and small business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals. In selecting the contracting activities to undertake demonstration projects, the Secretary shall take such action as is necessary to ensure that a broad

range of the supplies and services acquired by the Department of Defense are included in the test program.”.

(b) COVERED CONTRACTORS.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended by striking out paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(3) A Department of Defense contractor referred to in paragraph (1) is, with respect to a comprehensive subcontracting plan negotiated in any fiscal year, a business concern that, during the immediately preceding fiscal year, furnished the Department of Defense with supplies or services (including professional services, research and development services, and construction services) pursuant to at least three Department of Defense contracts having an aggregate value of at least \$5,000,000.”.

(c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—Such section is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (g); and

(2) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (g).

SEC. 805. NAVAL SALVAGE FACILITIES.

Chapter 637 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“CHAPTER 637—SALVAGE FACILITIES

“Sec.

“7361. Authority to provide for necessary salvage facilities.

“7362. Acquisition and transfer of vessels and equipment.

“7363. Settlement of claims.

“7364. Disposition of receipts.

“§ 7361. Authority to provide for necessary salvage facilities

“(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the Navy may contract or otherwise provide for necessary salvage facilities for public and private vessels.

“(b) COORDINATION WITH SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION.—The Secretary shall submit to the Secretary of Transportation for comment each proposed salvage contract that affects the interests of the Department of Transportation.

“(c) LIMITATION.—The Secretary of the Navy may enter into a contract under subsection (a) only if the Secretary determines that available commercial salvage facilities are inadequate to meet the Navy’s requirements and provides public notice of the intent to enter into such a contract.

“§ 7362. Acquisition and transfer of vessels and equipment

“(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the Navy may acquire or transfer such vessels and equipment for operation by private salvage companies as the Secretary considers necessary.

“(b) AGREEMENT ON USE.—A private recipient of any salvage vessel or gear shall agree in writing that such vessel or gear will be used to support organized offshore salvage facilities for as many years as the Secretary shall consider appropriate.

“§ 7363. Settlement of claims

“The Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary’s designee, may settle and receive payment for any claim by the United States for salvage services rendered by the Department of the Navy.

“§ 7364. Disposition of receipts

“Amounts received under this chapter shall be credited to appropriations for maintaining naval salvage facilities. However, any amount received in excess of naval salvage costs incurred by the Navy in that fiscal year shall be deposited into the general fund of the Treasury.”.

SEC. 806. AUTHORITY TO DELEGATE CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.

(a) REPEAL OF DUPLICATIVE AUTHORITY AND RESTRICTION.—Section 2356 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 139 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2356.

SEC. 807. COORDINATION AND COMMUNICATION OF DEFENSE RESEARCH ACTIVITIES.

Section 2364 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(5), by striking out “milestone O, milestone I, and milestone II” and inserting in lieu thereof “acquisition program”; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking out paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(2) The term ‘acquisition program decision’ has the meaning prescribed by the Secretary of Defense in regulations.”.

SEC. 808. PROCUREMENT OF ITEMS FOR EXPERIMENTAL OR TEST PURPOSES.

Section 2373(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “only” after “applies”.

SEC. 809. QUALITY CONTROL IN PROCUREMENTS OF CRITICAL AIRCRAFT AND SHIP SPARE PARTS.

(a) REPEAL.—Section 2383 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 141 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2383.

SEC. 810. USE OF FUNDS FOR ACQUISITION OF DESIGNS, PROCESSES, TECHNICAL DATA, AND COMPUTER SOFTWARE.

Section 2386(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(3) Design and process data, technical data, and computer software.”.

SEC. 811. INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATES FOR MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAMS.

Section 2434(b)(1)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(A) be prepared—

“(i) by an office or other entity that is not under the supervision, direction, or control of the military department, Defense Agency, or other component of the Department of Defense that is directly responsible for carrying out the development or acquisition of the program; or

“(ii) if the decision authority for the program has been delegated to an official of a military department, Defense Agency, or other component of the Department of Defense, by an office or other entity that is not directly responsible for carrying out the development or acquisition of the program; and”.

SEC. 812. FEES FOR CERTAIN TESTING SERVICES.

Section 2539b(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “and indirect” after “recoup the direct”.

SEC. 813. CONSTRUCTION, REPAIR, ALTERATION, FURNISHING, AND EQUIPPING OF NAVAL VESSELS.

(a) INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LAWS.—Chapter 633 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 7297 the following:

“§7299. Contracts: applicability of Walsh-Healey Act

“Each contract for the construction, alteration, furnishing, or equipping of a naval vessel is subject to the Walsh-Healey Act (41 U.S.C. 35 et seq.) unless the President determines that this requirement is not in the interest of national defense.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 7297 the following:

“7299. Contracts: applicability of Walsh-Healey Act.”.

SEC. 814. CIVIL RESERVE AIR FLEET.

Section 9512 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “full Civil Reserve Air Fleet” both places it appears in subsections (b)(2) and (e) and inserting in lieu thereof “Civil Reserve Air Fleet”.

SEC. 815. COST AND PRICING DATA.

(a) ARMED SERVICES PROCUREMENTS.—Section 2306A(d)(2)(A)(i) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “and the procurement is not covered by an exception in subsection (b),” and inserting in lieu thereof “and the offeror or contractor requests to be exempted from the requirement for submission of cost or pricing data pursuant to this subsection.”.

(b) CIVILIAN AGENCY PROCUREMENTS.—Section 304A(d)(2)(A)(i) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 254b(d)(2)(A)(i)) is amended by striking out “and the procurement is not covered by an exception in subsection (b),” and inserting in lieu thereof “and the offeror or contractor requests to be exempted from the requirement for submission of cost or pricing data pursuant to this subsection.”.

SEC. 816. PROCUREMENT NOTICE TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

Section 18(c)(1)(E) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(c)(1)(E)) is amended by inserting after “requirements contract” the following: “, a task order contract, or a delivery order contract”.

SEC. 817. REPEAL OF DUPLICATIVE AUTHORITY FOR SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION PURCHASES.

Section 31 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 427) is amended—

(1) by striking out subsections (a), (b), and (c);

(2) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as (a), (b), and (c), respectively;

(3) in subsection (b), as so redesignated, by striking out “provided in the Federal Acquisition Regulation pursuant to this section” each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “contained in the Federal Acquisition Regulation”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

“(d) PROCEDURES DEFINED.—The simplified acquisition procedures referred to in this section are the simplified acquisition procedures that are provided in the Federal Acquisition Regulation pursuant to section 2304(g) of title 10, United States Code, and section 303(g) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(g)).”.

SEC. 818. MICRO-PURCHASES WITHOUT COMPETITIVE QUOTATIONS.

Section 32(d) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 428) is amended by striking out “the contracting officer” and inserting in lieu thereof “an employee of an executive agency or a member of the Armed Forces of the United States authorized to do so”.

SEC. 819. RESTRICTION ON REIMBURSEMENT OF COSTS.

(a) None of the funds authorized to be appropriated in this Act for fiscal year 1996 may be obligated for payment on new contracts on which allowable costs charged to the Government include payments for individual compensation (including bonuses and other incentives) at a rate in excess of \$250,000.

(b) It is the sense of the Senate that the Congress should consider extending the restriction described in section (a) permanently.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

SEC. 821. PROCUREMENT TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) FUNDING.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 301(5),

\$12,000,000 shall be available for carrying out the provisions of chapter 142 of title 10, United States Code.

(b) SPECIFIC PROGRAMS.—Of the amounts made available pursuant to subsection (a), \$600,000 shall be available for fiscal year 1996 for the purpose of carrying out programs sponsored by eligible entities referred to in subparagraph (D) of section 2411(1) of title 10, United States Code, that provide procurement technical assistance in distressed areas referred to in subparagraph (B) of section 2411(2) of such title. If there is an insufficient number of satisfactory proposals for cooperative agreements in such distressed areas to allow effective use of the funds made available in accordance with this subsection in such areas, the funds shall be allocated among the Defense Contract Administration Services regions in accordance with section 2415 of such title.

SEC. 822. TREATMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CABLE TELEVISION FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS.

For purposes of part 49 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, a cable television franchise agreement of the Department of Defense shall be considered a contract for telecommunications services.

SEC. 823. PRESERVATION OF AMMUNITION INDUSTRIAL BASE.

(a) REVIEW OF AMMUNITION PROCUREMENT AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS.—(1) Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall commence a review of the ammunition procurement and management programs of the Department of Defense, including the planning for, budgeting for, administration, and carrying out of such programs.

(2) The review under paragraph (1) shall include an assessment of the following matters:

(A) The practicability and desirability of using centralized procurement practices to procure all ammunition required by the Armed Forces.

(B) The capability of the ammunition production facilities of the United States to meet the ammunition requirements of the Armed Forces.

(C) The practicability and desirability of privatizing such ammunition production facilities.

(D) The practicability and desirability of using integrated budget planning among the Armed Forces for the procurement of ammunition.

(E) The practicability and desirability of establishing an advocate within the Department of Defense for ammunition industrial base matters who shall be responsible for—

(i) establishing the quantity and price of ammunition procured by the Armed Forces; and

(ii) establishing and implementing policy to ensure the continuing viability of the ammunition industrial base in the United States.

(F) The practicability and desirability of providing information on the ammunition procurement practices of the Armed Forces to Congress through a single source.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than April 1, 1996, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the following:

(1) The results of the review carried out under subsection (a).

(2) A discussion of the methodologies used in carrying out the review.

(3) An assessment of various methods of ensuring the continuing viability of the ammunition industrial base of the United States.

(4) Recommendations of means (including legislation) of implementing such methods in order to ensure such viability.

TITLE IX—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT

SEC. 901. REDESIGNATION OF THE POSITION OF ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR ATOMIC ENERGY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Section 142 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking out the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“§ 142. Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs”;

(B) in subsection (a), by striking out “Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Atomic Energy” and inserting in lieu thereof “Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs”; and

(C) by striking out subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(b) The Assistant to the Secretary shall—
“(1) advise the Secretary of Defense on nuclear energy, nuclear weapons, and chemical and biological defense;

“(2) serve as the Staff Director of the Nuclear Weapons Council established by section 179 of this title; and

“(3) perform such additional duties as the Secretary may prescribe.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 4 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 142 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“142. Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 179(c)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “The Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Atomic Energy” and inserting in lieu thereof “The Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs.”.

(2) Section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out “The Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Atomic Energy, Department of Defense.” and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs, Department of Defense.”.

TITLE X—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Financial Matters

SEC. 1001. TRANSFER AUTHORITY.

(a) AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER AUTHORIZATIONS.—(1) Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this division for fiscal year 1996 between any such authorizations for that fiscal year (or any subdivisions thereof). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred.

(2) The total amount of authorizations that the Secretary of Defense may transfer under the authority of this section may not exceed \$2,000,000,000.

(b) LIMITATIONS.—The authority provided by this section to transfer authorizations—

(1) may only be used to provide authority for items that have a higher priority than the items from which authority is transferred; and

(2) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied authorization by Congress.

(c) EFFECT ON AUTHORIZATION AMOUNTS.—A transfer made from one account to another under the authority of this section shall be deemed to increase the amount authorized for the account to which the amount is

transferred by an amount equal to the amount transferred.

(d) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall promptly notify Congress of each transfer made under subsection (a).

SEC. 1002. DISBURSING AND CERTIFYING OFFICIALS.

(a) DISBURSING OFFICIALS.—(1) Section 3321(c) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(2) The Department of Defense.”.

(2) Section 2773 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) by striking out “With the approval of the Secretary of a military department when the Secretary considers it necessary, a disbursing official of the military department” and inserting in lieu thereof “Subject to paragraph (3), a disbursing official of the Department of Defense”; and

(ii) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) A disbursing official may make a designation under paragraph (1) only with the approval of the Secretary of Defense or, in the case of a disbursing official of a military department, the Secretary of that military department.”; and

(B) in subsection (b)(1), by striking out “any military department” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Department of Defense”.

(b) DESIGNATION OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES TO HAVE AUTHORITY TO CERTIFY VOUCHERS.—Section 3325(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(b) In addition to officers and employees referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B) of this section as having authorization to certify vouchers, members of the armed forces under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense may certify vouchers when authorized, in writing, by the Secretary to do so.”.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 1012 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “Secretary concerned” both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “Secretary of Defense”.

(2) Section 1007(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “Secretary concerned” and inserting in lieu thereof “Secretary of Defense, or upon the denial of relief of an officer pursuant to section 3527 of title 31”.

(3)(A) Section 7863 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(i) in the first sentence, by striking out “disbursements of public moneys or” and “the money was paid or”; and

(ii) in the second sentence, by striking out “disbursement or”.

(B)(i) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

“§ 7863. Disposal of public stores by order of commanding officer”.

(ii) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 661 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“7863. Disposal of public stores by order of commanding officer.”.

(4) Section 3527(b)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking out “a disbursing official of the armed forces” and inserting in lieu thereof “an official of the armed forces referred to in subsection (a)”; and

(B) by striking out “records,” and inserting in lieu thereof “records, or a payment described in section 3528(a)(4)(A) of this title.”;

(C) by redesignating subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) as clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), and realigning such clauses four ems from the left margin;

(D) by inserting before clause (i), as redesignated by subparagraph (C), the following:

“(A) in the case of a physical loss or deficiency—”;

(E) in clause (iii), as redesignated by subparagraph (C), by striking out the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof “; or”; and

(F) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) in the case of a payment described in section 3528(a)(4)(A) of this title, the Secretary of Defense or the appropriate Secretary of the military department of the Department of Defense, after taking a diligent collection action, finds that the criteria of section 3528(b)(1) of this title are satisfied.”.

SEC. 1003. DEFENSE MODERNIZATION ACCOUNT.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND USE.—(1) Chapter 131 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 2221. Defense Modernization Account

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Treasury a special account to be known as the ‘Defense Modernization Account’.

“(b) CREDITS TO ACCOUNT.—(1) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, and upon a determination by the Secretary concerned of the availability and source of excess funds as described in subparagraph (A) or (B), the Secretary may transfer to the Defense Modernization Account during any fiscal year—

“(A) any amount of unexpired funds available to the Secretary for procurements that, as a result of economies, efficiencies, and other savings achieved in the procurements, are excess to the funding requirements of the procurements; and

“(B) any amount of unexpired funds available to the Secretary for support of installations and facilities that, as a result of economies, efficiencies, and other savings, are excess to the funding requirements for support of installations and facilities.

“(2) Funds referred to in paragraph (1) may not be transferred to the Defense Modernization Account by a Secretary concerned if—

“(A) the funds are necessary for programs, projects, and activities that, as determined by the Secretary, have a higher priority than the purposes for which the funds would be available if transferred to that account; or

“(B) the balance of funds in the account, after transfer of funds to the account would exceed \$1,000,000,000.

“(3) Amounts credited to the Defense Modernization Account shall remain available for transfer until the end of the third fiscal year that follows the fiscal year in which the amounts are credited to the account.

“(4) The period of availability of funds for expenditure provided for in sections 1551 and 1552 of title 31 shall not be extended by transfer into the Defense Modernization Account.

“(c) ATTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—The funds transferred to the Defense Modernization Account by a military department, Defense Agency, or other element of the Department of Defense shall be available in accordance with subsections (f) and (g) only for that military department, Defense Agency, or element.

“(d) USE OF FUNDS.—Funds available from the Defense Modernization Account pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) may be used only for the following purposes:

“(1) For increasing, subject to subsection (e), the quantity of items and services procured under a procurement program in order to achieve a more efficient production or delivery rate.

“(2) For research, development, test and evaluation and procurement necessary for modernization of an existing system or of a system being procured under an ongoing procurement program.

“(e) LIMITATIONS.—(1) Funds from the Defense Modernization Account may not be

used to increase the quantity of an item or services procured under a particular procurement program to the extent that doing so would—

“(A) result in procurement of a total quantity of items or services in excess of—

“(i) a specific limitation provided in law on the quantity of the items or services that may be procured; or

“(ii) the requirement for the items or services as approved by the Joint Requirements Oversight Council and reported to Congress by the Secretary of Defense; or

“(B) result in an obligation or expenditure of funds in excess of a specific limitation provided in law on the amount that may be obligated or expended, respectively, for the procurement program.

“(2) Funds from the Defense Modernization Account may not be used for a purpose or program for which Congress has not authorized appropriations.

“(3) Funds may not be transferred from the Defense Modernization Account in any year for the purpose of—

“(A) making any expenditure for which there is no corresponding obligation; or

“(B) making any expenditure that would satisfy an unliquidated or unrecorded obligation arising in a prior fiscal year.

“(f) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—(1) Funds in the Defense Modernization Account may be transferred in any fiscal year to appropriations available for use for purposes set forth in subsection (d).

“(2) Before funds in the Defense Modernization Account are transferred under paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall transmit to the congressional defense committees a notification of the amount and purpose of the proposed transfer.

“(3) The total amount of the transfers from the Defense Modernization Account may not exceed \$500,000,000 in any fiscal year.

“(g) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR APPROPRIATION.—Funds in the Defense Modernization Account may be appropriated for purposes set forth in subsection (d) to the extent provided in Acts authorizing appropriations for the Department of the Defense.

“(h) SECRETARY TO ACT THROUGH COMPTROLLER.—In exercising authority under this section, the Secretary of Defense shall act through the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller), who shall be authorized to implement this section through the issuance of any necessary regulations, policies, and procedures after consultation with the General Counsel and Inspector General of the Department of Defense.

“(i) QUARTERLY REPORT.—Not later than 15 days after the end of each calendar quarter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report setting forth the amount and source of each credit to the Defense Modernization Account during the quarter and the amount and purpose of each transfer from the account during the quarter.

“(j) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘Secretary concerned’ includes the Secretary of Defense.

“(2) The term ‘unexpired funds’ means funds appropriated for a definite period that remain available for obligation.

“(3) The term ‘congressional defense committees’ means—

“(A) the Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate; and

“(B) the Committees on National Security and Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

“(4) The term ‘appropriate committees of Congress’ means—

“(A) the congressional defense committees;

“(B) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and

“(C) the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives.

“(k) INAPPLICABILITY TO COAST GUARD.—This section does not apply to the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 131 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

“2221. Defense Modernization Account.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Section 2221 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), shall take effect on October 1, 1995, and shall apply only to funds appropriated for fiscal years beginning on or after that date.

(c) EXPIRATION OF AUTHORITY AND ACCOUNT.—(1) The authority under section 2221(b) of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), to transfer funds into the Defense Modernization Account shall terminate on October 1, 2003.

(2) Three years after the termination of transfer authority under paragraph (1), the Defense Modernization Account shall be closed and the remaining balance in the account shall be canceled and thereafter shall not be available for any purpose.

(3)(A) The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct two reviews of the administration of the Defense Modernization Account. In each review, the Comptroller General shall assess the operations and benefits of the account.

(B) Not later than March 1, 2000, the Comptroller General shall—

(i) complete the first review; and

(ii) submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an initial report on the administration and benefits of the Defense Modernization Account.

(C) Not later than March 1, 2003, the Comptroller General shall—

(i) complete the second review; and

(ii) submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a final report on the administration and benefits of the Defense Modernization Account.

(D) Each report shall include any recommended legislation regarding the account that the Comptroller General considers appropriate.

(E) In this paragraph, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” has the meaning given such term in section 2221(j)(4) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

SEC. 1004. AUTHORIZATION OF PRIOR EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1995.

(a) ADJUSTMENT TO PREVIOUS AUTHORIZATIONS.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1995 in the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337) are hereby adjusted, with respect to any such authorized amount, by the amount by which appropriations pursuant to such authorization were increased (by a supplemental appropriation) or decreased (by a rescission), or both, in title I of the Emergency Supplemental Appropriations and Rescissions for the Department of Defense to Preserve and Enhance Military Readiness Act of 1995 (Public Law 104-6).

(b) NEW AUTHORIZATION.—The appropriation provided in section 104 of such Act is hereby authorized.

SEC. 1005. LIMITATION ON USE OF AUTHORITY TO PAY FOR EMERGENCY AND EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSES.

Section 127 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

“(c)(1) Funds may not be obligated or expended in an amount in excess of \$500,000 under the authority of subsection (a) or (b) until the Secretary of Defense has notified the Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and the Committees on National Security and Appropriations of the House of Representatives of the intent to obligate or expend the funds, and—

“(A) in the case of an obligation or expenditure in excess of \$1,000,000, 15 days have elapsed since the date of the notification; or

“(B) in the case of an obligation or expenditure in excess of \$500,000, but not in excess of \$1,000,000, 5 days have elapsed since the date of the notification.

“(2) Subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) shall not apply to an obligation or expenditure of funds otherwise covered by such subparagraph if the Secretary of Defense determines that the national security objectives of the United States will be compromised by the application of the subparagraph to the obligation or expenditure. If the Secretary makes a determination with respect to an expenditure under the preceding sentence, the Secretary shall notify the committees referred to in paragraph (1) not later than the later of—

“(A) 30 days after the date of the expenditure; or

“(B) the date on which the activity for which the expenditure is made is completed.

“(3) A notification under this subsection shall include the amount to be obligated or expended, as the case may be, and the purpose of the obligation or expenditure.”.

SEC. 1006. TRANSFER AUTHORITY REGARDING FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR FOREIGN CURRENCY FLUCTUATIONS.

(a) TRANSFERS TO MILITARY PERSONNEL ACCOUNTS AUTHORIZED.—Section 2779 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(c) TRANSFERS TO MILITARY PERSONNEL ACCOUNTS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense may transfer funds to military personnel appropriations for a fiscal year out of funds available to the Department of Defense for that fiscal year under the appropriation ‘Foreign Currency Fluctuations, Defense’.

“(2) This subsection applies with respect to appropriations for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1995.”.

(b) REVISION AND CODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY FOR TRANSFERS TO FOREIGN CURRENCY FLUCTUATIONS ACCOUNT.—Section 2779 of such title, as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) TRANSFERS TO FOREIGN CURRENCY FLUCTUATIONS ACCOUNT.—(1) The Secretary of Defense may transfer to the appropriation ‘Foreign Currency Fluctuations, Defense’ unobligated amounts of funds appropriated for operation and maintenance and unobligated amounts of funds appropriated for military personnel.

“(2) Any transfer from an appropriation under paragraph (1) shall be made not later than the end of the second fiscal year following the fiscal year for which the appropriation is provided.

“(3) Any transfer made pursuant to the authority provided in this subsection shall be limited so that the amount in the appropriation ‘Foreign Currency Fluctuations, Defense’ does not exceed \$970,000,000 at the time such transfer is made.

“(4) This subsection applies with respect to appropriations for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1995.”.

(c) CONDITIONS OF AVAILABILITY FOR TRANSFERRED FUNDS.—Section 2779 of such title, as amended by subsection (b), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) CONDITIONS OF AVAILABILITY FOR TRANSFERRED FUNDS.—Amounts transferred

under subsection (c) or (d) shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes and for the same period as the appropriations to which transferred."

(d) CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 767A of Public Law 96-527 (94 Stat. 3093) is repealed.

(2) Section 791 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983 (enacted in section 101(c) of Public Law 97-377; 96 Stat. 1865) is repealed.

(3) Section 2779 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out "(a)(1)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(a) TRANSFERS BACK TO FOREIGN CURRENCY FLUCTUATIONS APPROPRIATION.—(1)"; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking out "(b)(1)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(b) FUNDING FOR LOSSES IN MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AND FAMILY HOUSING.—(1)".

SEC. 1007. REPORT ON BUDGET SUBMISSION REGARDING RESERVE COMPONENTS.

(a) SPECIAL REPORT.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees, at the same time that the President submits the budget for fiscal year 1997 under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, a special report on funding for the reserve components of the Armed Forces.

(b) CONTENT.—The report shall contain the following:

(1) The actions taken by the Department of Defense to enhance the Army National Guard, the Air National Guard, and each of the other reserve components.

(2) A separate listing, with respect to the Army National Guard, the Air National Guard, and each of the other reserve components, of each of the following:

(A) The specific amount requested for each major weapon system.

(B) The specific amount requested for each item of equipment.

(C) The specific amount requested for each military construction project, together with the location of each such project.

(3) If the total amount reported in accordance with paragraph (2) is less than \$1,080,000,000, an additional separate listing described in paragraph (2) in a total amount equal to \$1,080,000,000.

Subtitle B—Naval Vessels

SEC. 1011. IOWA CLASS BATTLESHIPS.

(a) RETURN TO NAVAL VESSEL REGISTER.—The Secretary of the Navy shall list on the Naval Vessel Register, and maintain on such register, at least two of the Iowa class battleships that were stricken from the register in February 1995.

(b) SELECTION OF SHIPS.—The Secretary shall select for listing on the register under subsection (a) the Iowa class battleships that are in the best material condition. In determining which battleships are in the best material condition, the Secretary shall take into consideration the findings of the Board of Inspection and Survey of the Navy, the extent to which each battleship has been modernized during the last period of active service of the battleship, and the military utility of each battleship after the modernization.

(c) SUPPORT.—The Secretary shall retain the existing logistical support necessary for support of at least two operational Iowa class battleships in active service, including technical manuals, repair and replacement parts, and ordnance.

(d) REPLACEMENT CAPABILITY.—The requirements of this section shall cease to be effective 60 days after the Secretary certifies in writing to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives that the Navy has within the fleet an operational surface fire support capability that equals or exceeds the fire support capa-

bility that the Iowa class battleships listed on the Naval Vessel Register pursuant to subsection (a) would, if in active service, be able to provide for Marine Corps amphibious assaults and operations ashore.

SEC. 1012. TRANSFER OF NAVAL VESSELS TO CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer—

(1) to the Government of Bahrain the Oliver Hazard Perry class guided missile frigate Jack Williams (FFG 24);

(2) to the Government of Egypt the Oliver Hazard Perry class frigates Duncan (FFG 10) and Copeland (FFG 25);

(3) to the Government of Oman the Oliver Hazard Perry class guided missile frigate Mahlon S. Tisdale (FFG 27);

(4) to the Government of Turkey the Oliver Hazard Perry class frigates Clifton Sprague (FFG 16), Antrim (FFG 20), and Flatley (FFG 21); and

(5) to the Government of the United Arab Emirates the Oliver Hazard Perry class guided missile frigate Gallery (FFG 26).

(b) FORMS OF TRANSFER.—(1) A transfer under paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4) of subsection (a) shall be on a grant basis under section 516 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j).

(2) A transfer under paragraph (5) of subsection (a) shall be on a lease basis under section 61 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2796).

(c) COSTS OF TRANSFERS.—Any expense incurred by the United States in connection with a transfer authorized by subsection (a) shall be charged to the recipient.

(d) EXPIRATION OF AUTHORITY.—The authority to transfer a vessel under subsection (a) shall expire at the end of the 2-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, except that a lease entered into during that period under subsection (b)(2) may be renewed.

SEC. 1013. NAMING AMPHIBIOUS SHIPS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that:

(1) This year is the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Iwo Jima, one of the great victories in all of the Marine Corps' illustrious history.

(2) The Navy has recently retired the ship that honored that battle, the U.S.S. IWO JIMA (LPH-2), the first ship in a class of amphibious assault ships.

(3) This Act authorizes the LHD-7, the final ship of the Wasp class of amphibious assault ships that will replace the Iwo Jima class of ships.

(4) The Navy is planning to start building a new class of amphibious transport docks, now called the LPD-17 class. This Act also authorizes funds that will lead to procurement of these vessels.

(5) There has been some confusion in the rationale behind naming new naval vessels with traditional naming conventions frequently violated.

(6) Although there have been good and sufficient reasons to depart from naming conventions in the past, the rationale for such departures has not always been clear.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—In light of these findings, expressed in subsection (a), it is the sense of the Senate that the Secretary of the Navy should:

(1) Name the LHD-7 the U.S.S. IWO JIMA.

(2) Name the LPD-17 and all future ships of the LPD-17 class after famous Marine Corps battles or famous Marine Corps heroes.

Subtitle C—Counter-Drug Activities

SEC. 1021. REVISION AND CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY FOR FEDERAL SUPPORT OF DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES OF THE NATIONAL GUARD.

(a) FUNDING ASSISTANCE.—Subsection (a) of section 112 of title 32, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "submits a plan to the Secretary under subsection (b)" in the matter above paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "submits to the Secretary a State drug interdiction and counter-drug activities plan satisfying the requirements of subsection (c)";

(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(3) by striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) the pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses, as authorized by State law, of personnel of the National Guard of that State used, while not in Federal service, for the purpose of drug interdiction and counter-drug activities;

"(2) the operation and maintenance of the equipment and facilities of the National Guard of that State used for the purpose of drug interdiction and counter-drug activities; and"

(b) USE OF PERSONNEL PERFORMING FULL-TIME NATIONAL GUARD DUTY.—Section 112 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (e);

(2) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) as subsections (c), (d), (f), and (g), respectively; and

(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):

"(b) USE OF PERSONNEL PERFORMING FULL-TIME NATIONAL GUARD DUTY.—(1) Subject to subsection (e), personnel of the National Guard of a State may be ordered to perform full-time National Guard duty under section 502(f) of this title for the purpose of carrying out drug interdiction and counter-drug activities.

"(2) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, the Governor of a State may, in accordance with the State drug interdiction and counter-drug activities plan referred to in subsection (c), request that personnel of the National Guard of the State be ordered to perform full-time National Guard duty under section 502(f) of this title for the purpose of carrying out drug interdiction and counter-drug activities."

(c) STATE PLAN.—Subsection (c) of such section, as redesignated by subsection (b)(2), is amended—

(1) in the matter above paragraph (1), by striking out "A plan" and inserting in lieu thereof "A State drug interdiction and counter-drug activities plan";

(2) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2); and

(3) in paragraph (3)—

(A) by striking out "annual training" and inserting in lieu thereof "training";

(B) by striking out the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

"(4) include a certification by the Attorney General of the State (or, in the case of a State with no position of Attorney General, a civilian official of the State equivalent to a State attorney general) that the use of the National Guard of the State for the activities proposed under the plan is authorized by, and is consistent with, State law; and

"(5) certify that the Governor of the State or a civilian law enforcement official of the State designated by the Governor has determined that any activities included in the plan that are carried out in conjunction with Federal law enforcement agencies serve a State law enforcement purpose."

(d) EXAMINATION OF STATE PLAN.—Subsection (d) of such section, as redesignated by subsection (b)(2), is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by inserting after "Before funds are provided to the Governor of a State under this section" the following: "and before

members of the National Guard of that State are ordered to full-time National Guard duty as authorized in subsection (b)(1)"; and

(B) by striking out "subsection (b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (c)"; and (2) in paragraph (3)—

(A) by striking out "subsection (b)" in subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (c)"; and

(B) by striking out subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(B) pursuant to the plan submitted for a previous fiscal year, funds were provided to the State in accordance with subsection (a) or personnel of the National Guard of the State were ordered to perform full-time National Guard duty in accordance with subsection (b)."

(e) **END STRENGTH LIMITATION.**—Such section is amended by inserting after subsection (d), as redesignated by subsection (b)(2), the following new subsection (e):

"(e) **END STRENGTH LIMITATION.**—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), at the end of a fiscal year there may not be more than 4000 members of the National Guard—

"(A) on full-time National Guard duty under section 502(f) of this title to perform drug interdiction or counter-drug activities pursuant to an order to duty for a period of more than 180 days; or

"(B) on duty under State authority to perform drug interdiction or counter-drug activities pursuant to an order to duty for a period of more than 180 days with State pay and allowances being reimbursed with funds provided under subsection (a)(1).

"(2) The Secretary of Defense may increase the end strength authorized under paragraph (1) by not more than 20 percent for any fiscal year if the Secretary determines that such an increase is necessary in the national security interests of the United States."

(f) **DEFINITIONS.**—Subsection (g) of such section, as redesignated by subsection (b)(2), is amended by striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) The term 'drug interdiction and counter-drug activities', with respect to the National Guard of a State, means the use of National Guard personnel in drug interdiction and counter-drug law enforcement activities authorized by the law of the State and requested by the Governor of the State."

SEC. 1022. NATIONAL DRUG INTELLIGENCE CENTER.

(a) **LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.**—Except as provided in subsection (b), funds appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense pursuant to this or any other Act may not be obligated or expended for the National Drug Intelligence Center, Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

(b) **EXCEPTION.**—If the Attorney General operates the National Drug Intelligence Center using funds available for the Department of Justice, the Secretary of Defense may continue to provide Department of Defense intelligence personnel to support intelligence activities at the Center. The number of such personnel providing support to the Center after the date of the enactment of this Act may not exceed the number of the Department of Defense intelligence personnel who are supporting intelligence activities at the Center on the day before such date.

SEC. 1023. ASSISTANCE TO CUSTOMS SERVICE.

(a) **NONINTRUSIVE INSPECTION SYSTEMS.**—The Secretary of Defense shall, using funds available pursuant to subsection (b), either—

(1) procure nonintrusive inspection systems and transfer the systems to the United States Customs Service; or

(2) transfer the funds to the Secretary of the Treasury for use to procure nonintrusive

inspection systems for the United States Customs Service.

(b) **FUNDING.**—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 301(15), \$25,000,000 shall be available for carrying out subsection (a).

Subtitle D—Department of Defense Education Programs

SEC. 1031. CONTINUATION OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES UNIVERSITY OF THE HEALTH SCIENCES.

(a) **POLICY.**—Congress reaffirms—

(1) the prohibition set forth in subsection (a) of section 922 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2829; 10 U.S.C. 2112 note) regarding closure of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences; and

(2) the expression of the sense of Congress set forth in subsection (b) of such section regarding the budgetary commitment to continuation of the university.

(b) **PERSONNEL STRENGTH.**—During the 5-year period beginning on October 1, 1995, the personnel staffing levels for the Uniformed Services University of the Health Services may not be reduced below the personnel staffing levels for the university as of October 1, 1993.

SEC. 1032. ADDITIONAL GRADUATE SCHOOLS AND PROGRAMS AT THE UNIFORMED SERVICES UNIVERSITY OF THE HEALTH SCIENCES.

Section 2113 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsection (h) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(h) The Board may establish the following educational programs:

"(1) Postdoctoral, postgraduate, and technological institutes.

"(2) A graduate school of nursing.

"(3) Other schools or programs that the Board determines necessary in order to operate the University in a cost-effective manner."

SEC. 1033. FUNDING FOR BASIC ADULT EDUCATION PROGRAMS FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL AND DEPENDENTS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to section 301, \$600,000 shall be available to carry out adult education programs, consistent with the Adult Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.), for—

(1) members of the Armed Forces who are serving in locations that are outside the United States and not described in subsection (b) of such section 313; and

(2) the dependents of such members.

SEC. 1034. SCOPE OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS OF COMMUNITY COLLEGE OF THE AIR FORCE.

Section 9315(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "for enlisted members of the armed forces" and inserting in lieu thereof "for enlisted members of the Air Force".

SEC. 1035. DATE FOR ANNUAL REPORT ON SELECTED RESERVE EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 16137 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "December 15 of each year" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 1 of each year".

SEC. 1036. ESTABLISHMENT OF JUNIOR R.O.T.C. UNITS IN INDIAN RESERVATION SCHOOLS.

It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense should ensure that secondary educational institutions on Indian reservations are afforded a full opportunity along with other secondary educational institutions to be selected as locations for establishment of new Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps units.

Subtitle E—Cooperative Threat Reduction With States of the Former Soviet Union

SEC. 1041. COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION PROGRAMS DEFINED.

For purposes of this subtitle, Cooperative Threat Reduction programs are the programs described in section 1203(b) of the Cooperative Threat Reduction Act of 1993 (title XII of Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1778; 22 U.S.C. 5952(b)).

SEC. 1042. FUNDING MATTERS.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—Funds authorized to be appropriated under section 301(18) may not be obligated for any program established primarily to assist nuclear weapons scientists in States of the former Soviet Union until 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense certifies in writing to Congress that the funds to be obligated will not be used to contribute to the modernization of the strategic nuclear forces of such States or for research, development, or production of weapons of mass destruction.

(b) **REIMBURSEMENT OF PAY ACCOUNTS.**—Funds authorized to be appropriated under section 301(18) may be transferred to military personnel accounts for reimbursement of those accounts for the pay and allowances paid to reserve component personnel for service while engaged in any activity under a Cooperative Threat Reduction program.

SEC. 1043. LIMITATION RELATING TO OFFENSIVE BIOLOGICAL WARFARE PROGRAM OF RUSSIA.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Even though the President of Russia and other senior leaders of the Russian government have committed Russia to comply with the Biological Weapons Convention, a June 1995 United States Government report asserts that official United States concern remains about the Russian biological warfare program.

(2) In reviewing the President's budget request for fiscal year 1996 for Cooperative Threat Reduction, and consistent with the finding in section 1207(a)(5) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2884), the Senate has taken into consideration the questions and concerns about Russia's biological warfare program and Russia's compliance with the obligations under the Biological Weapons Convention.

(b) **LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION.**—Of the amount available under section 301(18) for Cooperative Threat Reduction programs, \$50,000,000 shall be reserved and not obligated until the President certifies to Congress that Russia is in compliance with the obligations under the Biological Weapons Convention.

SEC. 1044. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—Of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 1996 under the heading "FORMER SOVIET UNION THREAT REDUCTION" for dismantlement and destruction of chemical weapons, not more than \$52,000,000 may be obligated or expended for that purpose until the President certifies to Congress the following:

(1) That the United States and Russia have completed a joint laboratory study evaluating the proposal of Russia to neutralize its chemical weapons and the United States agrees with the proposal.

(2) That Russia is in the process of preparing, with the assistance of the United States (if necessary), a comprehensive plan to manage the dismantlement and destruction of the Russia chemical weapons stockpile.

(3) That the United States and Russia are committed to resolving outstanding issues under the 1989 Wyoming Memorandum of Understanding and the 1990 Bilateral Destruction Agreement.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “1989 Wyoming Memorandum of Understanding” means the Memorandum of Understanding between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics Regarding a Bilateral Verification Experiment and Data Exchange Related to Prohibition on Chemical Weapons, signed at Jackson Hole, Wyoming, on September 23, 1989.

(2) The term “1990 Bilateral Destruction Agreement” means the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on destruction and non-production of chemical weapons and on measures to facilitate the multilateral convention on banning chemical weapons signed on June 1, 1990.

Subtitle F—Matters Relating to Other Nations

SEC. 1051. COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS WITH NATO ORGANIZATIONS.

Section 2350b(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “or a NATO organization” after “a participant (other than the United States)”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting “or a NATO organization” after “a cooperative project”.

SEC. 1052. NATIONAL SECURITY IMPLICATIONS OF UNITED STATES EXPORT CONTROL POLICY.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Export controls remain an important element of the national security policy of the United States.

(2) It is in the national interest that United States export control policy prevent the transfer, to potential adversaries or combatants of the United States, of technology that threatens the national security or defense of the United States.

(3) It is in the national interest that the United States monitor aggressively the export of technology in order to prevent its diversion to potential adversaries or combatants of the United States.

(4) The Department of Defense relies increasingly on commercial and dual-use technologies, products, and processes to support United States military capabilities and economic strength.

(5) The Department of Defense evaluates license applications for the export of commodities whose export is controlled for national security reasons if such commodities are exported to certain countries, but the Department does not evaluate license applications for the export of such commodities if such commodities are exported to other countries.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the maintenance of the military advantage of the United States depends on effective export controls on dual-use items and technologies that are critical to the military capabilities of the Armed Forces;

(2) the Government should identify the dual-use items and technologies that are critical to the military capabilities of the Armed Forces, including the military use made of such items and technologies, and should reevaluate the export control policy of the United States in light of such identification; and

(3) the Government should utilize unilateral export controls on dual-use items and technologies that are critical to the military capabilities of the Armed Forces (regardless of the availability of such items or technologies overseas) with respect to the countries that—

(A) pose a threat to the national security interests of the United States; and

(B) are not members in good standing of bilateral or multilateral agreements to which the United States is a party on the use of such items and technologies.

(c) REPORT REQUIRED.—(1) Not later than December 1, 1995, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services and on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on National Security and on International Relations of the House of Representatives a report on the effect of the export control policy of the United States on the national security interests of the United States.

(2) The report shall include the following:

(A) A list setting forth each country determined to be a rogue nation or potential adversary or combatant of the United States.

(B) For each country so listed, a list of—

(i) the categories of items that should be prohibited for export to the country;

(ii) the categories of items that should be exported to the country only under an individual license with conditions; and

(iii) the categories of items that may be exported to the country under a general distribution license.

(C) For each category of items listed under clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph (B)—

(i) a statement whether export controls on the category of items are to be imposed under a multilateral international agreement or a unilateral decision of the United States; and

(ii) a justification for the decision not to prohibit the export of the items to the country.

(D) A description of United States policy on sharing satellite imagery that has military significance and a discussion of the criteria for determining the imagery that has that significance.

(E) A description of the relationship between United States policy on the export of space launch vehicle technology and the Missile Technology Control Regime.

(F) An assessment of United States efforts to support the inclusion of additional countries in the Missile Technology Control Regime.

(G) An assessment of the on-going efforts made by potential participant countries in the Missile Technology Control Regime to meet the guidelines established by the Missile Technology Control Regime.

(H) A brief discussion of the history of the space launch vehicle programs of other countries, including a discussion of the military origins and purposes of such programs and the current level of military involvement in such programs.

(3) The Secretary shall submit the report in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

(4) In this subsection, the term “Missile Technology Control Regime” means the policy statement between the United States, the United Kingdom, the Federal Republic of Germany, France, Italy, Canada, and Japan, announced on April 16, 1987, to restrict sensitive missile-relevant transfers based on the Missile Technology Control Regime Annex, and any amendments thereto.

(d) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE REVIEW OF EXPORT LICENSES FOR CERTAIN BIOLOGICAL PATHOGENS.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with appropriate elements of the intelligence community, review each application that is submitted to the Secretary of Commerce for an individual validated license for the export of a class 2, class 3, or class 4 biological pathogen to a country known or suspected to have an offensive biological weapons program. The purpose of the review is to determine if the export of the pathogen pursuant to the license would be contrary to the national security interests of the United States.

(2) The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the intelligence community, shall periodically inform the Secretary of Commerce as to the countries known or suspected to have an offensive biological weapons program.

(3) In order to facilitate the review of an application for an export license by appropriate elements of the intelligence committee under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall submit a copy of the application to such appropriate elements.

(4) The Secretary of Defense shall carry out the review of an application under this subsection not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Commerce forwards a copy of the application to the Secretary of Defense for review.

(5) Upon completion of the review of an application for an export license under this subsection, the Secretary of Defense shall notify the Secretary of Commerce if the export of a biological pathogen pursuant to the license would be contrary to the national security interests of the United States.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon receipt of a notification with respect to an application for an export license under paragraph (5), the Secretary of Commerce shall deny the application.

(7) In this subsection:

(A) The term “class 2, class 3, or class 4 biological pathogen” means any biological pathogen characterized as a class 2, class 3, or class 4 biological pathogen by the Centers for Disease Control.

(B) The term “intelligence community” has the meaning given such term in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).

SEC. 1053. DEFENSE EXPORT LOAN GUARANTEES.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—(1) Chapter 148 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subchapter:

“SUBCHAPTER VI—DEFENSE EXPORT LOAN GUARANTEES

“Sec.

“2540. Establishment of loan guarantee program.

“2540a. Transferability.

“2540b. Limitations.

“2540c. Fees charged and collected.

“2540d. Definitions.

“§ 2540. Establishment of loan guarantee program

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—In order to meet the national security objectives in section 2501(a) of this title, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a program under which the Secretary may issue guarantees assuring a lender against losses of principal or interest, or both principal and interest, arising out of the financing of the sale or long-term lease of defense articles, defense services, or design and construction services to a country referred to in subsection (b).

“(b) COVERED COUNTRIES.—The authority under subsection (a) applies with respect to the following countries:

“(1) A member nation of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO).

“(2) A country designated as of March 31, 1995, as a major non-NATO ally pursuant to section 2350a(i)(3) of this title.

“(3) A country in Central Europe that, as determined by the Secretary of State—

“(A) has changed its form of national government from a nondemocratic form of government to a democratic form of government since October 1, 1989; or

“(B) is in the processing of changing its form of national government from a nondemocratic form of government to a democratic form of government.

“(4) A noncommunist country that was a member nation of the Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) as of October 31, 1993.

“(c) AUTHORITY SUBJECT TO PROVISIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—The Secretary may guarantee a loan under this subchapter only as provided in appropriations Acts.

“§ 2540a. Transferability

“A guarantee issued under this subchapter shall be fully and freely transferable.

“§ 2540b. Limitations

“(a) TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF LOAN GUARANTEES.—In issuing a guarantee under this subchapter for a medium-term or long-term loan, the Secretary may not offer terms and conditions more beneficial than those that would be provided to the recipient by the Export-Import Bank of the United States under similar circumstances in conjunction with the provision of guarantees for nondefense articles and services.

“(b) LOSSES ARISING FROM FRAUD OR MISREPRESENTATION.—No payment may be made under a guarantee issued under this subchapter for a loss arising out of fraud or misrepresentation for which the party seeking payment is responsible.

“(c) NO RIGHT OF ACCELERATION.—The Secretary of Defense may not accelerate any guaranteed loan or increment, and may not pay any amount, in respect of a guarantee issued under this subchapter, other than in accordance with the original payment terms of the loan.

“§ 2540c. Fees charged and collected

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall charge a fee (known as ‘exposure fee’) for each guarantee issued under this subchapter.

“(b) AMOUNT.—To the extent that the cost of the loan guarantees under this subchapter is not otherwise provided for in appropriations Acts, the fee imposed under this section with respect to a loan guarantee shall be fixed in an amount determined by the Secretary to be sufficient to meet potential liabilities of the United States under the loan guarantee.

“(c) PAYMENT TERMS.—The fee for each guarantee shall become due as the guarantee is issued. In the case of a guarantee for a loan which is disbursed incrementally, and for which the guarantee is correspondingly issued incrementally as portions of the loan are disbursed, the fee shall be paid incrementally in proportion to the amount of the guarantee that is issued.

“§ 2540d. Definitions

“In this subchapter:

“(1) The terms ‘defense article’, ‘defense services’, and ‘design and construction services’ have the meanings given those terms in section 47 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2794).

“(2) The term ‘cost’, with respect to a loan guarantee, has the meaning given that term in section 502 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a).”

(2) The table of subchapters at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“VI. Defense Export Loan Guarantees 2540”.

(b) REPORT.—(1) Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report on the loan guarantee program established pursuant to section 2540 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

(2) The report shall include—

(A) an analysis of the costs and benefits of the loan guarantee program; and

(B) any recommendations for modification of the program that the President considers appropriate, including—

(i) any recommended addition to the list of countries for which a guarantee may be issued under the program; and

(ii) any proposed legislation necessary to authorize a recommended modification.

SEC. 1054. LANDMINE CLEARING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

(a) REVISION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 1413 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2913; 10 U.S.C. 401 note) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f) SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1996.—Funds available for fiscal year 1996 for the program under subsection (a) may not be obligated for involvement of members of the Armed Forces in an activity under the program until the date that is 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense certifies to Congress, in writing, that the involvement of such personnel in the activity satisfies military training requirements for such personnel.

“(g) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense may not provide assistance under subsection (a) after September 30, 1996.”

(b) REVISION OF DEFINITION OF LANDMINE.—Section 1423(d)(3) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1831) is amended by striking out “by remote control or”.

(c) FISCAL YEAR 1996 FUNDING.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301 for Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Aid (OHDACA) programs of the Department of Defense, not more than \$20,000,000 shall be available for the program of assistance under section 1413 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2913; 10 U.S.C. 401 note).

SEC. 1055. STRATEGIC COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND ISRAEL.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The President and Congress have repeatedly declared the long-standing United States commitment to maintaining the qualitative superiority of the Israel Defense Forces over any combination of potential adversaries.

(2) Congress continues to recognize the many benefits to the United States from its strategic relationship with Israel, including that of enhanced regional stability and technical cooperation.

(3) Despite the historic peace effort in which Israel and its neighbors are engaged, Israel continues to face severe potential threats to its national security that are compounded by terrorism and by the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missiles.

(4) Congress supports enhanced United States cooperation with Israel in all fields and, especially, in finding new ways to deter or counter mutual threats.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the President should ensure that any conventional defense system or technology offered by the United States for sale to any member nation of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or to any major non-NATO ally is concurrently made available for purchase by Israel unless the President determines that it would not be in the national security interests of the United States to do so; and

(2) the President should make available to Israel, within existing technology transfer laws, regulations, and policies, advanced United States technology necessary for achieving continued progress in cooperative United States-Israel research and development of theater missile defenses.

SEC. 1056. SUPPORT SERVICES FOR THE NAVY AT THE PORT OF HAIFA, ISRAEL.

It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should promptly undertake such actions as are necessary—

(1) to improve the services available to the Navy at the Port of Haifa, Israel; and

(2) to ensure that the continuing increase in commercial activities at the Port of Haifa does not adversely affect the availability to the Navy of the services required by the Navy at the port.

SEC. 1057. PROHIBITION ON ASSISTANCE TO TERRORIST COUNTRIES.

(a) PROHIBITION.—Subchapter I of chapter 134 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 2249a. Prohibition on assistance to terrorist countries

“(a) PROHIBITION.—Funds available to the Department of Defense may not be obligated or expended to provide financial assistance to—

“(1) any country with respect to which the Secretary of State has made a determination under section 6(j)(1)(A) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 App. 2405(j));

“(2) any country identified in the latest report submitted to Congress under section 140 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22 U.S.C. 2656f), as providing significant support for international terrorism; or

“(3) any other country that, as determined by the President—

“(A) grants sanctuary from prosecution to any individual or group that has committed an act of international terrorism; or

“(B) otherwise supports international terrorism.

“(b) WAIVER.—(1) The President may waive the application of subsection (a) to a country if the President determines that it is in the national security interests of the United States to do so or that the waiver should be granted for humanitarian reasons.

“(2) The President shall—

“(A) notify the Committees on Armed Services and Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on National Security and on International Relations of the House of Representatives at least 15 days before the waiver takes effect; and

“(B) publish a notice of the waiver in the Federal Register.

“(c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term ‘international terrorism’ has the meaning given that term in section 140(d) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22 U.S.C. 2656f(d)).”

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following:

“2249a. Prohibition on assistance to terrorist countries.”.

SEC. 1058. INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) it is in the national security interest of the United States to promote military professionalism (including an understanding of and respect for the proper role of the military in a civilian-led democratic society), the effective management of defense resources, the recognition of internationally recognized human rights, and an effective military justice system within the armed forces of allies of the United States and of countries friendly to the United States;

(2) it is in the national security interest of the United States to foster rapport, understanding, and cooperation between the Armed Forces of the United States and the armed forces of allies of the United States

and of countries friendly to the United States;

(3) the international military education and training program is a low-cost method of promoting military professionalism within the armed forces of allies of the United States and of countries friendly to the United States and fostering better relations between the Armed Forces of the United States and those armed forces;

(4) the dissolution of the Soviet Union and the Warsaw Pact alliance and the spread of democracy in the Western Hemisphere have created an opportunity to promote the military professionalism of the armed forces of the affected nations;

(5) funding for the international military education and training program of the United States has decreased dramatically in recent years;

(6) the decrease in funding for the international military education and training program has resulted in a major decrease in the participation of personnel from Asia, Latin America, and Africa in the program;

(7) the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the commanders in chief of the regional combatant commands have consistently testified before congressional committees that the international military education and training program fosters cooperation with and improves military management, civilian control over the military forces, and respect for human rights within foreign military forces; and

(8) the delegation by the President to the Secretary of Defense of authority to perform functions relating to the international military education and training program is appropriate and should be continued.

(b) ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED.—(1) Part I of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“CHAPTER 23—CONTACTS UNDER PROGRAMS IN SUPPORT OF FOREIGN MILITARY FORCES

“Sec.
“461. Military-to-military contacts and comparable activities.

“462. International military education and training.

“§462. International military education and training

“(a) PROGRAM AUTHORITY.—Subject to the provisions of chapter 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2347 et seq.), the Secretary of Defense, upon the recommendation of a commander of a combatant command, or, with respect to a geographic area or areas not within the area of responsibility of a commander of a combatant command, upon the recommendation of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, may pay a portion of the costs of providing international military education and training to military personnel of foreign countries and to civilian personnel of foreign countries who perform national defense functions.

“(b) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER FUNDING.—Any amount provided pursuant to subsection (a) shall be in addition to amounts otherwise available for international military education and training for that fiscal year.”.

(2) Section 168 of title 10, United States Code, is redesignated as section 461, is transferred to chapter 23 (as added by paragraph (1)), and is inserted after the table of sections at the beginning of such chapter.

(3)(A) The tables of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A of such title and the beginning of part I of such subtitle are amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 22 the following:

“23. Contacts Under Programs in Support of Foreign Military Forces 461”.

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 6 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out the item relating to section 168.

(c) FISCAL YEAR 1996 FUNDING.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 301(5), \$20,000,000 shall be available to the Secretary of Defense for the purposes of carrying out activities under section 462 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (b).

(d) RELATIONSHIP TO AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY OF STATE.—Nothing in this section or section 462 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (b)(1)), shall impair the authority or ability of the Secretary of State to coordinate policy regarding international military education and training programs.

SEC. 1059. REPEAL OF LIMITATION REGARDING AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC FACILITIES IN GERMANY.

Section 1432 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1833) is repealed.

SEC. 1060. IMPLEMENTATION OF ARMS CONTROL AGREEMENTS.

(a) FUNDING.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under sections 102, 103, 104, 201, and 301, \$228,900,000 shall be available for implementing arms control agreements to which the United States is a party.

(b) LIMITATION.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), none of the funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a) for the costs of implementing an arms control agreement may be used to reimburse expenses incurred by any other party to the agreement for which, without regard to any executive agreement or any policy not part of an arms control agreement—

(A) the other party is responsible under the terms of the arms control agreement; and

(B) the United States has no responsibility under the agreement.

(2) The limitation in paragraph (1) does not apply to a use of funds to fulfill a policy of the United States to reimburse expenses incurred by another party to an arms control agreement if—

(A) the policy does not modify any obligation imposed by the arms control agreement;

(B) the President—

(i) issued or approved the policy before the date of the enactment of this Act; or

(ii) has entered into an agreement on the policy with the government of another country or has approved an agreement on the policy entered into by an official of the United States and the government of another country; and

(C) the President has notified the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives of the policy or the policy agreement (as the case may be), in writing, at least 30 days before the date on which the President issued or approved the policy or has entered into or approved the policy agreement.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “arms control agreement” means an arms control treaty or other form of international arms control agreement.

(2) The term “executive agreement” is an international agreement entered into by the President that is not authorized by statute or approved by the Senate under Article II, section 2, clause 2 of the Constitution.

SEC. 1061. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON LIMITING THE PLACING OF UNITED STATES FORCES UNDER UNITED NATIONS COMMAND OR CONTROL.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) the President has made United Nations peace operations a major component of the foreign and security policies of the United States;

(2) the President has committed United States military personnel under United Nations operational control to missions in Haiti, Croatia, and Macedonia that could endanger those personnel;

(3) the President has committed the United States to deploy as many as 25,000 military personnel to Bosnia-Herzegovina as peacekeepers under United Nations command and control in the event that the parties to that conflict reach a peace agreement;

(4) although the President has insisted that he will retain command of United States forces at all times, in the past this has meant administrative control of United States forces only, while operational control has been ceded to United Nations commanders, some of whom were foreign nationals;

(5) the experience of United States forces participating in combined United States-United Nations operations in Somalia, and in combined United Nations-NATO operations in the former Yugoslavia, demonstrate that prerequisites for effective military operations such as unity of command and clarity of mission have not been met by United Nations command and control arrangements; and

(6) despite the many deficiencies in the conduct of United Nations peace operations, there may be occasions when it is in the national security interests of the United States to participate in such operations.

(b) POLICY.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the President should consult closely with Congress regarding any United Nations peace operation that could involve United States combat forces, and that such consultations should continue throughout the duration of such activities;

(2) the President should consult with Congress prior to a vote within the United Nations Security Council on any resolution which would authorize, extend, or revise the mandates for such activities;

(3) in view of the complexity of United Nations peace operations and the difficulty of achieving unity of command and expeditious decisionmaking, the United States should participate in such operations only when it is clearly in the national security interest to do so;

(4) United States combat forces should be under the operational control of qualified commanders and should have clear and effective command and control arrangements and rules of engagement (which do not restrict their self-defense in any way) and clear and unambiguous mission statements; and

(5) none of the Armed Forces of the United States should be under the operational control of foreign nationals in United Nations peace enforcement operations except in the most extraordinary circumstances.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

(1) the term “United Nations peace enforcement operations” means any international peace enforcement or similar activity that is authorized by the United Nations Security Council under chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations; and

(2) the term “United Nations peace operations” means any international peacekeeping, peacemaking, peace enforcement, or similar activity that is authorized by the United Nations Security Council under chapter VI or VII of the Charter of the United Nations.

SEC. 1062. SENSE OF SENATE ON PROTECTION OF UNITED STATES FROM BALLISTIC MISSILE ATTACK.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) The proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missiles presents a threat to the entire World.

(2) This threat was recognized by Secretary of Defense William J. Perry in February 1995 in the Annual Report to the President and the Congress which states that "[b]eyond the five declared nuclear weapons states, at least 20 other nations have acquired or are attempting to acquire weapons of mass destruction—nuclear, biological, or chemical weapons—and the means to deliver them. In fact, in most areas where United States forces could potentially be engaged on a large scale, many of the most likely adversaries already possess chemical and biological weapons. Moreover, some of these same states appear determined to acquire nuclear weapons."

(3) At a summit in Moscow in May 1995, President Clinton and President Yeltsin commented on this threat in a Joint Statement which recognizes "... the threat posed by worldwide proliferation of missiles and missile technology and the necessity of counteracting this threat ..."

(4) At least 25 countries may be developing weapons of mass destruction and the delivery systems for such weapons.

(5) At least 24 countries have chemical weapons programs in various stages of research and development.

(6) Approximately 10 countries are believed to have biological weapons programs in various stages of development.

(7) At least 10 countries are reportedly interested in the development of nuclear weapons.

(8) Several countries recognize that weapons of mass destruction and missiles increase their ability to deter, coerce, or otherwise threaten the United States. Saddam Hussein recognized this when he stated, on May 8, 1990, that "[o]ur missiles cannot reach Washington. If they could reach Washington, we would strike it if the need arose."

(9) International regimes like the Non-Proliferation Treaty, the Biological Weapons Convention, and the Missile Technology Control Regime, while effective, cannot by themselves halt the spread of weapons and technology. On January 10, 1995, Director of Central Intelligence, James Woolsey, said with regard to Russia that "... we are particularly concerned with the safety of nuclear, chemical, and biological materials as well as highly enriched uranium or plutonium, although I want to stress that this is a global problem. For example, highly enriched uranium was recently stolen from South Africa, and last month Czech authorities recovered three kilograms of 87.8 percent-enriched HEU in the Czech Republic—the largest seizure of near-weapons grade material to date outside the Former Soviet Union."

(10) The possession of weapons of mass destruction and missiles by developing countries threatens our friends, allies, and forces abroad and will ultimately threaten the United States directly. On August 11, 1994, Deputy Secretary of Defense John Deutch said that "[i]f the North Koreans field the Taepo Dong 2 missile, Guam, Alaska, and parts of Hawaii would potentially be at risk."

(11) The end of the Cold War has changed the strategic environment facing and between the United States and Russia. That the Clinton Administration believes the environment to have changed was made clear by Secretary of Defense William J. Perry on September 20, 1994, when he stated that "[w]e now have the opportunity to create a new relationship, based not on MAD, not on Mutual Assured Destruction, but rather on another acronym, MAS, or Mutual Assured Safety."

(12) The United States and Russia have the opportunity to create a relationship based on trust rather than fear.

(b) SENSE OF SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that all Americans should be protected from accidental, intentional, or limited ballistic missile attack. It is the further sense of the Senate that front-line troops of the United States Armed Forces should be protected from missile attacks.

(c) FUNDING FOR CORPS SAM AND BOOST-PHASE INTERCEPTOR PROGRAMS.—

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act, of the funds authorized to be appropriated by section 201(4), \$35,000,000 shall be available for the Corps SAM/MEADS program.

(2) With a portion of the funds authorized in paragraph (1) for the Corps SAM/MEADS program, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study to determine whether a Theater Missile Defense system derived from Patriot technologies could fulfill the Corps SAM/MEADS requirements at a lower estimated life-cycle cost than is estimated for the cost of the United States portion of the Corps SAM/MEADS program.

(3) The Secretary shall provide a report on the study required under paragraph (2) to the congressional defense committees not later than March 1, 1996.

(4) Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by section 201(4), not more than \$3,403,413,000 shall be available for missile defense programs within the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization.

(d) OBLIGATION OF FUNDS.—Of the amounts referred to in section (c)(1), \$10,000,000 may not be obligated until the report referred to in subsection (c)(2) is submitted to the congressional defense committees.

SEC. 1063. IRAN AND IRAQ ARMS NONPROLIFERATION.

(a) SANCTIONS AGAINST TRANSFERS OF PERSONS.—Section 1604(a) of the Iran-Iraq Arms Non-Proliferation Act of 1992 (title XVI of Public Law 102-484; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended by inserting "to acquire chemical, biological, or nuclear weapons or" before "to acquire".

(b) SANCTIONS AGAINST TRANSFERS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.—Section 1605(a) of such Act is amended by inserting "to acquire chemical, biological, or nuclear weapons or" before "to acquire".

(c) CLARIFICATION OF UNITED STATES ASSISTANCE.—Subparagraph (A) of section 1608(7) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(A) any assistance under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.), other than urgent humanitarian assistance or medicine;"

SEC. 1064. REPORTS ON ARMS EXPORT CONTROL AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE.

(a) REPORTS BY SECRETARY OF STATE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and every year thereafter until 1998, the Secretary of State shall submit to Congress a report setting forth—

(1) an organizational plan to include those firms on the Department of State licensing watch-lists that—

(A) engage in the exportation of potentially sensitive or dual-use technologies; and

(B) have been identified or tracked by similar systems maintained by the Department of Defense, Department of Commerce, or the United States Customs Service; and

(2) further measures to be taken to strengthen United States export-control mechanisms.

(b) REPORTS BY INSPECTOR GENERAL.—(1) Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and 1 year thereafter, the Inspector General of the Department of State and the Foreign Service shall submit to Congress a report on the evaluation by the Inspector General of the effectiveness of the watch-list screening process at the De-

partment of State during the preceding year. The report shall be submitted in both a classified and unclassified version.

(2) Each report under paragraph (1) shall—

(A) set forth the number of licenses granted to parties on the watch-list;

(B) set forth the number of end-use checks performed by the Department;

(C) assess the screening process used by the Department in granting a license when an applicant is on a watch-list; and

(D) assess the extent to which the watch-list contains all relevant information and parties required by statute or regulation.

(c) ANNUAL MILITARY ASSISTANCE REPORT.—The Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 654 the following new section:

"SEC. 655 ANNUAL MILITARY ASSISTANCE REPORT.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than February 1 of 1996 and 1997, the President shall transmit to Congress an annual report for the fiscal year ending the previous September 30, showing the aggregate dollar value and quantity of defense articles (including excess defense articles) and defense services, and of military education and training, furnished by the United States to each foreign country and international organization, by category, specifying whether they were furnished by grant under chapter 2 or chapter 5 of part II of this Act or by sale under chapter 2 of the Arms Control Export Control Act or authorized by commercial sale license under section 38 of that Act.

"(b) ADDITIONAL CONTENTS OF REPORTS.—Each report shall also include the total amount of military items of non-United States manufacture being imported into the United States. The report should contain the country of origin, the type of item being imported, and the total amount of items."

Subtitle G—Repeal of Certain Reporting Requirements

SEC. 1071. REPORTS REQUIRED BY TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.

(a) ANNUAL REPORT ON RELOCATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.—Section 1056 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (f); and

(2) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (f).

(b) NOTICE OF SALARY INCREASES FOR FOREIGN NATIONAL EMPLOYEES.—Section 1584 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (b); and

(2) in subsection (a), by striking out "(a) WAIVER OF EMPLOYMENT RESTRICTIONS FOR CERTAIN PERSONNEL.—"

(c) NOTICE OF INVOLUNTARY REDUCTIONS OF CIVILIAN POSITIONS.—Section 1597 of such title is amended by striking out subsection (e).

(d) NOTIFICATION OF REQUIREMENT FOR AWARD OF CONTRACTS TO COMPLY WITH COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—Section 2350(b)(d) of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out paragraph (1);

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively; and

(3) in paragraph (1), as so redesignated, by striking out "shall also notify" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall notify".

(e) NOTICE REGARDING CONTRACTS PERFORMED FOR PERIODS EXCEEDING 10 YEARS.—

(1) Section 2352 of such title is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 139 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2352.

(f) ANNUAL REPORT ON BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE RESEARCH PROGRAM.—(1) Section 2370 of such title is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 139 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2370.

(g) ANNUAL REPORT ON MILITARY BASE REUSE STUDIES AND PLANNING ASSISTANCE.—Section 2391 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (c); and
 (2) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (c) and (d), respectively.

(h) COMPILATION OF REPORTS FILED BY EMPLOYEES OR FORMER EMPLOYEES OF DEFENSE CONTRACTORS.—Section 2397 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (e); and
 (2) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (e).

(i) REPORT ON LOW-RATE PRODUCTION UNDER NAVAL VESSEL AND MILITARY SATELLITE PROGRAMS.—Section 2400(c) of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out paragraph (2); and
 (2) in paragraph (1)—
 (A) by striking out “(1)”; and
 (B) by redesignating clauses (A) and (B) as clauses (1) and (2), respectively.

(j) REPORT ON WAIVERS OF PROHIBITION ON EMPLOYMENT OF FELONS.—Section 2408(a)(3) of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(k) REPORT ON DETERMINATION NOT TO DEBAR FOR FRAUDULENT USE OF LABELS.—Section 2410f(a) of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(l) ANNUAL REPORT ON WAIVERS OF PROHIBITION RELATING TO SECONDARY ARAB BOYCOTT.—Section 2410i(c) of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(m) REPORT ON ADJUSTMENT OF AMOUNTS DEFINING MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAMS.—Section 2430(b) of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(n) BUDGET DOCUMENTS ON WEAPONS DEVELOPMENT AND PROCUREMENT SCHEDULES.—(1) Section 2431 of such title is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 144 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2431.

(o) NOTICE OF WAIVER OF LIMITATION ON PERFORMANCE OF DEPOT-LEVEL MAINTENANCE.—Section 2466(c) of such title is amended by striking out “and notifies Congress regarding the reasons for the waiver”.

(p) ANNUAL REPORT ON INFORMATION ON FOREIGN-CONTROLLED CONTRACTORS.—Section 2537 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (b); and
 (2) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b).

(q) ANNUAL REPORT ON REAL PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS.—Section 2662 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (b); and
 (2) by redesignating subsections (c), (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e), respectively.

(r) NOTIFICATIONS AND REPORTS ON ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN.—Section 2807 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsections (b) and (c); and

(2) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (c).

(s) REPORT ON CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE ACTIONS.—Section 2810 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking out “Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary” and inserting in lieu thereof “The Secretary”;

(2) by striking out subsection (b); and
 (3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b).

(t) NOTICE OF MILITARY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS ON GUAM.—Section 2864(b) of such title is amended by striking out “after the 21-day period” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof a period.

(u) ANNUAL REPORT ON ENERGY SAVINGS AT MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.—Section 2865 of such title is amended by striking out subsection (f).

SEC. 1072. REPORTS REQUIRED BY TITLE 37, UNITED STATES CODE, AND RELATED PROVISIONS OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACTS.

(a) ANNUAL REPORT ON TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES FOR DEPENDENTS.—Section 406 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsection (i).

(b) REPORT ON ANNUAL REVIEW OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES.—Section 1008(a) of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(c) REPORT ON QUADRENNIAL REVIEW OF ADJUSTMENTS IN COMPENSATION.—Section 1009(f) of such title is amended by striking out “of this title,” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof “of this title.”.

(d) PUBLIC LAW 101-189 REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT REGARDING SPECIAL PAY FOR ARMY, NAVY, AND AIR FORCE PSYCHOLOGISTS.—Section 704 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-189; 103 Stat. 1471; 37 U.S.C. 302c note) is amended by striking out subsection (d).

(e) PUBLIC LAW 101-510 REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT REGARDING SPECIAL PAY FOR NURSE ANESTHETISTS.—Section 614 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (Public Law 101-510; 104 Stat. 1577; 37 U.S.C. 302e note) is amended by striking out subsection (c).

SEC. 1073. REPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION AND APPROPRIATIONS ACTS.

(a) PUBLIC LAW 98-94 REQUIREMENT FOR ANNUAL REPORT ON CHAMPUS AND USTF MEDICAL CARE.—Section 1252 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-94; 42 U.S.C. 248d) is amended by striking out subsection (d).

(b) PUBLIC LAW 99-661 REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT ON FUNDING FOR NICARAGUAN DEMOCRATIC RESISTANCE.—Section 1351 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1987 (Public Law 99-661; 100 Stat. 3995; 10 U.S.C. 114 note) is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (b); and
 (2) in subsection (a), by striking out “(a) LIMITATION.—”.

(c) PUBLIC LAW 100-180 REQUIREMENT FOR SELECTED ACQUISITION REPORTS FOR ATB, ACM, AND ATA PROGRAMS.—Section 127 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (10 U.S.C. 2432 note) is repealed.

(d) PUBLIC LAW 101-189 REQUIREMENT FOR NOTIFICATION OF CLOSURE OF MILITARY CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTERS.—Section 1505(f) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-189; 103 Stat. 1594; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by striking out paragraph (3).

(e) PUBLIC LAW 101-510 REQUIREMENT FOR ANNUAL REPORT ON OVERSEAS MILITARY FACILITY INVESTMENT RECOVERY ACCOUNT.—Section 2921 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (division B of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (f); and
 (2) by redesignating subsections (g) and (h) as subsections (f) and (g), respectively.

(f) PUBLIC LAW 102-190 REQUIREMENT FOR SCIENCE, MATHEMATICS, AND ENGINEERING EDUCATION MASTER PLAN.—Section 829 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-190; 105 Stat. 1444; 10 U.S.C. 2192 note) is repealed.

(g) PUBLIC LAW 102-484 REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT RELATING TO USE OF CLASS I OZONE-DEPLETING SUBSTANCES IN MILITARY PROCUREMENTS.—Section 326(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484; 106 Stat. 2368; 10 U.S.C. 301 note) is amended by striking out paragraphs (4) and (5).

(h) PUBLIC LAW 103-139 REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT REGARDING HEATING FACILITY MODERNIZATION AT KAISERSLAUTERN.—Section 8008 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1994 (Public Law 103-139; 107 Stat. 1438), is amended by inserting “but without regard to the notification requirement in subsection (b)(2) of such section,” after “section 2690 of title 10, United States Code.”.

SEC. 1074. REPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER NATIONAL SECURITY LAWS.

(a) ARMS EXPORT CONTROL ACT REQUIREMENT FOR QUARTERLY REPORT ON PRICE AND AVAILABILITY ESTIMATES.—Section 28 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2768) is repealed.

(b) NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY ACT OF 1959 REQUIREMENT FOR ANNUAL REPORT ON NSA EXECUTIVE PERSONNEL.—Section 12(a) of the National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 402 note) is amended by striking out paragraph (5).

(c) PUBLIC LAW 85-804 REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT ON OMISSION OF CONTRACT CLAUSE UNDER SPECIAL NATIONAL DEFENSE CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.—Section 3(b) of the Act of August 28, 1958 (50 U.S.C. 1433(b)), is amended by striking out the matter following paragraph (2).

SEC. 1075. REPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER PROVISIONS OF THE UNITED STATES CODE.

Section 1352(f) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(f)”;
 (2) by striking out the second sentence; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:
 “(2) Subsections (a)(6) and (d) do not apply to the Department of Defense.”.

SEC. 1076. REPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER PROVISIONS OF LAW.

(a) PANAMA CANAL ACT OF 1979 REQUIREMENT FOR ANNUAL REPORT REGARDING UNITED STATES TREATY RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS.—Section 3301 of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3871) is repealed.

(b) PUBLIC LAW 91-611 REQUIREMENT FOR ANNUAL REPORT ON WATER RESOURCES PROJECT AGREEMENTS.—Section 221 of the Flood Control Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 1962d-5b) is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (e); and
 (2) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (e).

(c) PUBLIC LAW 94-587 REQUIREMENT FOR ANNUAL REPORT ON CONSTRUCTION OF TENNESSEE-TOMBIGBEE WATERWAY.—Section 185 of the Water Resources Development Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-587; 33 U.S.C. 544c) is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(d) PUBLIC LAW 100-333 REQUIREMENT FOR ANNUAL REPORT ON MONITORING OF NAVY HOME PORT WATERS.—Section 7 of the Organotin Antifouling Paint Control Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-333; 33 U.S.C. 2406) is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (d); and
 (2) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively.

SEC. 1077. REPORTS REQUIRED BY JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING.

Requirements for submission of the following reports imposed in the exercise of authority under section 103 of title 44, United States Code, do not apply to the Department of Defense:

(1) A notice of intent to apply new printing processes.

(2) A report on equipment acquisition or transfer.

(3) A printing plant report.

(4) A report on stored equipment.

(5) A report on jobs which exceed Joint Committee on Printing duplicating limitations.

(6) A notice of intent to contract for printing services.

(7) Research and development plans.

(8) A report on commercial printing.

(9) A report on collator acquisition.

(10) An annual plant inventory.

(11) An annual map or chart plant report.

(12) A report on activation or moving a printing plant.

(13) An equipment installation notice.

(14) A report on excess equipment.

Subtitle H—Other Matters

SEC. 1081. GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM.

The Secretary of Defense shall turn off the selective availability feature of the global positioning system by May 1, 1996, unless the Secretary submits to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a plan that—

(1) provides for development and acquisition of—

(A) effective capabilities to deny hostile military forces the ability to use the global positioning system without hindering the ability of United States military forces and civil users to exploit the system; and

(B) global positioning system receivers and other techniques for weapons and weapon systems that provide substantially improved resistance to jamming and other forms of electronic interference or disruption; and

(2) includes a specific date by which the Secretary of Defense intends to complete the acquisition of the capabilities described in paragraph (1).

SEC. 1082. LIMITATION ON RETIREMENT OR DISMANTLEMENT OF STRATEGIC NUCLEAR DELIVERY SYSTEMS.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that, unless and until the START II Treaty enters into force, the Secretary of Defense should not take any action to retire or dismantle, or to prepare to retire or dismantle, any of the following strategic nuclear delivery systems:

(1) B-52H bomber aircraft.

(2) Trident ballistic missile submarines.

(3) Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missiles.

(4) Peacekeeper intercontinental ballistic missiles.

(b) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.—Funds available to the Department of Defense may not be obligated or expended during fiscal year 1996 for retiring or dismantling, or for preparing to retire or dismantle, any of the strategic nuclear delivery systems specified in subsection (a).

SEC. 1083. NATIONAL GUARD CIVILIAN YOUTH OPPORTUNITIES PILOT PROGRAM.

Section 1091(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484; 32 U.S.C. 501 note) is amended by striking out “through 1995” and inserting in lieu thereof “through 1997”.

SEC. 1084. REPORT ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS.

(a) REPORT ON BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS RECEIVING DEPARTMENT SUPPORT.—Not later than April 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report containing the following:

(1) A list of the boards and commissions described in subsection (b) that received support (including funds, equipment, materiel, or other assets, or personnel) from the Department of Defense in last full fiscal year preceding the date of the report.

(2) A list of the boards and commissions referred to in paragraph (1) that are determined by the Secretary to merit continued support from the Department.

(3) A description, for each board and commission listed under paragraph (2), of—

(A) the purpose of the board or commission;

(B) the nature and cost of the support provided by the Department to the board or commission in the last full fiscal year preceding the date of the report;

(C) the nature and duration of the support that the Secretary proposes to provide to the board or commission;

(D) the anticipated cost to the Department of providing such support; and

(E) a justification of the determination that the board or commission merits the support of the Department.

(4) A list of the boards and commissions referred to in paragraph (1) that are determined by the Secretary not to merit continued support from the Department.

(5) A description, for each board and commission listed under paragraph (4), of—

(A) the purpose of the board or commission;

(B) the nature and cost of the support provided by the Department to the board or commission in the last full fiscal year preceding the date of the report; and

(C) a justification of the determination that the board or commission does not merit the support of the Department.

(b) COVERED BOARDS.—Subsection (a)(1) applies to the boards and commissions, including boards and commissions authorized by law, operating within or for the Department of Defense that—

(1) provide only policy-making assistance or advisory services for the Department; or

(2) carry out activities that are not routine activities, on-going activities, or activities necessary to the routine, on-going operations of the Department.

SEC. 1085. REVISION OF AUTHORITY FOR PROVIDING ARMY SUPPORT FOR THE NATIONAL SCIENCE CENTER FOR COMMUNICATIONS AND ELECTRONICS.

(a) PURPOSE.—Subsection (b)(2) of section 1459 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99-145; 99 Stat. 763) is amended by striking out “to make available” and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof “to provide for the management, operation, and maintenance of those areas in the national science center that are designated for use by the Army and to provide incidental support for the operation of general use areas of the center.”

(b) AUTHORITY FOR SUPPORT.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended to read as follows:

“(c) NATIONAL SCIENCE CENTER.—(1) The Secretary may manage, operate, and maintain facilities at the center under terms and conditions prescribed by the Secretary for the purpose of conducting educational outreach programs in accordance with chapter 111 of title 10, United States Code.

“(2) The Foundation, or NSC Discovery Center, Incorporated, shall submit to the Secretary for review and approval all matters pertaining to the acquisition, design, renovation, equipping, and furnishing of the center, including all plans, specifications, contracts, sites, and materials for the center.”

(c) AUTHORITY FOR ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS AND FUNDRAISING.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended to read as follows:

“(d) GIFTS AND FUNDRAISING.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary may accept a conditional donation of money or property that is made for the benefit of, or in connection with, the center.

“(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may endorse, promote, and assist the efforts of the Foundation and NSC Discovery Center, Incorporated, to obtain—

“(A) funds for the management, operation, and maintenance of the center; and

“(B) donations of exhibits, equipment, and other property for use in the center.

“(3) The Secretary may not accept a donation under this subsection that is made subject to—

“(A) any condition that is inconsistent with an applicable law or regulation; or

“(B) except to the extent provided in appropriations Acts, any condition that would necessitate an expenditure of appropriated funds.

“(4) The Secretary shall prescribe in regulations the criteria to be used in determining whether to accept a donation. The Secretary shall include criteria to ensure that acceptance of a donation does not establish an unfavorable appearance regarding the fairness and objectivity with which the Secretary or any other officer or employee of the Department of Defense performs official responsibilities and does not compromise or appear to compromise the integrity of a Government program or any official involved in that program.”

(d) AUTHORIZED USES.—Such section is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (f);

(2) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (f); and

(3) in subsection (f), as redesignated by paragraph (2), by inserting “areas designated for Army use in” after “The Secretary may make”.

(e) ALTERNATIVE OF ADDITIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT.—Such section, as amended by subsection (d), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(g) ALTERNATIVE OF ADDITIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT OF THE CENTER.—(1) The Secretary may enter into an agreement with NSC Discovery Center, Incorporated, a nonprofit corporation of the State of Georgia, to develop, manage, and maintain a national science center under this section. In entering into an agreement with NSC Discovery Center, Incorporated, the Secretary may agree to any term or condition to which the Secretary is authorized under this section to agree for purposes of entering into an agreement with the Foundation.

“(2) The Secretary may exercise the authority under paragraph (1) in addition to, or instead of, exercising the authority provided under this section to enter into an agreement with the Foundation.”

SEC. 1086. AUTHORITY TO SUSPEND OR TERMINATE COLLECTION ACTIONS AGAINST DECEASED MEMBERS.

Section 3711 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(g)(1) The Secretary of Defense may suspend or terminate an action by the Department of Defense under this section to collect a claim against the estate of a person who died while serving on active duty as a member of the armed forces if the Secretary determines that, under the circumstances applicable with respect to the deceased person, it is appropriate to do so.

“(2) For purposes of this subsection, the terms ‘armed forces’ and ‘active duty’ have the meanings given such terms in section 101 of title 10.”

SEC. 1087. DAMAGE OR LOSS TO PERSONAL PROPERTY DUE TO EMERGENCY EVACUATION OR EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES.

(a) SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS OF PERSONNEL.—Section 3721(b)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: “If, however, the claim arose from an emergency evacuation or from extraordinary circumstances, the amount settled and paid under the authority of the preceding sentence may exceed \$40,000, but may not exceed \$100,000.”

(b) RETROACTIVE EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect as of June 1, 1991, and shall apply with respect to claims arising on or after that date.

SEC. 1088. CHECK CASHING AND EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS FOR DEPENDENTS OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL.

(a) AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT TRANSACTIONS.—Subsection (b) of section 3342 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (4), (5), and (6), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

“(3) a dependent of personnel of the Government, but only—

“(A) at a United States installation at which adequate banking facilities are not available; and

“(B) in the case of negotiation of negotiable instruments, if the dependent’s sponsor authorizes, in writing, the presentation of negotiable instruments to the disbursing official for negotiation.”.

(b) PAY OFFSET.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):

“(3) The amount of any deficiency resulting from cashing a check for a dependent under subsection (b)(3), including any charges assessed against the disbursing official by a financial institution for insufficient funds to pay the check, may be offset from the pay of the dependent’s sponsor.”.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) The Secretary of Defense shall define in regulations the terms ‘dependent’ and ‘sponsor’ for the purposes of this section. In the regulations, the term ‘dependent’, with respect to a member of a uniformed service, shall have the meaning given that term in section 401 of title 37.”.

SEC. 1089. TRAVEL OF DISABLED VETERANS ON MILITARY AIRCRAFT.

(a) LIMITED ENTITLEMENT.—Chapter 157 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2641 the following new section:

“§2641a. Travel of disabled veterans on military aircraft

“(a) LIMITED ENTITLEMENT.—A veteran entitled under laws administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to receive compensation for a service-connected disability rated as total by the Secretary is entitled, in the same manner and to the same extent as retired members of the armed forces, to transportation (on a space-available basis) on unscheduled military flights within the continental United States and on scheduled overseas flights operated by the Military Airlift Command.

“(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms ‘veteran’, ‘compensation’, and ‘service-connected’ have the meanings given such terms in section 101 of title 38.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections, at the beginning of such chapter, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2641 the following new item:

“2641a. Travel of disabled veterans on military aircraft.”.

SEC. 1090. TRANSPORTATION OF CRIPPLED CHILDREN IN PACIFIC RIM REGION TO HAWAII FOR MEDICAL CARE.

(a) TRANSPORTATION AUTHORIZED.—Chapter 157 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§2643. Transportation of crippled children in Pacific Rim region to Hawaii for medical care

“(a) TRANSPORTATION AUTHORIZED.—Subject to subsection (c), the Secretary of Defense may provide persons eligible under subsection (b) with round trip transportation in an aircraft of the Department of Defense, on a space-available basis, between an airport in the Pacific Rim region and the State of Hawaii. No charge may be imposed for transportation provided under this section.

“(b) PERSONS COVERED.—Persons eligible to be provided transportation under this section are as follows:

“(1) A child under 18 years of age who (A) resides in the Pacific Rim region, (B) is a crippled child in need of specialized medical care for the child’s condition as a crippled child, which may include any associated or related condition, (C) upon arrival in Hawaii, is to be admitted to receive such medical care, at no cost to the patient, at a medical facility in Honolulu, Hawaii, that specializes in providing such medical care, and (D) is unable to afford the costs of transportation to Hawaii.

“(2) One adult attendant accompanying a child transported under this section.

“(c) CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may provide transportation under subsection (a) only if the Secretary determines that—

“(1) it is not inconsistent with the foreign policy of the United States to do so;

“(2) the transportation is for humanitarian purposes;

“(3) the health of the child to be transported is sufficient for the child to endure safely the stress of travel for the necessary distance in the Department of Defense aircraft involved;

“(4) all authorizations, permits, and other documents necessary for admission of the child at the medical treatment facility referred to in subsection (b)(1)(C) are in order;

“(5) all necessary passports and visas necessary for departure from the residences of the persons to be transported and from the airport of departure, for entry into the United States, for reentry into the country of departure, and for return to the persons’ residences are in proper order; and

“(6) arrangements have been made to ensure that—

“(A) the persons to be transported will board the aircraft on the schedule established by the Secretary; and

“(B) the persons—

“(i) will be met and escorted to the medical treatment facility by appropriate personnel of the facility upon the arrival of the aircraft in Hawaii; and

“(ii) will be returned to the airport in Hawaii for transportation (on the schedule established by the Secretary) back to the country of departure.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“2643. Transportation of crippled children in Pacific Rim region to Hawaii for medical care.”.

SEC. 1091. STUDENT INFORMATION FOR RECRUITING PURPOSES.

(a) SENSE OF SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) educational institutions, including secondary schools, should not have a policy of denying, or otherwise effectively preventing, the Secretary of Defense from obtaining for military recruiting purposes—

(A) entry to any campus or access to students on any campus equal to that of other employers; or

(B) access to directory information pertaining to students (other than in a case in

which an objection has been raised as described in paragraph (2));

(2) an educational institution that releases directory information should—

(A) give public notice of the categories of such information to be released; and

(B) allow a reasonable period after such notice has been given for a student or (in the case of an individual younger than 18 years of age) a parent to inform the institution that any or all of such information should not be released without obtaining prior consent from the student or the parent, as the case may be; and

(3) the Secretary of Defense should prescribe regulations that contain procedures for determining if and when an educational institution has denied or prevented access to students or information as described in paragraph (1).

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “directory information” means, with respect to a student, the student’s name, address, telephone listing, date and place of birth, level of education, degrees received, and (if available) the most recent previous educational program enrolled in by the student.

(2) The term “student” means an individual enrolled in any program of education who is 17 years of age or older.

SEC. 1092. STATE RECOGNITION OF MILITARY ADVANCE MEDICAL DIRECTIVES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Chapter 53 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1044b the following new section:

“§1044c. Advance medical directives of armed forces personnel and dependents: requirement for recognition by States

“(a) INSTRUMENTS TO BE GIVEN LEGAL EFFECT WITHOUT REGARD TO STATE LAW.—An advance medical directive executed by a person eligible for legal assistance—

“(1) is exempt from any requirement of form, substance, formality, or recording that is provided for advance medical directives under the laws of a State; and

“(2) shall be given the same legal effect as an advance medical directive prepared and executed in accordance with the laws of the State concerned.

“(b) ADVANCE MEDICAL DIRECTIVES COVERED.—For purposes of this section, an advance medical directive is any written declaration that—

“(1) sets forth directions regarding the provision, withdrawal, or withholding of life-prolonging procedures, including hydration and sustenance, for the declarant whenever the declarant has a terminal physical condition or is in a persistent vegetative state; or

“(2) authorizes another person to make health care decisions for the declarant, under circumstances stated in the declaration, whenever the declarant is incapable of making informed health care decisions.

“(c) STATEMENT TO BE INCLUDED.—(1) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned, each advance medical directive prepared by an attorney authorized to provide legal assistance shall contain a statement that sets forth the provisions of subsection (a).

“(2) Paragraph (1) shall not be construed to make inapplicable the provisions of subsection (a) to an advance medical directive that does not include a statement described in that paragraph.

“(d) STATES NOT RECOGNIZING ADVANCE MEDICAL DIRECTIVES.—Subsection (a) does not make an advance medical directive enforceable in a State that does not otherwise recognize and enforce advance medical directives under the laws of the State.

“(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘State’ includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and a possession of the United States.

“(2) The term ‘person eligible for legal assistance’ means a person who is eligible for legal assistance under section 1044 of this title.

“(3) The term ‘legal assistance’ means legal services authorized under section 1044 of this title.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1044b the following:

“1044c. Advance medical directives of armed forces personnel and dependents: requirement for recognition by States.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Section 1044c of title 10, United States Code, shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply to advance medical directives referred to in such section that are executed before, on, or after that date.

SEC. 1093. REPORT ON PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTROL OF TRANSFER OF CERTAIN WEAPONS.

Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the committees of Congress referred to in subsection (c) of section 1154 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1761) the report required under subsection (a) of that section. The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall include with the report an explanation of the failure of such Secretaries to submit the report in accordance with such subsection (a) and with all other previous requirements for the submittal of the report.

SEC. 1094. SENSE OF SENATE REGARDING ETHICS COMMITTEE INVESTIGATION.

(a) The Senate finds that—

(1) the Senate Select Committee on Ethics has a thirty-one year tradition of handling investigations of official misconduct in a bipartisan, fair and professional manner;

(2) the Ethics Committee, to ensure fairness to all parties in any investigation, must conduct its responsibilities strictly according to established procedure and free from outside interference;

(3) the rights of all parties to bring an ethics complaint against a member, officer, or employee of the Senate are protected by the official rules and precedents of the Senate and the Ethics Committee;

(4) any Senator responding to a complaint before the Ethics Committee deserves a fair and non-partisan hearing according to the rules of the Ethics Committee;

(5) the rights of all parties in an investigation—both the individuals who bring a complaint or testify against a Senator, and any Senator charged with an ethics violation—can only be protected by strict adherence to the established rules and procedures of the ethics process;

(6) the integrity of the Senate and the integrity of the Ethics Committee rest on the continued adherence to precedents and rules, derived from the Constitution; and,

(7) the Senate as a whole has never intervened in any ongoing Senate Ethics Committee investigation, and has considered matters before that Committee only after the Committee has submitted a report and recommendations to the Senate;

(b) Therefore, it is the Sense of the Senate that the Select committee on Ethics should not, in the case of Senator Robert Packwood of Oregon, deviate from its customary and standard procedure, and should, prior to the Senate's final resolution of the case, follow whatever procedures it deems necessary and appropriate to provide a full and complete public record of the relevant evidence in this case.

SEC. 1095. SENSE OF SENATE REGARDING FEDERAL SPENDING.

It is the sense of the Senate that in pursuit of a balanced Federal budget, Congress should exercise fiscal restraint, particularly in authorizing spending not requested by the Executive Branch and in proposing new programs.

SEC. 1096. ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE FOR MILITARY SUPPORT.

Section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) In the event that neither the Director nor Deputy Director of Central Intelligence is a commissioned officer of the Armed Forces, a commissioned officer of the Armed Forces appointed to the position of Associate Director of Central Intelligence for Military Support, while serving in such position, shall not be counted against the numbers and percentages of commissioned officers of the rank and grade of such officer authorized for the armed force of which such officer is a member.”.

SEC. 1097. REVIEW OF NATIONAL POLICY ON PROTECTING THE NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE AGAINST STRATEGIC ATTACKS.

Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report setting forth the following:

(1) The national policy and architecture governing the plans for establishing procedures, capabilities, systems, and processes necessary to perform indications, warning, and assessment functions regarding strategic attacks by foreign nations, groups, or individuals, or any other entity against the national information infrastructure.

(2) The future of the National Communications System (NCS), which has performed the central role in ensuring national security and emergency preparedness communications for essential United States Government and private sector users, including, specifically, a discussion of—

(A) whether there is a Federal interest in expanding or modernizing the National Communications System in light of the changing strategic national security environment and the revolution in information technologies; and

(B) the best use of the National Communications System and the assets and experience it represents as an integral part of a larger national strategy to protect the United States against a strategic attack on the national information infrastructure.

SEC. 1098. JUDICIAL ASSISTANCE TO THE INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL FOR YUGOSLAVIA AND TO THE INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL FOR RWANDA.

(a) SURRENDER OF PERSONS.—

(1) APPLICATION OF UNITED STATES EXTRADITION LAWS.—Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), the provisions of chapter 209 of title 18, United States Code, relating to the extradition of persons to a foreign country pursuant to a treaty or convention for extradition between the United States and a foreign government, shall apply in the same manner and extent to the surrender of persons, including United States citizens, to—

(A) the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia, pursuant to the Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia; and

(B) the International Tribunal for Rwanda, pursuant to the Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Rwanda.

(2) EVIDENCE ON HEARINGS.—For purposes of applying section 3190 of title 18, United States Code, in accordance with paragraph

(1), the certification referred to in the section may be made by the principal diplomatic or consular officer of the United States resident in such foreign countries where the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia or the International Tribunal for Rwanda may be permanently or temporarily situated.

(3) PAYMENT OF FEES AND COSTS.—(A) The provisions of the Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Rwanda shall apply in lieu of the provisions of section 3195 of title 18, United States Code, with respect to the payment of expenses arising from the surrender by the United States of a person to the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia or the International Tribunal for Rwanda, respectively, or from any proceedings in the United States relating to such surrender.

(B) The authority of subparagraph (A) may be exercised only to the extent and in the amounts provided in advance in appropriations Acts.

(4) NONAPPLICABILITY OF THE FEDERAL RULES.—The Federal Rules of Evidence and the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure do not apply to proceedings for the surrender of persons to the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia or the International Tribunal for Rwanda.

(b) ASSISTANCE TO FOREIGN AND INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNALS AND TO LITIGANTS BEFORE SUCH TRIBUNALS.—Section 1782(a) of title 28, United States Code, is amended by inserting in the first sentence after “foreign or international tribunal” the following: “, including criminal investigations conducted prior to formal accusation”.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

(1) INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL FOR YUGOSLAVIA.—The term “International Tribunal for Yugoslavia” means the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia, as established by United Nations Security Council Resolution 827 of May 25, 1993.

(2) INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL FOR RWANDA.—The term “International Tribunal for Rwanda” means the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighboring States, as established by United Nations Security Council Resolution 955 of November 8, 1994.

(3) AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL FOR YUGOSLAVIA.—The term “Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia” means the Agreement on Surrender of Persons Between the Government of the United States and the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Law in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia, signed at The Hague, October 5, 1994.

(4) AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL FOR RWANDA.—The term “Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Rwanda” means the Agreement on Surrender of Persons Between the Government of the United States and the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations

Committed in the Territory of Neighboring States, signed at The Hague, January 24, 1995.

SEC. 1099. LANDMINE USE MORATORIUM.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) On September 26, 1994, the President declared that it is a goal of the United States to eventually eliminate antipersonnel landmines.

(2) On December 15, 1994, the United Nations General Assembly adopted a resolution sponsored by the United States which called for international efforts to eliminate antipersonnel landmines.

(3) According to the Department of State, there are an estimated 80,000,000 to 110,000,000 unexploded landmines in 62 countries.

(4) Antipersonnel landmines are routinely used against civilian populations and kill and maim an estimated 70 people each day, or 26,000 people each year.

(5) The Secretary of State has noted that landmines are "slow-motion weapons of mass destruction".

(6) There are hundreds of varieties of antipersonnel landmines, from a simple type available at a cost of only two dollars to the more complex self-destructing type, and all landmines of whatever variety kill and maim civilians, as well as combatants, indiscriminately.

(b) CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS CONVENTION REVIEW.—It is the sense of Congress that, at the United Nations conference to review the 1980 Conventional Weapons Convention, including Protocol II on landmines, that is to be held from September 25 to October 13, 1995, the President should actively support proposals to modify Protocol II that would implement as rapidly as possible the United States goal of eventually eliminating antipersonnel landmines.

(c) MORATORIUM ON USE OF ANTIPERSONNEL LANDMINES.—

(1) UNITED STATES MORATORIUM.—(A) For a period of one year beginning three years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the United States shall not use antipersonnel landmines except along internationally recognized national borders or in demilitarized zones within a perimeter marked area that is monitored by military personnel and protected by adequate means to ensure the exclusion of civilians.

(B) If the President determines, before the end of the period of the United States moratorium under subparagraph (A), that the governments of other nations are implementing moratoria on use of antipersonnel landmines similar to the United States moratorium, the President may extend the period of the United States moratorium for such additional period as the President considers appropriate.

(2) OTHER NATIONS.—It is the sense of Congress that the President should actively encourage the governments of other nations to join the United States in solving the global landmine crisis by implementing moratoria on use of antipersonnel landmines similar to the United States moratorium as a step toward the elimination of antipersonnel landmines.

(d) ANTIPERSONNEL LANDMINE EXPORTS.—It is the sense of Congress that, consistent with the United States moratorium on exports of antipersonnel landmines and in order to further discourage the global proliferation of antipersonnel landmines, the United States Government should not sell, license for export, or otherwise transfer defense articles and services to any foreign government which, as determined by the President, sells, exports, or otherwise transfers antipersonnel landmines.

(e) DEFINITIONS.—

For purposes of this Act:

(1) ANTIPERSONNEL LANDMINE.—The term "antipersonnel landmine" means any munition placed under, on, or near the ground or other surface area, delivered by artillery, rocket, mortar, or similar means, or dropped from an aircraft and which is designed, constructed, or adapted to be detonated or exploded by the presence, proximity, or contact of a person.

(2) 1980 CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS CONVENTION.—The term "1980 Conventional Weapons Convention" means the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed To Be Excessively Injurious or To Have Indiscriminate Effects, together with the protocols relating thereto, done at Geneva on October 10, 1980.

SEC. 1099A. EXTENSION OF PILOT OUTREACH PROGRAM.

Section 1045(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 is amended by striking out "three" and inserting "five" in lieu thereof.

SEC. 1099B. SENSE OF SENATE ON MIDWAY ISLANDS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) September 2, 1995, marks the 50th anniversary of the United States victory over Japan in World War II.

(2) The Battle of Midway proved to be the turning point in the war in the Pacific, as United States Navy forces inflicted such severe losses on the Imperial Japanese Navy during the battle that the Imperial Japanese Navy never again took the offensive against United States or allied forces.

(3) During the Battle of Midway, an outnumbered force of the United States Navy, consisting of 29 ships and other units of the Armed Forces under the command of Admiral Nimitz and Admiral Spruance, outmaneuvered and out-fought 350 ships of the Imperial Japanese Navy.

(4) It is in the public interest to erect a memorial to the Battle of Midway that is suitable to express the enduring gratitude of the American people for victory in the battle and to inspire future generations of Americans with the heroism and sacrifice of the members of the Armed Forces who achieved that victory.

(b) SENSE OF SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) the Midway Islands and the surrounding seas deserve to be memorialized;

(2) the historic structures related to the Battle of Midway should be maintained, in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, and subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose.

(3) appropriate access to the Midway Islands by survivors of the Battle of Midway, their families, and other visitors should be provided in a manner that ensures the public health and safety on the Midway Islands and the conservation and natural resources of those islands in accordance with existing Federal law.

SEC. 1099C. STUDY ON CHEMICAL WEAPONS STOCKPILE.

(a) STUDY.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study to assess the risk associated with the transportation of the unitary stockpile, any portion of the stockpile to include drained agents from munitions and munitions, from one location to another within the continental United States. Also, the Secretary shall include a study of the assistance available to communities in the vicinity if the Department of Defense facilities co-located with continuing chemical stockpile and chemical demilitarization operations which facilities are subject to closure, realignment, or reutilization.

(2) The review shall include an analysis of—

(A) the results of the physical and chemical integrity report conducted by the Army on existing stockpile;

(B) a determination of the viability of transportation of any portion of the stockpile, to include drained agent from munitions and the munitions;

(C) the safety, cost-effectiveness, and public acceptability of transporting the stockpile, in its current configuration, or in alternative configurations;

(D) the economic effects of closure, realignment, or reutilization of the facilities referred to in paragraph (1) on the communities referred to in that paragraph; and

(E) the unique problems that such communities face with respect to the reuse of such facilities as a result of the operations referred to in paragraph (1).

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the study carried out under subsection (a).

(a) The report shall include recommendations of the Secretary on methods for ensuring the expeditious and cost-effective transfer or lease of facilities referred to in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) to communities referred to in paragraph (1) for reuse by such communities.

SEC. 1099D. DESIGNATION OF NATIONAL MARITIME CENTER.

(a) DESIGNATION OF NATIONAL MARITIME CENTER.—The NAUTICUS building, located at one Waterside Drive, Norfolk, Virginia, shall be known and designated as the "National Maritime Center".

(b) REFERENCE TO NATIONAL MARITIME CENTER.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the building referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "National Maritime Center".

SEC. 1099E. OPERATIONAL SUPPORT AIRLIFT AIRCRAFT FLEET.

(a) SUBMITTAL OF JCS REPORT ON AIRCRAFT.—Not later than February 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress the report on aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft that is currently in preparation by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

(b) CONTENT OF REPORT.—(1) The report shall contain findings and recommendations regarding the following:

(A) Modernization and safety requirements for the Operational Support Airlift Aircraft fleet.

(B) Standardization plans and requirements of that fleet.

(C) The disposition of aircraft considered excess to that fleet in light of the requirements set forth under subparagraph (A).

(D) The need for helicopter support in the National Capital Region.

(E) The acceptable uses of helicopter support in the National Capital Region.

(2) In preparing the report, the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall take into account the recommendation of the Commission on Roles and Missions of the Armed Forces to reduce the size of the Operational Support Airlift Aircraft fleet.

(c) REGULATIONS.—(1) Upon completion of the report referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary shall prescribe regulations, consistent with the findings and recommendations set forth in the report, for the operation, maintenance, disposition, and use of aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft.

(2) The regulations shall, to the maximum extent practicable, provide for, and encourage the use of, commercial airlines in lieu of the use of aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft.

(3) The regulations shall apply uniformly throughout the Department of Defense.

(4) The regulations should not require exclusive use of the aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft for any particular class of government personnel.

(d) REDUCTIONS IN FLYING HOURS.—(1) The Secretary shall ensure that the number of hours flown in fiscal year 1996 by aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft does not exceed the number equal to 85 percent of the number of hours flown in fiscal year 1995 by such aircraft.

(2) The Secretary should ensure that the number of hours flown in fiscal year 1996 for helicopter support in the National Capital Region does not exceed the number equal to 85 percent of the number of hours flown in fiscal year 1995 for such helicopter support.

(e) RESTRICTION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under title III for the operation and use of aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft, not more than 50 percent of such funds shall be available for that purpose until the submittal of the report referred to in subsection (a).

SEC. 1099F. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION AND START II TREATY RATIFICATION.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) Proliferation of chemical or nuclear weapons materials poses a danger to United States national security, and the threat or use of such materials by terrorists would directly threaten United States citizens at home and abroad.

(2) The Chemical Weapons Convention negotiated and signed by President Bush would make it more difficult for would-be proliferators, including terrorists, to acquire or use chemical weapons, if ratified and fully implemented as signed, by all signatories.

(3) The START II Treaty negotiated and signed by President Bush would help reduce the danger of potential proliferators, including terrorists, acquiring nuclear warheads and materials, and would contribute to United States-Russian bilateral efforts to secure and dismantle nuclear warheads, if ratified and fully implemented as signed by both parties.

(4) It is in the national security interest of the United States to take effective steps to make it harder for proliferators or would-be terrorists to obtain chemical or nuclear materials for use in weapons.

(5) The President has urged prompt Senate action on, and advice and consent to ratification of, the START II Treaty and the Chemical Weapons Convention.

(6) The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff has testified to Congress that ratification and full implementation of both treaties by all parties is in the United States national interest, and has strongly urged prompt Senate advice and consent to their ratification.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that the United States and all other parties to the START II and Chemical Weapons Convention should promptly ratify and fully implement, as negotiated, both treaties.

TITLE XI—TECHNICAL AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS

SEC. 1101. AMENDMENTS RELATED TO RESERVE OFFICER PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT ACT.

(a) PUBLIC LAW 103-337.—The Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act (title XVI of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337)) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 1624 (108 Stat. 2961) is amended—

(A) by striking out “641” and all that follows through “(2)” and inserting in lieu thereof “620 is amended”; and

(B) by redesignating as subsection (d) the subsection added by the amendment made by that section.

(2) Section 1625 (108 Stat. 2962) is amended by striking out “Section 689” and inserting in lieu thereof “Section 12320”.

(3) Section 1626(1) (108 Stat. 2962) is amended by striking out “(W-5)” in the second quoted matter therein and inserting in lieu thereof “, W-5.”.

(4) Section 1627 (108 Stat. 2962) is amended by striking out “Section 1005(b)” and inserting in lieu thereof “Section 12645(b)”.

(5) Section 1631 (108 Stat. 2964) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “Section 510” and inserting in lieu thereof “Section 12102”; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking out “Section 591” and inserting in lieu thereof “Section 12201”.

(6) Section 1632 (108 Stat. 2965) is amended by striking out “Section 593(a)” and inserting in lieu thereof “Section 12203(a)”.

(7) Section 1635(a) (108 Stat. 2968) is amended by striking out “section 1291” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 1691(b)”.

(8) Section 1671 (108 Stat. 3013) is amended—

(A) in subsection (b)(3), by striking out “512, and 517” and inserting in lieu thereof “and 512”; and

(B) in subsection (c)(2), by striking out the comma after “861” in the first quoted matter therein.

(9) Section 1684(b) (108 Stat. 3024) is amended by striking out “section 14110(d)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 14111(c)”.

(b) SUBTITLE E OF TITLE 10.—Subtitle E of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) The tables of chapters preceding part I and at the beginning of part IV are amended by striking out “Repayments” in the item relating to chapter 1609 and inserting in lieu thereof “Repayment Programs”.

(2)(A) The heading for section 10103 is amended to read as follows:

“§ 10103. Basic policy for order into Federal service”.

(B) The item relating to section 10103 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1003 is amended to read as follows: “10103. Basic policy for order into Federal service.”.

(3) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1005 is amended by striking out the third word in the item relating to section 10142.

(4) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1007 is amended—

(A) by striking out the third word in the item relating to section 10205; and

(B) by capitalizing the initial letter of the sixth word in the item relating to section 10211.

(5) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1011 is amended by inserting “Sec.” at the top of the column of section numbers.

(6) Section 10507 is amended—

(A) by striking out “section 124402(b)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12402(b)”;

and

(B) by striking out “Air Forces” and inserting in lieu thereof “Air Force”.

(7)(A) Section 10508 is repealed.

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1011 is amended by striking out the item relating to section 10508.

(8) Section 10542 is amended by striking out subsection (d).

(9) Section 12004(a) is amended by striking out “active-status” and inserting in lieu thereof “active status”.

(10) Section 12012 is amended by inserting “the” in the section heading before the penultimate word.

(11)(A) The heading for section 12201 is amended to read as follows:

“§ 12201. Reserve officers: qualifications for appointment”.

(B) The item relating to section 12201 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1205 is amended to read as follows:

“12201. Reserve officers: qualifications for appointment.”.

(12) The heading for section 12209 is amended to read as follows:

“§ 12209. Officer candidates: enlisted Reserves”.

(13) The heading for section 12210 is amended to read as follows:

“§ 12210. Attending Physician to the Congress: reserve grade while so serving”.

(14) Section 12213(a) is amended by striking out “section 593” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12203”.

(15) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1207 is amended by striking out “promotions” in the item relating to section 12243 and inserting in lieu thereof “promotion”.

(16) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1209 is amended—

(A) in the item relating to section 12304, by striking out the colon and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(B) in the item relating to section 12308, by striking out the second, third, and fourth words.

(17) Section 12307 is amended by striking out “Ready Reserve” in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “Retired Reserve”.

(18) The heading of section 12401 is amended by striking out the seventh word.

(19) Section 12407(b) is amended—

(A) by striking out “of those jurisdictions” and inserting in lieu thereof “State”; and

(B) by striking out “jurisdictions” and inserting in lieu thereof “States”.

(20) Section 12731(f) is amended by striking out “the date of the enactment of this subsection 5, 1994.”.

(21) Section 12731a(c)(3) is amended by inserting a comma after “Defense Conversion”.

(22) Section 14003 is amended by inserting “lists” in the section heading immediately before the colon.

(23) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1403 is amended by striking out “selection board” in the item relating to section 14105 and inserting in lieu thereof “promotion board”.

(24) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1405 is amended—

(A) in the item relating to section 14307, by striking out “Numbers” and inserting in lieu thereof “Number”; and

(B) in the item relating to section 14309, by striking out the colon and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(C) in the item relating to section 14314, by capitalizing the initial letter of the antepenultimate word.

(25) Section 14315(a) is amended by striking out “a Reserve officer” and inserting in lieu thereof “a reserve officer”.

(26) 14317(e) is amended—

(A) by inserting “OFFICERS ORDERED TO ACTIVE DUTY IN TIME OF WAR OR NATIONAL EMERGENCY.—” after “(e)”;

and

(B) by striking out “section 10213 or 644” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 123 or 10213”.

(27) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1407 is amended—

(A) in the item relating to section 14506, by inserting "reserve" after "Marine Corps and"; and

(B) in the item relating to section 14507, by inserting "reserve" after "Removal from the"; and

(C) in the item relating to section 14509, by inserting "in grades" after "reserve officers".

(28) Section 14501(a) is amended by inserting "OFFICERS BELOW THE GRADE OF COLONEL OR NAVY CAPTAIN.—" after "(a)".

(29) The heading for section 14506 is amended by inserting a comma after "Air Force".

(30) Section 14508 is amended by striking out "this" after "from an active status under" in subsections (c) and (d).

(31) Section 14515 is amended by striking out "inactive status" and inserting in lieu thereof "inactive-status".

(32) Section 14903(b) is amended by striking out "chapter" and inserting in lieu thereof "title".

(33) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1606 is amended in the item relating to section 16133 by striking out "limitations" and inserting in lieu thereof "limitation".

(34) Section 16132(c) is amended by striking out "section" and inserting in lieu thereof "sections".

(35) Section 16135(b)(1)(A) is amended by striking out "section 2131(a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 16131(a)".

(36) Section 18236(b)(1) is amended by striking out "section 2233(e)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 18233(e)".

(37) Section 18237 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out "section 2233(a)(1)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 18233(a)(1)"; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking out "section 2233(a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 18233(a)".

(c) OTHER PROVISIONS OF TITLE 10.—Effective as of December 1, 1994 (except as otherwise expressly provided), and as if included as amendments made by the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act (title XVI of Public Law 103-360) as originally enacted, title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 101(d)(6)(B)(i) is amended by striking out "section 175" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 10301".

(2) Section 114(b) is amended by striking out "chapter 133" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter 1803".

(3) Section 115(d) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking out "section 673" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12302";

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking out "section 673b" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12304"; and

(C) in paragraph (3), by striking out "section 3500 or 8500" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12406".

(4) Section 123(a) is amended—

(A) by striking out "281, 592, 1002, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1374, 3217, 3218, 3219, 3220," "5414, 5457, 5458," and "8217, 8218, 8219,"; and

(B) by striking out "and 8855" and inserting in lieu thereof "8855, 10214, 12003, 12004, 12005, 12007, 12202, 12213, 12642, 12645, 12646, 12647, 12771, 12772, and 12773".

(5) Section 582(1) is amended by striking out "section 672(d)" in subparagraph (B) and "section 673b" in subparagraph (D) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12301(d)" and "section 12304", respectively.

(6) Section 641(1)(B) is amended by striking out "10501" and inserting in lieu thereof "10502, 10505, 10506(a), 10506(b), 10507".

(7) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 39 is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 687 and 690.

(8) Sections 1053(a)(1), 1064, and 1065(a) are amended by striking out "chapter 67" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter 1223".

(9) Section 1063(a)(1) is amended by striking out "section 1332(a)(2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12732(a)(2)".

(10) Section 1074b(b)(2) is amended by striking out "section 673c" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12305".

(11) Section 1076(b)(2)(A) is amended by striking out "before the effective date of the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "before December 1, 1994".

(12) Section 1176(b) is amended by striking out "section 1332" in the matter preceding paragraph (1) and in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12732".

(13) Section 1208(b) is amended by striking out "section 1333" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12733".

(14) Section 1209 is amended by striking out "section 1332", "section 1335", and "chapter 71" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12732", "section 12735", and "section 12739", respectively.

(15) Section 1407 is amended—

(A) in subsection (c)(1) and (d)(1), by striking out "section 1331" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12731"; and

(B) in the heading for paragraph (1) of subsection (d), by striking out "CHAPTER 67" and inserting in lieu thereof "CHAPTER 1223".

(16) Section 1408(a)(5) is amended by striking out "section 1331" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12731".

(17) Section 1431(a)(1) is amended by striking out "section 1376(a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12774(a)".

(18) Section 1463(a)(2) is amended by striking out "chapter 67" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter 1223".

(19) Section 1482(f)(2) is amended by striking out "section" before "12731 of this title".

(20) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 533 is amended by striking out the item relating to section 5454.

(21) Section 2006(b)(1) is amended by striking out "chapter 106 of this title" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter 1606 of this title".

(22) Section 2121(c) is amended by striking out "section 3353, 5600, or 8353" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12207", effective on the effective date specified in section 1691(b)(1) of Public Law 103-337.

(23) Section 2130a(b)(3) is amended by striking out "section 591" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12201".

(24) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 337 is amended by striking out the items relating to section 3351 and 3352.

(25) Sections 3850, 6389(c), 6391(c), and 8850 are amended by striking out "section 1332" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12732".

(26) Section 5600 is repealed, effective on the effective date specified in section 1691(b)(1) of Public Law 103-337.

(27) Section 5892 is amended by striking out "section 5457 or section 5458" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12004 or section 12005".

(28) Section 6410(a) is amended by striking out "section 1005" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12645".

(29) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 837 is amended by striking out the items relating to section 8351 and 8352.

(30) Section 8360(b) is amended by striking out "section 1002" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12642".

(31) Section 8380 is amended by striking out "section 524" in subsections (a) and (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12011".

(32) Sections 8819(a), 8846(a), and 8846(b) are amended by striking out "section 1005 and 1006" and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 12645 and 12646".

(33) Section 8819 is amended by striking out "section 1005" and "section 1006" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12645" and "section 12646", respectively.

(d) CROSS REFERENCES IN OTHER DEFENSE LAWS.—

(1) Section 337(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2717) is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: "or who after November 30, 1994, transferred to the Retired Reserve under section 10154(2) of title 10, United States Code, without having completed the years of service required under section 12731(a)(2) of such title for eligibility for retired pay under chapter 1223 of such title".

(2) Section 525 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (P.L. 102-190, 105 Stat. 1363) is amended by striking out "section 690" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12321".

(3) Subtitle B of title XLIV of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (P.L. 102-484; 10 U.S.C. 12681 note) is amended—

(A) in section 4415, by striking out "section 1331a" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12731a";

(B) in subsection 4416—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking out "section 1331" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12731";

(ii) in subsection (b)—

(I) by inserting "or section 12732" in paragraph (1) after "under that section"; and

(II) by inserting "or 12731(a)" in paragraph (2) after "section 1331(a)";

(iii) in subsection (e)(2), by striking out "section 1332" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12732"; and

(iv) in subsection (g), by striking out "section 1331a" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12731a"; and

(C) in section 4418—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking out "section 1332" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12732"; and

(ii) in subsection (b)(1)(A), by striking out "section 1333" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12733".

(4) Title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in section 302f(b), by striking out "section 673c of title 10" in paragraphs (2) and (3)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12305 of title 10"; and

(B) in section 433(a), by striking out "section 687 of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12319 of title 10".

(e) CROSS REFERENCES IN OTHER LAWS.—

(1) Title 14, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in section 705(f), by striking out "600 of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "12209 of title 10"; and

(B) in section 741(c), by striking out "section 1006 of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12646 of title 10".

(2) Title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in section 3011(d)(3), by striking out "section 672, 673, 673b, 674, or 675 of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12301, 12302, 12304, 12306, or 12307 of title 10";

(B) in sections 3012(b)(1)(B)(iii) and 3701(b)(5)(B), by striking out "section 268(b) of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 10143(a) of title 10";

(C) in section 3501(a)(3)(C), by striking out "section 511(d) of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12103(d) of title 10"; and

(D) in section 4211(4)(C), by striking out "section 672(a), (d), or (g), 673, or 673b of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12301(a), (d), or (g), 12302, or 12304 of title 10".

(3) Section 702(a)(1) of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940 (50 U.S.C. App. 592(a)(1)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "section 672 (a) or (g), 673, 673b, 674, 675, or 688 of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 688, 12301(a), 12301(g), 12302, 12304, 12306, or 12307 of title 10"; and

(B) by striking out "section 672(d) of such title" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12301(d) of such title".

(4) Section 463A of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1087cc-1) is amended in subsection (a)(10) by striking out "(10 U.S.C. 2172)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(10 U.S.C. 16302)".

(5) Section 179 of the National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12639) is amended in subsection (a)(2)(C) by striking out "section 216(a) of title 5" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 10101 of title 10".

(f) EFFECTIVE DATES.—

(1) Section 1636 of the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) The amendments made by sections 1672(a), 1673(a) (with respect to chapters 541 and 549), 1673(b)(2), 1673(b)(4), 1674(a), and 1674(b)(7) shall take effect on the effective date specified in section 1691(b)(1) of the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act (notwithstanding section 1691(a) of such Act).

(3) The amendments made by this section shall take effect as if included in the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act as enacted on October 5, 1994.

SEC. 1102. AMENDMENTS RELATED TO FEDERAL ACQUISITION STREAMLINING ACT OF 1994.

(a) PUBLIC LAW 103-355.—Effective as of October 13, 1994, and as if included therein as enacted, the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-355; 108 Stat. 3243 et seq.) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 1202(a) (108 Stat. 3274) is amended by striking out the closing quotation marks and second period at the end of paragraph (2)(B) of the subsection inserted by the amendment made by that section.

(2) Section 1251(b) (108 Stat. 3284) is amended by striking out "Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949".

(3) Section 2051(e) (108 Stat. 3304) is amended by striking out the closing quotation marks and second period at the end of subsection (f)(3) in the matter inserted by the amendment made by that section.

(4) Section 2101(a)(6)(B)(ii) (108 Stat. 3308) is amended by replacing "regulation" with "regulations" in the first quoted matter.

(5) The heading of section 2352(b) (108 Stat. 3322) is amended by striking out "PROCEDURES TO SMALL BUSINESS GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS.—" and inserting in lieu thereof "PROCEDURES.—".

(6) Section 3022 (108 Stat. 3333) is amended by striking out "each place" and all that follows through the end of the section and inserting in lieu thereof "in paragraph (1) and ", rent," after "sell" in paragraph (2)."

(7) Section 5092(b) (108 Stat. 3362) is amended by inserting "of paragraph (2)" after "second sentence".

(8) Section 6005(a) (108 Stat. 3364) is amended by striking out the closing quotation marks and second period at the end of subsection (e)(2) of the matter inserted by the amendment made by that section.

(9) Section 10005(f)(4) (108 Stat. 3409) is amended in the second matter in quotation marks by striking out "SEC. 5. This Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "SEC. 7. This title".

(b) TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 2220(b) is amended by striking out "the date of the enactment of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 13, 1994".

(2)(A) The section 2247 added by section 7202(a)(1) of Public Law 103-355 (108 Stat. 3379) is redesignated as section 2249.

(B) The item relating to that section in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of chapter 134 is revised to conform to the redesignation made by subparagraph (A).

(3) Section 2302(3)(K) is amended by adding a period at the end.

(4) Section 2304(h) is amended by striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) The Walsh-Healey Act (41 U.S.C. 35 et seq.)."

(5)(A) The section 2304a added by section 848(a)(1) of Public Law 103-160 (107 Stat. 1724) is redesignated as section 2304e.

(B) The item relating to that section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 137 is revised to conform to the redesignation made by subparagraph (A).

(6) Section 2306a is amended—

(A) in subsection (d)(2)(A)(ii), by inserting "to" after "The information referred";

(B) in subsection (e)(4)(B)(ii), by striking out the second comma after "parties"; and

(C) in subsection (i)(3), by inserting "(41 U.S.C. 403(12))" before the period at the end.

(7) Section 2323 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)(1)(C), by inserting a closing parenthesis after "1135d-5(3))" and after "1059c(b)(1))";

(B) in subsection (a)(3), by inserting a closing parenthesis after "421(c))";

(C) in subsection (b), by inserting "(1)" after "AMOUNT.—"; and

(D) in subsection (i)(3), by adding at the end a subparagraph (D) identical to the subparagraph (D) set forth in the amendment made by section 811(e) of Public Law 103-160 (107 Stat. 1702).

(8) Section 2324 is amended—

(A) in subsection (e)(2)(C)—

(i) by striking out "awarding the contract" at the end of the first sentence; and

(ii) by striking out "title III" and all that follows through "Act)" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10b-1)"; and

(B) in subsection (h)(2), by inserting "the head of the agency or" after "in the case of any contract if".

(9) Section 2350b is amended—

(A) in subsection (c)(1)—

(i) by striking out "specifically—" and inserting in lieu thereof "specifically prescribes—"; and

(ii) by striking out "prescribe" in each of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D); and

(B) in subsection (d)(1), by striking out "subcontract to be" and inserting in lieu thereof "subcontract be".

(10) Section 2356(a) is amended by striking out "2354, or 2355" and inserting "or 2354".

(11) Section 2372(i)(1) is amended by striking out "section 2324(m)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2324(l)".

(12) Section 2384(b) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by striking "items, as" and inserting in lieu thereof "items (as"; and

(ii) by inserting a closing parenthesis after "403(12))"; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting a closing parenthesis after "403(11))".

(13) Section 2397(a)(1) is amended—

(A) by inserting "as defined in section 4(11) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy

Act (41 U.S.C. 403(11))" after "threshold"; and

(B) by striking out "section 4(12) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 4(12) of such Act".

(14) Section 2397b(f) is amended by inserting a period at the end of paragraph (2)(B)(iii).

(15) Section 2400(a)(5) is amended by striking out "the preceding sentence" and inserting in lieu thereof "this paragraph".

(16) Section 2405 is amended—

(A) in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a), by striking out "the date of the enactment of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 13, 1994"; and

(B) in subsection (c)(3)—

(i) by striking out "the later of—" and all that follows through "(B)"; and

(ii) by redesignating clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively, and realigning those subparagraphs accordingly.

(17) Section 2410d(b) is amended by striking out paragraph (3).

(18) Section 2424(c) is amended—

(A) by inserting "EXCEPTION FOR SOFT DRINKS.—" after "(c)"; and

(B) by striking out "drink" the first and third places it appears in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "beverage".

(19) Section 2431 is amended—

(A) in subsection (b)—

(i) by striking out "Any report" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Any documents"; and

(ii) by striking out "the report" in paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "the documents"; and

(B) in subsection (c), by striking "reporting" and inserting in lieu thereof "documentation".

(20) Section 2533(a) is amended by striking out "title III of the Act" and all that follows through "such Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a) whether application of such Act".

(21) Section 2662(b) is amended by striking out "small purchase threshold" and inserting in lieu thereof "simplified acquisition threshold".

(22) Section 2701(i)(1) is amended—

(A) by striking out "Act of August 24, 1935 (40 U.S.C. 270a-270d), commonly referred to as the 'Miller Act,'" and inserting in lieu thereof "Miller Act (40 U.S.C. 270a et seq.); and

(B) by striking out "such Act of August 24, 1935" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Miller Act".

(c) SMALL BUSINESS ACT.—The Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632 et seq.) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 8(d) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking out the second comma after "small business concerns" the first place it appears; and

(B) in paragraph (6)(C), by striking out "and small business concerns owned and controlled by the socially and economically disadvantaged individuals" and inserting in lieu thereof "small business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals, and small business concerns owned and controlled by women".

(2) Section 8(f) (15 U.S.C. 637(f)) is amended by inserting "and" after the semicolon at the end of paragraph (5).

(3) Section 15(g)(2) (15 U.S.C. 644(g)(2)) is amended by striking out the second comma after the first appearance of "small business concerns".

(d) TITLE 31, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 3551 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out “subchapter—” and inserting in lieu thereof “subchapter:”; and
(2) in paragraph (2), by striking out “or proposed contract” and inserting in lieu thereof “or a solicitation or other request for offers”.

(e) FEDERAL PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ACT OF 1949.—The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended as follows:

(1) The table of contents in section 1 (40 U.S.C. 471 prec.) is amended—

(A) by striking out the item relating to section 104;

(B) by striking out the item relating to section 201 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“Sec. 201. Procurements, warehousing, and related activities.”;

(C) by inserting after the item relating to section 315 the following new item:

“Sec. 316. Merit-based award of grants for research and development.”;

(D) by striking out the item relating to section 603 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“Sec. 603. Authorizations for appropriations and transfer authority.”; and

(E) by inserting after the item relating to section 605 the following new item:

“Sec. 606. Sex discrimination.”.

(2) Section 111(b)(3) (40 U.S.C. 759(b)(3)) is amended by striking out the second period at the end of the third sentence.

(3) Section 111(f)(9) (40 U.S.C. 759(f)(9)) is amended in subparagraph (B) by striking out “or proposed contract” and inserting in lieu thereof “or a solicitation or other request for offers”.

(4) The heading for paragraph (1) of section 304A(c) is amended by changing each letter that is capitalized (other than the first letter of the first word) to lower case.

(5) The heading for section 314A (41 U.S.C. 41 U.S.C. 264a) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 314A. DEFINITIONS RELATING TO PROCUREMENT OF COMMERCIAL ITEMS.”.

(6) The heading for section 316 (41 U.S.C. 266) is amended by inserting at the end a period.

(f) WALSH-HEALEY ACT.—

(1) The Walsh-Healey Act (41 U.S.C. 35 et seq.) is amended—

(A) by transferring the second section 11 (as added by section 7201(4) of Public Law 103-355) so as to appear after section 10; and

(B) by redesignating the three sections following such section 11 (as so transferred) as sections 12, 13, and 14.

(2) Such Act is further amended in section 10(c) by striking out the comma after “‘locality’”.

(g) ANTI-KICKBACK ACT OF 1986.—Section 7 of the Anti-Kickback Act of 1986 (41 U.S.C. 57) is amended by striking out the second period at the end of subsection (d).

(h) OFFICE OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT POLICY ACT.—The Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 6 (41 U.S.C. 405) is amended by transferring paragraph (12) of subsection (d) (as such paragraph was redesignated by section 5091(2) of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-355; 108 Stat. 3361) to the end of that subsection.

(2) Section 18(b) (41 U.S.C. 416(b)) is amended by inserting “and” after the semicolon at the end of paragraph (5).

(3) Section 26(f)(3) (41 U.S.C. 422(f)(3)) is amended in the first sentence by striking out “Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator”

and inserting in lieu thereof “The Administrator”.

(i) OTHER LAWS.—

(1) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160) is amended as follows:

(A) Section 126(c) (107 Stat. 1567) is amended by striking out “section 2401 of title 10, United States Code, or section 9081 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1990 (10 U.S.C. 2401 note).” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 2401 or 2401a of title 10, United States Code.”.

(B) Section 127 (107 Stat. 1568) is amended—
(i) in subsection (a), by striking out “section 2401 of title 10, United States Code, or section 9081 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1990 (10 U.S.C. 2401 note).” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 2401 or 2401a of title 10, United States Code.”; and

(ii) in subsection (e), by striking out “section 9081 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1990 (10 U.S.C. 2401 note).” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 2401a of title 10, United States Code.”.

(2) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-189) is amended by striking out section 824.

(3) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (Public Law 100-180) is amended by striking out section 825 (10 U.S.C. 2432 note).

(4) Section 3737(g) of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 15(g)) is amended by striking out “rights of obligations” and inserting in lieu thereof “rights or obligations”.

(5) The section of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 22) amended by section 6004 of Public Law 103-355 (108 Stat. 3364) is amended by striking out “No member” and inserting in lieu thereof “SEC. 3741. No Member”.

(6) Section 5152(a)(1) of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 (41 U.S.C. 701(a)(1)) is amended by striking out “as defined in section 4 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403)” and inserting in lieu thereof “(as defined in section 4(12) of such Act (41 U.S.C. 403(12)))”.

SEC. 1103. AMENDMENTS TO REFLECT NAME CHANGE OF COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(a) TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Sections 503(b)(5), 520a(d), 526(d)(1), 619a(h)(2), 806a(b), 838(b)(7), 946(c)(1)(A), 1098(b)(2), 2313(b)(4), 2361(c)(1), 2371(h), 2391(c), 2430(b), 2432(b)(3)(B), 2432(c)(2), 2432(h)(1), 2667(d)(3), 2672a(b), 2687(b)(1), 2891(a), 4342(g), 7307(b)(1)(A), and 9342(g) are amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”.

(2) Sections 178(c)(1)(A), 942(e)(5), 2350f(c), 2864(b), 7426(e), 7431(a), 7431(b)(1), 7431(c), 7438(b), 12302(b), 18235(a), and 18236(a) are amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”.

(3) Section 113(j)(1) is amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services and Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the”.

(4) Section 119(g) is amended by striking out paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations, and the Defense Subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations, of the Senate; and

“(2) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations, and the National Security Subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations, of the House of Representatives.”.

(5) Section 127(c) is amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of”.

(6) Section 135(e) is amended—

(A) by inserting “(1)” after “(e)”;

(B) by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives are each” and inserting in lieu thereof “each congressional committee specified in paragraph (2) is”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) The committees referred to in paragraph (1) are—

“(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

“(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.”.

(7) Section 179(e) is amended by striking out “to the Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and” and inserting in lieu thereof “to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the”.

(8) Sections 401(d) and 402(d) are amended by striking out “submit to the” and all that follows through “Foreign Affairs” and inserting in lieu thereof “submit to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations”.

(9) Sections 1584(b), 2367(d)(2), and 2464(b)(3)(A) are amended by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the”.

(10) Sections 2306b(g), 2801(c)(4), and 18233a(a)(1) are amended by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the”.

(11) Section 1599(e)(2) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking out “The Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations” and inserting in lieu thereof “The Committee on National Security, the Committee on Appropriations.”; and

(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking out “The Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations” and inserting in lieu thereof “The Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations.”.

(12) Sections 1605(c), 4355(a)(3), 6968(a)(3), and 9355(a)(3) are amended by striking out “Armed Services” and inserting in lieu thereof “National Security”.

(13) Section 1060(d) is amended by striking out “Committee on Armed Services and the

Committee on Foreign Affairs" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations".

(14) Section 2215 is amended—

(A) by inserting "(a) CERTIFICATION REQUIRED.—" at the beginning of the text of the section;

(B) by striking out "to the Committees" and all that follows through "House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "to the congressional committees specified in subsection (b)"; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

"(b) CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The committees referred to in subsection (a) are—

"(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

"(2) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.".

(15) Section 2218 is amended—

(A) in subsection (j), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the congressional defense committees"; and

(B) by adding at the end of subsection (k) the following new paragraph:

"(4) The term 'congressional defense committees' means—

"(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

"(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.".

(16) Section 2342(b) is amended—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking out "section—" and inserting in lieu thereof "section unless—";

(B) in paragraph (1), by striking out "unless"; and

(C) in paragraph (2), by striking out "notifies the" and all that follows through "House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Secretary submits to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives notice of the intended designation".

(17) Section 2350a(f)(2) is amended by striking out "submit to the Committees" and all that follows through "House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "submit to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives".

(18) Section 2366 is amended—

(A) in subsection (d), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the congressional defense committees"; and

(B) by adding at the end of subsection (e) the following new paragraph:

"(7) The term 'congressional defense committees' means—

"(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

"(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.".

(19) Section 2399(h)(2) is amended by striking out "means" and all the follows and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

"(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.".

(20) Section 2401(b)(1) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committees on Appropriations of the"; and

(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "those committees".

(21) Section 2403(e) is amended—

(A) by inserting "(1)" before "Before making";

(B) by striking out "shall notify the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall submit to the congressional committees specified in paragraph (2) notice"; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(2) The committees referred to in paragraph (1) are—

"(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

"(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.".

(22) Section 2515(d) is amended—

(A) by striking out "REPORTING" and all that follows through "same time" and inserting in lieu thereof "ANNUAL REPORT.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional committees specified in paragraph (2) an annual report on the activities of the Office. The report shall be submitted each year at the same time"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(2) The committees referred to in paragraph (1) are—

"(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

"(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.".

(23) Section 2551 is amended—

(A) in subsection (e)(1), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services" and all that follows through "House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives"; and

(B) in subsection (f)—

(i) by inserting "(1)" before "In any case";

(ii) by striking out "Committees on Appropriations" and all that follows through "House of Representatives" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "congressional committees specified in paragraph (2)"; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) The committees referred to in paragraph (1) are—

"(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

"(B) the Committee on National Security, the Committee on International Relations, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.".

(24) Section 2662 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking out "the Committees on Armed

Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives"; and

(ii) in the matter following paragraph (6), by striking out "to be submitted to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives";

(B) in subsection (b), by striking out "shall report annually to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall submit annually to the congressional committees named in subsection (a) a report";

(C) in subsection (e), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the congressional committees named in subsection (a)"; and

(D) in subsection (f), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives shall" and inserting in lieu thereof "the congressional committees named in subsection (a) shall".

(25) Section 2674(a) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate, and the Committee on Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "congressional committees specified in paragraph (3)"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(3) The committees referred to in paragraph (1) are—

"(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate; and

"(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives.".

(26) Section 2813(c) is amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "appropriate committees of Congress".

(27) Sections 2825(b)(1) and 2832(b)(2) are amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and of the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "appropriate committees of Congress".

(28) Section 2865(e)(2) and 2866(c)(2) are amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "appropriate committees of Congress".

(29)(A) Section 7434 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"§7434. Annual report to congressional committees

"Not later than October 31 of each year, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the production from the naval petroleum reserves during the preceding calendar year."

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of contents at the beginning of chapter 641 is amended to read as follows:

"7434. Annual report to congressional committees."

(b) TITLE 37, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in sections 301b(i)(2) and 406(i), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives"

and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives"; and

(2) in section 431(d), by striking out "Armed Services" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "National Security".

(C) ANNUAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACTS.—

(1) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160) is amended in sections 2922(b) and 2925(b) (10 U.S.C. 2687 note) by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(2) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484) is amended—

(A) in section 326(a)(5) (10 U.S.C. 2301 note) and section 1304(a) (10 U.S.C. 113 note), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives"; and

(B) in section 1505(e)(2)(B) (22 U.S.C. 5859a), by striking out "the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on National Security, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on International Relations, and the Committee on Commerce".

(3) Section 1097(a)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-190; 22 U.S.C. 2751 note) is amended by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services and Foreign Affairs" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations".

(4) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (P.L. 101-510) is amended as follows:

(A) Section 402(a) and section 1208(b)(3) (10 U.S.C. 1701 note) are amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(B) Section 1403(a) (50 U.S.C. 404b(a)) is amended—

(i) by striking out "the Committees on" and all that follows through "each year" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Committee on National Security, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives each year".

(C) Section 1457(a) (50 U.S.C. 404c(a)) is amended by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services and on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Armed Services and" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on".

(D) Section 2921 (10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(i) in subsection (e)(3)(A), by striking out "the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Defense Subcommittees" and inserting in lieu

thereof "the Committee on National Security, the Committee on Appropriations, and the National Security Subcommittee"; and

(ii) in subsection (g)(2), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(5) Section 613(h)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1989 (Public Law 100-456; 37 U.S.C. 302 note), is amended by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(6) Section 1412 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99-145; 50 U.S.C. 1521), is amended in subsections (b)(4) and (k)(2), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(7) Section 1002(d) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525; 22 U.S.C. 1928 note), is amended by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(8) Section 1252 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 (42 U.S.C. 248d), is amended—

(A) in subsection (d), by striking out "Committees on Appropriations and on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives"; and

(B) in subsection (e), by striking out "Committees on Appropriations and on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "congressional committees specified in subsection (d)".

(d) BASE CLOSURE LAW.—The Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended as follows:

(1) Sections 2902(e)(2)(B)(ii) and 2908(b) are amended by striking out "Armed Services" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "National Security".

(2) Section 2910(2) is amended by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and of the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives".

(e) NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE.—The Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act is amended—

(1) in section 6(d) (50 U.S.C. 98e(d))—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives"; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting

in lieu thereof "such congressional committees"; and

(2) in section 7(b) (50 U.S.C. 98f(b)), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(f) OTHER DEFENSE-RELATED PROVISIONS.—

(1) Section 8125(g)(2) of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100-463; 10 U.S.C. 113 note), is amended by striking out "Committees on Appropriations and Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Appropriations and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations and the Committees on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(2) Section 1505(f)(3) of the Military Child Care Act of 1989 (title XV of Public Law 101-189; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(3) Section 9047A of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1993 (Public Law 102-396; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note), is amended by striking out "the Committees on Appropriations and Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(4) Section 3059(c)(1) of the Defense Drug Interdiction Assistance Act (subtitle A of title III of Public Law 99-570; 10 U.S.C. 9441 note) is amended by striking out "Committees on Appropriations and on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives".

(5) Section 7606(b) of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-690; 10 U.S.C. 9441 note) is amended by striking out "Committees on Appropriations and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives".

(6) Section 104(d)(5) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-4(d)(5)) is amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

(7) Section 8 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—

(A) in subsection (b)(3), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services and Government Operations" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on National Security and the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight";

(B) in subsection (b)(4), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committees on Armed Services and Government Operations of the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "congressional committees specified in paragraph (3)";

(C) in subsection (f)(1), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services and Government Operations" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on National Security and the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight"; and

(D) in subsection (f)(2), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committees on Armed Services and Government Operations of the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "congressional committees specified in paragraph (1)".

(8) Section 204(h)(3) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 485(h)(3)) is amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and of the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

SEC. 1104. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.

(a) SUBTITLE A.—Subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 113(i)(2)(B) is amended by striking out "the five years covered" and all that follows through "section 114(g)" and inserting in lieu thereof "the period covered by the future-years defense program submitted to Congress during that year pursuant to section 221".

(2) Section 136(c) is amended by striking out "Comptroller" and inserting in lieu thereof "Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)".

(3) Section 227(3)(D) is amended by striking out "for".

(4) Effective October 1, 1995, section 526 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) For the Army, 302.

"(2) For the Navy, 216.

"(3) For the Air Force, 279.";

(B) by striking out subsection (b);

(C) by redesignating subsections (c), (d), and (e) as subsections (b), (c), and (d);

(D) in subsection (b), as so redesignated, by striking out "that are applicable on and after October 1, 1995"; and

(E) in paragraph (2)(B) of subsection (c), as redesignated by subparagraph (C), is amended—

(i) by striking out "the" after "in the";

(ii) by inserting "to" after "reserve component, or"; and

(iii) by inserting "than" after "in a grade other".

(5) Effective October 1, 1995, section 528(a) is amended by striking out "after September 30, 1995."

(6) Section 573(a)(2) is amended by striking out "active duty list" and inserting in lieu thereof "active-duty list".

(7) Section 661(d)(2) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking out "Until January 1, 1994" and all that follows through "each position so designated" and inserting in lieu thereof "Each position designated by the Secretary under subparagraph (A)";

(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking out "the second sentence of"; and

(C) by striking out subparagraph (D).

(8) Section 706(c)(1) is amended by striking out "section 4301 of title 38" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter 43 of title 38".

(9) Section 1059 is amended by striking out "subsection (j)" in subsections (c)(2) and (g)(3) and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (k)".

(10) Section 1060a(f)(2)(B) is amended by striking out "(as defined in section 101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8

U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)))" and inserting in lieu thereof "; as determined in accordance with the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.)".

(11) Section 1151 is amended—

(A) in subsection (b), by striking out "(20 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.)" in paragraphs (2)(A) and (3)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof "(20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.)"; and

(B) in subsection (e)(1)(B), by striking out "not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995" and inserting in lieu thereof "not later than October 5, 1995".

(12) Section 1152(g)(2) is amended by striking out "not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995" and inserting in lieu thereof "not later than April 3, 1994".

(13) Section 1177(b)(2) is amended by striking out "provision of law" and inserting in lieu thereof "provision of law".

(14) The heading for chapter 67 is amended by striking out "NONREGULAR" and inserting in lieu thereof "NON-REGULAR".

(15) Section 1598(a)(2)(A) is amended by striking out "2701" and inserting in lieu thereof "6301".

(16) Section 1745(a) is amended by striking out "section 4107(d)" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "section 4107(b)".

(17) Section 1746(a) is amended—

(A) by striking out "(1)" before "The Secretary of Defense"; and

(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively.

(18) Section 2006(b)(2)(B)(ii) is amended by striking out "section 1412 of such title" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 3012 of such title".

(19) Section 2011(a) is amended by striking out "to" and inserting in lieu thereof "To".

(20) Section 2194(e) is amended by striking out "(20 U.S.C. 2891(12))" and inserting in lieu thereof "(20 U.S.C. 8801)".

(21) Sections 2217(b) and 2220(a)(2) are amended by striking out "Comptroller of the Department of Defense" and inserting in lieu thereof "Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)".

(22) Section 2401(c)(2) is amended by striking out "pursuant to" and all that follows through "September 24, 1983".

(23) Section 2410f(b) is amended by striking out "For purposes of" and inserting in lieu thereof "In".

(24) Section 2410j(a)(2)(A) is amended by striking out "2701" and inserting in lieu thereof "6301".

(25) Section 2457(e) is amended by striking out "title III of the Act of March 3, 1933 (41 U.S.C. 10a)," and inserting in lieu thereof "the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a)".

(26) Section 2465(b)(3) is amended by striking out "under contract" and all that follows through the period and inserting in lieu thereof "under contract on September 24, 1983".

(27) Section 2471(b) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (2), by inserting "by" after "as determined"; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting "of" after "arising out".

(28) Section 2524(e)(4)(B) is amended by inserting a comma before "with respect to".

(29) The heading of section 2525 is amended by capitalizing the initial letter of the second, fourth, and fifth words.

(30) Chapter 152 is amended by striking out the table of subchapters at the beginning and the headings for subchapters I and II.

(31) Section 2534(c) is amended by capitalizing the initial letter of the third and fourth words of the subsection heading.

(32) Section 2705(d)(2) is amended by striking out "the date of the enactment of this section" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 5, 1994".

(33) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of chapter 169 is amended by adding a period at the end of the item relating to section 2811.

(b) OTHER SUBTITLES.—Subtitles B, C, and D of title 10, United States Code, are amended as follows:

(1) Sections 3022(a)(1), 5025(a)(1), and 8022(a)(1) are amended by striking out "Comptroller of the Department of Defense" and inserting in lieu thereof "Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)".

(2) Section 6241 is amended by inserting "or" at the end of paragraph (2).

(3) Section 6333(a) is amended by striking out the first period after "section 1405" in formula C in the table under the column designated "Column 2".

(4) The item relating to section 7428 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 641 is amended by striking out "Agreement" and inserting in lieu thereof "Agreements".

(5) The item relating to section 7577 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 649 is amended by striking out "Officers" and inserting in lieu thereof "officers".

(6) The center heading for part IV in the table of chapters at the beginning of subtitle D is amended by inserting a comma after "SUPPLY".

SEC. 1105. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO ANNUAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACTS.

(a) PUBLIC LAW 103-337.—Effective as of October 5, 1994, and as if included therein as enacted, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 322(1) (108 Stat. 2711) is amended by striking out "SERVICE" in both sets of quoted matter and inserting in lieu thereof "SERVICES".

(2) Section 531(g)(2) (108 Stat. 2758) is amended by inserting "item relating to section 1034 in the" after "The".

(3) Section 541(c)(1) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by inserting a comma after "chief warrant officer"; and

(B) in the matter after subparagraph (C), by striking out "this".

(4) Section 721(f)(2) (108 Stat. 2806) is amended by striking out "reevaluated" and inserting in lieu thereof "revaluated".

(5) Section 722(d)(2) (108 Stat. 2808) is amended by striking out "National Academy of Science" and inserting in lieu thereof "National Academy of Sciences".

(6) Section 904(d) (108 Stat. 2827) is amended by striking out "subsection (c)" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (b)".

(7) Section 1202 (108 Stat. 2882) is amended—

(A) by striking out "(title XII of Public Law 103-60" and inserting in lieu thereof "(title XII of Public Law 103-160"; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting "in the first sentence" before "and inserting in lieu thereof".

(8) Section 1312(a)(2) (108 Stat. 2894) is amended by striking out "adding at the end" and inserting in lieu thereof "inserting after the item relating to section 123a".

(9) Section 2813(c) (108 Stat. 3055) is amended by striking out "above paragraph (1)" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "preceding subparagraph (A)".

(b) PUBLIC LAW 103-160.—The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160) is amended in section 1603(d) (22 U.S.C. 2751 note)—

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking out the second comma after "Not later than April 30 of each year";

(2) in paragraph (4), by striking out "contributes" and inserting in lieu thereof "contribute"; and

(3) in paragraph (5), by striking out "is" and inserting in lieu thereof "are".

(c) PUBLIC LAW 102-484.—The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 326(a)(5) (106 Stat. 2370; 10 U.S.C. 2301 note) is amended by inserting "report" after "each".

(2) Section 4403(a) (10 U.S.C. 1293 note) is amended by striking out "through 1995" and inserting in lieu thereof "through fiscal year 1999".

(d) PUBLIC LAW 102-190.—Section 1097(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-190; 105 Stat. 1490) is amended by striking out "the Federal Republic of Germany, France" and inserting in lieu thereof "France, Germany".

SEC. 1106. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL ACQUISITION LAWS.

(a) OFFICE OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT POLICY ACT.—The Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 6(b) (41 U.S.C. 405(b)) is amended by striking out the second comma after "under subsection (a)" in the first sentence.

(2) Section 18(a) (41 U.S.C. 416(a)) is amended in paragraph (1)(B) by striking out "described in subsection (f)" and inserting in lieu thereof "described in subsection (b)".

(3) Section 25(b)(2) (41 U.S.C. 421(b)(2)) is amended by striking out "Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition" and inserting in lieu thereof "Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Technology".

(b) OTHER LAWS.—

(1) Section 11(2) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended by striking out the second comma after "Community Service".

(2) Section 908(e) of the Defense Acquisition Improvement Act of 1986 (10 U.S.C. 2326 note) is amended by striking out "section 2325(g)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2326(g)".

(3) Effective as of August 9, 1989, and as if included therein as enacted, Public Law 101-73 is amended in section 501(b)(1)(A) (103 Stat. 393) by striking out "be," and inserting in lieu thereof "be:" in the second quoted matter therein.

(4) Section 3732(a) of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 11(a)) is amended by striking out the second comma after "quarters".

(5) Section 2 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 601) is amended in paragraphs (3), (5), (6), and (7), by striking out "The" and inserting in lieu thereof "the".

(6) Section 13 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 612) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out "section 1302 of the Act of July 27, 1956, (70 Stat. 694, as amended; 31 U.S.C. 724a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 1304 of title 31, United States Code"; and

(B) in subsection (c), by striking out "section 1302 of the Act of July 27, 1956, (70 Stat. 694, as amended; 31 U.S.C. 724a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 1304 of title 31, United States Code".

SEC. 1107. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO OTHER LAWS.

(a) OFFICER PERSONNEL ACT OF 1947.—Section 437 of the Officer Personnel Act of 1947 is repealed.

(b) TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 8171—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out "903(3)" and inserting in lieu thereof "903(a)";

(B) in subsection (c)(1), by inserting "section" before "39(b)"; and

(C) in subsection (d), by striking out "(33 U.S.C. 18 and 21, respectively)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(33 U.S.C. 918 and 921)";

(2) in sections 8172 and 8173, by striking out "(33 U.S.C. 2(2))" and inserting in lieu thereof "(33 U.S.C. 902(2))"; and

(3) in section 8339(d)(7), by striking out "Court of Military Appeals" and inserting in lieu thereof "Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces".

(c) PUBLIC LAW 90-485.—Effective as of August 13, 1968, and as if included therein as originally enacted, section 1(6) of Public Law 90-485 (82 Stat. 753) is amended—

(1) by striking out the close quotation marks after the end of clause (4) of the matter inserted by the amendment made by that section; and

(2) by adding close quotation marks at the end.

(d) TITLE 37, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 406(b)(1)(E) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "of this paragraph".

(e) BASE CLOSURE ACT.—Section 2910 of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(1) by redesignating the second paragraph (10), as added by section 2(b) of the Base Closure Community Redevelopment and Homeless Assistance Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-421; 108 Stat. 4352), as paragraph (1); and

(2) in paragraph (11), as so redesignated, by striking out "section 501(h)(4)" and "11411(h)(4)" and inserting in lieu thereof "501(i)(4)" and "11411(i)(4)", respectively.

(f) PUBLIC LAW 103-421.—Section 2(e)(5) of Public Law 103-421 (108 Stat. 4354) is amended—

(1) by striking out "(A)" after "(5)"; and

(2) by striking out "clause" in subparagraph (B)(iv) and inserting in lieu thereof "clauses".

SEC. 1108. COORDINATION WITH OTHER AMENDMENTS.

For purposes of applying amendments made by provisions of this Act other than provisions of this title, this title shall be treated as having been enacted immediately before the other provisions of this Act.

MOTION OFFERED BY MR. SPENCE

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. SPENCE moves to strike all after the enacting clause of S. 1124 and insert in lieu thereof the text of H.R. 1530 as reported by the committee of conference on December 13, 1995, contained in House Report 104-406.

(For text of H.R. 1530 see proceeding of the House of December 13, 1995 at page H14378.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from South Carolina [Mr. SPENCE] is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I yield back 30 minutes of time, and yield 15 minutes to the gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS] and ask unanimous consent that the gentleman be allowed to control that time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from South Carolina?

There is no objection.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. WELDON].

(Mr. WELDON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WELDON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from South Carolina [Mr. SPENCE], our dis-

tinguished chairman, for yielding, and I thank the distinguished gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS], ranking member, for his cooperation in this effort to reopen the conference to attempt to come to some agreement on some very important items that we, as authorizers, feel have to be addressed in this session of the Congress.

Mr. Speaker, while all of us are aware that there were areas of passionate disagreement in the final context of the bill that was on this floor not many days ago, there is also a lot more area where there is agreement. All of us on the authorization committee, and I think all of us in this body, understand the importance of passing an authorization bill to authorize and set the parameters for those programs that are going to be funded through the appropriation process.

Mr. Speaker, it would be a terrible tragedy not to implement the acquisition reform items that are in this bill. It would be a terrible tragedy not to pass the pay raise, and to deal with the Guard and Reserve issues that were supported by Members of both sides of the aisle.

Even in the area of such contentious issues as missile defense there are areas where we agree, where we can come together and try to find some middle ground. We in this conference may continue to disagree in this area, but we will commit ourselves to work together and try to get a bill out that not only can this body support, but the other body will support and that this President can sign into law so that we can, in fact, complete our process as required under the Constitution and the rules of this Congress whereby the authorizers set the overall parameters for defense spending.

Mr. Speaker, I applaud the leadership on both sides of the aisle for this commitment. As I have told our chairman, I am prepared to work night and day until we reach an agreement for a defense bill that we all can agree on.

I would ask our colleagues to work with us in this process and to understand that there are many more areas of agreement than there are areas of disagreement. Even though we may have to do some compromising here, that does not mean that we will not be back for another battle another day in this area on those issues that we could not get in this particular authorization bill.

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the distinguished gentleman from Missouri [Mr. SKELTON].

Mr. SKELTON. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from California, my good friend, former chairman of this committee.

Mr. Speaker, we have troops in Bosnia. We have troops on the way to Bosnia. The least we can do is to pass this authorization bill to go to conference, because there are so many, many items in this bill that are non-controversial that will help the troops, that will help their families, that will

give them better living conditions, that will help retrain them in the military, and will also give them that very necessary money for training.

Mr. Speaker, if we do not pass an authorization bill, it will be something that has not happened for decades, over 2 decades in this body. We cannot let this body, or the other body, not pass an authorization bill which means so much to those men and women, whether they be aboard ship, in airplanes, or on the ground in Bosnia.

Mr. Speaker, I support this motion, and I compliment the gentleman from South Carolina [Mr. SPENCE], the gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS], my friend, and the effort that they have put into this. I especially appreciate the discussion that my friend from California had regarding the housing allowance and the pay raise that the troops are so greatly entitled to.

Mr. Speaker, I urge the adoption of this motion.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from California [Mr. CUNNINGHAM].

Mr. CUNNINGHAM. Mr. Speaker, I have served on two committees that I thought were probably the most bipartisan committees in this body. One of those is one of the committees that we did away with under Chairman JONES and Chairman STUDDS, the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries, in which the two groups, the two different parties came together and I think fought for what was important to the American people.

The second of those committees is the Committee on National Security. Even though the previous chairman, the gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS] and I have disagreed on issues, he has always been fair, except maybe on one small area that we had some conflict on. But I think the reason for that is that the members of that committee are there to help the men and women that we support, and I think that is why we passed this bill out 46 to 3. I do not know of very many committees that you could get that kind of support on both sides of the aisle to do.

□ 1830

Another area, the night we had the resolution on Bosnia, I said, please, the resolutions basically in my opinion did not mean very much. What to follow is as far as how we support the troops.

How do we do that? We do it with training so that they have the skills to use the equipment that we want to give them, which is better equipment than what they could potentially face. Even more important than that, if you go off to war, you want to know that your family is taken care of.

Those are important. It is not only important for the combat but it is important for the retention of those people in quality.

For those reasons, I ask that my colleagues support the following resolu-

tion, and ask that in the end result the conference will take a look at only the areas of disagreement because I think they can be worked out.

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the distinguished gentleman from Colorado [Mrs. SCHROEDER].

Mrs. SCHROEDER. I thank the gentleman from California for yielding me the time.

Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the chairman of the committee and the gentleman from California for their colloquy because it said what we really want every single person in uniform to understand. There is absolutely no dispute about their getting their 2.4 percent pay raise. There is no dispute about the retroactivity of that. None. By either side of this aisle. Nor is there any dispute about their getting their increased housing allowance which we know they desperately need. What we want to do is make sure absolutely no one is putting any stress on any member of our military. They have got enough stress on them as it is without their being worried about their housing.

Basically I want to thank the chairman and the ranking member for making it very clear. Those issues are non-partisan, those issues are bipartisan, those issues I think are unanimous in this body, and that we do not want one person in uniform or one person in uniform's dependent going to bed tonight worried about those. Those are going to be bankable one way or another. I think that is what we heard in that colloquy. I am very pleased about that, and I thank both the gentleman from South Carolina and the gentleman from California for their patience with me and many others who were trying to work this out.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I yield 4 minutes to the gentleman from California [Mr. HUNTER], the chairman of the Subcommittee on Military Procurement.

Mr. HUNTER. I thank the gentleman for yielding me the time.

Mr. Speaker, let me thank the ranking member, the gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS], for his cooperation in this effort to have another shot at the authorization bill, and also the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. SKELTON]. Let me just tell my colleagues that when we put this bill together and when we do anything with respect to armed services, as the gentleman from California, Mr. CUNNINGHAM has said, we have as many meetings in the Democrat offices—in this case in IKE SKELTON's office—on our procurement subcommittee as we have in my office in trying to ascertain, after the hearings are over, what our military needs to protect the country are.

Obviously the White House has some very specific objections—a laundry list, if you will—of very specific objections to this bill and we have to work around those objections. The gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS] has laid them

out fairly thoroughly in the debate that we had in the effort to override the President's veto.

Let me just say in a couple of areas that the gentleman from Colorado [Mr. HEFLEY] is right and the gentlewoman from Colorado [Mrs. SCHROEDER] is right. We have the pay raise, which is absolutely important to our people. We have the increased housing allowance. We have a number of other quality of life issues that we need to get passed. We owe them to our people in uniform. That is the real vote to support the troops in Bosnia, is to support their families and support their standard of living, and Members can do that by helping us get this bill back the second time around.

With respect to missile defense, the President has some problems with the missile defense provisions that we placed in the bill the first time around. We need to work on those provisions, to try to accommodate the White House.

On the other hand, let me just remind my colleagues that we live in an age of missiles. Immediately after Desert Storm, this House rose as a body and established that we should have a defense, a national defense against ballistic missiles. We were sensitive to it because we saw the Scuds coming in and hitting our troops in Saudi Arabia and causing the greatest distress that was caused in that war with respect to American personnel.

So we rose as a body. The Senate rose as a body and in 1991 we said we are going to have a missile defense by 1996. It is now 1996 and we have nothing. A few months after the war was over, we forgot about it and we went on with business as usual. We need to remind this President that this is a very, very sensitive and very, very serious area that we must address.

So as we move into these negotiations, I know it is going to be important that we have the cooperation—and I know we will have it, and I know he has pledged to do it and he is a fair individual—of the ranking member of the full committee, the gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS], working along with his other members to see to it that the administration communicates with us in a very clear and concise way, and that they remember that even the President of the United States has an interest in missile defense. He has got troops in theaters all over the world now, and some of those troops are going to be exposed at least to short-range ballistic missiles and to date, ladies and gentlemen, we have no effective defense against incoming ballistic missiles shot at our troops in theater or shot at any of the United States.

Second, the U.N. command and control is going to be an area of consternation, I think, in this second attempt that we are going to have to pass the bill, and I know it is an area the President has problems with. The gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS] has talked about that.

But under the leadership of our chairman, the gentleman from South Carolina [Mr. SPENCE], I think we laid out some very commonsense constraints that every family that has a young man or woman in uniform is interested in getting passed. That is, to see to it that there is a clear chain of command and accountability from every young person in uniform to their commander. I would simply say let us work in conference. We look to the White House to be cooperative with us and I hope it can get through the second time.

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself 4 minutes.

Mr. Speaker, let me just first respond to my colleague by saying these matters will be debated in the context of this now second opportunity to bring a conference report to the floor. But I would just like to establish a factual situation.

For several years now, we have spent at least \$400 million per year doing research on a national missile defense system. The last time I looked, \$400 million was not a small amount of money. We have been spending between \$2.6 and \$2.8 billion per year on theater missile defense, a total of approximately \$3.2 billion. Now we are talking about big money.

So to assert in some way that this country is impotent in its research effort dealing with the issue of missile defense, either at the theater missile level or at the national missile level, is to fly in the face of the reality.

Having said that, I would like to make the next observation. As the gentleman from California pointed out, we now have a second opportunity to deal with this conference. It seems to me that we are looking at simple mathematics here.

If you pass a conference report that is acceptable to the President in a divided government, you need 218 votes. If you attempt to pass a conference report that is not acceptable to the administration in a divided government, you need 290 votes. You do not have to be too bright to realize that if you do not have 290 votes, the better part of valor is to attempt to pass a bill with 218 votes.

You do not have 290 votes. You demonstrated the other day that you do not have 290 votes to override the President's veto. Therefore, I hope that we enter into these negotiations in good faith, to address the myriad concerns and certainly the principal concerns that were articulated by the administration in their veto message sustained by my colleagues in the Congress. If we do that, we only need 218 votes to send the bill over.

Now the President had great concerns about ballistic missile defense/ABM treaty. We could debate that for a while, as I understand that we are a filler for some other bill, so we are doing a little dance for 30 minutes until some other legislation comes. I understand that. We could debate that

matter here but we have debated that ad infinitum.

It seems to me now the decision is the mathematics of passing legislation. Two hundred ninety votes, that is impossible at this point in this climate. Two hundred eighteen votes. So I hope we come together, address these issues of the constitutional concerns of the President, the ballistic missile/ABM treaty concerns, and bring a bill back here that does indeed embrace those good things but it takes out the things that were expensive, unnecessary, potentially dangerous.

Now I am real happy because I wanted to yield to the gentleman the other day and I did not have too much time. I now yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

Mr. WELDON of Pennsylvania. I thank my friend and colleague for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, I would just add we did make an attempt, although it may have been a last minute attempt, to broker a deal with the White House and with the Senate Democrats on missile defense, and thought we were moving in that direction. The meeting we had with Bob Bell where we attempted to and in fact agreed to 12 specific changes, as I mentioned to my colleague, we thought was moving us in that direction. Evidently we did not move far enough.

So I would just hope that, as our friend and colleague the gentleman from California [Mr. HUNTER] mentioned, that the White House would engage us directly in this process so that we get clear signals in terms of what is acceptable and not acceptable, because we thought we were doing that in the negotiation on missile defense that led up to that bill that finally came to the House floor which the President threatened to veto.

Mr. DELLUMS. I appreciate that.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself 45 seconds to introduce the next person to whom I want to yield time.

The gentleman from Florida [Mr. YOUNG] is the chairman of the Subcommittee on National Security of the Committee on Appropriations. He is one of the strongest Members of this body of defense issues. He has been down the line, we have worked together in the very beginning of Congress to bring this bill to Congress and to bring his bill to the Congress. His bill was enacted into law when the President let it go into effect without his signature, but in any event Mr. YOUNG knows what we are talking about.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Florida [Mr. YOUNG].

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for the very unexpected and very flattering comments that he made. He is correct, he and I started along with the gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS] a number of years ago working on national defense issues in this Congress.

Mr. Speaker, I rise to mention briefly a situation that exists and to compliment the Committee on National Security for something they did about it. The cost of living adjustments for retired military come at a different time in the year than the cost of living adjustments for retired civilian Federal employees. We would like to have equity and have both COLA's come at the same time.

We thought we did that in the reconciliation bill, the Balanced Budget Act of 1995, but for some reason it was dropped out. At that time I introduced along with 320 of our colleagues, introduced H.R. 2664 that would correct this inequity. When the Committee on National Security went to conference with the conferees from the other body, they dealt with this issue and they made this issue work. I would just compliment them for the good job they did in bringing about equity in the COLA issues and urge them to stand fast as they go back to conference to keep this issue before the conference and keep it in the bill that finally goes back to the President, so that we do not have to gear up H.R. 2664 again.

But with 320 cosponsors, I think we can do that easily, Mr. Speaker. Again I compliment the members of the Committee on National Security for the good job they did in conference in trying to represent the viewpoint of the House for a strong national defense.

□ 1845

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to my distinguished colleague, the gentleman from California [Mr. FARR].

Mr. FARR. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me this time.

I have four points I would like to make. First, I would like to associate myself with the remarks of the distinguished chairman of the Armed Services Appropriations Subcommittee, Defense Appropriations Committee, on the COLA equity issue. I agree it is totally essential that we bring that COLA equity to the military retirees.

Second, I strongly support the effort in a bipartisan way to bring this bill to fruition so we can continue to support military education in this country. With the downsizing of the military, we, indeed, must support our military schools and open opportunities that these schools are experiencing, like naval postgraduate school and the seaman-to-admiral program and the Defense Language Institute, which is doing a lot to help our troops in Bosnia and in Serbia to understand the Croatian and Serbian languages and help our troops with the translation that is going on with the 29 other countries that are now serving along with the NATO forces in Bosnia.

Third, I would like to point out that this is a bill that really assists with the base closure issues that was not all in Milcon, the authorizations for bases to do what they have to do with base

closures, which is the largest base closure list we have ever had in this country, which is addressed in this legislation.

Let us bring assurance to the veterans who had the gulf war syndrome. Last night a lot of news was indicating that perhaps there is not a specific individual syndrome, but in this authorization is the money available to continue to assist those veterans with that disease. And I appreciate the bipartisan effort to bring this to fruition in the bill.

Lastly, let us support those troops in Bosnia. They are doing a good job with the NATO forces there. I think that this is a bill that can show that we support the troops 100 percent.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. CLINGER], chairman of the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

Mr. CLINGER. Mr. Speaker, I thank the chairman for yielding this time to me.

I want to commend him and the gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS] and all of the members of the Committee on National Security for giving us this opportunity to revisit this very, very important bill, the Defense authorization matter.

I will point out that there are many items in this measure that have been approached in a very bipartisan way, on both sides of the aisle, and, indeed, with the administration.

One of the ones that I would point to as having very strong support is on the acquisition reforms included in this measure. It is the most significant of the acquisition-procurement process in this country in a generation.

Mr. Speaker, it would be a shame if we were to lose this very vital element, which the administration, the President, strongly supports.

If we have one opportunity in this Congress to make substantial savings in the way this Government goes about buying goods and services, it is with the enactment of this bill. It is estimated that we spend not just in defense but across the board about 20 percent too much for both goods and services for everything the Federal Government buys. Enactment of the reforms that are included in this very important measure will enable us to basically save about 20 percent across the board.

There is no other measure that I know of that has the promise of giving us those kinds of savings in this Congress.

So I commend everybody who is associated with this chance to revisit and develop and come forward with a good Defense authorization bill.

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to my distinguished colleague, the gentleman from Florida [Mr. PETERSON].

Mr. PETERSON of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding this time to me.

I think this is a good time for us to go back and regroup. As one of the earlier speakers has said, we agree on many, many more things in this bill than we disagree on.

We need to take advantage of this opportunity to go back and correct those disagreements and keep it capsulized into that area of disagreement and not open this thing all the way back up, and just focus on those things and bring it back, bring it back so that all of us, this entire House, can feel good about voting for this conference report. That is what our mission is.

We, again, have to focus on national security, and I say this, national security, not Republican security or Democratic security. It is time for us to make this a nonpartisan focus to make sure that we have equipped and have taken care of the quality-of-life factors for our military people in the U.S. armed services, and we do it as professionally, as adequately as we can possibly do that and do that on a bipartisan basis.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from California [Mr. DORNAN].

Mr. DORNAN. Mr. Speaker, I heard that Mr. Clinton will sign this bill as is if BILL DORNAN will just resign from the House. I am not ready to go that far. See his agents here?

Let me follow the theme here this evening and mention some positive things, not just about this legislation where we all agree, as my friend from Florida said, the last speaker, there is so much good in this bill, but at least for my own chairmanship on the Subcommittee on Military Personnel, I have never had better members of the former majority, the current minority, to work with.

I have taken to calling the gentleman from Virginia [Mr. PICKETT] my vice chairman. I think that if we did that around here the way they do in some State legislatures, that it would restore a little comity and dignity to the House. Sitting to his left is the gentleman from Mississippi [Mr. MONTGOMERY], General MONTGOMERY, who has been one of the most distinguished people to ever serve in this Chamber, post-World War II, because was busy during World War II, and to his left is the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. SKELTON]. He is now an esteemed B-2 pilot, as I am one myself, and going right down the line, even those that philosophically disagreed with some of the things that we tried to enact into law and still believe will become law in that military subcommittee.

When I talk to the gentleman from Pennsylvania, Mr. WELDON, and to the distinguished gentleman from Colorado, Mr. HEFLEY, what a delight to have him at my arm sitting there on the full committee; when I talk to the gentleman from California, Mr. HUNTER, one of my closest friends in the House, and when I talk to the gentleman from Virginia, Mr. BATEMAN, they tell me that their experience as

the five marshals under Sheriff FLOYD SPENCE is exactly the same terrific cooperation and work between all the members of the Committee on National Security.

Sometimes it gets a little hot in full committee, but there is not a time when there is a vote call that we are on elevators together that we are not all considering one another as friends.

Mr. HUNTER. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. DORNAN. I yield to the gentleman from California.

After saying all of those things about the gentleman, I did not know he was on the floor. I saw somebody from San Diego dab a corner of their eye with a hanky, they hold you in some high esteem.

Mr. HUNTER. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the gentleman for the great work that he did as chairman of personnel. You know, I think all of us owe a real debt to our chairman, the gentleman from South Carolina [Mr. SPENCE], a person totally without guile, a straightforward guy who really presided over some pretty contentious sessions of the Committee on National Security and put this bill together and brought it around, at least for the first run, with his colleague from South Carolina, the chairman of the committee in the other body. He really pulled us all together, and I think did a great job as the first Republican chairman of the Committee on National Security since Dewey Short of Missouri in, what, 1953.

Mr. DORNAN. Well, every time one of us compliments our chairman, I notice that our distinguished colleague from California gets a wistful look to ask how he did during his 2 years. If I get additional time, would you like to say something about the gentleman from California [Mr. DELLUMS]?

Mr. DELLUMS. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

Mr. Speaker, I appreciate the comity of the last several moments. I appreciate the cooperative language. I appreciate the cooperative efforts that have come forward in the last 25 minutes.

The reality is that we are here because this effort unfortunately has been less than bipartisan. I hope that on this second effort that we will truly be bipartisan because when you, Mr. Speaker, assert your prerogatives as Speaker to appoint conferees, you will appoint both Republicans and Democrats, not just Republicans, not just Democrats, but both parties, and my hope is that the reality of the appointment of members of both parties is not lost on anyone in these Chambers.

It would seem to me if we do go forward in this second effort in a true spirit of bipartisanship, where the handful of Members charged with this awesome responsibility are bringing back a conference report that is acceptable to this body and acceptable to the administration, that we would do it together in a room where Members will

face each other and will address these lofty and significant and important questions.

I would suggest that the extent to which this is a bipartisan effort that this gentleman and others who will be appointed as conferees are legitimately part of the dynamics of the give-and-take of the trying to address the myriad difficulties that gave rise to the veto in the first place, that we will, indeed, come back with an effort that is worthy of bipartisan support.

But I simply underscore that, not to take away nor to detract from the comity and the civility that has taken place in the last 30 minutes. There has been too little of that in these Chambers. There has been too little of serious and significant grappling with the critical issues of our time that, Mr. Speaker, I am sure you and I would agree from time to time dwarf us as individuals. The issues of life and death that we confront are awesome, and when we have to put on top of that the stress and the pain of personal difficulties, anger, hostility and discourse that has sometimes characterized the business of this Chamber, it only makes the job worse.

I would simply suggest that the awesome nature of the responsibilities we have are stressful enough, so I hope that the kind of comity that we struck here in terms of our ability to respect each other carries over into 1996. This Chamber needs it. This country needs it. The world needs it.

I do not think the major and massive issues of our time can be confronted with the kind of sharp rhetoric and hostility that has characterized the efforts of these Chambers. So I hope that this will be characteristic. And I am trying to use up all of my 5 minutes in order to give everyone an opportunity.

I think I have done about as able a job as I can, and I would like to thank my distinguished colleague for his cooperation.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

I would like to just point out, reiterate what the gentleman from California just said.

Remarks being made tonight on this floor by Members on both sides of the aisle point out the fact that this body can act in a bipartisan way. In recent days we have not had too much of this kind of talk. I think it resonates well with the ears of people and in the eyes of people who are looking in and listening tonight.

I would like to reiterate what I said before: We have worked in a bipartisan way on this committee. The bill was reported out by a vote of 38 to 3, and we have been bipartisan in our efforts since that time, and I thank all for their cooperation on the other side of the aisle.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BUNNING of Kentucky). The question is on the motion offered by the gen-

tleman from South Carolina [Mr. SPENCE].

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed.

The title of the Senate bill was amended so as to read:

An act to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1996 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

A motion to reconsider was laid upon the table.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES ON S. 1124, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1996

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the Senate bill (S. 1124) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1996 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes, with House amendments thereto, insist on the House amendments, and request a conference with the Senate thereon.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from South Carolina?

The Chair hears none and, without objection, appoints the following conferees:

From the Committee on National Security, for consideration of the Senate bill and the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Messrs. SPENCE, STUMP, HUNTER, BATEMAN, WELDON of Pennsylvania, DELLUMS, MONTGOMERY, and SPRATT.

There was no objection.

MOTION TO CLOSE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE MEETINGS ON S. 1124, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1996 WHEN CLASSIFIED NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION IS UNDER CONSIDERATION

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 6(a) of House rule XXVIII, I move that conference committee meetings on the Senate bill, S. 1124, be closed to the public at such times as classified national security information is under consideration, provided, however, that any sitting Member of Congress shall have the right to attend any closed or open meeting.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from South Carolina [Mr. SPENCE].

On this motion, the vote must be taken by the yeas and nays.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 398, nays 1, not voting 34, as follows:

[Roll No. 10]

YEAS—398

Abercrombie	Dingell	Jackson (IL)
Ackerman	Dixon	Jackson-Lee
Allard	Doggett	(TX)
Andrews	Dooley	Jacobs
Archer	Doolittle	Jefferson
Bachus	Dornan	Johnson (CT)
Baesler	Doyle	Johnson (SD)
Baker (CA)	Dreier	Johnson, E.B.
Baldacci	Duncan	Johnson, Sam
Ballenger	Dunn	Jones
Barcia	Durbin	Kanjorski
Barr	Edwards	Kaptur
Barrett (NE)	Ehlers	Kasich
Barrett (WI)	Ehrlich	Kelly
Bartlett	Emerson	Kennedy (MA)
Barton	Engel	Kennedy (RI)
Bass	English	Kennelly
Bateman	Ensign	Kildee
Becerra	Eshoo	Kim
Beilenson	Evans	King
Bentsen	Everett	Kingston
Bereuter	Ewing	Klecza
Bevill	Farr	Klink
Bilbray	Fattah	Klug
Bilirakis	Fawell	Knollenberg
Bishop	Fields (LA)	Kolbe
Bliley	Filner	LaFalce
Blute	Flake	LaHood
Boehlert	Flanagan	Largent
Boehner	Foglietta	Latham
Bonilla	Foley	LaTourette
Bonior	Forbes	Laughlin
Bono	Ford	Lazio
Borski	Fox	Leach
Boucher	Frank (MA)	Levin
Brewster	Franks (CT)	Lewis (CA)
Browder	Franks (NJ)	Lewis (GA)
Brown (CA)	Frelinghuysen	Lewis (KY)
Brown (FL)	Frisa	Lincoln
Brown (OH)	Frost	Linder
Brownback	Funderburk	Lipinski
Bryant (TN)	Furse	Livingston
Bunn	Gallegly	LoBiondo
Bunning	Gejdenson	Longley
Burton	Gekas	Lowe
Buyer	Gephardt	Lucas
Callahan	Geren	Luther
Calvert	Gibbons	Maloney
Camp	Gilchrest	Manton
Campbell	Gillmor	Manzullo
Canady	Gilman	Markey
Cardin	Gonzalez	Martinez
Castle	Goodlatte	Martini
Chabot	Goodling	Mascara
Chambliss	Gordon	Matsui
Chenoweth	Goss	McCarthy
Christensen	Graham	McCollum
Clay	Green	McCreery
Clayton	Greenwood	McDade
Clement	Gunderson	McDermott
Clinger	Gutierrez	McHale
Clyburn	Gutknecht	McHugh
Coble	Hall (OH)	McInnis
Coburn	Hall (TX)	McIntosh
Coleman	Hamilton	McKeon
Collins (GA)	Hancock	McKinney
Collins (IL)	Hansen	McNulty
Collins (MI)	Harman	Meehan
Combest	Hastert	Meek
Condit	Hastings (FL)	Menendez
Conyers	Hastings (WA)	Metcalf
Cooley	Hayworth	Meyers
Costello	Hefley	Mfume
Cox	Hefner	Mica
Coyne	Heineman	Miller (CA)
Cramer	Herger	Miller (FL)
Crane	Hilleary	Minge
Crapo	Hilliard	Mink
Creameans	Hinches	Moakley
Cubin	Hobson	Molinari
Cunningham	Hoekstra	Mollohan
Danner	Hoke	Moorhead
Davis	Holden	Moran
de la Garza	Horn	Murtha
Deal	Hostettler	Myrick
DeLauro	Houghton	Nadler
DeLay	Hoyer	Neal
Dellums	Hunter	Nethercutt
Deutsch	Hutchinson	Neumann
Diaz-Balart	Hyde	Ney
Dickey	Inglis	Norwood
Dicks	Istook	Nussle