In a survey released by the Sustainable Energy Budget Coalition on January 16, it found that "three-quarters of the American voters believe we need to do something to reduce dependency on foreign oil"

Public servants must do more than talk. They must act to lower taxes, reduce regulation, and lower the burden of government on our oil and gas industry. As we approach the next century, we must, once again, make a domestic oil and gas industry a priority.

#### KENNEDY-KASSEBAUM HEALTH CARE REFORM EFFORT

(Mr. PALLONE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. PALLONE. Madam Speaker, health insurance reform is long overdue. As we know, fewer Americans are able to obtain health insurance now, and the cost of that health insurance keeps going up. So my colleague, the gentlewoman from New Jersey, Mrs. ROUKEMA, had a very good idea, which is shared in the Senate by Senator KASSEBAUM and Senator KENNEDY on a bipartisan basis, to put forth a bill in this House that would make it easier for people to take health insurance from one job to another. We call that portability. We also try to make it easier for people who have preexisting conditions or perhaps were disabled with some sort of health disorder, that they would be able to buy health insur-

We are all supportive of this. The Democrats, over 170, have said that they support it, but the Republican leadership here is trying to load down this bill with all kinds of extraneous material in terms of the best example is medical savings accounts that will actually drive up the cost of health insurance for the average person and make health insurance less affordable.

It is time now that we got together on a bipartisan basis and passed the Kennedy-Kassebaum-Roukema bill to make health insurance more affordable and make it possible for more people to obtain health insurance.

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### TIME TO STOP PLAYING POLITICS WITH OUR CHILDREN'S FUTURE

(Mr. NADLER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. NADLER. Madam Speaker, the Republican majority's political gamesmanship knows no bounds—even when it comes to defaulting on the most important obligation of this House, providing for our children's future.

Because of Republican intransigence on the fiscal year 1996 budget, which is now almost half a year overdue, local schools have been severely injured, now knowing how much Federal aid they will receive, not knowing how many teachers they can hire, how many books they can buy, what kind of science programs they can run.

Not only do the Republicans think it is a good idea to slash education funds to pay for a tax cut for the wealthiest Americans, but now their irresponsibility is crippling local school boards' ability to spend whatever money we do send them.

Let's stop shooting dice with our children's futures. Let's fund the Government for the second half of the fiscal year and commit ourselves to supporting the President's proposal to increase funding for such crucial educational programs as title I for basic reading, writing, and math skills, Pell grants, safe and drug free schools, and the School to Work Program.

# WHO IS FOR KIDS, AND WHO IS JUST KIDDING?

(Mrs. SCHROEDER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. SCHROEDER. Madam Speaker, the question of who is for kids and who is just kidding sounds very playful, but this is not a playful question to ponder. This is really about the survival of this great Republic which we are so proud of, because we need to know which Members of this body are not for kids. If they are not for kids, they are going right at this Nation's future.

I went to public school, my husband went to public school, both of our children went to public school, my mother taught in public school. Public schools have been the foundation of the future of this Nation. I am appalled that the Republicans in this body have put the biggest cuts in education we have ever seen at a time when we all agree that our schools need more help, not less.

If Members think that our math scores are high enough so we can pull back our funding to help math, if they think our basic reading skills are good enough so we can pull back on math, if Members think our classes are too small and we ought to make them bigger, and if they think it is a good idea to surrender on the drug war in the schools and not make them safe, then Members will love their side of the aisle. I do not. I think it is time we all wake up and fight back.

## PUT OUR CHILDREN FIRST AND VOTE TO FUND EDUCATION

(Ms. DELAURO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. DELAURO. Madam Speaker, on Monday I visited schools and met with parents in my district. I visited a DARE program in Stratford, CT, where a police officer works with fifth graders to keep kids off drugs. I attended an awards ceremony where young people were recognized for their work to keep their peers off drugs and alcohol.

That evening, I organized a parents summit where about 100 parents gathered to discuss the challenges that they face trying to raise good kids today.

Let me share the comments of one parent. She said: "I feel like a boxer who is down and the count is 8. My head is down and I am dripping blood from every part of my body. The schools need to help teach the basics," she said. That is not what House Republicans are proposing. They want to cut basic math skills, basic reading skills.

The families that I met with do not believe that this Congress is on their side. This week we will have an opportunity to prove that we really want to help working families. Once again, I urge Speaker GINGRICH and the Republican leadership to reverse course, stand with our parents and our kids, and vote to fund education. Let us put our children first.

# IN SUPPORT OF THE WOMEN'S HEALTH EQUITY ACT

(Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of the Women's Health Equity Act and, in particular, in support of the osteoporosis provisions of the bill. Most women find out that they have osteoporosis when it is too late, after a bone fracture or a curvature of the spine has occurred. The real tragedy is that for many women the disease is preventable and treatable. But this is a disease that has an underlying condition that affects 25 million Americans. most of them, 80 percent of them, women. All of us lose bone mass as we age, but people with osteoporosis lose an excessive amount, leading to weak and brittle bones. As I just said, 80 percent of those suffering from osteoporosis are older women, and a woman's risk for hip fracture alone is now equal to the risk of developing breast and ovarian cancer.

It is time for us to give a little bit more attention to this disease, Madam Speaker.

CONGRESS, THE ADMINISTRATION, AND INDUSTRY MUST WORK TO-GETHER TO PROVIDE STABILITY TO OUR DOMESTIC OIL AND GAS PRODUCTION

(Mr. BREWSTER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BREWSTER. Madam Speaker, domestic oil and gas production is critically important to our Nation's economy and national security. Just 5 years after fighting a war in Iraq, our Government has yet to take a single substantive step toward reforming restrictive regulations on our domestic energy industry.

Since the gulf war, our dependence on Middle Eastern oil has grown to the point where more than half of our country's oil and gas consumption is from imports. We cannot allow this situation to continue.

Working together, Congress, the administration, and industry must pass and enact legislative and regulatory initiatives which will provide stability to this extraordinarily important segment of our Nation's economy.

As you know, U.S. relations with our Middle East oil trading partners historically have been unstable. However, the United States does have at least one reliable trading partner. Petroles de Venezuela, the owner of Citgo, has been supplying oil and product to the United States for 70 years—through World War II and the Arab oil embargo.

While maximizing our domestic resources, we should also encourage trading with reliable neighbors and allies such as Venezuela.

## THE WOMEN'S HEALTH EQUITY ACT OF 1996

(Ms. SLAUGHTER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Madam Speaker, I rise today as Chair of the Women's Health Task Force of the Congressional Caucus on Women's Issues. On behalf of the caucus, I have the honor of introducing the Women's Health Equity Act of 1996. A momentous legislative initiative, the Women's Health Equity Act is an omnibus bill comprised of 36 separate pieces of legislation targeting women's health.

The first Women's Health Equity Act was introduced in 1990 as a result of a GAO report that documented of wide-spread exclusion of women from medical research and energized caucus and women around the Nation to action on women's health issues.

In the 6 years since, we have accomplished a great deal. We have achieved greater equity in both women's health research funding and inclusion of women in clinical trails. The increased funding for breast cancer has resulted in the discovery of the BRCAI genelink to breast cancer 18 months ago. Since then, it has been found that the BRCAI gene seems to inhibit the growth and formation of tumors and may provide therapy for both breast and cervical cancer.

This news is miraculous and is very gratifying to the caucus because it was our initiative that resulted in the increased funding. But, our responsibility does not stop there. We must assure that social policy keep pace with advances in biomedical research. As a part of the Women's Health Equity Act, I have introduced legislation that would do just that.

would do just that. H.R. 2748, The Genetic Information Nondiscrimination in Health Insurance Act prohibits insurance providers from:

First, denying or canceling health insurance coverage; second, varying the terms and conditions of health insurance coverage on the basis of genetic information; third, requesting or requiring an individual to disclose genetic information; and, fourth, disclosing genetic information without prior written consent

The Women's Health Equity Act's initiative to increase funding for breast cancer research has resulted in discovery of potentially lifesaving genetic information and therapy. As therapies are developed to cure genetic diseases, and potentially to save lives, the women and men affected must be assured access to genetic testing and therapy without concern that they will be discriminated against. As legislators, I believe it is our responsibility to ensure that protection is guaranteed and I hope my colleagues will join me in that endeavor.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. VUCANOVICH). Under the Speaker's announced policy of May 12, 1995, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Arizona [Mr. SHADEGG] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. SHADEGG addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. SKELTON] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. SKELTON addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. BURTON] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. BURTON of Indiana addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

### INTRODUCTION OF HPV RESOLUTION

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Connecticut [Ms. DELAURO] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. DELAURO. Madam Speaker, I rise today to announce and celebrate the introduction of the Women's Health Equity Act of 1996. Included in the omnibus legislation are two bills that I have authored, the HPV Infection and Cervical Cancer Research Resolution, which I will introduce today, and the Equitable Health Care for Neurobiological Disorders Act of 1996. Both measures will enhance the length and quality of life for women in this

country, and should be enacted by this Congress.

First, I am proud to introduce the HPV Infection and Cervical Cancer Research Resolution. This vital legislation will speed the detection and diagnosis of cervical cancer, and will, in fact, help to save women's lives. Early detection is the most effective method of stopping this killer of women. I know. I am a survivor of ovarian cancer, and early detection saved my life.

My measure expresses the sense of Congress that the National Cancer Institute and the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases should conduct collaborative basic and clinical research on the human papilloma virus [HPV] diagnosis and prevention as an indicator for cervical cancer.

Approximately 16,000 new cases of cervical cancer are diagnosed each year, and about 4,800 women die from this disease annually. However, if cervical cancer is detected while in its earliest in situ state, the likelihood of survival is almost 100 percent. HPV is a known risk factor for cervical cancer. Of the more than 70 types of HPV that have been identified, two types, types 16 and 18 in particular, have a strong linkage to cervical cancer.

With further study of the natural history of HPV and its association to the development of cervical cancer, HPV testing may prove to be an effective tool to aid the early diagnosis of this deadly disease. Therefore, it is appropriate to recommend basic and clinical research to determine how to utilize this data in the screening of women in clinics and hospitals across the country. My legislation will bridge the gap between new scientific discoveries about the linkage of HPV with cervical cancer and practical application of that knowledge by physicians and qualified health specialists in local communities.

The legislation has received the endorsement of the American Social Health Association. In addition, I am proud to include my bill in the Women's Health Equity Act of 1996.

In addition, I have introduced H.R. 1797, the Equitable Health Care for Neurobiological Disorders Act, into the Women's Health Equity Act of 1996. This legislation requires nondiscriminatory treatment of neurobiological disorders in employer health benefit plans. Under my bill, insurance coverage must be provided in a manner that is consistent with coverage for other major illnesses. Neurobiological disorders, include affective disorders like major depression, anxiety disorders, autism, schizophrenia, and Tourette's syndrome.

Currently, in short, individuals with neurobiological disorders receive much less insurance coverage than illnesses such as cancer, heart disease, or diabetes. This in equality contributes to the myth that such disorders are not physical illnesses and somehow they are the fault of the patient. For the individuals and the families affected by these disorders, the ordeal of coping with the