

ADJOURNMENT TO MONDAY,
MARCH 25, 1996

Mr. DELAY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the house adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 2 p.m. on Monday next.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HASTINGS of Washington). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

HOUR OF MEETING ON TUESDAY,
MARCH 26, 1996

Mr. DELAY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns on Monday, March 25, 1996, it adjourn to meet at 12:30 p.m. on Tuesday, March 26 for morning hour debates.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

HOUR OF MEETING ON
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1996

Mr. DELAY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns on Tuesday, March 26, 1996, it adjourn to meet at 2 p.m. on Wednesday, March 27.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

DISPENSING WITH CALENDAR
WEDNESDAY BUSINESS ON
WEDNESDAY NEXT

Mr. DELAY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the business in order under the Calendar Wednesday rule be dispensed with on Wednesday next.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

WHO DO YOU TRUST—HAMAS OR
THE USA?

(Mr. LEWIS of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LEWIS of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, there is a Member of this Congress, a Republican, who has told one of his colleagues that he "trusts Hamas more than he trusts our own Government." That is an outrageous and morally repugnant statement, Mr. Speaker.

Hamas is a terrorist organization that targets, maims, and kills innocent men, women, and children. Which Member of Congress thinks they can trust that sick and twisted group more than our own Government. Whoever believes this doesn't deserve the right and privilege to serve in this Congress.

Mr. Speaker, this anonymous Republican Member has disgraced him or herself and cast a cloud over the entire

Congress. The Members and the American people deserve an explanation and an apology.

Who among you? Who among you believes such a thing? Step forward and explain yourself. The American people are watching and waiting. For shame, Mr. Speaker, for shame.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of May 12, 1995, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

GUN CONTROL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from West Virginia [Mr. WISE] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. WISE. Mr. Speaker, in this often contentious debate about gun control, I wanted to talk for a bit about why I supported lifting the ban on so-called assault weapons, but I would like to move beyond that, as well, as to what can be done.

I supported lifting the ban because I do not think it has made much of a difference and I do not think it works. I also think that it is really false advertising.

The fact of the matter is that this type of firearm that is sought to be banned is responsible at best, according to the Department of Justice, for something like 3 percent of violent crimes and many suggest in those statistics that it could be as low as 1 percent of violent crimes. Yet this is where 100 percent of the debate has rested for 2 years.

I also oppose the ban on so-called assault weapons because I never have understood why it is that you can take two firearms and one looks a certain way, perhaps it has a bayonet mount on it or it has a flash suppressor or a folding stock, one firearm looks one way, another firearm looks another way but they both fire the same bullet at the same speed, at the same impact and they are both semiautomatic, yet one is banned and one is not. Once again, it seemed to me to be cosmetic.

Third is because if these are indeed the cause of a lot of violent crime, then why is it that since this ban was passed, well over a year ago, why is it that there has only been one—that is right—one prosecution in the entire country under this law?

So for those reasons, I have opposed this existing ban.

I did support the present bill to lift the ban because it did something else, as well. It created mandatory sentencing for crimes committed with firearms. It put people away. If you commit the crime with this kind of gun or any kind of gun, you are going to jail for a certain amount of time. That is what is needed. My experience is that people who intend to commit a crime with a firearm are not paying attention to laws.

We have laws already that it is illegal to carry a concealed weapon without a permit; any minor that is under 18, it is illegal for them to possess a handgun under existing law. Of course felons are not permitted to have firearms and on it goes. If they are going to commit a crime, they are going to get a gun.

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Now, what I really propose, though, is to take the challenge that a newspaper issued to me recently. It is a fair challenge: If you do not believe in gun control, and I do not, then what is it that you would do? The first thing I would do is to make sure strict penalties are implemented so people understand if they commit a crime with a firearm, they are going to jail. At the Federal level this Government has been lax on that. It is time to toughen up. It is time to enforce existing laws that are on the books.

Second, though, is to lower the decibel level on this issue. There are well-meaning people on both sides of this issue. In fact, there is a lot of disagreement. So can we focus where we agree? Can we focus on a coordinated community campaign?

The fact of the matter is there is too much violence, there is too much crime. Yes, there is too much use of guns in this crime. But that is going to be dealt with by dealing with the heart, by dealing with the soul, by dealing with education, by dealing with the attitude. What is it that causes people in our society to become violent? What is it that makes people somehow think the first thing you do is pick up a gun instead of the absolutely last unthinkable thing you do? That is what needs to be dealt with.

This can be a call for all of us in our community, churches, business groups, our schools, our parents, our teachers, to become involved in dispute resolution processes, to look and study what it is that can be done in our community, how can we work together to make sure that young persons growing up do not think violence is the first resort, how is it newspapers, community journalism, resources at their disposal, how is it newspapers can be involved in surveying what can be done across our country and bringing that home so all of us in the community can understand, so newspapers can focus on successful efforts, role models and community organizing and dispute resolution and their teaching and their education? How is it that newspapers can help focus people's attention, the young person's attention, as to what happens in these types of crimes? What is it that can be done within the community?

Ladies and gentlemen, Mr. Speaker, we are not going to solve the problem of gun control on the floor of this House. What we can do, though, is to seek to bring this country together around fighting violence and make sure those who commit crimes with guns, yes, are put away, more importantly,

guns are not to be used lightly, and taken lightly, and we can begin focusing on how we can work together instead of we can be split apart. Only by working together are we going to resolve the problems in the challenge of violence and crime and too much use of guns.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HASTINGS of Washington). Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Maryland [Mrs. MORELLA] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mrs. MORELLA addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

A SAD WEEK

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Texas [Ms. JACKSON-LEE] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, some might say that this was the week that was. It is gone now. But we have to live by what we accomplished. We will have to go back to our constituents and be able to defend the legitimacy of the U.S. Congress in its legislative agenda, whether it helps or hurts. I do not know about anyone else, Mr. Speaker, but the Mac that is in front of us here kills. I know it kills because I sat in a committee on the Judiciary hearing, called by Congressman SCHUMER yesterday, and heard several victims speak about assault weapons killing. These witnesses told stories of a tragedy on a New York train. The victims of a son in a DC police station. They also talked about the loss of a wife and a mother in a San Francisco law firm. They did not talk from bitterness from the perspective of I do not love this country, but they lost their loved ones, and they were simply pleading for a reasonable ear to listen to their outcry and their outrage. And you know what? They said we could do something about it. And that was to maintain the ban on assault weapons.

I committed to them yesterday that I would listen to them. Tragically, today that outcry, that plea, that eloquent silence of their lost loved one fell on deaf ears because we did not listen.

Today we now have repealed the ban on assault weapons as it winds its way to the U.S. Senate. Yet as we do that, we found a colleague on the Republican side noting the words quoted in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, "I trust Hamas more, terrorists that provided several bombings in Israel, more than I trust my own Government." These are the words that have generated a weakened antiterrorist bill. The week that was.

These are the words that generated into the repeal of the assault weapons ban. "I trust the Hamas more than I trust my Government."

Ladies and gentlemen, we must stand up for what is right in this country, be-

lief in the American flag. When I say to you that was the week that was, we now have an education policy that cuts \$3.3 billion, so we have an attack on Goals 2000, several of our title programs that help children to learn, closing the door on education. That was the week that was.

Tomorrow I will join in with your people who will be spending the day trying to register to get a summer job, a mere opportunity to be exposed to a work experience. I had such a young person in my office. They called one day and said they could not come to work because they did not have the proper clothes to wear in an office. I said, "If you have got to wear a paper bag, come on, because it is about you having an experience." But right now, in the budget of the United States of America, we have no money for summer jobs for our youth. Some of those dollars could be utilized to help their parents during troubling times.

This was the week that was. The Hamas statement; \$3.3 billion cut from education; now the assault weapons going forth in this Nation; and, yes, an indictment of what we believe in for our children; no summer jobs for young people across this Nation; young people who are trying every day to stand up for what is right, young people who are trying not to be in gangs.

I do not know about my colleagues, but this was a very sad week. But we have another next week, and I am going to try my hardest to work on behalf of the American people and the great people of the 18th Congressional District.

TRIBUTE TO THE ALL-AMERICAN JUNIOR GUILDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New York [Mr. HOUGHTON] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. HOUGHTON. Mr. Speaker, this clearly has not been a happy day here. We have talked about issues that divide rather than bring us together. But I would like to talk about something that does bring us together. It is something that happened several weeks ago when a group from the district that I represent, in upstate New York, in Jamestown, NY, came down and entertained and gave joy and perspective to a whole group of us, those of us who were particularly interested in the Appalachian Regional Commission and the things that it did.

Frankly, I would like to talk about this in a way that is sort of unusual. I would like to talk about names, and if you would bear with me, Mr. Speaker, I would like to talk about the names involved, this the All-American Junior Guilders, great young group of people, happy, positive, the people who are going to be leading our country in the years ahead. They are associated with the Lucille Ball Theater. Lucille Ball incidentally, was born in upstate New York. And the driver and the life giver

of this group is a lady called Helen Merrill. She has been involved with the theater for over 30 years and has been the spark of this thing, and you just feel better just seeing her and being around her.

They performed at lots of pretty significant places: the White House, Oprey Land, Disney World, Kennedy Center. These kids range in age from about 7 to 16. It is an all-volunteer organization. It really makes you proud to sort of be with them.

What I would like to do, if you would bear with me, is let me mention some of the names and it is going to be a long list, but I think it is important that each person as an individual is recognized here.

First of all, there is a lady called Mrs. Lucille Miller, who is the musical director. She has been a great help for Helen Merrill. Then there is Mary Jane Gerstel, choreographer; Jim Jones, technical director; Bob Servis, on drums; and Tiffany Wakeley, student assistant to the director. All people who keep this organization alive as kids go from grade to grade to grade.

What I would like to do is to mention the names of these children. They are all from upstate New York. I am very proud of the fact that they are, because I was born and brought up there and they are terrific people.

Let me just mention them:

Leah Gerstel, Chad Wakeley, Tiffany Gale Wakeley, Nichole Adams, Alycia Anderson, Ashley Arnone, Trisha Configlio, Jamielee Bonfiglio-Davis, Beth Ann Calzone, Laura Calzone, Erik Carlson-Coulter, Shane Comber, Lindsay Ann Coons, Jillian D'Angelo, Rachel D'Angelo, Carmaine Davis, Steve Davis, Kara DeAngelo, Mary Evelyn Demarco, Alexis Denn, Chelsea Denn, Melissa Rachelle Ferraro, Andrew Freeman, Kevin Fuller, Rachael Gerstel, Nicole Gullo, Alan Paul Gustafson, Jr., Scott Hannon, Shawn Hannon, Jessica Herron, Emily Huffman, Holly Louise Jones, Cory King, Chrystal Kota, Katie McMaster, Jennifer Lynn Murray, Ashley Muscarella, Jamin Scott Peace, Lynnsey Penna, Rachael Penna, Aubrey Perlee, Francis Peterson, Brenda Proestler, Anthony Sali, Lindsey Michelle Saullo, Crystal Swan, and Jessica Wheeler.

There is so much that we talk about in terms of the unhappiness of this world. These people give us happy memories. They are the light of our future, and I am very proud to mention their names and to be associated with them.

CANCER CLUSTER IN OCEAN COUNTY, NJ

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. SAXTON] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. SAXTON. Mr. Speaker, I take out this special order this afternoon to bring to the attention of my colleagues