

does not result in a real choice for seniors—it simply increases their out-of-pocket costs. Mail order pharmacies are not an appropriate source for acute drugs because of the length of time it takes to obtain a prescription. This new BC/BS policy imposes a new 20 percent copayment—which can be a significant cost—on enrollees needing acute prescriptions. For them, the mail order pharmacy is not a viable option to avoid this new costs. If the 20 percent copayment is a serious impediment, then the senior may use the mail order option anyway. Their health could be seriously impacted by that decision. In addition, people have been unable to obtain color-coding for their prescriptions—an important service for a frail senior taking a strong regimen of prescriptions.

I, along with several colleagues, have spent months looking into possible remedies to prevent OPM from making decisions on benefit changes in a vacuum as they do today. Our goal is to avoid any repeat performances of the problems we have seen this year. Our legislation is entitled "The Federal Health Program Benefit Change Accountability Act." It details the multiple problems resulting from OPM's decision to make this benefit change and would institute a new reporting process. OPM would be required to provide an annual report to Congress that would describe any significant changes for the upcoming year in Federal retiree health benefits. The report would also provide Congress with the details that were missing this past year. It would explain what cost savings expected to be achieved, how enrollees would be financially affected by the change, and how quality of care would be impacted. Congress would then have time to react if there were concerns with the change.

The bill has been endorsed by the National Association of Chain Drug Stores, the National Association of Retail Druggists, the National Council on Aging, and the National Council of Senior Citizens. The original cosponsors are: Representatives J.C. WATTS, HOYER, GILMAN, MORELLA, PICKETT, LAFALCE, CRAMER, POMEROY, BREWSTER, TIM JOHNSON, MORAN, MEEK, and EHRLICH. We urge our colleagues to join us in preventing OPM from making new benefits changes that negatively impact seniors' health and our local communities.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, DC, December 15, 1995.

JAMES B. KING,
Director, Office of Personnel Management,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. KING: We are writing to raise concerns about the implementation of a new 20 percent copayment for prescriptions filled in local retail pharmacies under the Blue Cross/Blue Shield Federal Employees Health Benefits Program.

As you know, beginning January 1, 1996, this change will make it more costly for almost one million Federal retirees with Medicare Part B coverage if they want to continue to obtain their prescriptions at their neighborhood pharmacy. The only way for Federal retirees to avoid the imposition of this new cost-sharing will be for them to leave their neighborhood pharmacy and send their prescriptions to an out-of-state mail order firm. The rationale for this change is that it is a cost-saving measure. While we commend efforts by BC/BS to lower costs for the Federal Government and their enrollees, we question whether these savings will be passed through to enrollees.

Two aspects of these efforts are abundantly clear to us. Last year, BC/BS's use of

a mail order operation diverted \$400 million from our districts in sales, revenues and jobs from the local pharmacies. If this new change becomes effective, an estimated \$600 million will leave our districts in 1996 and instead be invested in an out-of-state mail order firm. Many local pharmacies are small businesses that cannot afford a shift of their local business to out-of-state mail order firms. Second, Federal retirees, many of whom take multiple prescriptions that require face-to-face pharmacist counseling and close monitoring of prescription use, will lose the medical counseling of their local pharmacists when they switch to the mail order program due to financial constraints.

We have strong reservations about cost-saving solutions that place an economic penalty on the use of local pharmacies. There are alternative approaches that BC/BS could take to achieve cost-savings in the area of prescription drug use. One solution would be to implement a mandatory generic drug program. Another solution could be a reasonable copayment, such as one or two dollars, per prescription drug. Neither of these alternatives would disadvantage our neighborhood pharmacies which play important health care and economic roles in our communities.

You may be aware that the GAO has recently been asked to study the impact of BC/BS's FEHBP's prescription drug program policies on enrollees and community pharmacies. We believe that this is an important study and that the results should be known before this new policy is implemented. Therefore, we ask you to take action to postpone implementation of this change until the GAO study is complete and to consider alternative cost-saving approaches such as those mentioned in this letter.

Sincerely,
Benjamin L. Cardin and 68 Members of Congress.

TRIBUTE TO W.T. WOODSON HIGH SCHOOL CONCERT BAND OF FAIRFAX

HON. THOMAS M. DAVIS

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 15, 1996

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, it gives me great pleasure to rise today and pay tribute to the W.T. Woodson Senior High School Concert Band of Fairfax, which will receive one of the most prestigious international awards for high school concert bands. On May 17, 1996, the W.T. Woodson Band will receive the John Philip Sousa Foundation's Sudler Flag of Honor, an award which recognizes high school concert bands that have demonstrated the highest standards of excellence in all respects of their activities. Under the direction of a very dedicated and talented music director, Mr. John Casagrande, it is one of only two bands from the entire United States and Canada to receive this coveted award this year.

Each year, the John Philip Sousa Foundation awards the Sudler Flag of Honor after conducting a rigorous selection process undertaken by a committee made up of nationally known band conductors. The Selection Committee chooses award recipients based on the following criteria: First, the band's music director has been incumbent in his or her own position for at least 7 consecutive years; second, the band has maintained a high standard of excellence in the concert area for several

years; third, the band has received a superior rating at State, regional, or national levels of competition; fourth, the band has performed at significant meetings at State, regional, and national levels; and fifth, a number of students in the band have participated in district and all-State honor bands or similar groups. There is no limit on the number of bands which can receive the Sudler Flag of Honor each year. So indeed, not only is it a remarkable accomplishment that the W.T. Woodson Band earned this honor, it is equally commendable that it is one of only two bands worthy of receiving the award in 1996.

Mr. Speaker, I know my colleagues will join me in applauding the hard work and commitment of Mr. Casagrande and this talented group of young musicians. I congratulate them on receiving this distinguished award and for making their parents, neighbors, and community proud of this exceptional achievement.

50TH ANNIVERSARY OF SACRED HEART CHURCH IN FEEDING HILLS, MA

HON. RICHARD E. NEAL

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 15, 1996

Mr. NEAL. Mr. Speaker, today I would like to recognize the Parish of Sacred Heart Church in Feeding Hills, MA which will be celebrating its 50th anniversary on Sunday, May 19, 1996. For the past half century, Sacred Heart Church has been an integral part of the Springfield Catholic Diocese and a mainstay in the town of Agawam. The church began as a small mission chapel for Mount Carmel Church in Springfield and was run by the Stigmatine Fathers. In 1946, Bishop Thomas M. O'Leary declared Sacred Heart a territorial parish in Feeding Hills to be run by the Stigmatine Order.

Sacred Heart had 175 families in its parish in 1946 but its chapel could only accommodate 125 people. The need for a new larger church was immanent and the parishioners immediately began working together to raise the necessary funds for the new construction. After more than ten years of hard work, the diligence of these parishioners was rewarded in 1959 when Bishop Christopher Weldon dedicated the new Sacred Heart Church. The expansion did not end with the new church, however, and in 1964 the men of the parish built the Sacred Heart Restaurant at the Big "E" in West Springfield and the Parish Center was dedicated in 1971. During this period, an athletic program was established for the young people of the parish and a parish library was added, complete with adult bible classes. The parish had certainly blossomed into a major center for community activity in the Feeding Hills area and was a source of tremendous pride for the citizens of Agawam.

Today the parish has grown to 2,065 families and has been transferred from the Stigmatine Order back to the Springfield Diocese. This tremendous growth and the parish's continued commitment to charitable organizations and community development have made Sacred Heart one of the true gems of the Second Congressional District. I would like to salute Rev. Kenneth Tatro, the Pastor of Sacred Heart; Pastoral Minister Sister Eileen Sullivan, SSJ; Deacon James Martone;

and the many dedicated parishioners who have donated so much time and energy over the years to ensure Sacred Heart's place among the most outstanding institutions in Western Massachusetts.

Sacred Heart is a tremendous source of pride for not only the Springfield Diocese but for the entire Second Congressional District. I am honored to represent the outstanding individuals who comprise Sacred Heart parish and I join with the citizens of the Second Congressional District in offering a most heartfelt congratulations on this "golden" anniversary. Sacred Heart has truly succeeded in its mission to foster a cooperative and inclusive spirit in the community and I wish Sacred Heart Church all the best for another successful 50 years.

DON'T DISCRIMINATE AGAINST
THE HIV-POSITIVE

HON. SAM FARR

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 15, 1996

Mr. FARR of California. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to express strong opposition to an unfair and discriminatory provision in the National Security Authorization Act of 1996. This provision would require all HIV-positive personnel to be immediately and summarily discharged from the military.

The provision is based on prejudice and misunderstanding about HIV and the AIDS virus. Being HIV-positive does not mean being bed-ridden. It does not mean you cannot work. It does not mean you are contagious. In fact, it may take years before people who are HIV-positive show the debilitating symptoms of AIDS.

Current military policy is fair and makes sense. Those who are HIV-positive, as with those with disabilities, are not sent in combat. They are allowed to continue their service until they are too ill to serve.

But this provision would remove such persons outright, whether they are ill or healthy. The assumption is, if you have HIV, you are a threat to others, you are sick, or something is wrong with you.

All of those beliefs are false. Magic Johnson is one, more famous example, but there are tens of thousands of HIV-positive Americans who are healthy, working, and contributing to society.

We should not discriminate against men and women in uniform if they are still able—and still want—to serve their country.

50TH ANNIVERSARY OF WAKEFERN
FOOD CORPORATION

HON. ROBERT E. ANDREWS

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 15, 1996

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to bring to the attention of my colleagues one of the great business success stories in my State, Wakefern Food Corp. of Elizabeth, NJ.

Wakefern, which to many of us is known as ShopRite, was born in 1946. The Second World War was one of the great tragic con-

licts of human history, but the peacetime economy that was created in its aftermath laid the groundwork for so many positive opportunities to come. Wakefern was created out of just such an opportunity. In Newark, NJ, eight independent grocers joined together to create a buying cooperative, Wakefern Food Corp., so they could get the benefit of buying discounts. Like so many other companies, their earliest days were filled with endless challenges and difficulties. Yet, through hard work and dedication to a dream they persevered, and the company became the success that it is today.

Today, Wakefern and its ShopRite supermarkets represent the largest retailer-owned cooperative in the United States and are New Jersey's second largest employer. Their 37 members own and operate those supermarkets employing 35,000 associates and serving 500 communities in New Jersey and more than 3 million customers each week. Throughout the region, the firm employs 15,000 more associates.

Wakefern takes its mission of excellence seriously, and it also understands that this mission can only be extended through community involvement. ShopRite's owners and Wakefern have dedicated themselves to improving educational opportunities through programs such as the supermarket careers effort for special needs students. They have worked tirelessly to fight hunger through their support of the Community Food Bank of New Jersey, and they can continuously recognize the spirit of friendship and love through their sponsorship of the New Jersey Special Olympics.

This past March, I was pleased to join with those congratulating Wakefern's general merchandise facility in Jamesburg for winning the Merit Site OSHA Award for workplace safety.

This year, Wakefern is celebrating its 50th anniversary in grand style, with commemorative ceremonies and activities at Liberty State Park and Ellis Island. While we join in this celebration and recognize the dedication of so many that have worked so hard to make Wakefern and ShopRite the outstanding corporate citizen that it has become, we also pay tribute to an individual who helped build this company from the ground up, Tom Infusino. Tom has steadfastly led Wakefern as its chairman for the last 25 years. His vision has helped transform Wakefern from a group of local grocers to the great service corporation that it is today.

Mr. Speaker, I know that my colleagues would join me today in congratulating Wakefern, its 50,000 associates and its great leadership on 50 years of success, and in wishing them 50 more years of service to our community.

CONDEMNATION OF SHOPPING
CENTER OUTSIDE AUSCHWITZ

HON. ROBERT G. TORRICELLI

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 15, 1996

Mr. TORRICELLI. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to condemn, in the strongest possible terms, a proposed shopping mall to be located just outside the Auschwitz death camp in Poland.

The Auschwitz death camp has left a scar in our minds and hearts that can never be re-

moved. It is a reminder of the depths of evil human kind is capable of. And it serves as a warning that we must never let it happen again. For anyone to commercialize Auschwitz or develop its immediate surroundings would be an affront to all of us, and to the memories of the millions of victims of the Holocaust.

Approximately 1.5 million people were killed at Auschwitz during World War II. The 50,000 people who visit the camp sites every year are there to understand the monstrous inhumanity that took place. To exploit the camps for economic gain is an insult to everyone who has worked to ensure the Holocaust's unique place in the world's history and culture.

The Polish Government recently announced that it would temporarily halt further development of the shopping center outside the Auschwitz death camp and set up a special government commission to examine the legality of the planned supermarket. The First Secretary also noted that Poland's President Aleksander Kwasniewski "strongly criticized the proposed construction." The final decision on whether to proceed with the shopping center lies with the town council of Oswiecim-Brzezinka.

There must be no equivocation on termination of this shopping center. The construction must stop permanently. A commercial endeavor so close to Auschwitz would be offensive not just to the memories of those who were murdered there but to the sense that Auschwitz stands as one of the most prominent symbols of the lesson of the Holocaust, "Never Again."

IN HONOR OF OFFICER KEITH
BRADDOCK

HON. EARL POMEROY

OF NORTH DAKOTA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 15, 1996

Mr. POMEROY. Mr. Speaker, this week has been designated National Police Week. In conjunction with this, I would like to take a moment today to honor a North Dakota peace officer recently killed in the line of duty. Watford City police officer Keith Braddock died March 20 of this year after he was shot while responding to an incident at the American Legion Club.

Mr. Speaker, Keith Braddock was a family man. He was married and had three children. While his family must now try to move on from this horrible nightmare, I hope it provides them some comfort to know that every North Dakotan is grateful for his service to the people of our State. Cities and small towns all across America are more secure because of dedicated peace officers like Keith.

The tragedy that unfolded late that afternoon on Main Street has awakened the 1,800 residents of Watford City that they are not immune to the all-too-prevalent acts of violence occurring in our Nation's cities. Protecting citizens from harms way is a dangerous task—both in our urban centers and in rural America. Although peace officers in many small communities may know most of the folks in town, they can't be too cautious. For the most part, these officers are out there on their own—backup can be miles away.

This unfortunate situation has underscored the fact that senseless acts of violence can