

EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

TRIBUTE TO STEPHEN FLATOW

HON. DICK ZIMMER

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 23, 1996

Mr. ZIMMER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Mr. Stephen Flatow, who will be the grand marshal of the Israel Independence Day Parade in Flemington, NJ, on Wednesday, April 24, 1996.

Stephen has suffered a tragic loss—his 20-year-old daughter was killed in a bus bombing in the Gaza Strip last year. Alisa Flatow has gone to Israel to continue the religious studies that were so important to her and her Jewish faith when a suicide bomber drove his car into the bus carrying Alisa and other students to a vacation spot near the Red Sea.

Although his loss was devastating and irreplaceable, Stephen Flatow has been able to help other families by giving speeches and attending events to talk about the tragic bombings that occur in Israel all too frequently and to raise money for the Alisa Flatow Memorial Fund to help send young Jews to Israel to continue their religious studies.

Stephen will be the grand marshal at this parade to celebrate Israel's 48th birthday, to express Jewish solidarity with Israel, and to show support for the more than 1,000 people who have been injured or killed in terrorist attacks in Israel.

I would like to take this opportunity to join the Jewish community, the parade participants and the members of the Flemington Jewish Center in honoring Stephen Flatow. His faith and courage have helped him through this tragedy and allowed him to educate and help others. He is well deserving of the honor to serve as grand marshal of the Salute to Israel Parade this week.

TRIBUTE TO THE MEMBERS OF THE GIRL SCOUTS OF OUR LADY OF CHARITY AND LINCOLN SCHOOLS

HON. WILLIAM O. LIPINSKI

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 23, 1996

Mr. LIPINSKI. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a group of outstanding young women from my district who are a credit to the Girl Scouts and their community.

Ten members of the troop based at Our Lady of Charity and Lincoln Schools in Cicero, IL were recently recognized for their good works with two different religious awards.

Chantel Bruno, Nicole Grimes, and Lindsay Pisarczyk were honored with the Marion Award during a ceremony at Holy Name Cathedral in Chicago. Christine Braun, Trisha Esparza, Emilia Huerta, Dalese White, Laura Vietmeyer, and Rose Villareal received the "I Live My Faith" award at a ceremony in our Lady of Charity Church in Cicero.

Among the girls' activities was a Christmas party they organized at a local nursing home, including preparing treats to meet the special dietary needs of residents.

Mr. Speaker, I commend these outstanding Girl Scouts on these honors, and extend to them my best wishes for the future.

NATIONAL CRIME VICTIMS WEEK

HON. BENJAMIN A. GILMAN

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 23, 1996

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, April 21 through April 27 has been designated as National Crime Victims Week. I was pleased to participate in the commemoration of this important observance yesterday by attending a tree planting and memorial ceremony in our Orange County Park in Montgomery, NY.

Too often, victims are forgotten or overlooked by society in its efforts to combat violent crime. The search for justice and the punishment of criminals frequently takes precedence over compassion and support for the victims they violated. Justice, however, includes the assistance of victims as well as the punishment of criminals. Promotion of victim awareness and the provision of necessary services to those caught in crime's way are vital components of our outlook toward crime.

I thank Dimitrios Lambros and Patty Bodnar of MADD, as well as the Orange County Probation Department, for sponsoring yesterday's ceremonies. I also commend the Rape Crisis Services, Survivors of Homicide Victims, Orange County Safe Homes, Stop DWI, and all the other victims' groups who were in attendance. Each of these volunteer organizations perform a valuable service by highlighting the plight of all those victimized by crime, be it violent or otherwise. Through compassionate counseling and sensitive assistance, these nonprofit groups help people overcome the trauma and human suffering which often result from violent crime.

This week I salute victims' groups everywhere in their noble efforts to provide support and assistance to all victims of crime.

IN OBSERVANCE OF EARTH DAY

HON. LOUIS STOKES

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 23, 1996

Mr. STOKES. Mr. Speaker, it was just 1 year ago when this nation celebrated the 25th anniversary of the original Earth Day. In the time since last year's observance, our Nation has engaged in one of the most spirited debates ever about the environment. What this debate highlights is that there is a delicate balance between our Nation's overall well-being and the ecosystem in which we live. There

can be no doubt that protecting the environment is important—the health and economic future of this country and its well being are dependent upon this essential investment.

In my own city of Cleveland, we have much to be proud about when we consider the enormous gains the city has made with regards to our natural resources. Cleveland now enjoys a river and lake free from many pollutants and hazards. In addition, the region was recently advised by EPA that it now meets Federal health-based ozone standards. For many years it had not.

Unfortunately, despite the progress that we have made to improve the environment across the Nation, under the new leadership in Congress, environmental progress and programs are now in question. In fact, I worry that in their efforts to enact the "Contract With America", our Republican colleagues seek to turn back the clock on environmental achievements by squandering this country's precious natural resources. A prime example of how low a priority the environment is on their agenda, the GOP Contract With America did not even contain the word environment. We know, however, of the contract's proposal for sweeping language calling for so-called "Regulatory Reform" that in fact would eliminate and cut back proven and essential regulations designed to protect the public health and environment.

Further, Mr. Speaker, as we celebrate Earth Day, the Congress has yet to resolve the fiscal year 1996 appropriations bill for the Environmental Protection Agency. The proposed reductions to critical EPA programs were among the key reasons that the President vetoed the bill when it was first passed by the Congress—not to mention the fact that this piece of legislation would roll back decades of progress in environmental protection. I commend the President for vetoing this bill.

However, even after all that the Democrats in Congress and the administration have done to safeguard the environment, the assault against the environment is not over. While it appears that additional funds may be provided for the fiscal year 1996 EPA appropriations, harmful language is still included. Furthermore, our Republican colleagues are still pushing legislation that ultimately may reverse many environmental regulations.

Mr. Speaker, Americans from all walks of life have let us know loud and clear that reversing this nation's progress toward clean streams and lakes, clean air, safe drinking water, food safety and other national environmental goals is not acceptable. Let us heed their call and enact genuine environmentally-safe legislation this Congress.

IN COMMEMORATION OF EARTH DAY 1996

HON. TOM LANTOS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 23, 1996

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to celebrate Earth Day 1996 with citizens from

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around the world. The first Earth Day in 1970 rallied over 20 million Americans from around the country to learn about our environment. Conceived by Senator Gaylord Nelson and organized by Dennis Hayes, Earth Day events have featured some of the largest grassroots mobilizations in U.S. history. These early events helped create the modern environmental movement and led directly to the first environmental legislation—the Clean Air and Clean Water Acts.

In the late 1980's, Dennis Hayes decided it was time to expand Earth Day internationally and to renew environmental concern in the United States. Earth Day is now a highly anticipated annual event held in April that draws upon the resources, concern, and energy of countless individuals throughout our planet for the critical purpose of preserving it.

Earth Day is a gentle reminder to all of us that the environment is everyone's issue. Earth Day observance rekindles public commitment, broadens the base of support for environmental programs, and encourages participation from every group, including the business community. Earth Day is a successful catalyst for ongoing environmental education, action and change. Earth Day activities offer important points of entry to address worldwide environmental concerns as well as opportunities for individuals and communities to focus on their local environmental problems.

Residents of my congressional district are planning a variety of events under the direction of the Bay Area Action group. Some community gardens will host volunteer work parties on Earth Day weekend while some restaurants will offer "Earth Day Meals." These events and efforts characterize a national will to improve and protect our environment for ourselves, our children, and our grandchildren.

There is clearly a hunger in our Nation today, not only for more security or for more economic opportunity, but also for something which we can all be involved in that is larger than ourselves and that will have a lasting and positive impact. Reclaiming our rivers, our forests, improving the quality of our air, and limiting the volume of waste we generate, are the causes of a committed generation of human beings doing their part for the betterment of our planet as a whole.

We are fighting a serious uphill battle, however. The new majority in Congress, this past year, has turned its back repeatedly on our environment. There is no question that this has been the most antienvironmental Congress in recent history and the blame, undoubtedly, falls squarely upon the shoulders of the majority of this House. Let us not belittle the meaning of Earth Day with phony rhetoric; let us match the commitment from our citizens with actions that safeguard our future.

Three decades ago, President Kennedy said, "It is our task and our time in our generation to hand down, undiminished to those who come after us, as was handed down to us by those who came before, the natural wealth and beauty which is ours." It is time to recommit ourselves to these same values that originally made America unique.

The preservation of our environment is not synonymous with erosion of the economy. It does mean, however, that Congress has tough choices to make. We cannot deny the fact that Government has an important role in helping to preserve the natural beauty of our rivers, our forests, our mountains, our beaches, and our parks.

Earth Day reminds us that we share the air, the water, the planet and our destiny with all the people of the world. Our efforts must extend beyond our borders to help people in poorer countries understand the effects of their actions. Every country is interconnected; a potential environmental catastrophe can affect us all. That certainly is the message as we come upon the 10th anniversary of the Chernobyl disaster in Russia, at the same time that we mark Earth Day. The United States should lead the world by being a shining example.

Mr. Speaker, that is why I stand here today, requesting the support of my colleagues. We must never turn our back on our Nation's environment. I hope that the antienvironment trend of this Congress can be overcome with tangible legislation that recommit our Government to protecting our environment.

Mr. Speaker, we can all learn from the millions of individuals who will participate in Earth Day this year and years to follow. Ultimately, it is through them that we must come to understand that part of our common responsibility to the future is preserving our environment today. Let us not acquiesce to the defilement of our environment; we must not let our inaction serve as a precedent for emerging nations throughout the world to ignore their role in preserving it. There can be no greater legacy that we leave behind for our children and grandchildren than a world secure in its commitment to a healthy and environmentally sound future.

TRIBUTE TO WILLIAM C. CASSELL
ON THE OCCASION OF HIS RETIREMENT FROM HEIDELBERG COLLEGE

HON. PAUL E. GILLMOR

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 23, 1996

Mr. GILLMOR. Mr. Speaker, it gives me great pleasure to rise today to pay tribute to an outstanding citizen from Tiffin, OH. Dr. William C. Cassell, president of Heidelberg College has announced he will retire at the end of this school year.

Dr. Cassell's retirement marks the end of a 16 year era in Heidelberg's development. In 1980, William Cassell became the 11th President of Heidelberg College, one of Ohio's oldest colleges. Under his leadership, the college has made a significant turnaround, enjoying a large increase in enrollment, the elimination of huge deficits, and widespread recognition as a leaders in innovation liberal arts and international education.

Heidelberg College is a selective, independent, liberal arts college situated atop College Hill in Tiffin, OH. For 8 consecutive years, it has been ranked as "One of America's Best Colleges" by U.S. News and World Report.

There is a saying about education that brings President Cassell to mind. "When you teach the people, you reap hundred harvests." William Cassell, after a career of distinguished service, should feel the deep satisfaction that comes from creating the harvests of our future. He has been a creative, innovative, and reliable education leader. Over the years, he has worked tirelessly to make the best possible use of Heidelberg's resources for the sake of the education of each student. In the

process, he has led a staff and an education community that has mirrored his special sense of dedication and service.

William Cassell's commitment to education has stretched far beyond Heidelberg's campus. He was chosen by the former President of the United States as one of 10 appointees to the Advisory Council on the White House Conference on Library and Information Services. In 1988, the former Governor of Ohio appointed Cassell as one of nine members of the Ohio Higher Education Facilities Commission. Internationally, Cassell is the Honorary Royal Consul General of Nepal. He was a member of missions for American Management Techniques to Indonesia and Jamaica, and chief of a mission to Thailand. He is on the executive committee of the International Education of the American Council of Education. Along the way, he has always earned the respect and admiration of his peers in the field.

I ask my colleagues to join me today in recognizing Dr. William Cassell on the occasion of his retirement, and wish him, his wife Jeanne, and their three children, Paul, Susan, and David, all the best in the years ahead.

EARTH DAY 1996

HON. THOMAS J. MANTON

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 23, 1996

Mr. MANTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in recognition of Earth Day 1996. During this Congress it is especially crucial to emphasize the significance and purpose of this nationally recognized day. Since 1970, this country has set aside 1 day a year to highlight the importance of environmental conservation and preservation. But protecting the environment and our national resources is not a once a year project, it is about the way we choose to live our lives.

Mr. Speaker, the nationwide recognition of this day illustrates the overwhelming public concern over how the natural and man-made world should interact. While I support efforts to relieve businesses of undue redtape, I believe it is possible to do so without also reducing protection of our air, water and other natural resources. Although striking a balance is often difficult, it is necessary for the long-term health of both the environment and the economy.

As a Member of this esteemed body, I am pleased with the role Congress has played over the past 26 years. Passage of legislation such as the Clean Water Act, Clean Air Act, the Endangered Species Act, among others, has been instrumental in cleaning our environment and protecting our valuable natural resources. It is our responsibility as legislators to continue to respond to the public and its priorities through enactment and renewal of these most important environmental laws.

Mr. Speaker, I am hopeful that this day will be a reminder to Congress that the management of our resources is of vital importance. The decisions we make today will impact not only our future, but all future generations.