A TRIBUTE TO MY MOTHER

HON. CURT WELDON

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 28, 1996

Mr. WELDON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I am saddened today to bring to your attention the recent passing of one of this Nation's finest, most caring, and gentlest women—my mother.

Catherine C. Weldon, as she is known to others, was a devoted mother. And devoted she had to be to be put up with raising myself, my six brothers, and my two sisters. Yet she cared for each of us as if we were an only child, giving every one of us the individual attention that children need from their mother. And she did so happily and from the bottom of her heart.

One would think that simply raising the nine of us would have been a full-time job, yet she still found time to become an activist in our church. There she volunteered her time at the Sunday school and various other church activities. She also was the founder and leader of the Pioneer Girls of Marcus Hook Baptist Church.

My mother served her community in other ways as well. She was a regular volunteer for the Red Cross and their local bloodmobile. Additionally, she served on the Parent-Teachers Association at Marcus Hook Elementary School, the school my brothers, sisters, and I attended.

She was married to the late Stephen Weldon, Sr., mother of 9 children: Harry Weldon, Dick Weldon, Kay Weldon Nass, Don Weldon, Betty Weldon Doyle, Bob Weldon, Paul Weldon, myself, and the late Steve Weldon, Jr; 37 grandchildren: Stephen W. Weldon III, Lillian Weldon Speakman, Doris Weldon, Catherine Weldon LeMand, John Weldon, Jennifer Weldon Higgins, Harry Weldon, Jr., Earl Weldon, Lisa Weldon Cowper, Paula Weldon Chaplin, David Weldon, Richard Weldon, Jr., Kerry Weldon McDermott, Timothy Weldon, Craig Weldon, Robert Nass II, Curt Nass, Scott Nass, Tracy Nass Brown, the late Christopher Nass, Donald Weldon, Jr., Glen Weldon, Sandra Doyle Moon, Sharon Doyle Freeman, the late Robert Weldon II, Jeff Weldon, Greg Weldon, Julie Weldon, Clay Weldon, Clint Weldon, Chad Weldon, Christie Weldon, Karen Weldon, Kristin Weldon, Kimberly Weldon, Curt Weldon, Jr., and Andrew Weldon, 54 great-grandchildren, and 2 great-great grandchildren.

Her funeral service will be held at Marcus Hook Baptist Church, in Linwood, PA, on April 2, 1996, at 11 a.m. Friends may call from 9:30 a.m. until 11 a.m. at the church. Internment will follow the service at Lawncroft Memorial Cemetery in Linwood. The Catherine Weldon Christian Education Fund has been setup to receive donations in lieu of flowers. Contributions will be used to provide educational funding for children of families throughout the area. Donations can be sent to the Catherine Weldon Christian Education Fund, c/o the First National Bank of West Chester, P.O. Box 523, West Chester PA 19381.

My mother was truly a remarkable woman. Words cannot express how deeply she will be missed by her friends, neighbors, and relatives.

150 YEARS FOR THE FIRST UNITED METHODIST CHURCH OF DALLAS

HON. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 28, 1996

Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise to celebrate the sesquicentennial of the First United Methodist Church of Dallas. This church has seen the city of Dallas grow from the small town that Dallas was in the late 1860's to the booming metroplex of today.

The history of the First United Methodist Church of Dallas begins in 1846 when the Methodist Church sent a minister to the small town of Dallas. The population of the city was about 200. The reverend from the Methodist church met with several resident, formed a small congregation and proceeded to build Dallas' first church on the corner of Commerce and Lamar. In 1879, the church was destroyed by fire. The second church resided at the corner of Commerce and Prather from 1894 to 1916. Then, the church purchased land on the corner on Ross and Harwood and began the construction of the church we know today. It was not completed until February 7, 1926, exactly 80 years after its formation.

During the 1960's, the church was a meeting place for civil rights activists in downtown Dallas. No other church would let blacks meet in Dallas, but the First United Methodist Church has never discriminated and has always allowed groups to congregate nonviolently within their walls. They believe in accepting people into their church and not turning away people who need their help.

The First United Methodist Church of Dallas, today, is a downtown church which has a distinct identity and culture all of its own and has been able to flourish. People come from as far as north Texas and Waco making the trek downtown, and they pass more convenient churches along the way. Music and the arts are the First United Methodist Church's outreach to its congregation. Many people attend the other activities at the church during the week as well as on Sunday. On Wednesday, the church holds a weekly midday music program where the music is free and a hot homecooked meal is provided for \$5.

While downtown churches in many cities are shutting their doors, and are experiencing a decline or moving to the suburbs, the First United Methodist Church of Dallas is holding its own with no plans of abandoning its home in the inner city.

The church is a spiritual landmark for anyone who has lived in Dallas, and everyone has come to know the First United Methodist Church of Dallas and the people who work there as friends. It provides a wealth of services in support to the community and should truly be congratulated for its commitment to Dallas and the people who attend this church. This 150th anniversary celebration recognizes all that the church has given to Dallas, and now it is our turn to give back to it. We wish the First United Methodist Church of Dallas a happy 150 years and many more.

TRIBUTE TO AMERICA'S VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS

HON. GLEN BROWDER

OF ALABAMA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 28, 1996

Mr. BROWDER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to pay special tribute to the 1.7 million men and women across America who serve as fire-fighters. They risk their own lives each day to protect our communities from the destruction that fire causes. They are truly American heroes.

Our Nation, rich in so many things, cannot escape fire's grasp. The United States has a higher incidence of death and property loss due to fire than any other industrialized nation in the world. Each year, we are painfully reminded of the death and destruction fire can cause. Last year alone, 4,275 people died in fires—an average of one death every 2 hours. Fires injured over 27,000 others.

Specifically, I rise today to commend our volunteer firefighters for the excellent job they do in protecting our country's and my State's rural areas. These special people take their own free time, after working long hours on their regular jobs, and volunteer so that others might rest assured that they are well protected. They give everything and expect nothing.

Almost 90 percent of our Nation's fire service is volunteer. In my State of Alabama, 30,000 men and women proudly serve as volunteer firefighters. These dedicated volunteers often must overcome more than just deadly fires. Their fire departments often operate on small budgets, using old equipment, and with small water supplies.

The value of volunteer fire departments extends beyond fire and safety protection. In Alabama's small communities, the building often serves as the community center. Firefighters bind communities together, and they truly embody the idea of people helping other people.

Last fall, after Hurricane Opal's destruction came through Alabama, I accompanied the volunteer department in Gold Hill one Sunday cleaning up the yard of an elderly woman. A huge tree lay across her driveway. We spent several hours removing the limbs and debris from the blocked driveway, clearing a path for her in case of a medical emergency. Being part of such a show of community spirit after such a devastating storm was truly remarkable.

On the way home that evening, I spoke with a crew of power company employees who had just returned from their job of restoring power to homes. One employee told me that were it not for the thousands of volunteer firefighters who began clearing downed trees from the road, it would have been impossible for the power company to reach many of Alabama's hardest hit areas and restore electricity.

Finally, Mr. Speaker, I rise to pay tribute to the three Alabamians who were among the Nation's fallen firefighters. There names were inscribed on the Fallen Firefighters Memorial in Maryland last fall. Jay Boothe, a 17 year old from Shelby County, Bedford Cash, a member of the U.S. Forest Service in Tuskegee, and Herbert Smith, also of Shelby County, paid the ultimate price—giving their lives in the line of duty. In the January edition of the Volunteer,

the newsletter of the Alabama Association of Volunteer Fire Departments, Linda Boothe, the mother of Jay Boothe, wrote about the memorial dedication:

The honor and tributes paid to these fallen heroes is a wonderful display of how a country does care and remember its other heroes-those who serve their country in their own communities and fight the war against the fiery dragon that threatens through carelessness. The monumental plaque with the names of the firefighters that died in 1994 now stands at the monument site so that others can read these heroes' names for vears to come.

That, Mr. Speaker, truly sums up the valuable role these volunteers play in so many lives each and every day across this great country. On behalf of the U.S. Congress and a grateful Nation, I say Thank you and God bless vou.

INTRODUCTION OF THE SAT-ELLITE HOME VIEWER PROTEC-TION ACT OF 1996

HON. CARLOS J. MOORHEAD

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 28, 1996

Mr. MOORHEAD. Mr. Speaker, the Satellite Home Viewer Protection Act of 1996 seeks to break the logiam in negotiations between the satellite TV industry and network broadcasters created by the Satellite Home Viewer Act of 1994, and to provide subscribers with rights and remedies with respect to reception of satellite-delivered network signals. The Home Viewer Protection Act accomplishes these goals in several ways.

The bill adds new section 119(a)(2)(D) which requires satellite carriers to notify their new and existing subscribers of the network signal restrictions of the 1994 Home Viewer Act. Many subscribers have complained that they have spent hundreds of dollars on satellite equipment without being told that they may not be eligible for service of certain network signals. Further, existing subscribers have had their network service turned off with little or no explanation or information from their satellite carriers. The bill will resolve this problem by placing an affirmative duty on satellite carriers to inform their potential subscribers of the network restrictions prior to their providing service, as well as inform their current subscribers of the restrictions by a date certain.

The bill also provides subscribers, whose service of network signals is challenged by their local network affiliates, a direct means of determining whether they are still eligible for service. If a local affiliate challenges a subscriber in its local service area under the 1994 act, the satellite carrier must inform the subscriber of the challenge in writing. The subscriber then has 30 days to request the satellite carrier to conduct a signal intensity measurement at his household to determine if he is eligible for service of the network signal that is the subject of the challenge. If the subscriber does not make a timely written request, then the satellite carrier must terminate service. The limits placed on the number of measurements that the satellite carrier must conduct, established in the 1994 act, are retained

If the signal intensity measurement determines that the subscriber is an unserved household, then the local network affiliate must reimburse the satellite carrier for the cost of the survey. If the measurement reveals that the subscriber does not reside in an unserved household, then subscriber must reimburse the satellite carrier.

In order for the new signal intensity measurement procedure to work, there must, of course, be accepted standards for the measurement. Both satellite carriers and broadcasters agreed in 1994 that they would work out the parameters of the measurement under the current law, but they have been unable to do so. The bill provides both sides with a short negotiation period in which to voluntarily agree to terms and conditions, followed by binding arbitration. Arbitration would be governed by the provisions of title 9 of the United States Code. Whether the signal intensity measurement standards are developed through agreement or arbitration, they must be deposited with the Register of Copyrights for public inspection and copying.

Finally, the bill makes two additional changes regarding the signal intensity measurement. By deleting section 119(a)(8)(D), the measurement is confined to only those subscribers residing within the predicted grade B contour, local service area, of the network affiliate station issuing the challenge. Under the current law, the network has the option of challenging and testing subscribers outside their local service area. As a practical matter, however, most broadcast stations' advertising rate cards are based upon viewers residing within the stations' local service area, so loss of viewership resulting from subscribers outside the local service area does not economically harm broadcasters. Consequently, there is no reason to vest broadcasters with the ability to issue challenges against, and terminate the service of, subscribers who do not reside within their local service area.

The signal intensity measurement procedures of the current law are scheduled to expire at the end of this year. Because of the lack of industry agreement, the procedures have not functioned as envisioned in 1994. Consequently, the bill extends the procedures by an additional year, so that the network challenge and signal intensity measurement regime will not expire until December 31, 1997. I intend to announce a hearing date and a date for markup after the Easter/Passover break.

CONGRATULATIONS TO COLETTE **JOHNSON**

HON. GREG GANSKE

OF IOWA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 28, 1996

Mr. GANSKE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to bring your attention to the excellent work and accomplishment of Colette Johnson for being a national winner in the Voice of Democracy contest sponsored by the Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States and its Ladies Auxiliary. Colette is a senior at Abraham Lincoln High School in Council Bluffs, IA.

I want to offer my congratulations to Colette and to VFW Post 737 in Council Bluffs for sponsoring her in this contest. Following is Colette's inspirational essay "Answering AmerAnswering America's Call (By Colette Johnson)

It's time to put the phone back on the hook. She's been trying to get through to you. You took the phone off to forget about your responsibilities. But it's an urgent call. She's been trying to get through. She needs your help. She's calling now. America's calling. You need to answer her call.

Who's calling? America? Your country. But without people she's just a name. A country isn't great because of its land. A country isn't great because of its buildings or cars or weapons. The only thing that can make a country great is its people-people who care, people who are willing to give of themselves, because they have a dream bigger than themselves-a dream of what America should be. America needs dreamers. She needs people who see a land free from the destruction of pollution, where the beauty of nature is cherished and protected. She needs people who see a land free from the shame of pornography, where women and children are never exploited, but are respected. America needs people who see a land where every home is safe from drug abuse and alcoholism, where it is safe to drive through every neighborhood, where every child is free from the fear of abuse and kidnapping, where no one is discriminated against because of their age or color or disability, where all men are brothers, and all brothers are kind. America needs dreamers

But America needs dreamers who will wake up and do something. It's not enough to dream. America needs people who will make their dreams a reality. She needs people who will do what they should do and not just what is easy to do. America needs dreamers who will plant trees, conserve water, ride bikes, people who will protest pornography and protect its victims. She needs dreamers who will provide foster homes and adopt and love unloved children. America's dreamers need to work with drug and alcohol rehabilitation. America needs dreamers who will look beyond age and color and disability and love all people.

Be a dreamer. America needs dreamers. But more importantly, be a dreamer who makes a dream a reality. As Henry David Thoreau said, "If one advances confidently in the direction of his dreams, and endeavors to live the life which he has imagined, he will meet with a success unexpected in common hours." Don't leave the phone off the hook any longer. Answer America's call. She needs you.

ELIMINATE DOUBLE TAXATION OF LUMP SUM SEPARATION BENE-FITS FOR VETERANS

HON. G.V. (SONNY) MONTGOMERY OF MISSISSIPPI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 28, 1996

Mr. MONTGOMERY. Mr. Speaker, I am introducing legislation today, H.R. 3183, which would eliminate double taxation of lump sum separation benefits for a veteran who is subsequently determined to be entitled to compensation for a service-connected disability.

This bill would not only do equity, it would correct a legislative oversight.

Prior to 1981, the Department of Veterans Affairs was required to recoup only 75 percent of the total amount of the military separation payment by withholding disability compensation. This provision was intended to account for the inequity of recouping taxable separation pay with nontaxable compensation.