Elizabeth Kaynor—has served tirelessly as the executive director for the City of Miami Commission on the Status of Women, and is the founding director for the Center for Continuing Education of Women at Miami-Dade Community College. She grasps every opportunity to work for women's advancement through education, communication, networking, and international exchanges.

Ivette Arteaga Morgan—is currently the assistant principal of the Miami Palmetto Adult Education Center, and has served as an elementary teacher, social worker, school administrator, and university faculty member. Dr. Morgan has provided leadership for bilingual and multicultural education programs, was a cofounder of ASPIRA, and has volunteered her time to many programs that encourage women's political participation.

Janice O'Rourke—as a leader in educational and women's organizations, this banking executive has lent her talents and energies to many causes such as the Miami Branch of the American Association of University Women and other organizations that focus on women's education and empowerment.

Deborah Reyes—serves as the president of Capital American Mortgage Co. and consulting and training group. She is committed to serving her home community through her church, the Girl Scouts Council of Tropical Florida, the Community Coalition for Women's History, and the National Board of the Girl Scouts of the USA.

Being honored posthumously are:

Meg O'Brien—was a woman of courage and determination who became the founder of the WLRN Radio Reading Service, which provides print-handicapped persons with 24 hours of news, literature, and general information. She shared her love for literature through the radio program "Cover to Cover," through the annual writer's conference in the Florida Panhandle, and through "The Late Show," a bedtime story initiative for detainees at Youth Hall.

Belen Saborido—immigrated to the United States and became a successful business-woman and community leader, launching her own business in 1981. She worked tirelessly to support education, women's concerns, service to families and children, health care, and the arts.

NATIONAL DIABETES DAY

HON. FRANK PALLONE, JR.

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 26, 1996

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, today is National Diabetes Day. Diabetes is a life-threatening, chronic disease, and a major public health issue that affects 16 million Americans directly and the rest of the population indirectly through its impact on medical care and costs.

Since the 1960's the prevalence of diabetes has tripled and it is reaching epidemic proportions. The National Institutes of Health estimates that about 1,800 new cases are diagnosed each day. Diabetes is by far the most widespread disease in our country today. In 1992 alone, cost of care for diabetes totaled \$92 billion.

The skyrocketing rise in diabetes is linked to four very important factors. First, an aging population. The aging of the baby boomer

population will ultimately increase that number even higher. Second, is the increasing degree of obesity. Third, is the fact that the population is living in a more sedentary lifestyle, and fourth is the fact that improved diagnosis techniques have isolated cases at earlier stages.

Those at risk for diabetes generally exhibit four different characteristics: they are over 45 years old, more than 120 percent above their ideal body weight, physically inactive, or have an immediate family member diagnosed with diabetes.

The toll of diabetes in death and human suffering is very great. Physicians are very critical to pubic education efforts. Physicians need to be more aware and sensitive to the fact that diabetes is a very serious disease. Many people are unaware they have the disease until they seek treatment for one of its crippling conditions. Some of these conditions include: stroke, blindness, heart disease, or even kidney disease.

Diabetes is the leading cause of blindness among those 20 to 74 years old. Also, as many as 20 percent of diabetics develop kidney disease. And diabetics are two to four times more likely to develop heart disease and strokes.

Diabetes is currently the fourth leading cause of death by disease. Moreover, about 169,000 Americans die each year from the disease—more than the number of people who die from AIDS or breast cancer.

We must realize that diabetes requires a lifetime of medical care and self-treatment. A person with diabetes must have access to supplies, equipment, and education. With these resources made available, a person with diabetes can greatly reduce any complications that cause any suffering associated with the disease.

Health care must be made a priority for people with diabetes. People with diabetes have great difficulty acquiring affordable health insurance that is needed to obtain medical care. Medicare and Medicaid, the Federal Government's two largest health care programs, do not provide coverage of supplies and medication necessary to avoid complications related to diabetes.

According to the American Diabetes Association, diabetes research is proven to save money. Studies taken show that for every dollar spent on medical research, \$13 is saved in health care costs. The majority of diabetes research is supported by the National Institutes of Health. Ironically, of the more than \$12 billion spent by the U.S. Government on medical research, only 3 percent is used to fund diabetes research. There must be a greater amount of support for medical research programs and also increased funding for diabetes research.

In regard to health care issues, we must have widespread support for legislation and efforts in the private sector that will ensure greater access to health care for people with diabetes.

I have recently become a cosponsor of two bills sponsored by Representative FURSE (H.R. 1073 and H.R. 1074) that seek to expand Medicare coverage of outpatient self-management training and access to blood testing strips. I have also signed on to a letter supporting the National Institutes of Health as a priority when considering a balanced budget.

We, Representatives in Congress, have the opportunity to improve the lives of millions of Americans with diabetes who rely on Medicare

for their health insurance. I look forward to working with the other Members of Congress, now and in the future, to improve the lives of people with diabetes.

TRIBUTE TO FRANKLIN MEISSNER

HON. JOSEPH P. KENNEDY II

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday. March 26, 1996

Mr. KENNEDY of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, I rise to pay tribute to an outstanding individual, Mr. Franklin Meissner, of Weymouth, MA. Today, Mr. Meissner, the outgoing chairman of the board of the South Shore Chamber of Commerce, will be honored for his exceptional work. During his tenure, the South Shore Chamber had its most successful financial year and is now the second largest chamber of commerce in New England. As the 1995 chairman, Mr. Meissner made significant improvements to the administration of the chamber by reorganizing the Economic Development Organization and upgrading the communications and computer operations. He also instituted the "Elder-Preneur" of the year award, honoring older people who continue to contribute to society.

In addition to efforts at the chamber, Mr. Meissner has been very active in serving his neighbors and community. To list just a few of his civic service activities: he is a member of the Weymouth Rotary Club; is director of the South Shore Hospital, Health and Educational Foundation; and is director of the Bank of Braintree. Mr. Meissner is also a successful businessman, as president of Electro Switch Corp., he employs over 500 people in Massachusetts and North Carolina. What has been very evident in all of Mr. Meissner's activities is strong dedication and a commitment to success.

Mr. Speaker, it is indeed an honor and a pleasure for me to have this opportunity to recognize this outstanding individual. I am sure I speak on behalf of many members of the community who have worked with Mr. Meissner when I offer my heartfelt congratulations and best wishes on this special day.

163D ANNIVERSARY OF THE TREATY OF AMITY AND COMMERCE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THAILAND

HON. BENJAMIN A. GILMAN

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 26, 1996

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commemorate the 163d anniversary of the Treaty of Amity and Commerce between the United States and the kingdom of Thailand. This treaty, signed in 1833, is unique in that it is the first treaty of its kind between the United States and an Asian nation. It is a symbol of our enduring friendship and high respect for the Thai people.

For many years, the United States has had a close political and personal relationship with the people and the Government of Thailand. The Thais stood shoulder to shoulder with us in our long and principled battle against communism in Southeast Asia. Today, they continue as our ally in the war against illicit drugs.

Thailand stands as a model to other South East Asian nations as a bedrock of peace and stability in a region which has seen much turmoil.

Today, the Thais have much to be proud of in the robust development of their economic strength and their leadership in Asian commerce. The interdependence of our economies binds us even closer together and Thai-Americans have made strong contributions to American society and culture.

Mr. Speaker, it is a honor to recognize this 19th century treaty which serves as the foundation of a long and prosperous relationship. It is hoped that Thailand and the United States will continue their long-standing and mutually beneficial friendship which serves as a model of cooperation in the region.

REPUBLICAN HEALTH BILL WILL RIP-OFF SENIORS BY PERMIT-TING SALES OF BAD INSURANCE PRODUCTS

HON. FORTNEY PETE STARK

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 26, 1996

Mr. STARK. Mr. Speaker, the health insurance bill that was approved by the Ways and Means Committee last week contains language that completely guts the laws against Medigap fraud and abuse.

The following letter from a consumer advocate explains why.

It is another reason the House should pass a simple, pure Kennedy-Kassebaum bill.

SENIOR HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUES, Scotts Valley, CA, March 20, 1996. Hon. BILL ARCHER,

Chairman, House Committee on Ways and Means, Longworth HOB, Washington, DC.

DEAR CHAIRMAN ARCHER: I am very concerned about an Amendment by Mr. Collins that recently passed out of the Committee on Ways and Means on Duplication and Coordination of Medicare Related Plans. I have been a consultant on Medicare, supplemental insurance and long term care insurance for more than eighteen years to both state and national consumer groups. I was very active in a lawsuit brought by the Santa Cruz District Attorney against an insurance agency for overselling duplicative and overlapping coverage to seniors in 1989. We both testified repeatedly in both Houses on this issue prior to the passage of OBRA 90.

While there is a legitimate reason to carve out a narrow exemption for disabled Medicare beneficiaries who have purchased guaranteed issue major medical coverage that duplicates and coordinates against Medicare, the Collins Amendment does not even address that issue. The proposed amendment language rolls back all federal and state protections since 1980 against selling multiple and duplicate policies to seniors on Medicare. This Amendment would allow companies and agents to sell seniors any amount and combination of policies on top of their Medicare and a Medicare Supplement. This practice has a long and disgraceful public history that led Congress to take action several times over the last two decades.

Not only would the proposed language repeal all federal protections, it would repeal all existing state laws and prohibit the enactment of any future state laws to protect elderly consumers. In addition to allowing the sale of excessive and duplicative coverage, it would also allow companies to co-

ordinate those benefits against Medicare and other existing health benefits.

I find it very hard to believe that this Congress would allow these practices to resume and strip states of their rights to protect their own citizens from these abusive practices. Good public policy demands that seniors make the best use of scarce premium dollars and use any excess towards providing for their long term care needs, not the purchase of unnecessary duplicate coverage. I urge you to take a closer look at this issue. Sincerely,

BONNIE BURNS, Consultant.

SENIOR HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUES, Scotts Valley, CA, March 20, 1996. Hon. Newt Gingrich,

Speaker, The Speakers Office, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR SPEAKER GINGRICH: Enclosed are conies of letters I have written commenting on the recent proposed federal legislation on tax clarification of long term care insurance and on duplication of medical benefits for people on Medicare. I understand that both of these issues will be voted on the floor shortly in one or more bills related to health insurance reform. These legislative proposals are almost identical to language contained in the Budget Bill that garnered many of the same concerns. I hope you will consider the issues I have raised in my letters to the Chairs of the various committees and subcommittees. These are extremely important issues that have profound repercussions for older consumers.

Stripping states of their rights to regulate consumer protections within their borders for their oldest and most vulnerable citizens is not consistent with your desire to allow states more flexibility and choice. Is it your public policy position that overinsurance for health care costs in the oldest and sickest populations is a desirable outcome? I can't imagine that you want to see seniors using their scarce health care premium dollars that should be spent on long term care coverage used to purchase unnecessary and excessive health care coverage.

Please take a careful look at these issues. Sincerely,

BONNIE BURNS, Consultant.

IN HONOR OF CALIFORNIA RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 108

HON. VIC FAZIO

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 26, 1996

Mr. FAZIO of California. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor California reclamation district No. 108, which is celebrating its 125th year of operation.

In 1868, the California State Legislature authorized the organization of reclamation districts to encourage residents to transform the State's swamps and flooded areas into arable land. One of California's oldest reclamation districts, No. 108, dates from September 1870. District No. 108 was organized by Yolo and Colusa County landowners for the purpose of slavaging the tule lands that extended from the western bank of the Sacramento River to the Colusa Basin

One of district No. 108's earliest and most important responsibilities was flood control. Tens of thousands of acres of district land occupied low-lying areas of the Colusa Basin,

surrounded on three sides by water during flood periods. The district had the immense challenge of dealing with potential flooding. In order to handle this contingency the district helped fund and maintain the Knights Landing to Princeton levee on the west side of the Sacramento River, as well as other levees outside district boundaries.

At the turn of the century, the district purchased areas of Sutter and Colusa County land, which it used as outlet channels to relieve pressure on the west side Sacramento River levees. During the same period, district authorities supervised the construction of a back levee to protect district lands from northern and western flood waters.

As development of lands within the district grew, so did R.D. 108's flood control efforts. Eventually, the district's work at the Knights Landing Ridge resulted in the 1915 formation of the independent Knights Landing Ridge Drainage District. During the same period, the newly-created Sacramento River West Side Levee District assumed maintenance control of the West Side Levee between the towns of Knights Landing and Colusa.

The earlier flood control efforts undertaken by district No. 108 laid the foundation for the development of these newer entities. District No. 108 developed a strong cooperative relationship with these bodies which continues to this day. The entire lower portion of the Colusa Basin enjoys greater flood protection as a result of this cooperative effort.

In the early years of this century the district expanded its focus, moving into the realm of irrigation. In 1917 district No. 108 obtained permission to irrigate lands not adjacent to the Sacramento River. An intense effort was mounted to establish an irrigation and drainage system which would serve the entire district. This effort was completed with great success. Today, there are 118 miles of irrigation ditches and over 300 miles of drains operated and maintained by the district.

In recent years, reclamation district No. 108 has faced a variety of challenges. During the 1960's the district worked with Sacramento River Water users and the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation to formulate a supplemental water supply plan. Today, district No. 108 is bring together Federal, State, environment, and water administrators and landowners in an attempt to develop a feasible and cost effective method for protection of the Sacramento River's endangered fish.

CELEBRATION OF JAN PIERCE'S 40 YEARS OF PROGRESSIVE LABOR LEADERSHIP

HON. THOMAS J. MANTON

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 26, 1996

Mr. MANTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to Jan D. Pierce, the vice president of the Communications Workers of America, District One.

For the last 40 years, Mr. Pierce has worked tirelessly as a progressive labor leader in the communications industry and has been a leading advocate for rank and file unionism in the United States.

Mr. Pierce has been an active union member his entire working life, beginning with his