TRIBUTE TO SAM KARAS

HON. SAM FARR

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, October 4, 1996

Mr. FARR of California. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize a remarkable man who has served his community for more than 40 years. He has been an impressive figure of California's central coast and a strong leader in his home town of Monterey. It is with sadness that I announce that Sam Karas will soon be retiring from the Monterey County Board of Supervisors.

Sam's long tradition of public service began in 1943 when he moved to Monterey as a second lieutenant in the U.S. Army. It was at this time that he also married the lovely Edith James. The Karas' have been blessed with three daughters, all of whom graduated from the Monterey Peninsula Unified School District, and four granddaughters.

When not doting on his family, Sam Karas has long been involved in community service. Employed in the wholesale meat industry for 35 years, Sam always found time to involve himself in a variety of activities and humanitarian causes, donating his time and talent as a fund raiser. He was one of the original board members of the Human Rights Commission, which led the fight against California's proposition 14, a discriminatory housing initiative. He has received awards for the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, the League of United Latin American Citizens and the Japanese American Citizens League for his outstanding work. Sam also served as an organizer and board member of the Monterey Peninsula Visitor and Convention Bureau.

Additionally, Sam Karas served as board member for the Monterey Peninsula Visitor and Convention Bureau, and on the board of trustees of the Monterey Peninsula Unified School District from 1973 to 1980. During this time his contributions included fighting for a Magnet School Program and advocating for the integration of students, staff, and teachers. In 1984. Sam was elected to the Monterey County Board of Supervisors and has served Monterey County in that capacity ever since. He was elected chair of the board of supervisors in 1986 and again in 1991. In his role as county supervisor, I have had the honor of cochairing the Big Sur Multi-Agency Advisory Council with him where he always provides a fresh outlook and a candid perspective.

Among Sam's many accomplishments is the work he has done on behalf of the farm worker community and in support of decent and affordable housing in Monterey County. In addition to this, Sam Karas created the Carmel River Task Force which successfully rebuilt community bridges and neighborhoods after two devastating floods in the winter of 1995. Sam also helped to protect the environment by coauthoring a countywide ballot measure to prevent offshore oil and gas development in the Monterey Bay—now part of the Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary.

Śam's contributions to the area have stretched far beyond the average capacity, adding to the artistic richness of the community as well. He has appeared in many local theater productions, including being asked by his friend Clint Eastwood to play a role in the Academy Award winning film "Unforgiven." Sam helped to organize the famous Monterey Pop Festival, served as an original member of the board of directors of the Monterey Jazz Festival, and is currently on the board of directors of the Monterey Bay Blues Festival. He has received many honors recognizing his extensive talents.

Sam's devotion to community service is exemplary. It has been an honor and a pleasure to work with him for the benefit of Monterey County. Sam has offered us concern, compassion, realism, and a spunk that we will miss greatly. I know and I am speaking for all residents of Monterey County when I say that we will be sad to see Sam Karas retire from the Monterey County Board of Supervisors, but wish him all the very best in his future endeavors.

HONORING ST. JUDE THADDEUS CATHOLIC CHURCH

HON. KEN BENTSEN

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, October 4, 1996

Mr. BENTSEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the parish of St. Jude Thaddeus in Highlands, TX, as they prepare to commemorate their 50th anniversary on November 3, 1996. The church has been a building block and an inspiration for the community.

The history of St. Jude Thaddeus Catholic Church began with a census taken in 1945 to determine the community and spiritual needs for a Catholic Church in Highlands, TX. In 1946, the parish began building a wooden structure on 2½ acres of land on Main Street. With Father Bernard Roehmer serving as resident pastor, Bishop Christopher Byrne dedicated this new structure on November 30, 1947.

On March 6, 1966, the existing brick church and C.C.E. Building were completed and blessed by the Reverend Bishop John L. Morkovsky. From the humble beginning of 30 registered families at St. Jude Thaddeus Catholic Church, the support and commitment of the community has been inspirational.

Father John Zabelskas, appointed in 1992, serves as the eighth pastor of the present facilities which include Marian Hall, a new rectory, C.C.E. Building, and parish gym. On Sunday, November 3, 1996, St. Jude Thaddeus Catholic Church will celebrate its 50th anniversary with a High Mass, dinner, and reception in the parish gymnasium. I thank the parish for all that they have contributed to our community in these 50 years and wish them many blessings for the future.

A TRIBUTE TO GEORGE R. BOGGS

HON. RANDY "DUKE" CUNNINGHAM

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, October 4, 1996

Mr. CUNNINGHAM. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to praise George Boggs, president of Palomar Community College. It has been my privilege to work with Mr. Boggs in addressing the educational needs of the people of San Diego County.

On October 12, George Boggs will be recognized as the best community college executive in the United States by the Association of Community College Trustees. His record of achievement is outstanding and clearly deserving of this recognition.

I submit for the RECORD an editorial from the October 4, 1996, North County Times— Escondido, CA—newspaper which further describes President Boggs' outstanding achievements.

Congratulations George, you have earned it. [From the North County (CA) Times, Oct. 4, 1996]

UNJUSTIFIED MODESTY

When George R. Boggs came to Palomar Community College in 1985 to serve as its president, there were 15,500 students, the equivalent of 325 full-time faculty members, and a standard array of course offerings.

Today, the college has about 26,000 students enrolled, a full-time equivalent faculty of 516, and the honor of being named as one of three 'flagship' community colleges in the nation, for the college's focus on learning outcomes.

Humility being one of his obvious traits, Boggs would never take credit for the school's successful growth. But his board of trustees and his national peers would: Boggs has been named the best community college executive in the United States by the Association of Community College Trustees.

On Oct. 12, Boggs will receive the 1996 Marie Y. Martin Chief Executive Officer Award at the association's annual conference. It is an exceptional honor, one arned by Boggs' exemplary performance in a politically and economically challenging era for community colleges. And his success is not based on his numerous publications, the size of the school's endowment, or the value of its research facilities.

No, instead Boggs has focused the district's resources on that which is most important to the community: student learning. Boggs has built partnerships within the community to improve both student access to higher education and the experience they have in the classroom. And the college is continuing to grow.

North County is lucky to have Boggs and the outstanding curriculum, staff, and student body he has helped to nurture. Congratulations.

TRIBUTE TO AMERICAN LEGION POST 642

HON. MARCY KAPTUR

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, October 4, 1996

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commemorate the 50th anniversary of American Legion Post 642—the Przybylski Post—in Toledo OH. The post is celebrating the occasion on Sunday, October 6, 1996. As part of this golden anniversary celebration, the post's adjutant has announced that the members and families of American Legion Post 642 will "honor the founding and present members for the American endeavor and patriotism which have sustained the post for so long." To mark this auspicious occasion, we recall the "American Creed," penned by William Tyler Page.

I believe in the United States of America as a Government of the people, by the people, for the people; whose just powers are derived from the consent of the governed; a democracy in a republic, a sovereign Nation of many sovereign States; a perfect Union one and inseparable; established upon those principles of freedom, equality, justice, and humanity for which American patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes. I therefore believe it is my duty to my country to love it, to support its Constitution, to obey its laws, to respect its flag, and to defend it against all enemies.

The men and women of American Legion Post 642 have vigilantly upheld the tenets of the "American Creed" to a superior degree. For remaining true to these precious beliefs in times of battle and in times in peace, we thank them, and we honor their strength.

TRIBUTE TO ASSEMBLYMAN THOMAS M. HANNIGAN

HON. VIC FAZIO

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, October 4, 1996

Mr. FAZIO of California. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a close friend and dedicated public servant, Hon. Tom Hannigan, a California Assemblyman representing Solano County, Yolo County, and the delta portion of Sacramento County in the California State Assembly.

I owe my political career to Tom because he stepped aside when I first ran for the California Assembly and undoubtedly would have beaten me. A few years later, when I ran for the House of Representatives, he was elected to that assembly seat where he has served with distinction ever since.

Due to term limits in the California Assembly, Tom is retiring at the end of this year. But for many years, he has worked as a quiet, effective assemblyman, playing a central role in the most important issues confronting California, chief among them budget, education reform, agriculture, and transportation.

Tom Hannigan has been instrumental in easing the commuter crunch around Sacramento's transportation arteries, such as the Interstate 80 corridor. He has pushed for increased passenger train service between the State capital and the Bay Area.

Tom has also played a major role regarding California's largest industry—agriculture. He is the author of legislation strengthening the Williamson Act farm preservation law. His legislation also created the California Center for Cooperatives at UC-Davis, providing research and support for agricultural co-ops and other rural development initiatives.

Tom has deep roots in Solano County. He was first elected to the California Assembly in 1978 after years of active service at the local level—as a successful businessman, as mayor of Fairfield, and as chairman of the Solano County Board of Supervisors. In the assembly, among other positions, he served as Democratic Majority Leader.

He is a native Californian, born in Vallejo, and he stayed loyal to his State by attending college at Santa Clara University, receiving his degree in business administration. After college, Tom served his country as a U.S. Marine Corps officer and saw service in Vietnam.

It may not be an exaggeration to say that Tom was a successful assemblyman only because Fairfield is close enough to Sacramento for him to get home to his family every night. His commitment to his family always ranked

first on his priority list. Term limits may be forcing his retirement from the assembly, but perhaps not that much sooner than the strong call of grandchildren would have required.

Tom's retirement from the California Assembly is a real loss, not only for his constituents, but for the assembly and for California itself. He retires with a record of achievement for his district and his State. I wish him continued success, and I extend my congratulations to him, his wife Jan, and their children and grandchildren.

NATIONAL INVASIVE SPECIES ACT OF 1996

SPEECH OF

HON. BUD SHUSTER

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, October 4, 1996

Mr. SHUSTER. Mr. Speaker, last night the Senate passed H.R. 4283, the National Invasive Species Act of 1996, clearing the measure for the President. Given the process that unfolded, Members and others may find helpful a few remarks to clarify the bill's legislative history.

H.R. 4283 is the text of H.R. 3217—as passed the House on September 24, 1996—with four additional provisions requested by Senators from the Environment and Public Works Committee and the Commerce, Science, and Transportation Committee. These amendments modify the bill's safety exclusion and restriction on ballast water discharges into harbors, authorize research funding in Narragansett Bay, require a study of shoreside ballast water facilities, and clarify authority to fund regional research. The House passed H.R. 4283 on September 28, 1996.

This broadly supported, bipartisan legislation—introduced and championed by Representative STEVE LATOURETTE—builds upon the 1990 Act that addressed zebra mussels and other invasive species in the Great Lakes.

H.R. 4283 is national in scope, extending a voluntary, incentive-based approach to all coasts and regions at risk.

Whether you call them invasive, exotic, or nonindigenous, these species of plants, animals, and invertebrates can wreak havoc on infrastructure, commerce, recreation and tourism, and the environment.

H.R. 4283 coordinates agencies, research institutions, and others to prevent and control the introduction and spread of invasive species—primarily through voluntary ballast water exchange and management, education, and research.

The Transportation and Infrastructure Committee's report on H.R. 3217 (Rept. 104–815) provides a detailed description of the bill and our committee's intent.

For a description of the changes made to the reported bill, I would refer my colleagues to the floor debate on H.R. 3217 on September 24, 1996.

Finally, I would be remiss if I did not thank some of the Members and committees instrumental in moving this important legislation.

More than anyone else, Representative STEVE LATOURETTE is responsible for this bill and its movement through the House. He has worked with all interests to build broadly supported legislation. He has also worked closely

with his colleague from Ohio and in the other body, Senator GLENN, who worked on the 1990 law and S. 1660, the Senate version of the National Invasive Species Act of 1996.

Transportation and Infrastructure Committee members should also be congratulated for their efforts, particularly the ranking Democrat of the committee, JIM OBERSTAR, the chairman and ranking Democrat of the Water Resources and Environment Subcommittee, SHERRY BOEHLERT and ROBERT BORSKI, and the chairman and ranking Democrat of the Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Subcommittee, HOWARD COBLE and BOB CLEMENT.

Other committees have been helpful as well—particularly the Committees on Resources, Science, House Oversight, International Relations, National Security and Agriculture.

Senate colleagues, including the chairmen and members of the Environment and Public Works Committee and Commerce, Science, and Transportation Committee, should also be commended. Without their cooperation and help, we could not have crafted this legislation and shepherded it through Congress and to the President.

Mr. Speaker, I congratulate my colleagues in both Chambers for their efforts to enact the National Invasive Species Act of 1996. The bill is yet another example of the 104th Congress' efforts to protect the Nation's environment and water infrastructure.

PROTECT U.S. INTERESTS AND JOBS

HON. JOHN JOSEPH MOAKLEY

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, October 4, 1996

Mr. MOAKLEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commend a recent action taken by the Clinton administration on behalf of U.S. businesses and their thousands of employees in Massachusetts.

Earlier this year I wrote to USTR, to the Secretary of Commerce, and to the Secretary of State, urging decisive action to combat unfair trade practices by Argentina that keep United States products out of their marketplace. Argentina acted in direct violation of its obligations under the GATT and WTO-where it had committed to maintaining tariffs on footwear and apparel at no more than 35 percent. Even this level was quite high. In the U.S., import tariffs on footwear are in the 8 to 10 percent range. However, Argentina suddenly imposed footwear duties up to 150 percent, violating their agreements under the GATT and WTO. Ambassador Barshefsky has just announced that the U.S. is challenging these unfair duties by invoking the WTO section 301 dispute settlement mechanism. I applaud the administration's use of this initiative to protect U.S. interests and jobs.

In my district, for example, the Reebok company employs over 2,000 Massachusetts citizens in good family-wage jobs. For Reebok, as well as other major athletic footwear brands, the U.S. constitutes 50 percent of their market, while world-wide sales provide the other 50 percent. In this global economy, growth cannot occur if other nations close their markets to our exports. Doing so denies their own consumers access to U.S. products