

**SALUTING THE SONS OF ITALY,  
YORK LODGE #528: RECOGNIZING  
80 YEARS OF COMMUNITY SERV-  
ICE**

**HON. WILLIAM F. GOODLING**

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Saturday, September 28, 1996*

Mr. GOODLING. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the Sons of Italy in America's York Lodge No. 528. A pillar of the community in York, York Lodge No. 528 is celebrating 80 years of service to its community and concern for its fellow citizens.

The history of this organization goes back to the early part of the 20th century, when the lodge was founded. It was originally named the Camillo Benso Di Cavour Lodge in 1916. After being rechartered in 1935, the members transformed their group into a strong part of their community, an especially needed function in that period of economic distress and widespread hardship. In 1942, the Sons held a banquet to sell war bonds, and this event was so successful that people still talk of its accomplishments today.

In 1950, the membership renamed the lodge to York Lodge No. 528. At that time, the organization became even more involved in building the community of York, and to helping their fellow citizens. Among the organizations that have received the assistance of York Lodge No. 528 are the March of Dimes, York Hospital, the York County Historical Society, and the Muscular Dystrophy Association, to name a few.

The lodge has done much to commemorate the members' Italian heritage, and has done extraordinary work to help their fellow York Countians in many ways. From volunteering to help rebuild neighborhoods and historic buildings, to organizing a scholarship program for local students to help defray the costs of college, the Sons of Italy York Lodge No. 528 serves as an outstanding example of citizenship. The members, both current and over the past 80 years, have gone far beyond normal community service to become an indispensable part of York. I am proud to have these fine people as constituents, and highly commend their efforts to make their community a better place. Mr. Speaker, I ask that my colleagues join me in recognizing this momentous event, wishing the York Lodge No. 528 a happy 80th anniversary and many, many more.

**TRIBUTE TO TIMOTHY D.  
LEULIETTE**

**HON. SANDER M. LEVIN**

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Saturday, September 28, 1996*

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. Speaker, on November 6, 1996, the 1996 B'nai B'rith International Great American Traditions Award will be presented by B'nai B'rith Foundation of the United States to Timothy D. Leuliette.

Timothy Leuliette plays a leading role in American industry, as President and CEO of ITT Automotive. Under his leadership, that company has become a world leader in the design, production, and sales of high technology systems and components.

The award recognizes that as absorbing as has been Mr. Leuliette's responsibilities in the corporate world, he has found time to apply his talents and dedication to the community at large. His efforts reflect his concerns about our Nation's children, as witnessed by his activities with Boy Scouts of America and the Children's center, about our Nation's health, as seen in his work with the Leukemia Society of America, the Hospice of Southeastern Michigan and the Arthritis Foundation, and about the employment and training of the next generation, as found in his work with Junior Achievement and Detroit Renaissance.

The roster of the Honorary Committee for the dinner exemplifies the deep respect with which Tim Leuliette is held. It cuts across virtually all community lines—economic, regional, religious, and political. It is my privilege to have come to know Timothy Leuliette and to join in paying tribute to him and to his community endeavors.

**IN HONOR OF REV. NICHOLAS  
FEDETZ ON HIS 50TH WEDDING  
ANNIVERSARY AND THE 50TH  
ANNIVERSARY OF HIS ORDINA-  
TION**

**HON. ROBERT MENENDEZ**

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Saturday, September 28, 1996*

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a dedicated man of God and a loving husband, the Rev. Nicholas Andrew Fedetz for his esteemed service to the community. Friends, parishioners, community and religious leaders will join Father Nicholas in celebrating his 50th wedding anniversary and the 50th anniversary of his ordination on Sunday, October 27, 1996. This commemorative celebration, hosted by the church committee and parishioners of Sts. Peter and Paul Russian Orthodox Greek Catholic Church, will be held at the Hi-Hat Caterers in Bayonne.

Born on April 17, 1923, Father Nicholas, who is a graduate of Columbia University, attended St. Vladimir's Orthodox Theological Seminary in Crestwood, NY. Shortly thereafter, on July 7, 1946, Father Nicholas was ordained at a cathedral in New York City. He began his public ministry by spreading the word of God throughout the country, before finally settling down in Bayonne, NJ. Father Nicholas has served Sts. Peter and Paul Russian Orthodox Greek Catholic Church with much dignity and respect. He is unquestionably a man committed to helping the people through service to God.

The son of the late Archpriest Andrew Fedetz and Mrs. Mary Fedetz, Father Nicholas married the former Geraldine Schevchuk in June 1946. Their joyful union of 50 years produced two lovely children, Kyra and Tais. Mrs. Fedetz is the daughter of Mrs. Eva Svehchuk Archpriest Theodot, who served parishes in Maryland and Pennsylvania for over 50 years.

The parishioners of Father Fedetz's church are part of the more than 900,000 descendants of the southern Poland area in the Galicia region. They are a hard-working, family-loving people who had dreams of a bounteous America and built foundations under those dreams with their bare hands to create a better place for future generations. Father Fedetz through

his sterling leadership, has molded the lives of all his parishioners into the greatness of America. They have become an intricate part of the beautiful mosaic that represents the 13th congressional district.

I ask that my colleagues join me in honoring Father Fedetz on the anniversary of both his wedding and ordination. For 50 years, he has selflessly dedicated himself to his beautiful wife and his parish. Father Nicholas is a man revered by all and loved by his colleagues, parishioners, and friends.

**HONORING TEUTOPOLIS COMMU-  
NITY SCHOOL DISTRICT UNIT NO.  
50**

**HON. GLENN POSHARD**

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Saturday, September 28, 1996*

Mr. POSHARD. Mr. Speaker, I rise to honor Teutopolis Community School District Unit No. 50, Teutopolis, IL, located in my congressional district, for having been ranked by the Illinois Tax Foundation as being among the top school districts in the State of Illinois.

The Illinois Tax Foundation, a nonpartisan organization, analyzed the standardized test performance of each Illinois school district for the years 1993–1995. Each district was compared with similar Illinois districts, based on the percentage of low-income students in all districts. Despite the fact that this school district has a very high enrollment of low-income students its academic performance far surpassed larger school districts with a high enrollment of upper income students.

This is a tribute to the outstanding leadership of the school officials and the dedication and deep commitment of the teachers to providing their students with the best education possible. I commend them for their invaluable contribution to ensuring our children become productive members of society and extend my congratulations to all of them for their remarkable achievement.

**RECOGNITION OF CAMP WILLIAM  
PENN INTERPRETIVE CENTER  
AND EMANCIPATION PROCLAMA-  
TION MUSEUM**

**HON. JON D. FOX**

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Saturday, September 28, 1996*

Mr. FOX of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise with pride today to call attention to the development of the Camp William Penn Interpretive Museum and Emancipation Proclamation Memorial in the Thirteenth District of Pennsylvania. This morning I attended the celebration sponsored by the Citizens for Restoration of Historic LaMott with the purpose of expressing my personal commitment to further the establishment of both the museum and the memorial.

LaMott, PA has long been a community that deserves to both celebrate its accomplishments, to reflect upon its proud past and to look to the future with great optimism. It has long championed for equal rights for all citizens regardless of race, sex, nationality, ethnicity, or religious preference.

Once known as Camp Town, LaMott was the home to Camp William Penn and 11 black regiments. These regiments were the first authorized Federal black soldiers trained to fight who were legally recognized as able to sell their labor. They were part of the original forces of the U.S. Army and were considered some of the best soldiers in the Army.

This was best illustrated by Maj. Gen. Benjamin Butler in his comments on October 11, 1864 when he stated: "Better men were never led, better officers were never led by better men \* \* \* These troops \* \* \* bring honor to the American Army."

In addition, or perhaps as a result, the First Federal U.S. Army Noncommissioned Negro Officers' School was established here in 1864.

LaMott was the location for the first use of a Doctrine of Equal Rights on September 1, 1863. It was also the site of the first filed U.S. Public Accommodation case for the right of African-Americans to ride inside public street cars in 1864. The rule granting the right was in 1867.

LaMott was also home to many notable abolitionists who lived and worked in and around Camp Town. Included in this list are Lucretia Mott, Harriett Tubman, Frederick Douglass, Jay Cooke, Ephraim Barker, Edwin Stanton, and Edward Davis.

After the war, Camp Town—or LaMott, as we know it—continued to serve as a shining example to the rest of the Nation of a community dedicated to racial quality. Lucretia Mott and her brother-in-law, Edward M. Davis, were known primarily for their heroic activities to end slavery and for their leadership in the Underground Railroad. They continued their fine work by helping black families, many of whom were former slaves to settle in and become part of the peaceful, cohesive, and productive community of LaMott.

As evidenced by the tremendous expression of public support this morning, I know that this is a community that is still dedicated to helping each American to fulfill his or her individual potential. I was honored to share in today's special LaMott Day Celebration and to extend my best wishes for the continued success of the Camp William Penn Interpretive Center and the Emancipation Proclamation Museum.

Finally, I wish to express my special congratulations to the organization's Executive Director Perry Triplett for his vision, dedication, and compassion.

#### FOUR MORE YEARS? HERE ARE 40 REASONS TO SAY NO

SPEECH OF

HON. ROBERT K. DORNAN

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, September 27, 1996

Mr. DORNAN. Mr. Speaker, I submit the following article, written by Jeff Jacoby, for insertion into the RECORD:

[From the Boston Globe, Sept. 27, 1996]

FOUR MORE YEARS? HERE ARE 40 REASONS TO SAY NO

[By Jeff Jacoby]

Bill and Hillary Clinton want to extend their grip on the Executive Branch for four more years. I can give you 40 reasons to turn them down. In no particular order:

1. Joycelyn Elders.

2. According to the General Accounting Office, ethics investigations of the Clintons and their aides are costing taxpayers more than \$1 million per month.

3. Eighty-six men, women, and children died in Waco, Tex., after the FBI used grenade launchers to mount a CS gas attack on their compound.

4. "100,000 more police on the streets." Seen them yet?

5. "A tax cut for the middle class." Seen it yet?

6. Clinton went on national television and answered questions about his underwear.

7. The candidate: "We're going to end welfare as we know it." The President: Vetoes two welfare-reform bills before finally, reluctantly, signing a third.

8. His pet scheme—AmeriCorps—pays college-age "volunteers" more than \$7 an hour.

9. Webster Hubbell.

10. "Clinton's an unusually good liar. Unusually good. Do you realize that?"—Democratic U.S. Sen. (and Medal of Honor recipient) Bob Kerrey of Nebraska.

30. Sent Jimmy Carter to cut a deal with the North Koreans: We agreed to give Pyongyang free oil, two free nuclear reactors, diplomatic ties and increased trade—and Pyongyang agreed to dismantle its bomb making facilities in 10 years.

31. The Clinton tax increase on Social Security recipients hit 5.5 million retirees.

32. At the first sign of controversy, he walked away from Zoe Baird.

33. And from Kimba Wood.

34. And from Lani Guinier.

35. He chose to celebrate the 50th anniversary of V-E Day in Moscow—Berlin's ally in invading Poland and starting World War II.

36. "The Arkansas state troopers said they were often called upon to act as intermediaries to arrange and conceal Clinton's extramarital encounters. They say they frequently picked up and delivered gifts from Clinton to various women, and often drove Clinton . . . to meetings with women. 'We were more than bodyguards. We had to lie, cheat and cover up for that man,' said Larry G. Patterson, a 26-year veteran state trooper"—Los Angeles Times, Dec. 21, 1993.

37. Hazel O'Leary.

38. Key Clinton adviser on "family values": Dick Morris.

39. The candidate: "We should not reward China with improved trade status when it has . . . failed to make sufficient progress on human rights since the Tiananmen Square massacre." The President: "I am moving, therefore, to delink human rights from the annual extension of most-favored-nation trading status."

40. Clinton argued in court that Paula Jones's sexual harassment lawsuit should be postponed until he leaves office because he is on "active duty" as commander in chief.

There. Forty reasons to turn out the Clintons, and I didn't even get to Warren Christopher. Did I omit your favorite grounds for chanting "No More Years"? Just send them to me in care of the Boston Globe (jacoby@globe.com) or Box 2378, Boston, MA 02107. I'll supply another Top 40 list before the election.

11. The candidate: "I think President Bush played racial politics with the Haitian refugees. I wouldn't be shipping those poor people back." The President: "The practice of returning those who fled Haiti by boat will continue. . . . Those who do leave Haiti . . . will be stopped and directly returned by the U.S. Coast Guard."

12. His "Cabinet that looks like America" contained 14 lawyers and 10 millionaires.

13. Hillary's 1,342-page health care "reform" would have created 33 new federal agencies and 200 regional alliances, added \$70 billion to the federal budget deficit—and

taken away your right to choose your own doctor.

14. Terrorists at the White House I: Yasser Arafat.

15. Terrorists at the White House II: Gerry Adams.

16. George Bush was right: Clinton did turn the White House into the waffle house.

17. The candidate: "Bush hasn't fought a real war on crime and drugs. I will." The President: Slashed the Office of National Drug Control Policy; teen-age drug use doubled from 1992 to 1995.

18. First priority of his first week in office: gays in the military.

19. Hiked the tax on gasoline to its highest rate ever.

20. Shut down two of the four runways at Los Angeles International Airport so he could have his hair cut aboard Air Force One by Cristophe of Beverly Hills.

21. Cristophe's going rate: \$200 per haircut.

22. George Stephanopoulos's explanation: "The President has to get his hair cut like everybody else."

23. Average per-capita federal tax burden, 1992: \$4,153. 1996: \$5,225. Increase: 25.8%.

24. Craig Livingstone.

25. Clinton calls the Defense of Marriage Act "gay baiting, pure and simple"—and promises to sign it.

26. Midnight basketball: Your Federal tax dollars at work.

27. Hillary's chats with Eleanor Roosevelt.

28. Clinton's 1996 budget proposal forecast \$200-billion-plus deficits for the next seven years.

29. "North Korea cannot be allowed to develop a nuclear bomb"—Clinton Administration, November 1993. "North Korea already has as many as two nuclear bombs and is continuing to develop atomic weapons"—Clinton Administration, April 1994.

#### TRIBUTE TO MICHAEL AND CONNIE COLLIER

HON. BILL BAKER

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Saturday, September 28, 1996

Mr. BAKER of California. Mr. Speaker, Michael and Connie Collier are a remarkable couple in the community of Lafayette, CA, who recently were named Lafayette's Citizens of the Year for 1996.

The Colliers are a living testament to the value of voluntarism and commitment to community. Michael, a commercial architect, has been instrumental in enhancing the quality of life for all East Bay residents as a member of Lafayette's Design Review Commission and also the city's Planning Commission. In 1990, he joined the Parkland Blue Ribbon Task Force and is currently president of the Lafayette Community Parklands Foundation. The foundation has raised \$115,000 for parks in Lafayette and most recently was instrumental in developing the new 68-acre Lafayette Park.

Connie's service is no less outstanding. Currently the fundraising chair for the Lafayette Arts and Sciences Foundation, an education-oriented outreach designed to enhance the quality of youth education, she has helped raise \$120,000 for local schools through the sale of the "Lafayette Cookbook Collection", which recently was reprinted. Connie's winning the Citizen of the Year honor is also something of a family tradition. Her father, Ed Stokes, was given the same award for his own fine civic work in 1976.