

343) to reform the regulatory process, and for other purposes; as follows:

(a) On page 27, line 13, strike "subsection" and insert "subsections"; and (b) on page 27, line 13, after "(c)", insert "and (e)"; and (c) on page 30, before line 10, insert the following:

"(e) REVIEW OF RULES AFFECTING SMALL BUSINESSES.—(1) Notwithstanding subsection (a)(1), any rule designated for review by the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration with the concurrence of the Administrator for the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, or designated for review solely by the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, shall be included on the next-published subsection (b)(1) schedule for the agency that promulgated it.

"(2) In selecting rules to designate for review, the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration and the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs shall, in consultation with small businesses and representatives thereof, consider the extent to which a rule subject to sections 603 and 604 of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, or any other rule meets the criteria set forth in paragraph (a)(2).

"(3) If the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs chooses not to concur with the decision of the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration to designate a rule for review, the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Register the reasons therefor.

Redesignate subsequent subsections accordingly.

NUNN (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT NO. 1491

Mr. NUNN (for himself, Mr. COVERDELL, and Mr. INHOFE) proposed an amendment to the amendment No. 1487 proposed by Mr. DOLE to the bill S. 343, supra; as follows:

On page 14, line 10, strike out "or".

On page 14, line 16, add "or" after the semicolon.

On page 14, insert between lines 16 and 17 the following new subparagraph:

"(C) any rule or set of closely related rules, not determined to be a major rule pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B) that the agency proposing the rule determines will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses, pursuant to subchapter I;

On page 39, line 22, strike out "and".

On page 39, line 24, strike out the period and insert in lieu thereof a semicolon and "and".

On page 39, add after line 24 the following new subparagraph:

"(C) an agency certification that a rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities pursuant to section 605(b).

On page 40, line 5, insert "and section 611" after "subsection".

On page 68, strike out all beginning with line 9 through line 11 and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"(A) include in the final regulatory flexibility analysis a determination, with the accompanying factual findings supporting such determination, of why the criteria in paragraph (2) were not satisfied; and

On page 72, insert between lines 14 and 15 the following new subsection:

(e) AMENDMENTS TO THE REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ACT.—

(1) IMPROVING AGENCY CERTIFICATIONS REGARDING NONAPPLICABILITY OF THE REGU-

LATORY FLEXIBILITY ACT.—Section 605(b), of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Sections 603 and 604 of this title shall not apply to any rule if the head of the agency certifies that the rule will not, if promulgated, have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. If the head of the agency makes a certification under the preceding sentence, the agency shall publish such certification, along with a succinct statement providing the factual reasons for such certification, in the Federal Register along with the general notice of proposed rulemaking for the rule. The agency shall provide such certification and statement to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration."

(2) TECHNICAL AND CLARIFYING AMENDMENTS.—Section 612 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in subsection (a) by striking "the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Select Committee on Small Business of the Senate, and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives" and inserting "the Committees on the Judiciary and Small Business of the Senate and House of Representatives"; and

(B) in subsection (b) by striking "his views with respect to the effect of the rule on small entities" and inserting "views on the rule and its effects on small entities".

On page 72, line 15, strike out "(e)" and insert in lieu thereof "(f)".

NOTICES OF HEARING

COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Mr. MCCAIN. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs will be holding a hearing on Thursday, July 13, 1995, beginning at 9:30 a.m., in room 485 of the Russell Senate Office Building on S. 479, a bill to provide for administrative procedures to extend Federal recognition to certain groups.

Those wishing additional information should contact the Committee on Indian Affairs at 224-2251.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the information of the Senate and the public that a hearing before the Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations of the Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee has been scheduled for Tuesday, July 18, 1995, at 2:30 p.m. The purpose of the hearing is to examine first amendment activities, including sales of message-bearing merchandise, on public lands managed by the National Park Service and the U.S. Forest Service.

The hearing will be held in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building in Washington, DC.

Those wishing to testify or who wish to submit written statements should write to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC 20510. For further information, please contact Kelly Johnson or Jo Meuse at (202) 224-6730.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

ROTH AMENDMENT NO. 1444 TO S. 440, THE FEDERAL HIGHWAY BILL

• Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I wish to ask the distinguished Senator from Delaware if he would describe the impact on Alaska of the adoption of his amendment No. 1444 to the Federal highway bill, S. 440?

Mr. ROTH. I would be pleased to do so, as I know of the considerable interest of the Senator from Alaska in continuing to see to it that the Alaska Railroad remains one of the premier transportation systems for Alaska. The adoption of amendment No. 1444 authorizes any State that does not have Amtrak service as of the legislation's enactment date, to use the mass transit account of the highway trust fund for capital improvements to, and operating support for, intercity passenger rail service. This means that congestion, mitigation, and air quality funds, as well as Surface Transportation Program funds will be eligible for the State of Alaska to use for its State railroad.

Mr. STEVENS. I thank my good friend for spelling out the details of the impact of this amendment. It will come as good news for the Alaska Railroad Corporation as well as the people of Alaska who rely heavily on this unique rail system. •

SALUTE TO THE SPECIAL OLYMPICS

• Mr. DODD. Mr. President, now that the Special Olympics World Games have come to a close, I rise to again thank those who made this remarkable event possible. As my colleagues know, these games were held July 1-9 in New Haven, CT. This tremendous competition brought the world to Connecticut, and I want to take this opportunity to acknowledge some of the individuals who made it possible.

Were it not for the dreams and vision of Eunice Kennedy Shriver, the Special Olympics would not exist. This outstanding organization has flourished since she launched it, and it has left an extraordinary mark on the athletes, their families, their coaches and friends. I applaud Eunice, her husband, Sarge Shriver, and all the members of their family who have given so much to the Special Olympics throughout the years.

In New Haven, we were fortunate to have a member of the Shriver family at the helm of the 1995 World Games. I congratulate Tim Shriver on a job well done. The success of these games is due in large part to his hard work, dedication and leadership. I know Tim would agree, however, that this great success would not have been possible without the help and support of Chairman Lowell Weicker, the Special Olympics staff, the hundreds of volunteers and the cooperation and support of the New Haven community. I thank Mayor

John Destefano and all the residents of New Haven for contributing in so many ways to this important event.

Cities and towns across Connecticut were fortunate to serve as host communities for delegations from each of the participating countries. This host program enabled families throughout the state to open their homes and their hearts to our visitors from abroad. This program proved invaluable for the hosts and the guests as cultures were commingled, traditions were shared and lifelong friendships were forged. I thank each of the communities and families that offered their hospitality to the world.

As with any event of this scale, the Special Olympics required significant financial support. I am proud to commend the many companies in Connecticut and throughout the country that donated hours of work and millions of dollars as corporate sponsors of these World Games.

Most importantly though, I want to recognize the athletes who competed in the Special Olympics. That is what these games are all about. From bowling to bocce, soccer to tennis, aquatics to equestrian sports, athletes from across the world came together to demonstrate their strength, dedication and skill. The athletic abilities of these individuals are tremendous, and their ability to overcome obstacles to make it to New Haven is even more awesome.

Indeed it is inspiring to see what each of these individuals has accomplished. It is the athletes, friends, families and the coaches who dedicated themselves to this competition who deserve our highest commendation. Their enthusiasm and spirit was infectious, and we sincerely thank them for sharing their talent with us during these Olympic Games.

All the athletes came together during the opening ceremonies, one of the most memorable parts of these games. I will always remember the proud contingents of athletes from throughout the world entering the Yale Bowl to open the Olympics. They were greeted by the President of the United States and leaders of countries from El Salvador to Botswana and beyond. This spectacular event signaled the start of the World Games and kicked off a week of serious athletic competition and fun.

The opening ceremonies also launched a week-long demonstration of the ability of the human spirit to soar. There are members of every community who live each day with mental retardation and disabilities. We stopped this week to hear them say: "Watch us. We can do great things. We can bring you together and show you our strengths."

It is a lesson that we are fortunate to have learned. It is a message we should hear loud and clear and one that we should continue to heed in all that we do. In closing, I urge each of you to remember the Special Olympics athletes' oath as you confront the challenges in your life: Let me win, but if I cannot win, let me be brave in the attempt.●

TAX CUTS WORK

● Mr. ABRAHAM. Mr. President, one of the most frequent questions asked during the debate over the budget resolution was why, in the face of large deficits, were Republicans insisting on tax cuts. The answer is simple: Tax cuts work. By allowing Americans to keep more of what they earn, tax cuts encourage economic growth, job creation, and an increase—not decrease—in revenues to the U.S. Treasury.

Following the Reagan tax cuts in 1981, we witnessed one of the longest economic expansions in the history of the United States. Over 20 million new jobs were created while revenues to the Treasury increased dramatically. Just as importantly, the benefits of the Reagan tax cuts were felt by Americans from all income classes—rich and poor.

Tax cuts enacted this year could achieve similar results. I am including a short article by Malcolm S. Forbes, Jr. which makes an eloquent case for reducing the burden on the American taxpayer. As Mr. Forbes makes clear, Republicans can, and should, cut taxes and balance the budget at the same time.

FACT AND COMMENT

MEMO TO THE GOP: THE 1980'S WORKED

(By Malcolm S. Forbes Jr.)

Republicans have accepted the notion that the 1980s were a big fiscal mistake, that Ronald Reagan was wrong to insist on tax cuts even in the face of congressional resistance to reducing spending.

Republicans are now in effect saying that no budget cuts mean no tax cuts. The GOP has it backwards. Properly structured tax reductions would trigger a robust economic expansion, as they did in the 1980s. They should be the center on which budget cuts are structured. Voters would thus see the GOP as the party of opportunity and growth, not as the party of austerity. Growth would also expand government revenues.

Reagan's much-criticized tax cuts were the principal catalyst of our longest peacetime expansion. Federal income tax receipts grew mightily. Even more impressive was the extraordinary surge in revenues of state and local governments. The federal deficits of the 1980s resulted from our unprecedented peacetime military buildup—which finally won the 40-year Cold War for us—and, more important, from Congress' inability to say no to domestic spending constituencies. If Republicans combine Reagan's pro-growth tax approach with their antispending proclivities, they will get credit for reviving the economy and curbing government.

Why should Republicans buy their opponents' bum raps about what actually happened when Reagan ruled?●

CASSANDRA JONES SELECTED AS EAST-WEST SOCCER AMBASSADOR

● Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, today, I would like to commend a very special young Tennessean for her selection as an East-West Soccer Ambassador, an all-star team of American youth soccer players ages 12 to 19. At 12 years of age, Cassandra Jones of Soddy Daisy is 1 of 15 nationally recruited players selected for this all-star team, and one of the youngest national stars to ever compete in this international program.

Cassie Jones was selected for the team based on her current soccer talent, her potential, and her ability to compete at the international youth soccer level. The program, originally founded in 1982, is a non-profit, national soccer club that has earned a national reputation as America's leader in athletic diplomacy and well-rounded play development.

A straight-A student at Soddy Daisy Middle School, Cassie's excellence on the soccer field is matched by her drive and determination in the classroom, as well as her interest in other extracurricular activities. In addition to soccer, she is involved in band activities, and enjoys reading and playing softball.

This month, Cassie and her Ambassador teammates will travel to northern Europe to represent the United States in a 2-week soccer tour of Scandinavia. Following a high-intensity training session in Denmark, the East-West Ambassadors will compete in the prestigious Gothia Cup tournament in Gothenburg, Sweden. The Gothia Cup pits more than 900 teams from 50 countries in its competition. From there, Cassie will return to Denmark for another major tournament, the Dana Cup in Hjørring.

Mr. President, I would like to take this opportunity to wish Cassie Jones the best of luck as she enters her first international competition and embarks on what could be a very promising soccer career. I am confident she will represent the State of Tennessee and the United States well, and I look forward to hearing more about her achievements, both on and off the soccer field, in the future.●

ORDERS FOR TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1995

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it stand in recess until the hour of 9 a.m. on Tuesday, July 11, 1995; that following the prayer, the Journal of proceedings be deemed approved to date, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and there then be a period for the transaction of morning business until the hour of 9:45 a.m., with Senators permitted to speak for up to 10 minutes each; further, that at the hour of 9:45 a.m. the Senate resume consideration of S. 343, the regulatory reform bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I further ask unanimous consent that the Senate stand in recess between the hours of 12:30 and 2:15 p.m. for the weekly policy luncheons to meet.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.