manpower limits, inadequate visitor facilities and the pattern of visitation. Yet recently, the Forest Service and the National Park Service have launched imaginative programs to reach more visitors with interpretation programs which add substantially to the quality of the experience. In both cases, the agencies work in partnership with private businesses serving visitors in the areas: resorts and campgrounds, AMTRAK, motorcoach tour operators and cruise lines serving Alaska. The results are exciting—and appreciated by the visitors.

More than 150,000 people each year are now treated to the majesty of Glacier Bay aboard cruise ships. Most of these visitors have the added advantage of special interpretive programs about the land and the bay and the diverse wildlife found here. Companies such as Holland American have entered into agreements with the National Park Service which provide for two NPS interpreters to be onboard the ships, holding regular seminars and answering questions. The cruise lines pay for this service and provide the facilities needed by the NPS, even helping to sell guidebooks and other items. The cruise ships allow hundreds of thousands of people to see areas like Glacier Bay without construction of the on-land facilities which would be required for normal visits. Everyone benefits!

The Forest Service has developed similar cooperative arrangements with hotels and resorts in the Pacific Northwest and with AMTRAK, putting a trained Forest Service interpreter on key trains in the West, for example. Again, private sector contributions offset the cost of the interpreter to the agency, and the private sector also provides the interpretation site eliminating the needed for federal outlays for construction.

### GREEK FOLK FESTIVAL

• Mr. SARBANES. Mr. President, I would like to call to the attention of our colleagues the Greek Folk Festival sponsored by St. Nicholas' Greek Orthodox Church this upcoming weekend. While this celebration is obviously enjoyed by parishioners of St. Nicholas, the entire community also relishes this wonderful festival. St. Nicholas is led by Father Manuel J. Burdusi, a man whom many applaud as a pastor who has developed a strong community within St. Nicholas, including a dynamic youth fellowship.

I would also like to bring to the attention of my colleagues that this festival contributes greatly to the preservation and enhancement of the historic culture of the Greek-American community. The Greek Folk Festival includes educational and cultural activities, live music and dancing, authentic Greek food and pastries, and most importantly, wholesome family entertainment. I would like to highlight an excellent article in today's Evening Sun newspaper by Jacques Kelly, highlighting the magnificent people that make this festival a superb event that is acclaimed year after year. Mr. President, I ask that the article be printed in the RECORD.

The article follows:

[From the Baltimore Evening Sun, June 8, 1995]

PRIEST HELPS HIGHLANDTOWN KEEP THE FAITH (By Jacques Kelly)

It seems that everybody in this part of East Baltimore knows "the priest."

He is the Rev. Manual J. Burdusi, the 33year-old pastor of St. Nicholas Greek Orthodox church, the spiritual home of many Highlandtown families.

Father Manual, as he is called, is the former altar boy who came back to his home parish wearing a cleric's black robes. He grew, up on Bonsal Street near Francis Scott Key Medical Center. His church is in the 500 block of S. Ponca St. He is one of the pivotal personalities here.

Part of the reason so many East Baltimore Greeks know Father Manual is that they watched him grow up.

As a 10-year-old, he assisted at the Divine Liturgy. Then he joined the choir. After his studies at Hellenic College and the Holy Cross School of Theology in Brookline, Mass., he returned to Baltimore. He was ordained in 1989 and named the church's pastor four years ago.

have always felt comfortable on the path that led me to the priesthood. It felt like home'' Father Manuel said.

He also kept things in the family by marrying a woman named Malama (Molly), who also sang in the choir. They have a son named Nicholas, the saint's name commemorated in the church.

One of the hardest things is to bury a person you've known so well in this neighborhood," he said one day this week.

The loss of a family member in this closeknit community is strictly observed. Many widows wear black after a husband dies. Families have memorial prayer services in the church 40 days after a death. This is often repeated six months later, then after a year, and on the third anniversary.

At funerals, the custom is to have the deceased in an open casket. Close family members kiss the corpse on the cheek. Others may kiss the hand or forehead or a religious

icon.
"The formal process of mourning is therapeutic. It helps with dealing with grief. It forces the family back into the life of the church," Father Manuel said.

The life of the church is often the life of this neighborhood. Witness the tremendous activity for this weekend's Greek Folk Festival sponsored by the church. From tomorrow through Sunday, Ponca Street will explode with people, music, food and dancing. It has become one of the city's most popular summer events.

Family ties, church and tradition all mix within this tight community.

Blocks of rowhouses branch off Eastern Avenue in this part of Highlandtown known to some as The Hill, to others Greek Town. Many immigrants from the Greek islands settled here in the 1960s and 1970s. With them came their own grocery stores, bakeries, places to sip strong coffee and talk, and restaurants.

Father Manuel's family, for example, came from an island that was controlled by Italy for some years. His surname, Burdusi, reflects this.

His parish has its origins in a little school established here in the late 1940s. It was torn down and the present church built in 1956. Today, it has 1,200 families on its mailing list. Of these, some 700 are active.

At times it is so busy, it feels like more," the pastor said. "When it gets very rushed I have to ask my wife, "Did we pay the bills this month?'

Father Manuel wears a beeper and is on call at all times.

"I don't want anybody to say they couldn't

get a call into a priest," he said.

It is not uncommon for his parishioners to walk to Sunday services. Some 575 of his families reside in the 21224 Zip Code. Another 120 live in Rosedale and 100 more in Dundalk. The parish has a large and vigorous youth organization that its pastor feels is the cornerstone of the community.

Throughout the festival, Father Manuel will be giving church tours—4 p.m. and 7 p.m. on Friday, 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. on Saturday and Sunday-during which he will explain the rich collection of Christian art here. Just this past Easter, the church unveiled a vibrant mural of Mary, the mother of Jesus, the Christ child and saints Basil, Gregory, Nicholas and John Chrysostom.

Father Manuel also answers questions about the elaborate religious ceremonies

When recently asked, for example, how much incense is used on a typical Sunday, the priest thought for a moment and quietly replied, "Ten tablespoons."

#### AMMUNITION CONTROL

• Mr. MOYNIHAN, Mr. President, as some Senators may know, I had intended to offer an amendment to the antiterrorism legislation to update the existing statute prohibiting the manufacture, sale, and importation of armor-piercing ammunition. amendment would have simply revised current law to cover new projectiles capable of penetrating the soft body armor worn by most law enforcement officers. However, as part of the agreement negotiated by the managers to permit completion of the bill yesterday, all amendments relating to firearms were dropped.

Senator BRADLEY and I planned to offer a separate amendment requiring development by the Department of the Treasury of uniform standards for the testing of armor-piercing ammunition. This is an important effort which I fully support, and I regret that we were not able to offer this amendment.

Unfortunately, the amendment by the Senator from New Jersey failed to address the more immediate danger presented by the presence today in stores nationwide of certain bullets capable of penetrating police body armor. I learned of this ammunition only last week from the FBI. It obviously poses a serious threat to law enforcement.

It has been well over a decade since I first introduced legislation to eliminate the armor-piercing bullets. I first became aware of problem in 1982, and with the help of the Patrolman's Benevolent Association of New York City, as well as other law enforcement groups, helped secure enactment in 1986 of the original statute banning socalled cop-killer bullets. In 1993, I secured passage of a provision in the crime bill, which became law in September 1994, to include in the definition of armor-piercing ammunition the Swedish-made M39B round. When I learned last week that other armorpiercing rounds exist which elude the ban, I immediately began work on an amendment to update the statute once

Unfortunately, I was not in a position to offer this amendment to S. 735. As I have said, amendments on this subject were not permitted under the unanimous consent agreement. Even if

such amendments had been permitted, however, we could not have proceeded without the cooperation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms. I had gone to some lengths to solicit support for this amendment from both the FBI and the BATF. I had sought to draft language that would ban the new armor-piercing rounds without affecting nonarmor-piercing or other legitimate sporting rounds that pose no threat to law enforcement. Despite repeated inquiries to the FBI and BATF. however, I had no response. The administration took the position on Monday that all amendments should be resisted, and that was that.

Mr. President, I regret that we were unable to proceed on the antiterrorism bill with my amendment to update the ban on armor-piercing ammunition. It is of great importance to the Nation's law enforcement officers. I hope we will be able to more forward on this matter in the near future.

## THE DEAN OF STATE PLANNERS DAN VARIN WILL SOON RETIRE

• Mr. PELL. Mr. President, Daniel W. Varin today announced his own plans for retirement, in one of the quietest, most unobtrusive ways imaginable, after more than 30 years of service directing the State of Rhode Island's planning effort.

Dan Varin, who has been acknowledged nationally a dean of State planning officials, announced his own plans quietly at the end of an otherwise ordinary State Planning Council meeting in Rhode Island, under the agenda item of "other business."

Throughout his 30 years, he has brought an unusual ability to his position. He perceives the implications of numbers, statistics, and trends, in a word, he has foresight. He has remained committed to a larger view of things, exercising his gift of seeing the interrelation of issues.

He has been a wonderful, dedicated proponent of comprehensive, areawide planning. He has looked to the future, and worked long hours. He has been available in crises, and brought a great knowledge of how governmental systems work to resolving vexing problems for State and local government.

In the winds of change, and squalls of politics, Dan Varin has been a steadying sail of calm reason. He has been a navigator of great value on a stormy sea.

He has an awesome knowledge of State and Federal programs, and those of us in the Federal Government are indebted to him. Much of what we do relies on State action to secure its realization. With Dan Varin's guidance, many things were done well in Rhode Island.

To say that my office and I will miss him deeply is an understatement. All that really can be said is, "Thank you, and best wishes for a truly well-earned retirement."●

# APPOINTMENT BY THE MINORITY LEADER

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair would like to make an announcement. The chair announces on behalf of the Democratic leader, pursuant to Public Law 101–509, his appointment of John C. Waugh, of Texas, to the Advisory Committee on the RECORDs of Congress.

# AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEE TO REPORT

Mr. PRESSLER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Finance Committee have until 6 p.m. on Friday, June 9, to file a report to accompany H.R. 4, the welfare reform bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## MEASURE INDEFINITELY POSTPONED—H.R. 830

Mr. PRESSLER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Calendar No. 23, H.R. 830, the Paperwork Reduction Act, be indefinitely postponed. The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ORDERS FOR FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1995

Mr. PRESSLER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it stand in recess until the hour of 9:15 a.m. on Friday, June 9, 1995; that following the prayer, the Journal of proceedings be deemed approved to date, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and the Senate then immediately resume consideration of S. 652, the telecommunications bill, with the Thurmond second-degree amendment to the Dorgan amendment pending.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### **PROGRAM**

Mr. PRESSLER. Mr. President, for the information of all Senators, the Senate will resume consideration of the telecommunications bill early tomorrow morning. Amendments are pending to the bill; therefore, Senators should expect rollcall votes during Friday's session of the Senate, possibly as early as 10 a.m.

### RECESS UNTIL 9:15 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. PRESSLER. Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate, I now ask unanimous consent that the Senate stand in recess under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 10:17 p.m., recessed until Friday, June 9, 1995, at 9:15 a.m.