

duty of Congress to control Federal spending.

The fiscal irresponsibility of Congress has created a Federal debt which stood at \$4,844,512,611,537.49 as of the close of business Wednesday, March 22. Averaged out, every man, woman, and child in America owes a share of this massive debt, and that per capita share is \$18,389.85.

DR. CLAIRE LOUISE CAUDILL NAMED "COUNTRY DOCTOR OF THE YEAR"

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I rise today to pay tribute to a remarkable Kentuckian who has been named 1994/95 "Country Doctor of the Year." Dr. Claire Louise Caudill of Rowan County, KY, has unselfishly dedicated herself to the medical profession and the citizens of Rowan County for 46 years.

Dr. Caudill was one of two women to graduate from the University of Louisville Medical School in 1946. Since that time, she has devoted herself to ensuring that proper medical attention was given in her county. She and her faithful nurse assistant, Susie Halbieb, often went above and beyond the call of duty. The two trudged through streams and down impassible country roads to provide care to people. In 1957, Dr. Caudill and nurse Susie opened a maternity clinic in Morehead and delivered about 600 babies a year.

Dr. Caudill's clinic was essential to Rowan County, as the next closest facility was over 70 miles away. Her practice was largely comprised of Medicare/Medicaid patients in one of the nation's poorest areas. She only required payment if the patient could afford it.

She made the dream of a proper medical facility a reality when she initiated fundraising to build a hospital. She spearheaded the effort to raise over \$250,000 and then sought the assistance of the Sisters of Notre Dame to assist with funding, management, and staffing. The hospital was built in the 1960's and was duly named the St. Claire Medical Center. The hospital has since emerged as a noted regional facility. It is equipped with a cancer treatment center, a maternity center, a hospice, and a home health care department.

Dr. Caudill has been responsible for delivering over 8,000 babies in her lifetime. Although she no longer delivers babies, she still sees around 20 patients a day. Dr. Caudill is a credit to her community and the medical profession. Mr. President, I ask the Chamber to join me in paying tribute to Claire Louise Caudill, MD, Country Doctor of the Year. Her commitment to the welfare of her community continues to be an example for us all.

TRIBUTE TO HENRY WARD JANDL

Mr. JOHNSTON. Mr. President, I rise today to report to the Senate the sad news of the loss of one of our Nation's

preeminent historic preservation professionals, Henry Ward Jandl, who died unexpectedly on Saturday, March 18, at George Washington University Hospital.

I came to know and respect Ward Jandl's fine work through many years of involvement in historic preservation legislation through the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources as well as through my own personal interest, and that of my wife Mary, in historic preservation in Louisiana.

Ward Jandl graduated from the Hotchkiss School in 1964 and Yale University in 1968. He spent 2 years in the Peace Corps teaching English in Ankara, Turkey. In 1971, he received a Graduate Certificate in Historic Preservation from Columbia University while working at the New York Public Library.

A resident of the District of Columbia since 1974, Ward's entire professional career was spent in the U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service. He began as an architectural historian at the National Register of Historic Places. At the time of his death, he was Chief Appeals Officer, Cultural Resources, and Deputy Chief, Preservation Division.

For his dedicated service to historic preservation, Ward received several honors from the Department of the Interior. In addition to being a valued policymaker, Ward coauthored two books: *Houses by Mail: A Guide to Houses from Sears, Roebuck and Co.*, in 1986, and *Yesterday's Houses of Tomorrow: Innovative Homes: 1850-1950*, in 1991.

Mr. President, Ward Henry Jandl accomplished many things in his relatively brief, but filled career and has left a legacy for our Nation to follow as we attempt to preserve our past in preparation for brighter days ahead. I hope this legacy will help ease the loss of his passing for his father, Henry Anthony Jandl of Richmond, VA, and his sister, Margaret Marie Jandl of Cambridge, MA, to whom I extend my most sincere condolences.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mr. Thomas, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 2:08 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by

Ms. Goetz, one of its reading clerks, announced that pursuant to the provisions of Public Law 96-388, as amended by Public Law 97-84 (36 United States Code 1402(a)), the Speaker appoints the following Members on the part of the House to serve as members of the United States Holocaust Memorial Council: Mr. GILMAN, Mr. REGULA, Mr. LATOURETTE, Mr. LANTOS, and Mr. YATES.

MEASURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR

The following bill was read the second time and placed on the calendar:

H.R. 1158. An act making emergency supplemental appropriations for additional disaster assistance and making rescissions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1995, and for other purposes.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS

The following petitions and memorials were laid before the Senate and were referred or ordered to lie on the table as indicated:

POM-35. A concurrent resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of West Virginia; ordered to lie on the table.

"SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 16

"Whereas, the constitution of the United States of America is the most perfect example of a contract between a people and their government; and

"Whereas, the congress of the United States is currently considering an amendment to the constitution, known as the "Balanced Budget Amendment"; and

"Whereas, the House of Representatives has already approved its version of such a balanced budget amendment; and

"Whereas, the House of Representatives approved its version without obtaining a projection of how it would be implemented; and

"Whereas, the House of Representatives rejected a version of the balanced budget amendment, offered by Representative Bob Wise of West Virginia, that would have protected against cuts in social security and would have allowed for both a capital and operating budget; and

"Whereas, the proposal for a balanced budget amendment is now under active consideration in the United States Senate; and

"Whereas, United States Senators Robert C. Byrd and John D. Rockefeller IV of West Virginia have called for a 'right to know' provision so that the senators would know before they vote how a balanced budget would be achieved; and

"Whereas, the treasury department of the United States has projected that a balanced budget amendment implemented by across-the-board cuts would reduce federal grants to West Virginia state government by \$765 million, requiring the Legislature to increase state taxes to compensate for such losses or eliminate the programs and services currently provided to our citizens by federal funds; and

"Whereas, many citizens of West Virginia would likely suffer from cuts imposed to meet the requirements of the proposed balanced budget amendment, including thousands of our citizens who receive social security, veterans benefits, medicare, medicaid and other essential benefits; and

"Whereas, through the efforts of Senator Robert C. Byrd and other members of our congressional delegation appropriations have been made for numerous projects in West Virginia, including completion of the Appalachian corridor highway system, relocation of the federal bureau of investigation center to West Virginia and a myriad of other projects; and

"Whereas, these benefits and projects are vital to the economic development and well being of the people of our state and deserve to be protected if the constitution is amended to require a balanced budget; and

"Whereas, West Virginia receives \$1.45 in federal benefits for each dollar in federal taxes; and

"Whereas, on a per capita basis, each man, woman and child receives approximately \$2,000 more in benefits from the federal government than he or she pays in federal taxes; and

"Whereas, a proposal to balance the federal budget by returning the programs to the states would mean that West Virginia would be required to either raise its taxes by \$2,000 dollars for each man, woman and child or eliminate the programs and services currently provided to our citizens by federal funds; and

"Whereas, the balanced budget amendment would be submitted to the Legislature for ratification if approved by the congress; and

"Whereas, this Legislature will be unable to establish its own budget without knowing what reductions will be made by the congress to effect the balanced budget amendment; and

"Whereas, this Legislature therefore has a right to know what effect the proposed balanced budget amendment would have on state government, but more importantly, on the people of our state; Now, therefore, be it

"Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, That the Legislature recognize that a balanced federal budget is a desirable objective; and, be it

"Further resolved, That the Legislature commends the president and the congress for their efforts toward this objective by supporting and enacting legislation that will result in the reduction of the federal deficit for three years in a row; and, be it

"Further resolved, That the Legislature will be asked to vote for ratification of a balanced budget amendment to the constitution if such a measure is submitted to the states by the congress; and, be it

"Further resolved, That the Legislature, acting on behalf of the citizens of West Virginia in deciding whether to ratify such an amendment, is entitled to be fully informed of its consequences on our people; and, be it

"Further resolved, That the congress is hereby urged to submit such an amendment to the states for ratification only if congress provides a detailed projection of what reductions will be made in the federal budget and how these will affect the government and people of West Virginia, including but not limited to, the effect on social security benefits, veterans benefits, medicare, medicaid, education, highway moneys, including completion of the Appalachian corridor system, and other programs necessary for the health and well-being of the people of our state; and, be it

"Further resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate is hereby requested to forward a copy of this resolution to the president of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and each member of the West Virginia congressional delegation."

POM—36. A resolution adopted by the Cooperative Agricultural Bargaining and Marketing Associations relative to the USDA; to

the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

POM—37. A resolution adopted by the Agricultural Bargaining Council relative to the USDA; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

POM—38. a resolution adopted by the Senate of the Legislature of the State of California; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 9

"Whereas, the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) announced in the Federal Register on November 15, 1994, that the government of Mexico has requested that the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) allows the importation into certain areas of the United States of fresh Hass avocado fruit grown in approved orchards in approved municipalities in Michoacan, Mexico; and

"Whereas, in response, APHIS has held two public meetings, one in Florida and one in California, for the purpose of receiving public comment prior to deciding whether to publish a proposed rule in the Federal Register that would allow the importation of avocados as requested by the Mexican government; and

"Whereas, the request of the Mexican government would require that the USDA substantially modify its current policy relating to pest quarantine, which has served to protect United States agriculture from the threat of pest infestation by the full array of injurious pest species known to exist in Mexico; and

"Whereas, the negative economic impact resulting from the presence of these exotic pests in California would be devastating to a wide spectrum of California agriculture, including apples, apricots, avocados, citrus, and pears; and

"Whereas, a programmatic environmental impact report prepared by the California Department of Food and Agriculture in June 1993, states that a Mexican fruitfly infestation in California would cause increased cost to the private sector totaling \$124.4 million and lead to the use of as much as 5,560,000 pounds of pesticide; and

"Whereas, an eradication of a fruitfly infestation often requires intensive ground and aerial spraying of urban areas; and

"Whereas, in 1989, Mediterranean fruitfly, melon fruitfly, and oriental fruitfly cost the agricultural industry \$300 million in lost markets and \$5.4 million in damaged produce and postharvest treatments; and

"Whereas, California and the federal government have spent more than \$500 million since 1975 in their continuing effort to eradicate exotic pests in California; and

"Whereas, California has recently announced that pest discoveries increased 195 percent over 1993, and there is a significant increase in prohibited fruit discoveries in violation of domestic quarantines; and

"Whereas, the USDA announced in July 1994, that it had imposed a hiring freeze; and

"Whereas, the scientific data submitted by Mexico—a research study and pest survey data—to support its request—lacks scientific integrity and ignores the fact that virtually every quarantine pest known to infest Hass avocados has been detected during border interceptions at El Paso, Texas; and

"Whereas, these quarantine pests are the same species that Mexico claims to have eradicated in Michoacan and are the very ones upon which the current USDA pest quarantine is based; and

"Whereas, the proposed modification of the USDA pest quarantine makes no provision for costs incurred by federal and state governments and by the California agricultural industry if a pest infestation occurs as a re-

sult of a modified quarantine; now, therefore, be it

"Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, That the request by the Mexican government that the United States permit the importation of fresh Hass avocado fruit grown in Michoacan, Mexico into this country be denied due to a lack of valid scientific data; and be it further

"Resolved, That the USDA consider no further proposals of this nature unless the request contains all of the following: (1) baseline information on the seasonal abundance, geographical distribution, and biology of all of the quarantine pests known to infest Mexican avocados, and a declaration that that information has been collected and analyzed by scientists representing the USDA and Mexican and Californian agricultural interests; (2) laboratory and field studies that conclusively establish the host susceptibility of Hass avocados to fruitfly infestation through scientifically credible and reproducible data; (3) an identification of definite areas and districts free from injurious, quarantined pests known to attack Hass avocados; (4) a showing that scientifically valid pest surveys have been conducted in these definite areas over a minimum period of 12 months with oversight by the USDA, the Mexican government, and private sector entomologists and that those survey results are negative; and (5) proof that the Mexican government has adopted and enforced regulations that will prevent the introduction of quarantined pests into any of the designated areas that form the pest-free zones; and be it further

"Resolved, That the burden of alleviating risks associated with the shipment of pest infested Mexican avocados into the United States should remain with Mexico and the United States should not assume this burden; and be it further

"Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the President and Vice President of the United States, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to each Senator and Representative from California, Arizona, Florida, and Texas in the Congress of the United States, and to the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture."

EXECUTIVE REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following executive report of a committee was reported on March 22, 1995:

By Mr. HELMS, from the Committee on Foreign Relations:

Treaty Doc. 103-25 Treaty Convention on Conventional Weapons (Exec. Rept. 104-1).

TEXT OF THE COMMITTEE-RECOMMENDED RESOLUTION OF ADVICE AND CONSENT

Resolved (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein), That (a) the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the following Convention and two accompanying Protocols, concluded at Geneva on October 10, 1980 (contained in Treaty Document 103-25), subject to the conditions of subsections (b) and (c):

(1) The Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed To Be Excessively Injurious or To Have Indiscriminate Effects (in this resolution referred to as the "Convention").

(2) The Protocol on Non-Detectable Fragments (in this resolution referred to as "Protocol I").

(3) The Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps