

Haleyville City Hall, to United States Representative Tom Bevill of Jasper, Alabama, at the Haleyville Police Department;

Whereas the historic first call began service that now serves the entire United States and has saved thousands of lives during the past 27 years; and

Whereas numerous men and women in the Haleyville area have conscientiously answered thousands of emergency phone calls during the past 27 years and have provided fast assistance as well as needed assurance to victims of accidents, crime, and illness: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the President is requested to issue a proclamation designating February 16, 1995, as "Haleyville, Alabama, Emergency 911 Day" and calling on the people of the United States to observe the day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

## AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

### BALANCED BUDGET CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

#### BOXER (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT NO. 240

Mrs. BOXER (for herself, Mr. LEAHY, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. BUMPERS, Mr. INOUE, Mr. AKAKA, and Mrs. MURRAY) proposed an amendment to the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 1) proposing a balanced budget amendment to the Constitution of the United States; as follows:

At the end of Section 5, add the following: "The provisions of this article may be waived by a majority vote in each House of those present and voting for any fiscal year in which outlays occur as a result of a declaration made by the President (and a designation by the Congress) that a major disaster or emergency exists."

#### HOLLINGS (AND SPECTER) AMENDMENT NO. 241

Mr. HOLLINGS (for himself and Mr. SPECTER) proposed an amendment to the joint resolution, House Joint Resolution 1, *supra*; as follows:

On page 1, beginning on line 3, strike "That the" and all that follows through line 9, and insert the following: "That the following articles are proposed as amendments to the Constitution, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three-fourths of the legislatures, shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of the Constitution:"

On page 3, immediately after line 11, insert the following:

#### "ARTICLE —

"SECTION. 1. Congress shall have power to set reasonable limits on expenditures made in support of or in opposition to the nomination or election of any person to Federal office.

"SECTION. 2. Each State shall have power to set reasonable limits on expenditures made in support of or in opposition to the nomination or election of any person to State office.

"SECTION. 3. Each local government of general jurisdiction shall have power to set reasonable limits on expenditures made in support of or in opposition to the nomination or election of any person to office in that government. No State shall have power to limit the power established by this section.

"SECTION. 4. Congress shall have power to implement and enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

#### JOHNSTON AMENDMENTS NOS. 242– 243

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. JOHNSTON submitted two amendments intended to be proposed by him to the joint resolution House Joint Resolution 1, *supra*; as follows:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 242

On page 3, between lines 3 and 4, insert the following:

"Section 7. The judicial power of the United States courts shall extend to any case or controversy arising under this Article.

"Section 8. Any person may commence an action for appropriate redress in any federal court of competent jurisdiction to enforce this Article."

#### AMENDMENT NO. 243

At the end of Section 6, add the following: "The power of any court to order relief pursuant to any case or controversy arising under this article shall not extend to ordering any remedies other than a declaratory judgment or such remedies as are specifically authorized in implementing legislation pursuant to this section."

#### JOHNSTON (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT NO. 244

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. JOHNSTON (for himself, Mr. BUMPERS, Mr. LEVIN, Mrs. BOXER, and Mr. PRYOR) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by them to the joint resolution House Joint Resolution 1, *supra*; as follows:

At the end of Section 6, add the following: "No court shall have the power to order relief pursuant to any case or controversy arising under this article, except as may be specifically authorized in implementing legislation pursuant to this section."

#### JOHNSTON AMENDMENTS NOS. 245– 247

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. JOHNSTON submitted three amendments intended to be proposed by him to the joint resolution, House Joint Resolution 1, *supra*; as follows:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 245

On page 3, between lines 8 and 9, insert the following:

"SECTION . Nothing in this article shall authorize the President to impound funds appropriated by Congress by law, or to impose taxes, duties, or fees."

#### AMENDMENT NO. 246

On page 1, lines 4 and 5, strike "is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which" and insert "shall be proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States and submitted to the States for ratification upon the enactment of legislation specifying the means for enforcing the provisions of the amendment, which amendment"

#### AMENDMENT NO. 247

At the end of Section 6, add the following: "The judicial power of the United States shall not extend to any case or controversy arising under this article, except for cases or controversies seeking to define the terms used herein, or directed exclusively at imple-

menting legislation adopted pursuant to this section."

#### BINGAMAN AMENDMENT NO. 248

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. BINGAMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the joint resolution, House Joint Resolution 1, *supra*; as follows:

On page 3, strike lines 9 through 11, and insert the following:

"SECTION 8. This article shall take effect beginning with the later of the following:

"(1) fiscal year 2002;

"(2) the second fiscal year beginning after its ratification; or

"(3) the end of the first continuous seven-year period starting after the adoption of the joint resolution of Congress proposing this article during which period there is not in effect any statute, rule, or other provision that requires more than a majority of a quorum in either House of Congress to approve either revenue increases or spending cuts."

#### FEINGOLD AMENDMENTS NOS. 249– 250

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. FEINGOLD submitted two amendments intended to be proposed by him to the joint resolution House Joint Resolution 1, *supra*; as follows:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 249

On page 2, line 6 after "vote" insert: "or unless Congress shall provide by law that an accumulated budget surplus of not to exceed 1 percent of total outlays for a fiscal year shall be available to offset outlays to the extent necessary to provide that outlays for that fiscal year do not exceed total receipts for that fiscal year"

#### AMENDMENT NO. 250

On page 2, line 3 after "not exceed" insert: "99 per centum of"

#### LEAHY (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT NO. 251

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. LEAHY (for himself, Mr. DASCHLE, and Mr. BUMPERS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by them to the joint resolution, House Joint Resolution 1, *supra*; as follows:

On page 1, line 4, strike "is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which" and inserting "shall be proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States and submitted to the States for ratification upon the completion by the General Accounting Office of a detailed analysis of the impact of the article on the economy and budget of each State and"

At the end of section 3, add the following: "The President shall include with the proposed budget a report detailing the impact of the budget on the economy and budget of each State."

## NOTICES OF HEARINGS

### COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mr. ROTH. Mr. President, I would like to announce the third in a series of hearings on regulatory reform before the Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs. This hearing, to be held

on Wednesday, February 15, will provide a forum for various witnesses to discuss cost/benefit analysis, regulatory accounting, and risk analysis.

The hearing will be held in the Senate Dirksen Office Building, SD-342, from 9:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.

For further information, please call Paul Noe at (202) 224-4751.

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES, SUBCOMMITTEE ON ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, AND COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, SUBCOMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT

Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the public that a joint hearing has been scheduled before the Subcommittee on Energy Research and Development of the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the Subcommittee on Energy and Water Development of the Committee on Appropriations.

The hearing will take place Tuesday, February 28, 1995, at 9:30 a.m. in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building in Washington, DC.

The purpose of this hearing is to review the findings of the Task Force on Alternative Futures for the Department of Energy National Laboratories.

Those wishing to submit written statements should write to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC 20510. For further information, please call David Garman at (202) 224-7933 or Judy Brown at (202) 224-7556.

#### COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. MURKOWSKI. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the information of the Senate and the public that a hearing has been scheduled before the full Committee on Energy and Natural Resources on S. 395, the Alaska Power Administration Sale Act, including title II, the Trans-Alaska Pipeline Amendment Act of 1995.

The hearing will take place on Wednesday, March 1, at 9:30 a.m. in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building in Washington, DC.

Those wishing to testify or who wish to submit written statements should write to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC 20510. For further information, please call Andrew Lundquist at (202) 224-6170.

#### AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

##### COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY

Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry be allowed to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, February 14, at 9:30 a.m., in SR-332, to discuss what regulatory reforms will help strengthen agriculture and agribusiness.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

##### COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet at 9:30 A.M. on Tuesday, February 14, 1995, in open session, to receive testimony from the unified commanders on their military strategies, operational requirements, and the defense authorization request for fiscal year 1996, including the future years defense program.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

##### COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, February 14, 1995, at 10 a.m. to hold a hearing on foreign policy overview and the State Department fiscal year 96 budget presentation.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

##### COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Indian Affairs be authorized to meet on Tuesday, February 14, 1995, beginning at 9:30 a.m., in room 485 of the Russell Senate Office Building on the fiscal year 1996 budget.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

##### COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, be authorized to meet during a session of the Senate on Tuesday, February 14, 1995, at 9 a.m. in Senate Dirksen room 226, on Federal crime control priorities.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

##### SUBCOMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the Committee on Environment and Public Works be granted permission to meet Tuesday, February 14, 1995, at 2:30 p.m., to conduct a hearing on the Reauthorization of the Water Resources Development Act and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' fiscal year 1996 budget request.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

##### STATEMENT ON THE INTRODUCTION OF S. 395, ALASKA POWER ADMINISTRATION SALE ACT

• Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, yesterday, Senator MURKOWSKI and I introduced legislation to authorize and direct the Secretary of Energy to sell the Alaska Power Administration's two hydroelectric projects and terminate the Alaska Power Administration; and to permit the export of Alaskan North Slope crude oil carried on U.S. flag ves-

sels. I urge my colleagues to join in support of this legislation.

For Senators who are less familiar with the Alaska Power Administration, it is a unit of the U.S. Department of Energy. The Alaska Power Administration has had the responsibility for operation, maintenance, transmission, and power marketing for the two Alaskan Federal hydroelectric projects, Eklutna and Snettisham, which were authorized to encourage economic and industrial development in Alaska. Congress never intended that Snettisham and Eklutna would remain under Federal control. And, as this is an issue that I have worked on for many years, I am glad that the present administration supports the Federal divestiture of these two projects and the termination of the Alaska Power Administration upon completion of the sales.

This legislation includes significant improvements over previous proposed legislation. The sales of the projects will proceed under the terms of two separate purchase agreements that provide and require transition plans for the Federal employees of the projects, including but not limited to Federal employee benefits for Alaska Power Administration employees, delineation of responsibilities of the purchasers and the sellers through the transition to new ownership, protection for nonpower users of project lands and water, and environmental management plans. Additionally, the projects, including future modifications, will continue to enjoy their exemption from the requirements of the Federal Power Act.

Our legislation will also amend the Trans-Alaska Pipeline Authorization Act to permit the export of Alaskan North Slope crude oil. As I have said before, this vital legislation will create jobs around the Nation and increase oil production in Alaska and California. It will also ensure the continued survival of the independent U.S. tanker fleet manned by U.S. crews, and thus enhance our national security while eliminating an injustice that for too long discriminated exclusively against the citizens of Alaska. With the administration's support, we intend to move this bill as quickly as possible to begin creating jobs, spurring energy production, and preserving our independent tanker fleet.

Congress enacted the original export ban shortly after the commencement of the Arab-Israeli war and the first oil boycott in 1973. The original intent of the law was to enhance energy security, but today it actually threatens our energy security by discouraging energy production and creating unnecessary hardships for the struggling domestic oil industry. In 1994, for the first time in history, more than half the oil used in the United States was imported. Imports in 1994 accounted for 50.4 percent of domestic demand, and it is the decline in domestic production that has led to higher imports. Most North Slope crude oil is delivered to