

engages in other activities that would be subject to section 4(a).

SEC. 8. TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.

The sanctions requirement of section 4 shall no longer have force or effect if the President determines and certifies to the appropriate congressional committees that Iran—

(1) has ceased its efforts to design, develop, manufacture, or acquire—

(A) a nuclear explosive device or related materials and technology;

(B) chemical and biological weapons; or

(C) ballistic missiles and ballistic missile launch technology; and

(2) has been removed from the list of state sponsors of international terrorism under section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979.

SEC. 9. REPORT REQUIRED.

The President shall ensure the continued transmittal to Congress of reports describing—

(1) the nuclear and other military capabilities of Iran, as required by section 601(a) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978 and section 1607 of the National Defense Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1993; and

(2) the support provided by Iran for acts of international terrorism, as part of the Department of State's annual report on international terrorism.

SEC. 10. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this Act:

(1) **APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.**—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means the Committees on Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs and Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on Banking and Financial Services and International Relations of the House of Representatives.

(2) **FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.**—The term "financial institution" includes—

(A) a depository institution (as defined in section 3(c)(1) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act), including a branch or agency of a foreign bank (as defined in section 1(b)(7) of the International Banking Act of 1978);

(B) a credit union;

(C) a securities firm, including a broker or dealer;

(D) an insurance company, including an agency or underwriter;

(E) any other company that provides financial services; or

(F) any subsidiary of such financial institution.

(3) **INVESTMENT.**—The term "investment" means—

(A) the entry into a contract that includes responsibility for the development of petroleum resources located in Iran, or the entry into a contract providing for the general supervision and guarantee of another person's performance of such a contract;

(B) the purchase of a share of ownership in that development; or

(C) the entry into a contract providing for participation in royalties, earnings, or profits in that development, without regard to the form of the participation.

(4) **PERSON.**—The term "person" means a natural person as well as a corporation, business association, partnership, society, trust, any other nongovernmental entity, organization, or group, and any governmental entity operating as a business enterprise, and any successor of any such entity.

(5) **PETROLEUM RESOURCES.**—The term "petroleum resources" includes petroleum and natural gas resources.

SEC. 11. APPLICATION OF THE ACT TO LIBYA.

The sanctions of this Act, including the terms and conditions for the imposition, duration, and termination of sanctions, shall apply to persons making investments for the

development of petroleum resources in Libya in the same manner as those sanctions apply under this Act to persons making investments for such development in Iran.

So the title was amended so as to read:

A bill to deter investment in the development of Iran's petroleum resources.

UNANIMOUS-CONSENT AGREEMENT—H.R. 665

Mr. SANTORUM. I ask unanimous consent that the majority leader, after consultation with the minority leader, may turn to the consideration of calendar No. 257, H.R. 665, the victim restitution bill, and it be considered under the following limitation: 1 hour of debate on the bill equally divided between the two managers; that the only amendment in order to the bill be a substitute amendment offered by the managers; that no second-degree amendments be in order to the amendment; that, at conclusion or yielding back of any debate time, the managers' amendment be agreed to; the bill then be read a third time, and the Senate then proceed to a vote on passage of the bill, H.R. 665, without any intervening action or debate.

I further ask unanimous consent that if the bill is agreed to, the Senate insist on its amendment, request a conference with the House, and that the Chair to be authorized to appoint conferees on part of the Senate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

MEASURE PLACED ON THE CALENDAR—H.R. 394

Mr. SANTORUM. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Finance Committee be discharged from further consideration of H.R. 394, and that the bill be placed on the calendar.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

CLARIFICATION OF REIMBURSEMENT TO STATES FOR FEDERALLY FUNDED EMPLOYEES

Mr. SANTORUM. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Governmental Affairs Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. 1429 and, further, that the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1429) a bill to provide clarification in the reimbursement to States for federally funded employees carrying out Federal programs during the lapse in appropriations between November 14, 1995, through November 19, 1995.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

AMENDMENT NO. 3107

(Purpose: To provide clarification in the reimbursement to States for federally funded employees carrying out Federal programs during the lapse in appropriations between November 14, 1995, through November 19, 1995)

Mr. SANTORUM. Madam President, I send an amendment to the desk and ask for its consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. SANTORUM), for Mr. DOMENICI, (for himself Mr. LOTT, Mr. WARNER, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. COHEN, Mr. EXON, Mr. PRESSLER, Mrs. HUTCHISON, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. THOMAS, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. KERREY, Mr. GRASSLEY, and Mr. HARKIN), proposes an amendment numbered 3107.

Mr. SANTORUM. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that reading of the amendment be dispensed with.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment is as follows:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert in lieu thereof the following:

SECTION 1. CLARIFICATION OF REIMBURSEMENT TO STATES FOR FEDERALLY FUNDED EMPLOYEES.

Section 124 of the joint resolution entitled "A joint resolution making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1996, and for other purposes", approved November 20, 1995 (Public Law 104--56) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b)(1) If during the period beginning November 14, 1995, through November 19, 1995, a State used State funds to continue carrying out a Federal program or furloughed State employees whose compensation is advanced or reimbursed in whole or in part by the Federal Government—

"(A) such furloughed employees shall be compensated at their standard rate of compensation for such period;

"(B) the State shall be reimbursed for expenses that would have been paid by the Federal Government during such period had appropriations been available, including the cost of compensating such furloughed employees, together with interest thereon due under section 6503(d) of title 31, United States Code; and

"(C) the State may use funds available to the State under such Federal program to reimburse such State, together with interest thereon due under section 6503(d) of title 31, United States Code.

"(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'State' shall have the meaning as such term is defined under the applicable Federal program under paragraph (1)."

Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, on November 28, I introduced legislation to fix an inadvertent effect of the 6-day Government shutdown between November 14 through November 19, 1995. That bill, S. 1429, with the amendment that I currently am introducing, will allow hundreds of State employees who administer the disability determination program of the Social Security Administration and who administer vocational rehabilitation programs for the Department of Education to receive the pay that they lost during the Government shutdown. The fact that they

were not paid was not intended, but it has occurred, and I and those who have cosponsored this legislation are anxious to fix this problem. My distinguished cosponsors include Senators LOTT, WARNER, STEVENS, COHEN, EXON, PRESSLER, HUTCHISON, COCHRAN, BINGAMAN, THOMAS, KERREY, GRASSLEY, and HARKIN.

Mr. President, the furlough pay language that the Congress adopted as part of House Joint Resolution 122, the Further Continuing Resolution for Fiscal Year 1996, was the language that previous Congresses have adopted to provide compensation to Federal employees during periods of Government closure.

This language was enacted to provide compensation to Federal employees affected by Government closure in 1984, 1986, 1987, and 1990. This language was provided to Congress to the Administration to meet our stated intent that Federal workers should not suffer a loss of pay as a result of the 6-day closure of the Federal Government.

I introduced S. 1429 when it was brought to my attention that the language included in the Continuing Resolution regarding the payment of compensation might not cover all employees who were subject to the furlough, mostly State employees paid with Federal funds to administer Federal programs.

The affected agencies and the General Accounting Office have reviewed the language that I am offering as a substitute to S. 1429 and indicate that it will fix this inadvertent consequence. It will ensure that these State employees receive their pay, or in cases where States used their own funding to pay these workers, the State can be reimbursed for those costs.

Mr. President, it was and is clearly the intent of the Congress to pay Federal workers and State workers who administer Federal programs for the 6-day period of the Government shutdown. The language I am offering will carry out this intent, and I urge my colleagues to adopt the bill, S. 1429, as amended.

Mr. COCHRAN. Madam President, I support this legislation which makes clear that it is the intent of Congress that all furloughed Federal workers, including federally funded State workers, affected by the shutdown of the Federal Government receive their pay.

The Congress adopted furlough pay language as part of the continuing resolution, House Joint Resolution 122, to provide compensation to Federal Employees affected by the recent 6-day Government closure.

The continuing resolution has been interpreted by some to not cover all employees who were affected by the Government closure. For instance, there are State employees paid with 100 percent Federal funds who make disability determinations and administer unemployment insurance benefits who may not be covered by the language in

the continuing resolution regarding the payment of employees who were subject to furlough.

This legislation ensures that 100 percent federally funded State employees affected by the furlough receive their pay as Congress intended, and that States using their own funds to make up for the lack of Federal funds for these employees are reimbursed to carry out 100 percent federally supported functions.

I urge my colleagues to support this measure.

Mr. SANTORUM. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the amendment be agreed to, the bill be deemed read a third time, passed, as amended, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be placed at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

So the amendment (No. 3107) was agreed to.

So the bill (S. 1429), as amended, was deemed read a third time, and passed, as follows:

S. 1429

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. CLARIFICATION OF REIMBURSEMENT TO STATES FOR FEDERALLY FUNDED EMPLOYEES.

Section 124 of the joint resolution entitled "A joint resolution making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1996, and for other purposes", approved November 20, 1995 (Public Law 104-56) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b)(1) If during the period beginning November 14, 1995, through November 19, 1995, a State used State funds to continue carrying out a Federal program or furloughed State employees whose compensation is advanced or reimbursed in whole or in part by the Federal Government—

"(A) such furloughed employees shall be compensated at their standard rate of compensation for such period;

"(B) the State shall be reimbursed for expenses that would have been paid by the Federal Government during such period had appropriations been available, including the cost of compensating such furloughed employees, together with interest thereon due under section 6503(d) of title 31, United States Code; and

"(C) the State may use funds available to the State under such Federal program to reimburse such State, together with interest thereon due under section 6503(d) of title 31, United States Code.

"(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'State' shall have the meaning as such term is defined under the applicable Federal program under paragraph (1)."

THE PRINTING OF "VICE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES, 1789-1993"

Mr. SANTORUM. I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 273, Senate Concurrent Resolution 34.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 34) to authorize the printing of "Vice Presidents of the United States 1789-1993."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the concurrent resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the concurrent resolution, which had been reported from the Committee on Rules and Administration with an amendment, as follows:

[The part intended to be stricken is shown in brackets, the part to be inserted in italic.]

S. CON. RES. 34

Whereas the United States Constitution provides that the Vice President of the United States shall serve as President of the Senate; and

Whereas the careers of the 44 Americans who held that post during the years 1789 through 1993 richly illustrate the development of the nation and its government; and

Whereas the vice presidency, traditionally the least understood and most often ignored constitutional office in the Federal Government, deserves wider attention: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),

SECTION 1. PRINTING OF THE "VICE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES, 1789-1993".

(a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be printed as a Senate document the book entitled "Vice Presidents of the United States, 1789-1993", prepared by the Senate Historical Office under the supervision of the Secretary of the Senate.

(b) SPECIFICATIONS.—The Senate document described in subsection (a) shall include illustrations and shall be in the style, form, manner, and binding as directed by the Joint Committee on Printing after consultation with the Secretary of the Senate.

(c) NUMBER OF COPIES.—In addition to the usual number of copies, there shall be printed with suitable binding the lesser of—

(1) 1,000 copies (750 paper bound and 250 case bound) for the use of the Senate, to be allocated as determined by the Secretary of the Senate; [and] *or*

(2) a number of copies that does not have a total production and printing cost of more than \$11,100.

Mr. SANTORUM. I ask unanimous consent that the committee amendment be agreed to, the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, the motion to reconsider be laid on the table, and any statements relating to the resolution be placed at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 34), as amended, was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

AMENDING THE FEDERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN ACT OF 1971

Mr. SANTORUM. I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 274, H.R. 2527.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows: