

Graduate School of Fine Arts of the University of Pennsylvania.

Louis V. Gerstner, Jr., is Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of International Business Machines Corp. He previously served as chairman and chief executive officer of RJR Nabisco and as president of American Express Company. He is a director of The New York Times Company, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, the Japan Society, and Lincoln Center for the Performing Arts. A lifetime advocate of the importance of quality education, he has redirected a majority of IBM's substantial philanthropic resources in the United States to the support of public school reform.

I urge Senators to support the resolutions of appointment of these outstanding Americans. •

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 434

At the request of Mr. KOHL, the name of the Senator from Montana [Mr. BAUCUS] was added as a cosponsor of S. 434, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to increase the deductibility of business meal expenses for individuals who are subject to Federal limitations on hours of service.

S. 490

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from Kansas [Mr. DOLE] was added as a cosponsor of S. 490, a bill to amend the Clean Air Act to exempt agriculture-related facilities from certain permitting requirements, and for other purposes.

S. 704

At the request of Mr. SIMON, the name of the Senator from Arizona [Mr. KYL] was added as a cosponsor of S. 704, a bill to establish the Gambling Impact Study Commission.

S. 837

At the request of Mr. WARNER, the name of the Senator from Louisiana [Mr. JOHNSTON] was added as a cosponsor of S. 837, a bill to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the 250th anniversary of the birth of James Madison.

S. 1032

At the request of Mr. ROTH, the name of the Senator from Iowa [Mr. GRASSLEY] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1032, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide nonrecognition treatment for certain transfers by common trust funds to regulated investment companies.

S. 1166

At the request of Mr. LUGAR, the names of the Senator from Nebraska [Mr. EXON], the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. HELMS], the Senator from Oklahoma [Mr. NICKLES], the Senator from California [Mrs. FEINSTEIN], the Senator from South Dakota [Mr. PRESSLER], the Senator from Idaho [Mr. CRAIG], the Senator from Kentucky [Mr. FORD], the Senator from Mississippi [Mr. LOTT], and the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. FAIRCLOTH]

were added as cosponsors of S. 1166, a bill to amend the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, to improve the registration of pesticides, to provide minor use crop protection, to improve pesticide tolerances to safeguard infants and children, and for other purposes.

S. 1200

At the request of Ms. SNOWE, the names of the Senator from Illinois [Mr. SIMON], the Senator from Wisconsin [Mr. FEINGOLD], and the Senator from California [Mrs. FEINSTEIN] were added as cosponsors of S. 1200, a bill to establish and implement efforts to eliminate restrictions on the enslaved people of Cyprus.

S. 1228

At the request of Mr. D'AMATO, the name of the Senator from Connecticut [Mr. LIEBERMAN] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1228, a bill to impose sanctions on foreign persons exporting petroleum products, natural gas, or related technology to Iran.

S. 1271

At the request of Mr. CRAIG, the name of the Senator from South Carolina [Mr. THURMOND] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1271, a bill to amend the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982.

S. 1277

At the request of Mr. BROWN, the name of the Senator from Colorado [Mr. CAMPBELL] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1277, a bill to provide equitable relief for the generic drug industry, and for other purposes.

S. 1285

At the request of Mr. SMITH, the name of the Senator from Alaska [Mr. MURKOWSKI] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1285, a bill to reauthorize and amend the Comprehensive Environmental Recovery, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, and for other purposes.

S. 1289

At the request of Mr. KYL, the name of the Senator from New Hampshire [Mr. GREGG] was added as a cosponsor of S. 2389, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to clarify the use of private contracts, and for other purposes.

S. 1322

At the request of Mr. DASCHLE, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 1322, a bill to provide for the relocation of the United States Embassy in Israel to Jerusalem, and for other purposes.

At the request of Mr. KYL, the names of the Senator from Wisconsin [Mr. KOHL], and the Senator from Rhode Island [Mr. PELL] were added as cosponsors of S. 1322, *supra*.

At the request of Mr. WELLSTONE, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 1322, *supra*.

At the request of Mr. GRAHAM, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 1322, *supra*.

At the request of Mr. BREAUX, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 1322, *supra*.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 11

At the request of Ms. SNOWE, the name of the Senator from Wisconsin [Mr. FEINGOLD] was added as a cosponsor of Senate Concurrent Resolution 11, a concurrent resolution supporting a resolution to the long-standing dispute regarding Cyprus.

AMENDMENT NO. 2941

At the request of Mr. DASCHLE, his name was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 2941 proposed to S. 1322, a bill to provide for the relocation of the United States Embassy in Israel to Jerusalem, and for other purposes.

At the request of Mr. WELLSTONE, his name was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 2941 proposed to S. 1322, *supra*.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

THE BALANCED BUDGET RECONCILIATION ACT OF 1995

BYRD (AND DORGAN) AMENDMENT NO. 2942

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. BYRD (for himself and Mr. DORGAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by them to the bill (S. 1357) to provide for reconciliation pursuant to section 105 of the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1996; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the bill, insert the following:

SEC. . DEBATE ON A RECONCILIATION BILL AND CONFERENCE REPORT.

(a) CONSIDERATION OF A BILL.—Section 310(e)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by striking 20 "hours" and inserting "50 hours".

(b) CONSIDERATION OF A CONFERENCE REPORT.—Section 310(e)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the following: "Debate in the Senate on a conference report on any reconciliation bill reported under subsection (b), and all amendments thereto and debatable motions and appeal in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 20 hours."

THE TEMPORARY FEDERAL JUDGESHIPS ACT

SANTORUM AMENDMENT NO. 2943

Mr. SANTORUM proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 1328) to amend the commencement dates of certain temporary Federal judgeships; as follows:

Strike all after "section" and insert in lieu thereof the following:

. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING THE PRESIDENT'S REVISED FEDERAL BUDGET.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) On May 19, 1995, the United States Senate voted 99-0 to reject the Fiscal Year 1996 budget submitted by President Clinton on February 6, 1995.

(2) The President on June 13, 1995, after the House of Representatives and the Senate passed resolutions that the Congressional Budget Office said would result in a balanced

federal budget in Fiscal Year 2002, revised his budget.

(3) The President said on June 13, 1995, and on numerous subsequent occasions, that this revised budget would balance the federal budget in Fiscal Year 2005.

(4) The President's revised budget, like the budget he submitted to Congress on February 6, 1995, took into account surpluses in the Old Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) trust funds in calculating the deficit.

(5) President Clinton, in his address before a joint session of Congress on February 17, 1993, stated that he was "using the independent numbers of the Congressional Budget Office" because "the Congressional Budget Office was normally more conservative in what was going to happen and closer to right than previous Presidents have been."

(6) President Clinton further stated: "Let's at least argue about the same set of numbers, so the American people will think we're shooting straight with them."

(7) The Congressional Budget Office estimated that the President's revised budget would achieve savings of \$128 billion in Medicare through 2002 and \$295 billion through 2005.

(8) The Congressional Budget Office estimated that the President's revised budget would achieve savings of \$54 billion in federal Medicaid spending through 2002 and \$105 billion through 2005.

(9) The President has proposed savings of \$64 billion in "non-health entitlements by 2002 by reforming welfare, farm and other programs."

(10) The Congressional Budget Office estimated that the President's revised budget includes proposals that would reduce federal revenues by \$97 billion over seven years and \$166 billion over ten years.

(11) These proposed tax reductions are more than offset by the President's proposed Medicare savings.

(12) The Congressional Budget Office has determined that enactment of the President's proposal would result in deficits in excess of \$200 billion in each of fiscal years 1997 through 2005.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that Congress shall enact the President's budget as revised on June 13, 1995.

WELLSTONE AMENDMENT NO. 2944

Mr. WELLSTONE proposed an amendment to amendment No. 2943 proposed by Mr. SANTORUM to the bill S. 1328, *supra*; as follows:

Strike all after the first word and insert, in lieu thereof, the following—

In the event provisions of the FY 1996 Budget Reconciliation bill are enacted which result in an increase in the number of hungry or medically uninsured children by the end of FY 1996, the Congress shall revisit the provisions of said bill which caused such increase and shall, as soon as practicable thereafter, adopt legislation which would halt any continuation of such increase.

HATCH AMENDMENT NO. 2945

Mr. HATCH proposed an amendment to amendment No. 2943 proposed by Mr. SANTORUM to the bill S. 1328, *supra*; as follows:

In the pending amendment, strike all after the first word and insert in lieu thereof the following:

SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING THE PRESIDENT'S REVISED FEDERAL BUDGET.

(A) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) On May 19, 1995, the United States Senate voted 99-0 to reject the Fiscal Year 1996 budget submitted by President Clinton on February 6, 1995.

(2) The President on June 13, 1995, after the House of Representatives and the Senate passed resolutions that the Congressional Budget Office said would result in a balanced federal budget in Fiscal Year 2002, revised his budget.

(3) The President said on June 13, 1995, and on numerous subsequent occasions, that this revised budget would balance the federal budget in Fiscal Year 2005.

(4) The President's revised budget, like the budget he submitted to Congress on February 6, 1995, took into account surpluses in the Old Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) trust funds in calculating the deficit.

(5) President Clinton, in his address before a joint session of Congress on February 17, 1993, stated that he was "using the independent numbers of the Congressional Budget Office" because "the Congressional Budget Office was normally more conservative in what was going to happen and closer to right than previous Presidents have been."

(6) President Clinton further stated: "Let's at least argue about the same set of numbers, so the American people will think we're shooting straight with them."

(7) The Congressional Budget Office estimated that the President's revised budget would achieve savings of \$128 billion in Medicare through 2002 and \$295 billion through 2005.

(8) The Congressional Budget Office estimated that the President's revised budget would achieve savings of \$54 billion in federal Medicaid spending through 2002 and \$105 billion through 2005.

(9) The President has proposed savings of \$64 billion in "non-health entitlements by 2002 by reforming welfare, farm and other programs."

(10) The Congressional Budget Office estimated that the President's revised budget includes proposals that would reduce federal revenues by \$97 billion over seven years and \$166 billion over ten years.

(11) These proposed tax reductions are more than offset by the President's proposed Medicare savings.

(12) The Congressional Budget Office has determined that enactment of the President's proposal would result in deficits in excess of \$200 billion in each of fiscal years 1997 through 2005.

(13) President Clinton stated on October 17, 1995, that, "Probably there are people . . . still mad at me at that budget because you think I raised your taxes too much. It might surprise you to know that I think I raised them too much, too."

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that Congress shall enact President Clinton's budget as revised on June 13, 1995.

FORD AMENDMENT NO. 2946

Mr. FORD proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1328, *supra*; as follows:

At the end of the bill add the following new section:

SEC. 2. ADDITIONAL FEDERAL DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, 1 additional district judge for the western district of Kentucky.

(b) EASTERN DISTRICT.—The district judgeship for the eastern and western districts of Kentucky (as in effect before the date of the enactment of this Act) shall be a district

judgeship for the eastern district of Kentucky only, and the incumbent of such judgeship shall hold his office under section 133 of title 28, United States Code, as amended by this section.

(c) TABLES.—In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28, United States Code, shall reflect the change in the total number of permanent district judgeships authorized under this section, such table is amended by amending the item relating to Kentucky to read as follows:

"Kentucky:

"Eastern 5
"Western 5".

THE HARRY KIZIRIAN POST OFFICE BUILDING DESIGNATION ACT OF 1995

STEVENS (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT NO. 2947

Mr. FRIST (for Mr. STEVENS, for himself, Mr. SIMON, and Mr. PRYOR) proposed an amendment to the bill (H.R. 1606) to designate the United States Post Office building located at 24 Corliss Street, Providence, RI, as the "Harry Kizirian Post Office Building"; as follows:

At the end of the bill add the following new section:

SEC. 3. SALARY ADJUSTMENTS FOR THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 202(a) of title 39, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)";

(2) by striking out the fifth and sixth sentences; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2)(A) Each Governor shall receive—

"(i) a salary of \$30,000 a year as adjusted by subparagraph (C);

"(ii) \$300 a day for the not more than 42 days each year, for each day such Governor—

"(I) attends a meeting of the Board of Governors; or

"(II) performs the official business of the Board as approved by the Chairman; and

"(iii) reimbursement for travel and reasonable expenses incurred in attending meetings and performing the official business of the Board.

"(B) Nothing in subparagraph (A) shall be construed to limit the number of days of meetings each year to 42 days.

"(C) Effective on the first day of the first applicable pay period beginning on or after the date on which an adjustment takes effect under section 5303 of title 5 in the rates of pay under the General Schedule, the salary of each Governor shall be adjusted by the percentage equal to the percentage adjustment in such General Schedule rates of pay."

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the first day of the first applicable pay period beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Amend the title so as to read: "An Act to designate the United States Post Office building located at 24 Corliss Street Providence, Rhode Island, as the "Harry Kizirian Post Office Building", to amend chapter 2 of title 39, United States Code, to adjust the salary of the Board of Governors of the United States Postal Service, and for other purposes."