

Strike title IV of the bill and insert the following:

TITLE IV—JUDICIAL REVIEW

SEC. 401. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Any statement or report prepared under titles I or III of this Act, and any compliance or noncompliance with the provisions of titles I or III of this Act, and any determination concerning the applicability of the provisions of titles I or III of this Act shall not be subject to judicial review.

(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—No provision of titles I or III of this Act or amendment made by titles I or III of this Act shall be construed to create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable by any person in any administrative or judicial action. No ruling or determination made under the provisions of titles I or III of this Act or amendments made by titles I or III of this Act shall be considered by any court in determining the intent of Congress.

ROTH AMENDMENT NO. 222

Mr. ROTH proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1, supra; as follows:

On page 33, strike all on lines 10 through 12, and insert the following:

This title shall take effect on January 1, 1996, and shall apply to—

(1) bills and joint resolutions reported, and to amendments and motions offered, on and after such date, and

(2) conference reports on such legislation.

NOTICE OF MEETING

COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ADMINISTRATION

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I wish to announce that the Committee on Rules and Administration will meet in SR-301, Russell Senate Office Building, on Tuesday, January 31, 1995, at 9:30 a.m., to receive testimony on S. 91 and S. 218.

For further information concerning this business meeting, please contact Mark C. Mackie of the Rules Committee staff on 224-3448.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet on Tuesday, January 24, 1995, at 9:30 a.m. in open session to discuss the requirements for ballistic missile defenses.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Finance Committee be permitted to meet Tuesday, January 24, 1995, beginning at 9:30 a.m., in room 215 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building, to conduct a hearing on the methods of estimating the impact of Federal fiscal policies on Federal revenues.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be author-

ized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, January 24, 1995, at 10 a.m. to hold a hearing on the North Korea Nuclear Agreement.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON LABOR AND HUMAN RESOURCES

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Labor and Human Resources be authorized to meet for a hearing on the National Endowment for the Arts, during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, January 24, 1995, at 9:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON CONSTITUTION, FEDERALISM, AND PROPERTY RIGHTS

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on the Constitution, Federalism, and Property Rights of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, be authorized to meet during a session of the Senate on Tuesday, January 24, 1995, at 9 a.m., in Senate Dirksen Room 226, on The Line-Item Veto: A Constitutional Approach.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

NATCHEZ BLUFFS STABILIZATION—S. 255

• Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that S. 255 be printed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD. S. 255, a bill to authorize the Corps of Engineers to stabilize the bluffs at Natchez, MS, was introduced on January 20, 1995, along with accompanying statements from myself and Senator COCHRAN. Due to an inadvertent omission at the time, the bill was not printed in the RECORD.

S. 255

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. STABILIZATION OF NATCHEZ BLUFFS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with the recommendations of the reports prepared by the Army Corps of Engineers entitled "The Natchez Bluff Study", "The Natchez Bluff Study: Supplement I", and "The Natchez Bluff Study: Supplement II", dated September 1985, June 1990, and December 1993, respectively, the Secretary of the Army shall carry out such activities as are necessary to stabilize the portions of the bluffs along the Mississippi River in the vicinity of Natchez, Mississippi, designated in figure 4 of the December 1993 report as—

- (1) Clifton Avenue, area 3;
- (2) the bluff above Natchez Under-the-Hill, area 7;
- (3) the bluff above Silver Street, area 6; and

- (4) Madison Street to State Street, area 4.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of the Army such sums as are necessary to carry out this section. •

VETERANS' HEALTH ADMINISTRATION ACT

• Mr. INOUE. Mr. President, I am introducing legislation today to amend chapter 74 of title 38, United States Code, to revise certain provisions relating to the appointment of clinical and counseling psychologists in the Veterans Health Administration [VHA].

The VHA has a long history of maintaining a staff of the very best health care professionals to provide care to those men and women who have served their country in the Armed Forces. It is certainly fitting that this should be done.

Recently a quite distressing situation regarding the care of our veterans has come to my attention. In particular, the recruitment and retention of psychologists in the VHA of the Department of Veterans Affairs has become a significant problem.

The Congress has recognized the important contribution of the behavioral sciences in the treatment of several conditions from which a significant portion of our veterans suffer. For example, programs related to homelessness, substance abuse, and post traumatic stress disorder [PTSD] have received funding from the Congress in recent years.

Certainly, psychologists, as behavioral science experts, are essential to the successful implementation of these programs. However, the high vacancy and turnover rates for psychologists in the VHA—over 11 and 18 percent, respectively, as reported in one recent survey—might seriously jeopardize these programs and will negatively impact overall patient care in the VHA.

Recruitment of psychologists by the VHA is hindered by a number of factors including a pay scale not commensurate with private sector rates of pay as well as by the low number of clinical and counseling psychologists appearing on the register of the Office of Personnel Management [OPM]. Most new hires have no postdoctoral experience and are hired immediately after a VA internship. Recruitment, when successful, takes up to 6 months or more.

Retention of psychologists in the VA system poses an even more significant problem. I have been informed that almost 40 percent of VHA psychologists had 5 years or less of postdoctoral experience. Without doubt, our veterans would benefit from a higher percentage of senior staff who are more experienced in working with veterans and their particular concerns. My bill provides incentives for psychologists to continue their work with the VHA and seek additional education and training.

Several factors are associated with the difficulties in retention of VHA psychologists including low salaries and lack of career advancement opportunities. It seems that psychologists are apt to leave the VA system after 5 years because they have almost reached peak levels for salary and professional development in the VHA. Furthermore, under the present system

psychologists cannot be recognized nor appropriately compensated for excellence or for taking on additional responsibilities such as running treatment programs.

In effect, the current system for hiring psychologists in the VHA supports mediocrity, not excellence and mastery. Our veterans with behavioral disorders and mental health problems are deserving of better psychological care from more experienced professionals than they are currently receiving.

A hybrid title 38 appointment authority for psychologists would help ameliorate the recruitment and retention problems in several ways. The length of time it takes to recruit psychologists could be abbreviated by eliminating the requirement for applicants to be rated by the Office of Personnel Management. This would also facilitate the recruitment of applicants who are not recent VA interns by reducing the amount of time between identifying a desirable applicant and being able to offer that applicant a position.

It is expected that problems in retention of behavioral science experts will be greatly alleviated with the implementation of a hybrid title 38 system for VA psychologists, primarily through offering financial incentives for psychologists to pursue professional development with the VHA. Achievements that would merit salary increases under title 38 should include such activities as assuming supervisory responsibilities for clinical programs, implementing innovative clinical treatments that improve the effectiveness and/or efficiency of patient care, making significant contributions to the science of psychology, earning the ABPP diplomate status, and becoming a fellow of the American Psychological Association.

Currently, psychologists are the only doctoral level health care providers in the VHA who are not included in title 38. This is, without question, a significant factor in the recruitment and retention difficulties that I have addressed. Ultimately, an across-the-board salary increase might be necessary. However, the conversion of psychologists to a hybrid title 38, as proposed by this amendment, would provide relief for these difficulties and enhance the quality of care for our Nations' veterans and their families.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of this bill be printed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

There being no objection, the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 82

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. REVISION OF AUTHORITY RELATING TO THE APPOINTMENT OF CLINICAL AND COUNSELING PSYCHOLOGISTS IN THE VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7401(3) of title 38, United States Code, is amended by striking

out "who hold diplomas as diplomates in psychology from an accrediting authority approved by the Secretary".

(b) CERTAIN OTHER APPOINTMENTS.—Section 7405(a) of such title is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking out "Certified or" and inserting in lieu thereof "Clinical or counseling psychologists, certified or"; and

(2) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking out "Certified or" and inserting in lieu thereof "Clinical or counseling psychologists, certified or".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) APPOINTMENT REQUIREMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall begin to make appointments of clinical and counseling psychologists in the Veterans Health Administration under section 7401(3) of title 38, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)), not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.●

RULES OF THE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

● Mr. HATFIELD. Mr. President, pursuant to rule XXVI(2) of the Standing Rules of the Senate, I ask that the rules of the Appropriations Committee for the 104th Congress be printed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD. These rules were adopted by the full committee membership on January 11, 1995.

There being no objection, the rules were ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

RULES¹

I. Meetings:

The Committee will meet at the call of the Chairman.

II. Quorums:

1. Reporting a bill. A majority of the members must be present for the reporting of a bill.

2. Other business. For the purpose of transacting business other than reporting a bill or taking testimony, one-third of the members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

3. Taking testimony. For the purpose of taking testimony, other than sworn testimony, by the Committee or any subcommittee, one member of the Committee or subcommittee shall constitute a quorum. For the purpose of taking sworn testimony by the Committee, three members shall constitute a quorum, and for the taking of sworn testimony by any subcommittee, one member shall constitute a quorum.

III. Proxies—

Except for the reporting of a bill, votes may be cast by proxy when any member so requests.

IV. Attendance of staff members at closed sessions—

Attendance of Staff Members at closed sessions of the Committee shall be limited to those members of the Committee Staff that have a responsibility associated with the matter being considered at such meeting. This rule may be waived by unanimous consent.

V. Broadcasting and photographing of Committee hearing—

The Committee or any of its subcommittees may permit the photographing and broadcast of open hearings by television and/or radio. However, if any member of a sub-

committee objects to the photographing or broadcasting of an open hearing, the question shall be referred to the Full Committee for its decision.

VI. Availability of subcommittee reports—

To the extent possible, when the bill and report of any subcommittee are available, they shall be furnished to each member of the Committee thirty-six hours prior to the Committee's consideration of said bill and report.

VII. Amendments and report language—

To the extent possible, amendments and report language intended to be proposed by Senators at Full Committee markups shall be provided in writing to the Chairman and Ranking Minority Member and the appropriate Subcommittee Chairman and Ranking Minority Member twenty-four hours prior to such markups.

VIII. Points of order—

Any member of the Committee who is floor manager of an appropriation bill, is hereby authorized to make points of order against any amendment offered in violation of the Senate Rules on the floor of the Senate to such appropriation bill.●

COMMENDING THE JEWISH FEDERATION OF GREATER BRIDGEPORT

● Mr. LIEBERMAN. Mr. President, I rise today to honor the Jewish Federation of Greater Bridgeport for their extraordinary efforts to provide for the Jewish population in the State of Connecticut.

For nearly 55 years, the Jewish Federation of Greater Bridgeport has served and represented Jews in need in its service cities and towns of Bridgeport, Easton, Fairfield, Monroe, Stratford, and Trumbull by providing health, social, and educational opportunities to their citizens through agencies such as the Greater Bridgeport Jewish Community Center, the Jewish Home for the Elderly, Jewish Family Service, and Hillel Academy and Merkaz Community Hebrew High School.

The Jewish Federation of Greater Bridgeport, through the continuing national work of the United Jewish Appeal, has aided both with social and humanitarian services countless hundreds of thousands of Jews in Israel and in 40 countries the world over.

The tide of peace in 1994 has rolled in and washed over the nations and peoples of the Middle East as never before, witnessed by the signing of a treaty ensuring peaceful cohabitation in the region between the people of Jordan and Israel, limited self-rule of the Palestine Liberation Organization in Jericho and the Gaza Strip, and the final emigration of Jews from Syria while talks continue between those two nations toward a comprehensive peace.

The annual combined super Sunday telethon campaign of the Jewish Federation of Greater Bridgeport, and the United Jewish Appeal will take place on Sunday, February 5, 1995, in order to raise vitally needed funds to continue providing these worthwhile services here at home, in Israel, and around the world.●

¹ Adopted pursuant to Rule XXVI, paragraph 2, of the "Standing Rules of the Senate."