

amendments made by this section and the proportion of low-income children participating in the program after the amendments made by this section.

(2) **REQUIRED DATA.**—Each State agency participating in the child and adult care food program under section 17 of the National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1766) shall submit to the Secretary data on—

(A) the number of family day care homes participating in the program on July 31, 1996, and July 31, 1997;

(B) the number of family day care homes licensed, certified, registered, or approved for service on July 31, 1996, and July 31, 1997; and

(C) such other data as the Secretary may require to carry out this subsection.

(3) **SUBMISSION OF REPORT.**—Not later than 2 years after the effective date of section 423 of this Act, the Secretary shall submit the study required under this subsection to the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

FEINGOLD (AND KOHL) AMENDMENT NO. 2481

Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself and Mr. KOHL) proposed an amendment to amendment No. 2280 proposed by Mr. DOLE to the bill H.R. 4, supra, as follows:

At the appropriate place in title X add the following:

SEC. 10. DEMONSTRATION PROJECT FOR ELIMINATION OF TAKE-ONE-TAKE-ALL REQUIREMENT.

In order to demonstrate the effects of eliminating the requirement under section 8(t) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, section 8(t) of such the United States Housing Act of 1937 shall not apply with respect to the multifamily housing project (as such term is defined in section 8(t)(2) of the United States Housing Act of 1937) consisting of the dwelling units located at 2401-2479 Somerset Circle, in Madison, Wisconsin.

Amend the table of contents accordingly.

BOXER AMENDMENT NO. 2482

Mrs. BOXER proposed an amendment to amendment No. 2280 proposed by Mr. DOLE to the bill H.R. 4, supra, as follows:

AMENDMENT NO. 2482

On page 712, between lines 9 and 10, insert the following:

SEC. 972. DENIAL OF MEANS-TESTED FEDERAL BENEFITS TO NONCUSTODIAL PARENTS WHO ARE DELINQUENT IN PAYING CHILD SUPPORT.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a non-custodial parent who is more than 2 months delinquent in paying child support shall not be eligible to receive any means-tested Federal benefits.

(b) **EXCEPTION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subsection (a) shall not apply to an unemployed non-custodial parent who is more than 2 months delinquent in paying child support if such parent—

(A) enters into a schedule of repayment for past due child support with the entity that issued the underlying child support order; and

(B) meets all of the terms of repayment specified in the schedule of repayment as enforced by the appropriate disbursing entity.

(2) **2-YEAR EXCLUSION.**—(A) A non-custodial parent who becomes delinquent in child sup-

port a second time or any subsequent time shall not be eligible to receive any means-tested Federal benefits for a 2-year period beginning on the date that such parent failed to meet such terms.

(B) At the end of that two-year period, paragraph (A) shall once again apply to that individual.

(c) **MEANS-TESTED FEDERAL BENEFITS.**—For purposes of this section, the term “means-tested Federal benefits” means benefits under any program of assistance, funded in whole or in part, by the Federal Government, for which eligibility for benefits is based on need.

NOTICES OF HEARING

COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Mr. MCCAIN. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs will hold a hearing on Wednesday, September 13, 1995, beginning at 9 a.m., in room 485 of the Russell Senate Office Building. The purpose of the hearing is to consider the nomination of Paul N. Homan to be Special Trustee in the Office of the Special Trustee for American Indians in the Department of the Interior.

Those wishing additional information should contact the Committee on Indian Affairs at 224-2251.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ENERGY PRODUCTION AND REGULATION

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the information of the Senate and the public that a hearing has been scheduled before the Subcommittee on Energy Production and Regulation to consider S. 1014, to improve the management of royalties from Federal and Outer Continental Shelf oil and gas leases, and for other purposes, and S. 1012, to extend time for construction of certain FERC-licensed hydro projects.

The hearing will take place Thursday, September 14, 1995, at 3 p.m. in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building in Washington, DC.

Those wishing to testify or who wish to submit written statements should write to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC 20510. For further information regarding S. 1014, please call Michael Poling at (202) 224-8276 or Judy Brown at 224-7556, and regarding S. 1012, please call Howard Useem at (202) 224-6567 or Judy Brown at 224-7556.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mr. GRAMS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent on behalf of the Governmental Affairs Committee to meet on Thursday, September 7, at 10 a.m. for a markup on the following agenda:

Legislation:

S. 929, the Department of Commerce Dismantling Act.

S. 177 to repeal the Ramspeck Act.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON LABOR AND HUMAN RESOURCES

Mr. GRAMS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Labor and Human Resources be authorized to meet for a hearing on the nomination of Harris Wofford to be Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation for National and Community Service, during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 7, 1995, at 9:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE CONSTITUTION

Mr. GRAMS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on the Constitution of the Committee on the Judiciary, be authorized to hold a hearing during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 7, 1995, at 10 a.m. to consider an overview of affirmative action.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON EAST ASIAN AND PACIFIC AFFAIRS

Mr. GRAMS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on East Asian and Pacific Affairs of the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 7, 1995, at 2 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON TERRORISM, TECHNOLOGY AND GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

Mr. GRAMS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Terrorism, Technology, and Government Information for the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 7, 1995, at 2 p.m. in SH-216 to hold a hearing on the Ruby Ridge Incident.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

POSITION ON VOTES

● Mr. AKAKA. Mr. President, on September 5 and 6, 1995, I missed several votes because I was attending a memorial service in Hawaii. Were I present on September 5, I would have voted “aye” on rollcall vote No. 397, final passage of S. 1087, the Department of Defense appropriations bill.

On September 6, I missed rollcall votes No. 398 and No. 399. Were I present, I would have voted “aye” on rollcall vote No. 398, the Nunn amendment pertaining to our Nation’s missile defense policy. I would have also voted “aye” on rollcall vote No. 399, final passage of the Department of Defense authorization bill.●

RECOGNIZING RICHARD TISSIERE

● Mr. LAUTENBERG. Mr. President, I rise today to pay tribute to Richard Tisiere, an outstanding New Jerseyan,

who is being honored this week for his dedication and service to the labor movement.

Mr. President, Richard Tisiere has had a long and successful career as a labor leader in my State of New Jersey. Currently he is president and business manager for the Laborers' Union Local 472 of the AFL-CIO.

Mr. Tisiere's contributions to the union began when he joined the local in 1952. He worked as a laborer, shop steward, and foreman, and he continued to serve the local when he was elected in 1964 to Local 472's executive board. The local recognized his talents and commitment when he was elected president in 1976, and when he was chosen as union business manager in 1983. Finally, in 1990, he was acknowledged for his devotion to the labor movement when he was appointed to the New Jersey AFL-CIO Executive Board as its vice president.

Mr. Tisiere has also undertaken other projects that have benefited the labor movement in New Jersey. He has been actively involved as a charter member for the New Jersey Alliance for Action and the Project Build Labor Management Committee. For his accomplishments with the Alliance for Action, he was honored as a recipient of the alliance's Eagle Award.

In recognition of Mr. Tisiere's work to improve the labor movement, he was appointed to serve on Senator BRADLEY's Labor Advisory Committee. While serving on the committee, he was able to display his leadership and push forward a positive agenda for both the committee and the labor movement. In 1991, Mr. Tisiere was further recognized by the Governor's office when he was presented with the Peter J. McGuire Labor Excellence Award, one of the Governor's annual Pride of New Jersey awards.

Not only has Mr. Tisiere made outstanding contributions to the labor movement, but he has actively contributed his time and effort to many public service endeavors. He served in the U.S. Navy, and has provided assistance to the Ironbound Boys and Girls Club in Newark, where he served on the board of advisers. He continues his contributions to his community by serving as an active member on the Task Force for Women in Construction.

Mr. President, I extend my sincerest congratulations to Richard Tisiere for his many contributions to the labor movement in New Jersey, and wish him all the best in his future endeavors.●

ETHICS COMMITTEE'S RESOLUTION REGARDING SENATOR PACKWOOD

● Ms. MIKULSKI. Mr. President, yesterday, I voted to support the Ethics Committee's resolution recommending that Senator PACKWOOD be expelled from the U.S. Senate.

Expulsion meets the criteria I set forth for myself in evaluating this case when I was appointed to the Ethics

Committee almost 3 years ago. That criteria is straightforward.

First, that the victims' complaints be taken serious and given value. That the women who came forward be given a fair shake, and, that they be treated with respect and with dignity. And, second, that we clearly demonstrate that the Senate could demonstrate that it could police its own. And that the Ethics Committee would process this with honor and bring honor to the U.S. Senate.

I believe the committee resolution meets these criteria. The committee of which I am a member carefully reviewed the evidence and found substantial credible evidence that Senator PACKWOOD's conduct was an abuse of his position, an abuse of power and that he brought dishonor upon the U.S. Senate.

Senator PACKWOOD has shown a flagrant disregard for the victims, the Senate, and for the citizens of Oregon. His conduct is a systematic abuse of women, power, and this institution.

He has made at least 18 unwanted, unwelcome sexual advances on women. He intentionally obstructed the committee's inquiry by tampering with his diary. He asked lobbyists for jobs for his wife to reduce his alimony payments. His offenses taken cumulatively, and even individually, are unacceptable.

By any standard, in any workplace in the United States of America, he would have been fired for this. I voted to fire Senator PACKWOOD from the U.S. Senate.

For me the past 34 months have been extraordinary. When then Majority Leader GEORGE MITCHELL asked me to serve on the Ethics Committee, I knew that I would be the only woman on the Ethics Committee.

I was willing to assume that role. I knew it was a special responsibility and a special duty. I knew I had a duty to the Senate. I knew I had a duty to the victims and I knew I had a duty to the women of America.

I wanted to be sure that I was a voice for women. Not only for the victims whose voices I wanted to be heard, I also wanted to be a voice for women in how they are treated in a workplace.

I wanted to be a voice for women who are victims in situations of sexual assault where often they themselves are doubly victimized. First, by the assailant and then by the very process of prosecution.

I also wanted to be sure that I was a voice that women's concerns would not be minimized, trivialized, or disregarded. I believe that I worked to fulfill that responsibility. I articulated this throughout the ethics process on the Packwood matter.

I articulated this to the men of the committee and those men have stepped up and honored that responsibility. I want to thank the men of the Ethics Committee for the role that they played in giving value, worth, and voice and a fair shake to the women

who came forward on this the very first case in the U.S. Senate involving victims.

I also want to thank the women of Oregon for their patience. For it is those women who stood by the Ethics Committee in these 34 months and placed their trust in the institutional processes of the U.S. Senate.

I think when our vote was taken yesterday that the Senate showed that we could police our own. So, now the work of the Ethics Committee has been completed.

This is a sad day for the Senate, but I am glad that Senator PACKWOOD has written his own final chapter and ended his Senate career with dignity.●

ORDERS FOR FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1995

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today it stand in recess until the hour of 9:15 a.m. on Friday, September 8, 1995, and that following the prayer the Journal of proceedings be deemed approved to date and the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day; that the Senate then immediately resume consideration of H.R. 4, the welfare reform bill, and that Senator SANTORUM be recognized for up to five minutes for debate in relationship to his amendment; further, that at the hour of 9:30 a.m. the Senate proceed to a vote on or in relation to the Brown amendment, numbered 2465, to be immediately followed by a vote on or in relation to the Santorum amendment numbered 2477.

I further ask unanimous consent further that when the Senate resumes consideration of the Moynihan amendment, numbered 2466, there be 90 minutes of debate equally divided between the two managers; and I further ask unanimous consent that the majority leader will have until the beginning of the first rollcall vote on Friday to modify his amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PROGRAM

Mr. NICKLES. For the information of all Senators, the Senate will resume consideration of welfare reform bill tomorrow morning with two consecutive rollcall votes beginning at 9:30 a.m.

Senators should also expect further rollcall votes throughout Friday's session of the Senate.

Also, as a reminder, under the previous consent agreement all Senators will have until 5 p.m. tomorrow to offer their amendments to the welfare reform bill.

RECESS UNTIL 9:15 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before