Stenholm

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

NOES-245 Allard Gekas Nussle Andrews Geren Orton Archer Gilchrest Oxley Armey Gillmor Packard Baesler Gilman Parker Goodlatte Baker (CA) Paxon Payne (VA) Peterson (MN) Baker (LA) Goodling Ballenger Goss Graham Barr Petri Barrett (NE) Greenwood Pickett Bartlett Gunderson Pombo Gutknecht Pomeroy Barton Bass Hancock Porter Bateman Hansen Portman Harman Bereuter Poshard Bilbray Bilirakis Pryce Quillen Hastert Hastings (WA) Bliley Hayworth Quinn Blute Hefley Heineman Radanovich Boehlert Ramstad Boehner Herger Regula Riggs Roberts Bonilla Hilleary Bono Hobson Brewster Hoekstra Roemer Brownback Rogers Rohrabacher Hoke Bryant (TN) Horn Bunn Hostettler Roth Bunning Houghton Roukema Hunter Burr Royce Burton Hutchinson Saľmon Buver Hvde Sanford Callahan Inglis Saxton Calvert Istook Scarborough Camp Canady Johnson (CT) Schaefer Johnson, Sam Schiff Castle Jones Seastrand Kasich Chabot Sensenbrenner Chambliss Kelly Shadegg Shaw Chenoweth Kim Shavs Christensen King Chrysler Kingston Shuster Clinger Klug Knollenberg Sisisky Coble Skeen Coburn Kolbe Skelton Collins (GA) LaFalce Smith (MI) LaHood Smith (NJ) Combest Condit Largent Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Cooley Latham LaTourette Solomon Cox Crane Laughlin Souder Cremeans Lazio Spence Leach Stearns Cubin Cunningham Lewis (CA) Stockman Lewis (KY) Davis Stump Deal Lightfoot Talent DeLay Linder Livingston Tate Taylor (NC) Dickey Thomas Dooley Doolittle Longley Thornberry Dornan Lucas Tiahrt Manzullo Torkildsen Upton Visclosky Duncan Martini Dunn McCollum McCrery Vucanovich Ehrlich McDade Waldholtz McHugh Emerson Walker English McInnis Walsh McIntosh Wamp Watts (OK) Ensign Everett McKeon Ewing Fawell Metcalf Weldon (FL) Weldon (PA) Meyers Mica Weller Fields (TX)

NOT VOTING—9

White Whitfield

Young (AK)

Young (FL)

Wicker

Wilson

Wolf

Zeliff

Zimmei

Borski Ehlers Lewis (GA)
Crapo Gallegly Meek
de la Garza Gonzalez Rush

Miller (FL)

Molinari

Morella

Mveers

Myrick

Ney

Nethercutt

Neumann

Norwood

Moorhead

Flanagan

Fox Franks (CT)

Franks (NJ)

Funderburk

Frelinghuysen

Foley

Frisa

Ganske

Fowler

□ 2142

Messrs. CRAMER, HALL of Texas, STENHOLM, and BARCIA changed their vote from "no" to "aye."

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. WALKER). The question is on passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. ARCHER. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 381, noes 44, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 150]

AYES-381

Ackerman DeFazio Hobson Allard Hoekstra DeLay Deutsch Hoke Holden Andrews Archer Diaz-Balart Armey Horn Hostettler Bachus Baesler Dickey Dicks Houghton Baker (CA) Dingell Hoyer Doggett Dooley Baker (LA) Hunter Baldacci Hutchinson Ballenger Doolittle Hyde Inglis Istook Barcia Dornan Doyle Barr Barrett (NE) Dreier Jacobs Johnson (CT) Barrett (WI) Duncan Bartlett Dunn Johnson (SD) Barton Durbin Johnson, Sam Bass Edwards Johnston Bateman Ehrlich Jones Beilenson Emerson Kanjorski English Kaptur Kasich Bentsen Ensign Bereuter Berman Eshoo Kelly Bevill Everett Kennedy (MA) Bilbray Ewing Kennedy (RI) Bilirakis Farr Kennelly Fawell Bliley Kildee Blute Fields (TX) Boehlert King Kingston Boehner Filner Bonilla Flanagan Kleczka Bonior Foley Forbes Klink Bono Klug Knollenberg Boucher Fowler Brewster Fox Kolbe Franks (CT) LaFalce Browder Franks (NJ) Brown (CA) LaHood Frelinghuysen Brown (OH) Lantos Brownback Frisa Largent Bryant (TN) Frost Latham Funderburk Bryant (TX) LaTourette Furse Bunn Laughlin Bunning Ganske Lazio Burr Geidenson Leach Burton Gekas Levin Gephardt Buyer Callahan Lewis (CA) Lewis (KY) Geren Gibbons Calvert Lightfoot Camp Canady Gilchrest Lincoln Linder Gillmor Cardin Gilman Lipinski Goodlatte Livingston LoBiondo Castle Chabot Goodling Chambliss Gordon Lofgren Chapman Chenoweth Goss Longley Graham Lowey Christensen Green Lucas Greenwood Chrysler Clement Luther Gunderson Maloney Gutierrez Gutknecht Manton Manzullo Clinger Coble Coburn Hall (OH) Markey Coleman Collins (GA) Hall (TX) Martinez Hamilton Martini Combest Hancock Mascara Condit Hansen Matsui McCarthy Cooley Harman Costello McCollum Hastert Hastings (WA) McCrery McDade Cox Cramer Hayes Hayworth McDermott Cremeans Hefley McHale McHugh Hefner Cubin Cunningham Heineman McInnis Danner Herger McIntosh Davis Hilleary McKeon Hinchey McNulty

Meehan Menendez Meyers Miller (CA) Miller (FL) Mineta Minge Moakley Molinari Mollohan Montgomery Moorhead Moran Morella Murtha Myers Myrick Nädler Neal Nethercutt Neumann Ney Norwood Nussle Oberstar Obey Olver Ortiz Orton Oxley Packard Pallone Parker Pastor Paxon Payne (VA) Pelosi Peterson (FL) Peterson (MN) Petri Pickett Pombo Pomeroy Porter Portman Poshard Quillen

Quinn Radanovich Rahall Ramstad Reed Regula Richardson Riggs Rivers Roberts Roemer Rogers Rohrabacher Ros-Lehtinen Roth Roukema Royce Sabo Salmon Sanders Sanford Sawyer Saxton Scarborough Schaefer Schiff Schroeder Schumer Seastrand Sensenbrenner Shadegg Shaw Shays Shuster Sisisky Skaggs Skelton Slaughter Smith (MI) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Solomon Souder Spence Spratt Stark Stearns

Stockman Studds Stump Stupak Tanner Tate Tauzin Taylor (MS) Taylor (NC) Tejeda Thomas Thornberry Thornton Thurman Tiahrt Torkildsen Torres Torricelli Traficant Upton Vento Visclosky Volkmer Vucanovich Waldholtz Walker Walsh Wamp Ward Watts (OK) Waxman Weldon (FL) Weldon (PA) Weller White Whitfield Wicker Williams Wilson Wise Wolf Woolsey Wyden Yates Young (AK) Young (FL) Zeliff Zimmer

NOES-44

Abercrombie Fattah Fields (LA) Bishop Flake Brown (FL) Foglietta Clay Clayton Frank (MA) Hastings (FL) Clyburn Collins (IL) Hilliard Jackson-Lee Collins (MI) Jefferson Convers Johnson, E. B. Coyne McKinney Dellums Dixon Mfume Engel Mink Evans Owens

Payne (NJ) Rangel Reynolds Roybal-Allard Scott Serrano Stokes Thompson Towns Tucker Velazquez Waters Watt (NC) Wynn

NOT VOTING—9

Borski Crapo de la Garza Ehlers Gallegly Gonzalez

Lewis (GA) Meek Rush

□ 2150

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVID-ING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 830, PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995

Mr. LINDER, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 104–43) on the resolution (H. Res. 91) providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 830) to amend chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, to

further the goals of the Paperwork Reduction Act to have Federal agencies become more responsible and publicly accountable for reducing the burden of Federal paperwork on the public, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVID-ING FOR CONSIDERATION 889, EMERGENCY SUPPLE-H.R. MENTAL APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS, 1995

Mr. LINDER, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 104-44) on the resolution (H. Res. 92) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 889) making emergency supplemental appropriations and rescissions to preserve and enhance the military readiness of the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1995, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

PERMISSION FOR CERTAIN COM-MITTEES TO SIT TOMORROW, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1995, DURING 5-MINUTE RULE

Mr. ARMEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the following committees and their subcommittees be permitted to sit tomorrow while the House is meeting in the Committee of the Whole House under the 5-minute

Committee on Banking and Financial Services; Committee on Commerce; Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities; Committee on Government Reform and Oversight; Committee on International Relations; Committee on Judiciary; Committee on National Security; Committee on Science; Committee on Small Business; and Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

It is my understanding that the minority has been consulted and that there is no objection to these requests.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. (Mr. WALKER). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

Mr. WISE. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, and I shall not object, the distinguished majority leader is correct. The minority has been consulted. We wish to express our appreciation for the willingness of the Committee on the Judiciary, I believe, or whomever is handling the product liability legislation, to defer that until after the Democratic Caucus is able to meet with the President of the United States tomorrow.

I would also note, continuing my reservation of objection that as the welfare reform bill moves, there is going to be a need for negotiation on that as well, in terms of the committees sitting, but that is a subject for tomorrow, and this unanimous-consent request, of course, only extends for tomorrow. I know other negotiations will take place.

Therefore, Mr. Speaker, I withdraw

my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. CHRISTENSEN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on H.R. 831, the bill just passed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Nebraska?

There was no objection.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 4, 1995, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

THE MINIMUM WAGE AND REAL WORLD EXPERIENCES

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. SAXTON] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. SAXTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to tell you about a letter that was sent to me from Mr. Edward Satell. Ed is the president of Progressive Business Publications, a small company in Pennsylvania that publishes newsletters for business executives.

The letter Ed sent to me was dated August 1993 and was addressed to Professors David Card and Alan Kruger of Princeton University, and interestingly associates of Secretary of Labor Reich. The letter was a response to a New York Times article which hailed Card and Kruger's studies on the minimum wage.

And, I might add, these are the same studies conducted by the same professors that the Clinton administration has been glorifying in their efforts to push a higher minimum wage through this House.

In the letter, Ed noted that the 6 branches of his company provide about 300 full-time summer jobs to college students in the greater Philadelphia area.

He said he was thinking about setting up two offices in south Jersey, where my constituents live, but instead he decided to open a couple of more offices in Pennsylvania.

You see, New Jersey had just increased their minimum wage and kept these jobs away from my constituents.

I am going to read some excerpts from Ed's letter that demonstrate how a successful entrepreneur can expand his business and reward his workers without government intervention.

He said,

Our employees have income incentives in addition to the base salary. The result is the vast majority make substantially more than the minimum wage. But the minimum wage is important to us as it sets the base from which the incentives begin.

We give three incentives, all of which work well:

A. 25 cents per hour if the employee comes to work on time each day during a given week. With my workers this incentive influences the work ethic and helps productivity.

B. 50 cents per hour [is added] if the employee works for ten weeks like they agree to do at the time they are hired. This cuts down on turnover and adds to productivity.

C. Performance bonuses that can add an additional \$6.50 per hour [think of it, a total of \$11.50 per hour].

□ 2200

He goes on to say: "If the minimum wage were higher, it would have to be offset by lower incentives or fewer workers or both.

Madam Speaker, Ed has shown us exceptional creativity in increasing the productivity of your business by rewarding your best workers and helping them develop a strong regard for their work. I only wish that New Jersey's minimum wage hadn't inhibited our ability to attract these jobs to southern New Jersey.

By the way, since Ed sent his letter to Professors Card and Kruger, not even 2 years ago, his business doubled its employment, from 300 to 600 employees. I guess I should add that I wish New Jersey's minimum wage hadn't inhibited Ed's jobs from coming into my State.

Ed's experience supports the bulk of scholarly evidence. The losses in jobs incurred by an increase in the minimum wage are concentrated among young, and low-skilled workers.

Ed also points out that Card and Kruger's study was with the fast-food industry, an industry that is "a rather healthy, fundamental, and pervasive business." He adds, "This distorts the picture. I don't think the results would be the same with businesses that are not as fundamental and are thus more optional." Business, "like mine," he said.

What is more amazing, Madam Speaker, is that Card and Kruger seem to acknowledge these facts. In a reply to Ed's letter, they admit that there are job losses which accompany minimum wage increases.

Then they thanked him for sharing his real world experiences.

Well. I'm no Princeton economist. but I do know that in business, there are nothing but real world experiences. It's pretty sad that these two Ivy League professors, trapped in the ivory tower, have completely lost touch with

They make no sense to me at all.

They admit that job losses result from minimum wage increases, but then they turn around and insist that their narrow, error-laden studies about fast-food restaurants in New Jersey demonstrate that a minimum wage increase results in job gains. What's even