[Roll No. 869]

NAYS—412				
Abercrombie	Dingell	Jacobs		
Ackerman Allard	Dixon Doggett	Jefferson Johnson (CT)		
Andrews	Dooley	Johnson (SD)		
Archer Armey	Doolittle Dornan	Johnson, E. B. Johnson, Sam		
Bachus	Doyle	Johnston		
Baesler Baker (CA)	Dreier Duncan	Jones Kanjorski		
Baker (LA)	Dunn	Kasich		
Baldacci Ballenger	Durbin Ehlers	Kelly Kennedy (MA)		
Barcia	Ehrlich	Kennedy (RI)		
Barr Barrett (NE)	Emerson English	Kennelly Kildee		
Barrett (WI)	Ensign	Kim		
Bartlett Barton	Eshoo Evans	King Kingston		
Bass	Everett	Kleczka		
Bateman Becerra	Ewing Farr	Klink Klug		
Beilenson	Fattah	Knollenberg		
Bentsen Bereuter	Fawell Fazio	Kolbe LaFalce		
Bevill	Fields (LA)	LaHood		
Bilbray Bilirakis	Fields (TX) Flake	Largent Latham		
Bishop	Flanagan	LaTourette		
Bliley Blute	Foglietta Foley	Laughlin Lazio		
Boehlert	Forbes	Leach		
Boehner Bonilla	Ford Fowler	Levin Lewis (CA)		
Bonior	Fox	Lewis (GA)		
Bono Borski	Frank (MA) Franks (CT)	Lewis (KY) Lightfoot		
Boucher	Franks (NJ)	Lincoln		
Brewster Browder	Frelinghuysen Frisa	Linder Lipinski		
Brown (CA)	Frost	Livingston		
Brown (FL) Brown (OH)	Funderburk Furse	LoBiondo Lofgren		
Brownback	Gallegly	Longley		
Bryant (TN) Bryant (TX)	Ganske Gejdenson	Lowey Lucas		
Bunn	Gekas	Luther		
Bunning Burr	Geren Gibbons	Maloney Manton		
Burton	Gilchrest	Manzullo		
Buyer Callahan	Gillmor Gilman	Markey Martinez		
Calvert	Gonzalez	Martini		
Camp Campbell	Goodlatte Goodling	Mascara Matsui		
Canady Cardin	Gordon Goss	McCallum		
Castle	Graham	McCollum McCrery		
Chabot Chambliss	Green Greenwood	McDade McDermott		
Chenoweth	Gunderson	McHale		
Christensen Chrysler	Gutierrez Gutknecht	McHugh McInnis		
Clay	Hall (OH)	McIntosh		
Clayton Clement	Hall (TX) Hamilton	McKeon McKinney		
Clinger	Hancock	McNulty		
Coble Coburn	Hansen Harman	Meehan Meek		
Collins (GA)	Hastert	Menendez		
Collins (IL) Collins (MI)	Hastings (FL) Hastings (WA)	Metcalf Meyers		
Combest	Hayes	Mfume		
Condit Conyers	Hayworth Hefley	Mica Miller (CA)		
Cooley	Hefner	Miller (FL)		
Costello Cox	Heineman Herger	Minge Moakley		
Coyne	Hilleary	Molinari		
Cramer Crane	Hilliard Hinchey	Mollohan Montgomery		
Crapo	Hobson	Moorhead Moran		
Cremeans Cubin	Hoekstra Hoke	Morella		
Cunningham	Holden Horn	Myers		
Danner Davis	Hostettler	Myrick Nadler		
de la Garza Deal	Houghton	Neal Nethercutt		
DeFazio	Hoyer Hunter	Neumann		
DeLauro DeLay	Hutchinson Hyde	Ney Norwood		
Dellums	Inglis	Nussle		
Deutsch Diaz-Balart	Istook Jackson (IL)	Oberstar Obey		
Dickey	Jackson-Lee	Olver		
Dicks	(TX)	Ortiz		

Sanford Tejeda Thomas Orton Owens Sawyer Oxley Saxton Thompson Packard Schaefer Thornberry Pallone Schiff Thornton Parker Schroeder Thurman Pastor Schumer Tiahrt. Torkildsen Paxon Scott Payne (NJ) Seastrand Torres Torricelli Payne (VA) Sensenbrenner Pelosi Serrano Towns Peterson (FL) Shadegg Traficant Peterson (MN) Shaw Upton Velazquez Petri Shays Pickett Shuster Vento Visclosky Pombo Sisisky Pomeroy Skaggs Volkmer Vucanovich Waldholtz Porter Skeen Skelton Portman Poshard Slaughter Smith (MI) Smith (NJ) Quillen Walsh Wamp Quinn Řadanovich Smith (TX) Ward Rahall Smith (WA) Waters Ramstad Solomon Watt (NC) Rangel Souder Watts (OK) Reed Spence Waxman Weldon (FL) Regula Spratt Richardson Stark Weldon (PA) Riggs Stearns Weller Whitfield Rivers Stenholm Roberts Stockman Wicker Wilson Roemer Stokes Rogers Rohrabacher Studds Wise Stump Wolf Roth Stupak Woolsev Roukema Roybal-Allard Talent Wyden Tanner Wynn Young (FL) Rovce Tate Sabo Tauzin Zeliff Taylor (MS) Salmon Zimmer Taylor (NC) Sanders

ANSWERED "PRESENT"-5

Clyburn	Filner	William
Engel	Mink	

NOT VOTING-16

Berman	Lantos	Scarborough
Chapman	Murtha	White
Coleman	Pryce	Yates
Edwards	Ros-Lehtinen	Young (AK)
Gephardt	Rose	
Kaptur	Rush	

□ 1711

Messrs. HILLIARD. DURBIN. BE-REUTER. RIGGS, and Mrs. CHENOWETH changed their vote from 'yea'' to ''nay.'

So the concurrent resolution was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, due to my mother-in-law's death, I was unable to be present for the vote on House Concurrent Resolution 122 and, had I been present, I would have voted "no."

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. WHITE. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably caught in traffic during the vote on rollcall vote 869. If I had been here, I would have voted "no."

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. EM-ERSON). Pursuant to the provisions of clause 5 of rule I, the Chair announces that he will postpone further proceed-

ings today on each motion to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or on which the vote is objected to under clause 4 of rule XV.

Such rollcall votes, if postponed, will be taken tomorrow.

□ 1715

PROVIDING FOR PROVISIONAL AP-PROVAL OF REGULATIONS IS-SUED BY OFFICE OF COMPLI-

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 123), to provide for the provisional approval of regulations applicable to certain covered employing offices and covered employees and to be issued by the Office of Compliance before January 23, 1996.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. CON. RES. 123

Resolved.

SECTION 1. APPROVAL OF REGULATIONS.

The regulations applicable to employing offices which are not the House of Representatives or the Senate and covered employees who are not the employees of the House of Representatives or the Senate which are to be issued by the Office of Compliance before January 23, 1996, are hereby approved on a provisional basis until such time as such regulations are approved in accordance with section 304(c) of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1384(c)).

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HASTINGS of Washington). Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from California [Mr. THOMAS] will be recognized for 20 minutes, and the gentleman from California [Mr. FAZIO] will be recognized for 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California [Mr. THOMAS].

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, House Concurrent Resolution 123 is a companion resolution to House Resolution 311 that we looked at earlier in the day and accepted. House Resolution 311 applied to the House of Representatives, and the House Concurrent Resolution 123 applies to covered employee offices and others, such as the Architect, and so forth.

Mr. Speaker, recall the situation in which probably a provision of rules will be passed on January 8. We probably will not be here. We will accept these provisionally. When we come back on January 23, we will examine and then approve the final orders.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. FAZIO of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I support this resolution. It has been a very cooperative effort on the part of the majority and the minority to develop standards and guidelines that we can all benefit from as we live with the new law that applies all of the laws that this Congress has passed to ourselves at some point during the next calendar year. I believe

that the step that we are taking today is appropriate.

Mr. Speaker, I yield such time as he may consume to the gentleman from Maryland [Mr. HOYER].

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from California [Mr. FAZIO] for yielding me this time.

As I did earlier today, I rise in support of this resolution, which I think is an appropriate resolution. I congratulate the chairman of the Committee on House Oversight for bringing it to the floor and for moving this process forward.

However, as I did this morning, I take this opportunity to rise to consider legislation and resolutions which move the process forward of extending to employees protections to which I think they are entitled and which will enhance morale and the quality of our work force. I rise because I think that we have taken action in recent weeks to undermine both of those objectives.

I will not repeat the facts as I know them to be with reference to the nine employees who were removed by the Clerk just a few days ago, shortly before the Christmas holidays, some of whom have spent more than two decades as employees of this body. Suffice it to say that none of them were removed for cause.

The reason I rise is because the distinguished chairman of the Committee on House Oversight made some observations at the end of that debate which I want to comment on. The gentleman observed that the majority had not indicated that it would not take further actions after reorganization had been completed to eliminate redundant positions, to eliminate, in effect, featherbedding which might have been created, he did not use that term, but that was the implication, that had been created under the patronage-plagued system that the gentleman alleged existed under the Democrats. Not getting into that argument, let me say that the unfortunate implication was that any of

these positions fall in that category.

None of them do, Mr. Speaker. Let me repeat, none of the nine fall into a category of being eliminated because they were described as was characterized by the chairman. I do not say that the gentleman form California [Mr. Thomas] was characterizing these positions. I do not know that the gentleman was doing that at all. However, the implication could have been drawn that in fact that was the rationale for this action.

In my opinion, it was not. That opinion is drawn after personal conversations with the Clerk, Ms. Carle, and after correspondence from her.

I rise once again to discuss this issue simply because we are moving a process forward which in a bipartisan way we agree will accomplish an objective of depoliticizing and professionalizing the ministerial staff that serves this institution. When I refer to ministerial staff, I simply mean that staff which is not involved in the formulation or pro-

mulgation of policy, but simply involved in making sure that the day-to-day operations of the House of Representatives are as efficient and honest as they possibly can be.

That is, of course, the objective we want to both accomplish. When I say both, both the majority party and the minority party.

Mr. Speaker, I would hope that as we go through this season, as we adopt, probably unanimously, perhaps without a vote, this resolution and the previous resolution, that the majority party will look once again at the actions that have been taken with respect to these nine individuals, and see if that might be reconsidered: see if very loyal, very hard-working, very effective employees might be reinstated to the duties that I think they have done so well.

Furthermore, within the course of that review, ensure that other employees equally talented, equally essential are not subjected to the same precipitous, and that is my word, not anybody else's termination of their services, not because of lack of performance, but simply because a decision is made that their services are no longer needed.

Mr. Speaker, in closing, I would reiterate that a manual has been distributed to the employees of the Office of the Clerk which sets forth that terminations will be done in a manner that will provide employees with an opportunity to be heard.

It does not imply, nor do I interpret it to mean, that termination at will has been changed. In fact, I believe that House employees should be in the status of being terminated at will. But in that context of professionalizing our staff, they ought to have a sense that it will not be an arbitrary or political determination that leads to that action. Rather, it should be based upon their professional performance on the job.

As I said, Mr. Speaker, I do not intend to oppose this resolution; indeed, I support this resolution, and I support the chairman and our committee's efforts to move this process forward.

I appreciate the gentleman from California [Mr. FAZIO] giving me this opportunity to again call to the attention of the House a matter that I think is important not from a political standpoint, but from the standpoint of professionalizing this House. That is the stated intent of the majority. I congratulate and applaud them for that effort. It is an effort in which I and many, I think all, of my colleagues join.

It is an effort, however, that needs to be more than rhetoric. It needs to be reality for each and every one of our employees. I hope we will accomplish that objective, and I thank the gentleman from California for yielding me the time.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

If anyone has watched the House of Commons, one of the things that goes on there is something that we might adopt; and I will see if we can work it today. I will refer the gentleman to comments the chairman made a few hours ago in response to his statement, but I will also say that the gentleman from Maryland [Mr. HOYER] is certainly entitled to his opinions.

The Clerk has indicated that the reorganization was not based upon arbitrary or political reasons, and I am not going to replace the Clerk's judgment with the opinions of the gentleman from Maryland.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. FAZIO of California. Mr. Speaker, I have no further speakers on this side, so I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California [Mr. Thomas] that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, 123.

The question was taken; and (twothirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

POSTPONING CONSIDERATION OF VETO MESSAGE ON H.R. 2076, DE-PARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDI-CIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1996, UNTIL WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1995

Mr. ROGERS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent if the Chair lays before he House a veto message from the President on the bill, H.R. 2076 today, that the objections of the President be spread at large upon the Journal and that the message and bill be ordered printed as a House document; and that consideration of the veto message be postponed until tomorrow, December 20, 1995.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Kentucky?

There was no objection.

□ 1730

POSTPONING CONSIDERATION OF VETO MESSAGE ON H.R. 1058, SE-CURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT UNTIL WEDNESDAY, DECEM-BER 20, 1995

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent, if the Chair lays before the House a veto message from the President on the bill, H.R. 1058 today, that the objections of the President be spread at large upon the Journal and that the message and bill be ordered printed as a House document; and that consideration of the veto message be postponed until tomorrow, December 20, 1995.