

B.S. degree in business administration in 1949. In 1951, he received an LL.B. from New York Law School where he also took graduate courses in immigrant law and federal practice and procedure.

Mr. Speaker, Judge Tsoucalas also has a distinguished military career. In 1944, Judge Tsoucalas entered the Navy where he served our country until 1946 as a radio operator on board APD and transport vessels in the European Theater of War as well as the Caribbean and North Atlantic. When the Korean conflict erupted 1951, he reentered the Navy and served on aircraft carrier, U.S.S. *Wasp*, until December 1952.

Mr. Speaker, following his service in the military, Judge Tsoucalas was admitted to the New York bar in April 1953. He specialized in immigration and admiralty law. Judge Tsoucalas has had a varied and distinguished legal career. Some of these positions include assistant U.S. attorney for Southern District of New York from 1955–59, appointed supervisor of the 1960 census for the 17th and 18th congressional districts in 1959, and finally, his appointment as Judge of the U.S. Court of International Trade by President Ronald Reagan on September 9, 1985.

In addition to his prestigious political and legal work, Judge Tsoucalas has been very active in his church and community. He is the former president of the board of directors of the Greek Orthodox Church of Evangelismos, and a member of the St. John's Theologos Society. Further, he was a member of the executive committee of the Republican Party of New York County. Judge Tsoucalas is married to Catherine Tsoucalas and has two lovely daughters, Stephanie (Mrs. Daniel Turriago) and Georgia (Mrs. Christopher Argyrople).

Mr. Speaker, I know my colleagues join me in commending Judge Nicholas Tsoucalas, for his outstanding legal career and his commitment and dedication to his community, church and family.

TRIBUTE TO DIALECTIC AND PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETIES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

HON. W.G. (BILL) HEFNER

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, March 24, 1995

Mr. HEFNER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to note the 200th anniversary of the Dialectic and Philanthropic Societies of the University of North Carolina. These organizations, founded by the university's earliest students, were established to promote useful knowledge and the cultivation of lasting friendships. From their ranks have come such great Americans as President James K. Polk, Senator Samuel J. Ervin, Jr., novelist Thomas Wolfe and the distinguished former Representative from North Carolina, David Price.

It has been said that the history of the Dialectic and Philanthropic Societies is the history of the university. They are the oldest student organizations of the Nation's oldest public university. The societies claim the creation of the UNC's newspaper, yearbook and magazine, and giving the university its famous colors, blue and white.

The vision of these organizations can be seen most clearly in their first transaction; the

purchase of books. These individual collections eventually resulted in the endowment of the university's library. The societies also began collecting portraits of their distinguished alumni and those representing their ideals. That collection is now the largest privately owned portrait collection in North Carolina.

It is entirely appropriate, Mr. Speaker, to pay tribute to these two societies whose innumerable contributions to the development of the University of North Carolina, cultivation of state and national leaders and steadfast commitment to noble objectives have guaranteed their honored place in North Carolina history.

THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE PEACE LUTHERAN CHURCH

HON. JERRY F. COSTELLO

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, March 24, 1995

Mr. COSTELLO. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the Peace Lutheran Church in Steeleville, IL. On August 9, 1996, the church will celebrate its 100th anniversary.

I would like to congratulate the Peace Lutheran Church and its pastor, Rev. Dr. James R. Little, on this momentous occasion. The community of Steeleville has greatly benefited from their inspirational efforts.

The church has been diligent in its commitment to the work of the Lord, and the good news gospel. Peace Lutheran Church works for the good of the community by servicing its congregation as a member of the southern conference affiliated with the central Illinois senate of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America.

I ask my colleagues to join me as I acknowledge Peace Lutheran Church on their 100th anniversary and for their selfless dedication to their community.

SALUTE TO RON MEEK

HON. ELTON GALLEGLY

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, March 24, 1995

Mr. GALLEGLY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor a selfless public servant who—in addition to a long list of other accomplishments and commitments—has served for the past year as president of the Simi Valley Chamber of Commerce.

Ron Meek moved to Simi Valley 15 years ago and in that relatively brief period has established a record of community service to which lifelong residents should aspire.

The father of two young sons, Ron has always placed a major emphasis on children and has been a strong local advocate of the Boy Scouts of America, the Simi Valley Boys and Girls Club and has also served as a little league coach. His wife Jan is president of the Simi Valley Unified School District PTA and, together, they cook meals for the homeless each month.

As managing general partner of the Oakridge Athletic Club, Ron is also a local businessman who has successfully merged his professional life and his desire to make his city a better place to live.

He has donated health club equipment to the local schools, has supported the Simi Valley Education Foundation and, in his own right, has been a loyal chamber member.

As chamber president, Ron has compiled a long list of accomplishments that will endure far beyond his 1-year term.

He formulated a business retention and development division to ensure that the chamber was doing all it could to attract new businesses to Simi Valley and to retain existing ones. He introduced several new initiatives aimed at encouraging individual members to be more creative and to allow the chamber to capitalize on that creativity. He initiated a program to honor long-term members and—through his leadership—made the chamber more likely to attract new members.

Mr. Speaker, Ron Meek has established himself as someone who does more than pay lip service to his desire to help his friends and neighbors. In both his personal and professional life, Ron has proven that he is willing to do the hard, often thankless, work necessary to get results and to improve the quality of life for those around him.

I would like to thank him for his efforts on behalf of his community, congratulate him on a successful term as chamber president and wish him all the best in the future.

SSI REFORM

HON. WAYNE ALLARD

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, March 24, 1995

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, early this year, I introduced H.R. 791, legislation to eliminate supplemental security income [SSI] disability payments for drug addicts and alcoholics. This legislation currently has 48 cosponsors. I am pleased to note that this proposal has been incorporated into the Personal Responsibility Act—the Republican welfare reform plan.

Over the years many of my constituents have complained about the fact that drug addiction and alcoholism are considered disabilities under Federal law. This classification entitles these individuals to hundreds of dollars of disability payments each month. Until last year, they were even entitled to large lump sum payments. In essence, hard working taxpayers are required to subsidize addicts. We all have compassion for people with a substance abuse problem, but giving cash benefits to addicts is not the way to deal with the problem. This approach does far more harm than good, often providing the very resources for addicts to continue their abuse and avoid treatment.

A General Accounting Office study found that between 1988 and 1994 the number of drug addicts and alcoholics receiving SSI disability payments rose almost 700 percent from 12,694 to 100,771. GAO expects a continued increase to over 200,000 by 1997 if nothing is done. This would be grossly unfair for the hard working Americans who pay the bills.

Under the Personal Responsibility Act, drug addicts and alcoholics lose SSI payments and Medicaid. The total savings to taxpayers is \$1.7 billion over 5 years—\$400 million of this is used to fund additional drug treatment and

research. I am proud to support this reform. It is fair to taxpayers, and requires substance abusers to face up to their problems and get real help.

HONORING ANDREW BLACKBURN

HON. TOBY ROTH

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, March 24, 1995

Mr. ROTH. Mr. Speaker, today I rise to honor a soldier, patriot, philanthropist, and loving family man.

Andrew Blackburn was a good friend of mine, and a good friend to many in the community of Appleton, WI. His courageous spirit and generosity was known throughout the Fox Valley where he had a reputation as someone who could be counted on to get things done, whether it was as a designer at a paper company or as a volunteer for the Salvation Army.

With his passing, we mourn the loss of a man who made a difference wherever he went. He dedicated so much time and energy to his fellow man and was fully committed as a husband and father to his wonderful family.

Accomplishment came easy to Andrew Blackburn. He was blessed with boundless energy and possessed a limitless ability for helping others. Andy was known for his singular wit and his capacity for joy and laughter, which stemmed from a satisfying life of hard work and fulfilling activities.

Andy was born in 1913, far from the northwoods of Wisconsin, in Brooklyn, NY. He graduated from Polytech High School and received a degree from Brooklyn and Pratt Institute where he majored in chemistry.

While Andy will always be remembered as an active volunteer in his community, he also built an impressive career. Upon graduation, he worked for Nyanza Color and Chemical Co. as a colorist and managed the dye house for the Allen A. Co. in Bennington, VT. He worked for Western Felt Works in Chicago before moving to Appleton in 1955. In Appleton, Andy set up the quality control lab at Appleton Mills where he received a patent before his retirement as chief designer of papermaker felts.

Andy understood the value of sacrifice and commitment to others long before moving to Appleton. During World War II, Andy was in the Chemical Warfare Service stationed in England. He also served during the Battle of the Bulge and was commander of a prisoner of war camp in Liege, Belgium. After 24 years of service, Andy retired as a lieutenant colonel.

Some of Andy's greatest contributions, however, occurred during peacetime. He served as head usher at the First United Methodist Church for 17 years and was a member of the men's bowling league and Methodist Men. His Masonic affiliations also included 50 years as a member of Mount Anthony Lodge in Bennington, VT. Andy's Wisconsin affiliations included membership in Lodge 349 of Appleton; the Tripoli Shrine of Milwaukee and the Scottish Rite as a 32d degree Mason in Green Bay.

Andy's service to his community was as varied as it was enthusiastic. Among his civic duties were service on the youth board of the YMCA and as an executive for the United Way. He was also president of the Morgan School PTA and served on the citywide PTA

council. The Kiwanis Club of Appleton also claimed his service for 35 years. He was lieutenant governor of his Kiwanis division from which he earned a Meritorious Service award in February 1995. Andy's service to the Salvation Army included 11 years on the board of directors. After bypass surgery in 1983, he became an ardent supporter of the Appleton Heart Club. He was also a member of the Bell Friends of Wisconsin and the American Bell Association. Andy's work in the Republican Party earned him the 1994 Outagamie County Republican of the Year Award, an honor shared with his wife, Lois.

Our prayers today are with Lois; his son and daughter-in-law Richard and Jill Blackburn; granddaughter Jennifer and daughter Christine Blackburn.

We will remember Andrew Blackburn for his generous and industrious spirit. America needs more people like Andy, who found it so easy to put the needs of others before his own.

In his passing, Andrew Blackburn leaves a legacy of accomplishment through giving, working and striving to help other people.

I would ask the members of this body and the American people to look at the life of Andrew Blackburn and realize the extent to which one person can make a difference in their surroundings. If we can work today with the same energy and commitment that Andrew Blackburn did, we can truly build a brighter future for our communities, the American people and those who will come after us.

GOP WELFARE REFORM PLAN SPENDS MORE ON SCHOOL LUNCHES

HON. DOUG BEREUTER

OF NEBRASKA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, March 24, 1995

Mr. BEREUTER. Mr. Speaker, this Member highly commends to his colleagues this editorial which appeared in the Omaha World-Herald on March 12, 1995.

Rush Limbaugh urged his listeners to complain to news organizations that have carried misstatements about a House GOP plan to convert the school lunch program into block grants. Many listeners, it is reported, followed his advice.

Their concerns are grounded in fact. As recent World-Herald editorials have noted, a good many people, including some writers and commentators, accept the falsehood that food would be taken away from poor kids if the Republicans had their way. In reality, the GOP plan would spend more, not less, on school lunches although spending would grow at a slower rate in the next few years.

The charge that poor kids would go hungry is only one of the ridiculous misrepresentations that have circulated about the proposal. Another misrepresentation has been addressed by Robert W. Goldberg, a researcher at Brandeis University.

School lunches aren't just for poor kids, he noted. School lunches have become a middle-class entitlement with most of the growth in recent years coming in wealthier school districts. The stupidly of subsidizing meals for non-needy kids was noted by President Jimmy Carter in 1980. But his attempt to preserve the benefits for low-income children while making others pay more of their own way failed to attract congressional support.

Little by little, the truth comes out. It should help the public evaluate the plan fair-

ly to know that a previous liberal Democrat in the White House had concerns about school lunches that are similar to those now being voiced by House Republicans.

Jimmy Carter was right. Providing nutrition for needy children is one thing. But a government that is spending itself into bankruptcy can't afford to feed the rich and near-rich.

TRIBUTE TO JUDGE WILLIAM E. STECKLER

HON. ANDREW JACOBS, JR.

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, March 24, 1995

Mr. JACOBS. Mr. Speaker, at the time of his death, Federal District Judge William E. Steckler was one of only six living Federal jurists appointed by President Harry Truman. As the following editorial from the Indianapolis News says, he served and endured a very long period on the Federal bench.

He will be missed.

[From the Indianapolis News, Mar. 10, 1995]

WILLIAM E. STECKLER

Many years ago a woman brought her young child along when she had some business in the courtroom of Federal Judge William E. Steckler.

After walking up the marble spiral staircase in the Federal Courthouse Building, they passed through an elaborate iron gate and then entered the towering courtroom with its beautiful stained glass windows, sculpted gold-leaf ceiling, velvet curtains, walnut pews and fresco wall murals. Upon entering this architectural splendor, the youngster tugged at his mother's hand, pulled her down to him and whispered nervously in her ear, "Are we here to see God?"

Steckler, who presided in that elaborate courtroom since being named a federal judge for the Southern District of Indiana in 1950, would chuckle when he told that story.

He appreciated the inherent humor of the tale and also was aware that he was very much a fallible human being striving to serve the ends of justice.

This week Steckler passed away.

At the time of his appointment nearly 45 years ago, Steckler was only the second person to serve as a federal judge in Indiana's Southern District.

Initially, he traveled throughout the southern two-thirds of Indiana by himself, trying cases in the far reaches of the district—New Albany, Evansville and Terre Haute.

During his nearly half century on the bench, Steckler tried cases involving the constitutionality of Unigov, legislative reapportionment, convicted Speedway bomber Brett Kimberlin, the legislative influence peddling case of former Senate President Pro Tem Martin K. Edwards, a patent case involving procaine penicillin, a case involving the Indianapolis Public Schools that set a legal precedent involving student newspapers and an antitrust case involving motion picture producers.

Steckler has been credited with instituting the pretrial conference as required practice in federal court, originating the practice of submitting written instructions to juries and developing a checklist of procedures for the trial of protracted cases, which became a national model.

He also taught courses to federal judges throughout the nation on judicial etiquette and decorum.