

John's skills in diplomacy are no less impressive than his skills in wildlife management.

John has degrees in wildlife management from North Carolina State University and Louisiana State University. He served in the U.S. Army, and has held refuge management positions at the Eufaula, Cape Romain, Santee, Back Bay, Mississippi Sandhill Crane, Blackwater, and Okefenokee National Wildlife Refuges. He has served as manager at Chincoteague since 1989, and he and his wife live in Wattsville, VA. The award is to be presented to John by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Director, Molly Beattie, at a ceremony at the North American Wildlife and Natural Resources Conference in Minneapolis on March 25, 1995.

TRIBUTE TO WILBERT OWENS, JR.

HON. JULIAN C. DIXON

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 21, 1995

Mr. DIXON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to Mr. Wilbert Owens, Jr., a man who has achieved excellence in nearly every professional and educational endeavor. Mr. Owens is retiring after 23 years of distinguished service in the L.A. County district attorney's office.

Mr. Owens' success began long before he became an attorney. In Denison, TX where he was born, he was a talented scholar-athlete, graduating from Terrell High School as class valedictorian, class president, and captain of the football team. Mr. Owens also received the Rockwell trophy for student-athlete with the highest academic average. After high school, Mr. Owens attended Bethune-Cookman College, where he graduated with honors, earning a B.S. in pre-med. Here also he displayed his ability to excel in both academics and athletics by achieving all-conference honors in football and being named captain of the team.

Wilbert Owens' dreams of becoming a doctor were put on hold when he was drafted into the Army on October 13, 1955. However, he was not daunted by this occurrence. He finished officer candidate school in 6 months and was commissioned 2d lieutenant. From Fort Ord Mr. Owens was sent to the 11th Airborne Division in Germany, where he served as 1st lieutenant, platoon leader, executive officer of Rifle Company, and detachment commander of the military police unit. Mr. Owens returned to the United States in 1959 and was promoted to captain while at Fort Lewis, WA. The balance of his military service included a tour in Vietnam from 1962–63, where he earned an Army commendation medal for successfully

constructing a training center to train and equip 2,000 men in self-defense.

In Germany Wilbert Owens first discovered his passion for the law, defending soldiers charged with minor crimes. He won all of his cases and was appointed prosecutor. Later, he received the distinction of a seat on the courts' martial board.

Upon his release from the military in 1963, Mr. Owens decided to pursue his interest in the law, he first joined the L.A. County Marshall's office, a position he held with honor for 9 years. To enable his new dream of a law career to become a reality, Mr. Owens attended Southwestern Law School at night, beginning in 1965. In 1972 he was admitted to the California bar and hired by the L.A. County district attorney's office, where he has worked for 23 years. Because of his diligence and commitment to his profession, Mr. Owens rose through the ranks of the district attorney's office from the research and training division to the deputy position at the Inglewood adult office.

Wilbert Owens, Jr. exemplifies hard work, perseverance, and commitment to society. He deserves our praise and I strongly urge my colleagues to join me in commending him on his accomplishments and congratulating him on his retirement. Please join me in extending best wishes to Will and his lovely wife, Evelyn.

SURPRISE BIRTHDAY PARTY FOR DR. TIRSO DEL JUNCO

HON. CARLOS J. MOORHEAD

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 21, 1995

Mr. MOORHEAD. Mr. Speaker, on April 22, 1995 a surprise birthday celebration will be held in the honor of an old and dear friend of mine, Dr. Tirso Del Junco.

Dr. Del Junco, a prominent Los Angeles surgeon and entrepreneur, was born in Havana, Cuba. He moved to the United States and received his citizenship after graduating from the Havana School of Medicine with his M.D. in 1949.

He took his surgery residency at the Queen of Angeles Hospital in Los Angeles. This was followed by post graduate work at the University of Pennsylvania in 1954–55.

In the field of diplomacy, Dr. Del Junco was appointed the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Sovereign Military Order of Malta to Nicaragua in 1978. He continues to hold that honor to this day.

He was a captain in the U.S. Army from 1955 to 1957. During this time, he was chief of surgery at Camp Hanford Army Hospital. Later he was assigned as the Washington

Medical Officer to the Cuban Army of Liberation (Bay of Pigs) in 1961.

His business affiliations were extensive. Among them, he was the founder and chairman of the board of Los Angeles National Bank and a member of the board of Technicolor Inc. On the labor side of the equation, he is a member of the American Federation of Television and Radio Artists.

Some of his community involvements include the presidency of Hollywood Park Charities, director of the Thomas Jefferson Center on National Values Education Programs, and director of the Salesian Boys Club of Los Angeles.

His political activities, government appointments, and professional membership are too numerous to mention.

Mr. Speaker, as I said earlier, Dr. Del Junco is a friend and a special individual. He is very well organized, very hard-working, and very committed.

He is a responsible leader who has made numerous contributions in medicine, politics, and government.

He has served his profession, his community, State and Nation with dedication, dignity, and great skill.

It is an honor for me to take this moment to pay tribute before my colleagues in the U.S. House of Representatives to Dr. Del Junco. The man and his record are worthy of celebration.

LICENSES AND APPROVALS FOR THE EXPORT OF COMMERCIALY SOLD DEFENSE ARTICLES AND SERVICES

HON. LEE H. HAMILTON

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 21, 1995

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to bring to my colleagues' attention information prepared by the Office of Defense Trade Controls, Department of State, pursuant to Section 36(a) of the Arms Export Control Act. On January 9, 1995, I included in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, page E66, tables detailing worldwide Foreign Military Sales [FMS] during fiscal year 1994 for defense articles and services, and for construction sales.

Today, I would like to include in the RECORD a table that summarizes total licenses/approvals for the export of commercially sold defense articles and services during fiscal year 1994. Licenses/approvals issued in fiscal year 1994 totaled \$25.635 billion, compared with \$39.109 billion in fiscal year 1993.

The table follows:

LICENSES/APPROVALS FOR THE EXPORT OF COMMERCIALY SOLD DEFENSE ARTICLES/SERVICES, SEPT. 30, 1994

[In thousands of dollars]

Country	Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sept	Cummulative
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	0
Albania	0	0	0	0	0
Algeria	1,743	1,226	1,515	8,887	13,371
Andorra	4	0	9	6	19
Angola	1,662	67	0	0	1,729
Anguilla	0	0	0	0	0
Antigua	1	1	4	272	278
Argentina	14,818	44,842	4,824	10,810	75,294
Armenia	0	0	0	0	0
Australia	85,470	170,164	204,302	60,087	520,023
Austria	2,936	26,340	941	1,788	32,005
Azerbaijan	0	0	0	0	0
Bahamas, the	44	23,277	5	8	23,334
Bahrain	14,789	617	776	1,151	17,333

LICENSES/APPROVALS FOR THE EXPORT OF COMMERCIALY SOLD DEFENSE ARTICLES/SERVICES, SEPT. 30, 1994—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

Country	Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sept	Cummulative
Bangladesh	72	16	145	272	505
Barbados	30	23,298	62	20	23,410
Belarus	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	40,693	51,116	11,329	42,878	146,016
Belize	15	12	3	27	57
Benin	0	0	0	0	0
Bermuda	161	89	31	9	290
Bhutan	0	0	8	97	105
Bolivia	413	23,828	27	940	25,208
Bosnia-Herzegovina	0	0	0	0	0
Botswana	1,300	83	25	1,916	3,324
Brazil	47,441	244,620	1,814	8,648	302,523
British Virgin Islands	0	6	0	0	6
Brunei	6,515	4,436	5,155	18,191	34,297
Bulgaria	0	166	10	4	180
Burkina Faso	0	0	0	0	0
Burma	0	0	0	0	0
Burundi	0	0	0	0	0
Cambodia	0	0	0	0	0
Cameroon	41	0	1,584	0	1,625
Canada	4,362	2,107	1,389	21,835	29,693
Cape Verde, Repub	0	0	0	0	0
Cayman Islands	36	14	5	15	70
Central African R	0	0	0	0	0
Chad	0	0	0	0	0
Chile	21,352	47,543	17,904	1,456	88,255
China	0	0	0	438	438
Colombia	2,903	30,022	17,704	9,819	60,448
Comoros	0	0	0	0	0
Congo	26	63	0	4	93
Costa Rica	371	160	6,954	8,551	16,036
Cote D'Ivoire	101	2	0	167	270
Croatia	0	0	0	0	0
Cuba	0	0	0	0	0
Cyprus	138	38	2,301	149	2,626
Czech Republic	26,812	5,506	3,481	331	36,130
Czech Rep. & Slovakia	0	0	0	483	483
Denmark	64,135	34,050	14,737	47,310	160,232
Djibouti	0	0	0	0	0
Dominica	5	1	0	2	8
Dominican Republic	946	825	6,725	808	9,304
Ecuador	673	24,282	622	387	26,164
Egypt	13,866	102,382	160,295	30,871	307,414
El Salvador	2,504	745	6,337	2,383	11,969
Equatorial Guinea	0	0	0	0	0
Eritrea	0	0	0	0	0
Estonia	5	339	323	199	866
Ethiopia	145	195	0	156	496
Fiji	0	679	0	0	679
Finland	31,816	55,880	4,328	305,711	397,735
France	46,074	76,221	39,036	25,505	186,836
French Gulana	2,172	935	3,617	2,409	9,133
French Polynesia	0	2	0	0	2
Gabon	3	1	0	14	18
Gambia, the	0	0	0	0	0
Georgia	0	0	0	0	0
Germany	379,115	501,362	201,552	465,953	1,547,982
Ghana	0	0	1	4	6
Greece	42,936	38,327	42,271	33,523	157,057
Greenland	0	0	0	0	0
Grenada	0	1	0	14	15
Guadeloupe	8	183	0	0	191
Guatemala	2,699	25	6,298	422	9,444
Guinea	0	8	0	0	8
Guinea-Bissau	0	0	0	0	0
Guyana	7	17	16	140	180
Haiti	0	0	0	0	0
Honduras	215	11	5,900	436	6,562
Hong Kong	31,032	24,356	8,654	119,744	183,786
Hungary	462	71	3,283	14	3,830
Iceland	14,033	79,130	26	20,003	113,192
India	89,676	20,260	5,323	19,623	134,882
Indonesia	19,573	40,135	11,832	18,736	90,276
Iran	0	0	0	0	0
Iraq	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	953	323	282	267	1,825
Israel	63,006	842,198	43,991	220,739	1,169,934
Italy	228,150	168,888	293,866	190,787	881,691
Jamaica	226	23,697	234	24	24,181
Japan	422,418	561,805	345,897	807,159	2,137,279
Jordan	1,910	1,379	643	413	4,345
Kazakhstan	0	17	3	574	594
Kenya	23	3	20	0	46
Kiribati	0	0	0	0	0
Korea, Republic of	719,283	308,227	276,560	199,522	1,503,592
Kuwait	1,826	1,548	266,055	90,896	360,325
Kyrgyzstan	0	0	0	0	0
Laos	0	0	0	0	0
Latvia	0	3	44	9	56
Lebanon	411	1,932	596	160	3,099
Lesotho	0	0	0	0	0
Liberia	0	0	0	0	0
Libya	0	0	0	0	0
Lechtenstein	29	0	0	0	29
Lithuania	0	0	1	1	2
Luxembourg	212,982	83,102	100,811	21,726	418,621
Macao	19	128	51	0	198
Macedonia	0	0	0	0	0
Madagascar	0	0	0	0	0
Malawi	0	0	0	0	0
Malaysia	63,798	52,907	29,000	20,343	166,048
Maldives	39	0	0	1	40
Mali	0	0	0	0	0
Malta	11	0	7	21	39
Marshall Islands	0	0	0	0	0
Martinique	60	0	0	0	60
Mauritania	0	0	0	0	0
Mauritius	0	0	27	0	27
Mexico	110,696	99,667	63,953	38,515	312,831
Micronesia	0	0	0	0	0

LICENSES/APPROVALS FOR THE EXPORT OF COMMERCIALY SOLD DEFENSE ARTICLES/SERVICES, SEPT. 30, 1994—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

Country	Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sept	Cummulative
Moldova	0	0	0	225	225
Monaco	13	0	0	0	13
Mongolia	0	0	0	0	0
Morocco	6,505	5,463	10,748	23,940	46,656
Mozambique	0	0	0	0	0
Namibia	558	103	64	139	864
Nauru	0	0	20	0	20
Nepal	0	23	62	13	98
Netherlands	62,304	150,036	49,083	149,586	411,009
Netherlands Antil	287	23,277	33	31	23,628
New Caledonia	49	34	39	29	151
New Zealand	40,920	45,064	58,228	37,329	181,541
Nicaragua	4	2	5,900	0	5,906
Niger	0	2	0	0	2
Nigeria	483	62	16	84	645
Norway	86,053	84,523	31,055	76,136	277,767
Oman	3,234	1,901	1,863	1,708	8,706
Pakistan	9,408	59,069	1,777	15,517	85,771
Panama	4,524	563	6,013	264	11,364
Papua New Guinea	236	8	37	15	296
Paraguay	2,457	26,471	446	3,824	33,198
Peru	0	4,887	23,279	136	28,302
Philippines	40,990	35,634	120,023	5,936	202,583
Poland	629	313	1,705	220	2,867
Portugal	37,863	63,677	8,663	47,997	158,200
Qatar	722	2,933	722	888	5,265
Reunion	0	0	0	10	10
Romania	0	40	24	6	70
Russia	69	872	1,441	2,454	4,836
Rwanda	0	8	0	0	8
San Marino	0	10	0	0	10
Sao Tome and Prin	0	0	0	0	0
Saudi Arabia	2,218,281	95,577	171,541	2,518,460	5,003,859
Senegal	0	0	0	14	14
Serbia & Montenegro	0	0	0	0	0
Seychelles	0	35	0	0	35
Sierra Leone	0	0	0	0	0
Singapore	604,744	73,169	41,605	42,314	761,832
Slovakia	27	1,088	46	90	1,251
Slovenia	47	0	142	5,279	5,468
Solomon Islands	0	0	0	0	0
Somalia	0	0	0	0	0
South Africa	33	0	2,222	1,927	4,182
Spain	73,195	80,132	230,824	87,872	472,023
Sri Lanka	139	23,915	276	81	24,411
St. Helena	0	0	0	0	0
St. Kitts & Nevis-Ango	0	22	0	0	22
St. Lucia	0	18	0	0	18
St. Pierre & Miquelon	0	4	0	0	4
St. Vincent	0	0	1	0	1
Sudan	0	0	0	0	0
Suriname	678	0	0	41	719
Swaziland	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	35,114	103,249	27,300	236,117	401,780
Switzerland	49,635	76,814	10,758	58,024	195,231
Syria	0	0	0	0	0
Taiwan	46,012	26,418	1,724	133,515	207,669
Tajikistan	0	0	0	8	0
Tanzania	2	11	0	8	21
Thailand	40,371	64,519	18,847	40,091	163,828
Togo	0	0	0	0	0
Tonga	0	0	0	0	0
Trinidad & Tobago	121	23,287	25	104	23,537
Tunisia	256	519	262	57	1,094
Turkey	247,841	127,302	101,384	131,024	607,551
Turkmenistan	0	0	0	0	0
Turks & Caicos	0	0	6	0	6
Tuvalu	0	0	0	0	0
Uganda	33	0	2	18	53
Ukraine	0	3	29	12	44
United Arab Emirates	301,969	10,781	114,609	9,628	436,987
United Kingdom	486,960	539,498	231,970	203,422	1,461,850
United Nations	0	0	13,233	632	13,865
U.S.A	9	16	0	21	46
Uruguay	757	23,689	52	474	24,972
Uzbekistan	12	0	0	0	12
Vanuatu	0	0	0	0	0
Various Countries	36,501	3,473	376,261	742,995	1,159,230
Vatican City	0	0	0	0	0
Venezuela	5,495	29,569	40,760	3,939	79,763
Vietnam	0	0	0	4	4
Western Sahara	0	0	0	0	0
Western Samoa	0	0	0	0	0
Yemen	63	176	0	0	239
Yugoslavia	0	0	0	0	0
Zaire	0	0	0	0	0
Zambia	47	0	82	28	157
Zimbabwe	607	110	49	17	783
Classified Totals **	157,646	197,862	224,834	713,747	1,294,089
Worldwide total	7,446,093	5,852,137	4,155,809	8,181,225	25,635,264

** See classified annex to CPD.

Note: Details may not add due to rounding. This information was prepared and submitted by the Office of Defense Trade Controls, State Department.

HONORING "SALADO LEGENDS" FOR THEIR THIRD SEASON OF BRINGING THE STORY OF CENTRAL TEXAS PIONEERS TO THE STAGE

HON. CHET EDWARDS

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 21, 1995

Mr. EDWARDS. Mr. Speaker, today it is with great pride and pleasure that I honor the 1995 presentation of "Salado Legends." This stage drama brings to life the story of central Texas pioneers who braved danger and hardship to carve out a new life.

For the past three summers more than 100 cast and crew have donated their time and talent to bring this production to appreciative audiences. This unique stage production reenacts the experiences of Scottish settlers who arrived in Salado in Bell County in the late 1850's. The audience is treated to a slice of central Texas history through song, dance, and story.

I ask Members to join me in honoring the cast and crew of this stage production for their work preserving a piece of history in my Texas congressional district.

IN TRIBUTE TO EDWARD ROBERTS

HON. NANCY PELOSI

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 21, 1995

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a true American pioneer, a hero to millions, a leader in the truest sense of the word: Edward V. Roberts. Ed Roberts was known and loved by millions throughout the world, for, by the sheer force of his will, intelligence, and genius, he created the independent living movement for people with disabilities.

Born in 1939, Ed was stricken with polio at the age of 14. Left a quadriplegic by the disease, Ed soon found that the world did not recognize that though his body had been ravaged, his mind had not. Confronted with the fact that his high school would not let him graduate because he could not complete mandatory driver's and physical education classes, Ed began his career in tenacious advocacy by convincing his principal to lift that restriction.

In 1962, he became the first severely disabled student to attend the University of California at Berkeley, overcoming opposition to the idea of a student who required a respirator during the day and an iron lung at night. He was physically separated from other students by the school, which housed him at Cowell hospital. Not being content with being a trailblazer for the admission of disabled students, he led a successful fight to allow them to use regular student housing.

After receiving a bachelor's and master's degree in political science, and after teaching at UC-Berkeley for 6 years, Ed left the school to establish the Center for Independent Living. The center's goal was to carry out much of what Ed had spent his life battling alone: helping to find and promote housing, transportation, and assistance for the disabled. His work caught the eye of Governor Jerry Brown, who appointed him the head of the State De-

partment of Rehabilitation. He held the position until 1982. During his tenure, Ed was tireless in promoting the rights of the disabled, and working to ensure that independent living was not merely a goal, but a need for the severely disabled.

In 1984, in recognition of his work, Ed received a \$225,000 MacArthur Foundation "Genius" Award. Using the grant, he, Judy Heumann, and Joan Leon established the World Institute on Disability, which has become the most influential policy and research center on people with disabilities. Indeed, the World Institute and Ed played a key role in helping passage of the landmark Americans with Disabilities Act.

Most recently, Ed and the World Institute have been profiled in a three-part series on people with disabilities and technology called "People in Motion." In addition, Ed has been working on a project to create work stations for people with disabilities that would allow them to own their own small businesses, such as espresso or vending carts. It was my privilege to work with Ed on this project with regard to the San Francisco International Airport.

Unfortunately, the world lost Ed Roberts on March 14, 1995. On Sunday, March 19th, a memorial service was held to honor Ed Roberts at the UC-Berkeley campus. I, along with countless others, was proud to call Ed Roberts my friend. He has been called, with little hyperbole, the "Ghandi of the disability rights movement." Comparisons, however, do not do justice to the spirit, the passion, which filled the soul of Ed Roberts. Perhaps Ed defined it best: after overhearing a doctor telling his mother that it would be better if he died from the polio because he would be left a vegetable, Ed immediately thought of the artichoke, which was prickly on the outside with a tender heart.

Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the Congress, allow me to express our condolences to his son, Lee, his mother, Vona, and brothers Mark and Ron. But, more importantly, we must continue our fight as a Nation for the rights of the disabled. It is only through our actions that we properly pay tribute to Ed Roberts' enduring legacy of good works and his tireless pursuit of justice on behalf of the disabled.

EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE AND RESCISSIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1995

SPEECH OF

HON. RONALD D. COLEMAN

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, March 15, 1995

The House in Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union had under consideration the bill (H.R. 1158) making emergency supplemental appropriations for additional disaster assistance and making rescissions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1995, and for other purposes:

Mr. COLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I rise today in opposition to the rescissions contained in H.R. 1158. I oppose this measure for several reasons, primarily because of the detrimental effect it will have on our children.

No one suffers under this bill more than our children. They have been targeted to carry the

bulk of the cuts to pay for the tax cuts for our Nation's most affluent.

We are not cutting bureaucrats. We are denying children who have no control over their circumstances an opportunity to learn in safe, clean schools with a nutritious meal in their stomachs. We are denying children in low income families a warm bed.

This measure will have a negative impact on my home State and my district. For my colleagues, I would like to point out a number of programs vital to the productivity and welfare of Texans which will be slashed or eliminated by this bill.

Under this bill, Texas will lose over \$1 billion in funding. H.R. 1158 reduces the funding Texas would have received under formula allocations by half a million dollars. This measure cuts over \$162 million from housing modernization, operating subsidies, and section 8 vouchers funding for my State. Texas will lose \$20 million from Community Development Block Grants, \$30 million from the low-income home energy assistance program, and over \$170 million in job training and employment services programs. Texas children will lose over \$70 million in school programs.

Two cuts contained in this package will have a disparaging impact on residents of dilapidated, low-income housing. The reduction in payments for the operation of low-income housing projects and the elimination of funding for the Severely Distressed Public Housing Fund will result in a reduction of affordable housing for the residents of my district, where public housing is already at maximum capacity and 5000 families are on a waiting list for affordable housing. This cut will result in a loss of over 200 jobs in a region with unemployment over 9 percent.

The reduction in the payments for the operation of low-income housing projects will fall disproportionately on housing authorities. These housing authorities, which begin their fiscal year July 1 or October 1, could see their funding cut by as much as 50 percent. This reduction will mean a reduction in maintenance, security, and supportive services.

The Severely Distressed Public Housing fund is targeted to help those who live in some of our nation's most dilapidated and crime infested developments. The President had intended this last year of funding to assist communities with the worst public housing. This money is urgently needed. In many instances this money has already been obligated and contracts have been signed. Not funding this program in 1996 is one thing, renegeing on our commitments for 1995 is another. This will result in long and costly litigation over the cancellation of this commitment.

Under this measure, funding for three national parks in Texas will lose funding. The Chamizal National Memorial, Palo Alto National Battlefield, and the San Antonio Missions will lose funding. These parks preserve our unique multicultural heritage. Although, less known than the Yellowstone National Park or the Grand Canyon, they are no less important and serve to commemorate and preserve an unique part of our history, culture, or landscape. Under this proposal, programs to promote this aspect of our heritage will continue to be underfunded and neglected.

I provided the Rules Committee an opportunity to make in order an amendment to