

countless young people and emphasized the importance of education to young people. He broke Hartford's color barrier and became its first African-American member of the board of education. He uplifted his congregation and turned a once debt-ridden church into a thriving house of worship.

The Reverend Moody, like others we honor this month, was a rare and wonderful individual who, through words and action, helped make a difference to countless people throughout the State of Connecticut and the Nation.

Mr. Speaker, there are countless men and women who, like the Reverend Moody, improve the lives of many people on a daily basis. They may not be as famous as W.E.B. DuBois, or Frederick Douglass, or Booker T. Washington, but they are heroes in the same tradition. I honor the memory of the Reverend Moody, and the many others like him. And I also salute the future leaders who will challenge this Nation to reach its great potential.

DOROTHY QUINN OF NASSAU HONORED FOR OUTSTANDING SERVICE TO GOP

HON. GERALD B.H. SOLOMON

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 1, 1995

Mr. SOLOMON. Mr. Speaker, those of us here in Washington who were pleased with the results of last November's elections tend to forget that the spadework for the Republican tidal wave of victories was done, not here in Washington, but in the precincts, towns, and villages across the country.

Countless volunteers in our 22d Congressional District did a lot of that spadework over the years at the grassroots levels. I have personal reasons for being grateful, because these volunteers have repeatedly helped return me to Congress with more votes than anyone else in the whole New York delegation. They were equally instrumental last year in the election of George Pataki as Governor. I'd like to single out one of those outstanding volunteers today.

Dorothy Quinn of Nassau has been doing yeoman's work for the Republican Party since the Eisenhower years. Her first involvement in local politics was stuffing envelopes, but this experienced inspired her and several others to form a Nassau Women's Republican Club. In 1957 she was elected the club's first president, an office she has held more than once.

Under her leadership the club grew in leaps and bounds. That leadership was recognized in her being chosen vice chairman of the Rensselaer County Republican Committee, and in her serving on the New York State Committee.

Also under her leadership, the Nassau Women's Republican Club was an active player in State and national party affairs, including trips to Washington and the State Capital in Albany. Dorothy Quinn herself participated in State and national conventions.

Mr. Speaker, where would we be without dedicated individuals like Dorothy Quinn? Our political system, wisely crafted by our Founding Fathers, is the envy of the world precisely because it takes advantage of such talents and energies.

She will be honored at a dinner February 14. Mr. Speaker, let us rise to pay our own tribute to an outstanding lady I am proud to call my friend, Dorothy Quinn, of Nassau, NY.

IN MEMORY OF HON. BRADFORD MORSE

HON. BENJAMIN A. GILMAN

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 1, 1995

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, it is my sad duty, in the midst of our busy schedules, to remind our colleagues of the passing of one of our former colleagues, a man whose service to this institution, our country, and to the cause of world peace, is one of the great political legacies of our time.

I refer to the Honorable Bradford Morse of Massachusetts, who served admirably in this Chamber from the time of his first election 1960, until he resigned in May 1972 to become Under Secretary General of the United Nations.

As a colleague in this body, Bradford Morse served with great distinction. His understanding of and concern for the conduct of American foreign policy, especially during the Vietnam war, demonstrated Brad's extensive abilities.

Brad left the House at President Nixon's request to assume the position of Under Secretary General of the United Nations which had been made vacant by the death of Nobel Peace Prize laureate, Ralph Bunche. As Under Secretary General—the senior American in the United Nations—Brad was concerned with political and General Assembly affairs, humanitarian affairs, and human rights.

Those fortunate enough to have served with him in the House will recall his willingness to contribute all his time and his energies to any task he was asked to undertake, and to work with others in a spirit of cooperation that transcended party lines. One of the sayings for which he is remembered is "Let's get on with the job," and when Bradford Morse said that you knew he would be the first to get on the job. He was the kind of man who knew not only the details of complex international policies, but the first names and family histories of security guards in the Congress at the United Nations.

His work in the international arena earned him the respect, the gratitude, and the love of all who worked with him. He became Administrator of the United Nations Development Program, from 1976 to 1986, and Director of the International Emergency Operation for Africa, from 1984 to 1986. It has been said of Brad that millions of Africans are alive today because of his selfless dedication and hard work, but not one of them knows his name.

It has further been said of him that he was always ready with a firm handshake, a welcoming smile, and a genuine effort to forge a consensus whenever conflict arose. That seems to me to capture the essence of this great public servant.

It is the nature of our calling to see colleagues come and go, in a blur of elections and in a whirl of events, one after the other. But some of those colleagues leave an indelible mark on this institution because of their character, their talents, their warmth, and their

love of humanity. Bradford Morse was among this small, select group. He got on with the job, did his very best, and brought out the best in others. His service to our country, as a Congressman and as a statesman, is one of which his family, his home State of Massachusetts, and all his many friends should be proud.

Mr. Speaker, Bradford Morse left this body prior to my first election, so I never personally enjoyed the honor of serving with him as a colleague. However, I came to know him well throughout the 1970's and 1980's, when he was known nationally and internationally as one of the most knowledgeable individuals in the field of international development and relations. He was universally revered for his expertise and his professionalism.

Mr. Speaker, I urge all of our colleagues to join with us in extending our condolences to Brad's family and in paying tribute to an outstanding public servant, one of those officials who make us all proud to be in public life.

Permit me also to avail myself of this opportunity to invite our colleagues to join at the graveside memorial services to be held at Arlington National Cemetery on Monday, February 6, 1995, at 3 p.m.

POSTHUMOUS TRIBUTE TO JAMES LERON CHERRY

HON. CARRIE P. MEEK

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 1, 1995

Mrs. MEEK of Florida. Mr. Speaker, it is a distinct honor to pay tribute to one of Miami's unsung heroes, James Leron Cherry. His untimely demise on January 16, 1995, leaves a great void in our community.

Born in Moultrie, GA, Mr. Cherry overcame the abject poverty into which he was born. He worked even at an early age helping his father do odd jobs to put food on the family's table and clothes on his siblings. But he also developed an insatiable thirst for education, along with the acumen for learning the intricacies of carpentry and woodwork. At his country's calling, he enlisted in the U.S. Army and was assigned to the European theater during World War II. After the war and through his resilience and gritty determination, he obtained his college education from my alma mater, Florida A&M University, graduating with both bachelor's and master's degrees.

Married to the late Representative Gwen Cherry, my dear friend and predecessor in the Florida Legislatures, Mr. Cherry fully lived up to his calling as an educator. He was employed by the Dade County Public Schools in Miami where his high standards for learning and achievement won him the accolades of his beloved community. Promoted as coordinator of adult education at Miami Northwestern High School in the early 1960's, his successes in educating many a wayward inner-city youth become legendary. He gained the confidence of countless parents who saw him as the educator par excellence, entrusting him with the future of their children and confident that they would learn from him the tenets of scholarship and the pursuit of academic excellence under the rigors of a no-nonsense discipline.

His approach to educating the inner-city young boys and girls who came under his tutelage emphasized personal responsibility. In times of cries crowding his students' learning, his forthright guidance and counsel was one based on faith in God and faith in one's ability to survive the vicissitudes of life.

Our community was deeply touched and comforted by his undaunted leadership, kindly compassion, and personal warmth. He preached and lived by the adage that the quest for personal integrity, academic excellence, and professional achievement is not beyond the reach of those who are willing to dare the impossible. This is the legacy that James Leron Cherry bequeathed to us. I am greatly privileged to have known this noble human being.

LEGISLATION AMENDING TITLE 18 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE

HON. FRANK R. WOLF

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 1, 1995

Mr. WOLF. Mr. Speaker, for as long as I can remember Federal employees who are members of employee organizations, like credit unions, child care centers, health and fitness organizations, recreation associations, and professional associations, have been able to represent the views of the employee organization to the employing department or agency. I think all would agree that active employee participation in matters of employment should be encouraged.

Until now, Federal employees' ability to represent to their superiors the interests of their employee organization has peacefully coexisted with §205 of title 18, United States Code, which prohibits a Government employee, except in the performance of official duties, from acting as agent or attorney for anyone before any agency or court of the United States in connection with a covered matter. A covered matter is described at 18 U.S.C. §205(h) as including "any judicial or other proceeding, application, request for a ruling or other determination, contract, claim, controversy, investigation, charge, accusation, arrest, or other particular matter." Until now, issues affecting employees as employees, such as pay and benefits issues, have not been viewed as covered matters.

The Department of Justice [DoJ] has recently issued legal opinions and guidelines stating that managers or supervisors who are Federal employees and who represent the interests of their peers or associations before senior management officials are guilty of a violation of 18 U.S.C. §205 and could be prosecuted as felons and subject to imprisonment and fines. Technically, according to DoJ, an employee who asks to use office space on behalf of an employee organization may have violated the law and could be subject to criminal prosecution.

Mr. Speaker, 18 U.S.C. §205 was enacted in 1962 and there has not been a problem until DoJ issued its opinion. Now, if a Federal employee wishes to discuss child care on behalf of her employee organization, she is in technical violation of the law. This situation is

outrageous and must be corrected. I have contacted the Attorney General about this issue and am awaiting a response. In the meantime, I am introducing legislation which reverses the Department of Justice's interpretation of the law to allow a Federal employee to represent an employee association or the interests of its members to the executive branch or any agency of the Government.

This small technical change will protect the rights that Federal employees have enjoyed for years until the Department of Justice removed them through its interpretation of the law. This legislation is a good-government measure, is good for Federal employees, and maintains the integrity and purpose of §205. Mr. Speaker, I urge Members to cosponsor this legislation and urge the House to make this technical change to the law as soon as possible.

H.R. —

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. REPRESENTATION OF VIEWS.

Section 205 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (i) and by inserting after subsection (g) the following:

"(h) Nothing in this section shall prevent an officer or employee of the Government, if not inconsistent with the faithful performance of such officer's or employee's duties, from representing an employee association before, or the interest of the members of the association to, the Executive Branch or any agency of the Government. For purposes of this subsection, an employee association is an association or component of an association, a majority of whose members are officers or employees of the Government."

IN HONOR OF VIVIAN T. HOPE

HON. JACK KINGSTON

OF GEORGIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 1, 1995

Mr. KINGSTON. Mr. Speaker, today I would like to take the opportunity to congratulate Mrs. Vivian T. Hope on 50 years of service to the Glynn County School System.

Born and raised in Brunswick, GA. Mrs. Hope received her bachelor of arts degree from Albany State in Albany, GA and received master of education degrees from Armstrong State College, Savannah State College, and Georgia Southern University. She also holds an educational specialist degree from Nova University in Florida.

Vivian Hope began her career in Glynn County in 1965 teaching fifth grade at Burroughs Elementary School. In 1967, she became one of the first African-American instructors to teach at Goodyear Elementary School. She later continued her career at Risley Sixth Grade Center and Glynn County Middle School, where she served as a team leader and chairperson of the social studies department. Vivian has received numerous honors. While at Glynn County Middle School, she was selected the 1981 Teacher of the Year. In 1988–1990 she participated in various Georgia Educational Leadership Conferences; in 1992, she was selected to participate in the State of

Georgia Governor's School Leadership Institute. Most recently, Vivian served on the Southern Association Visiting Team for Bibb County, located in the 2nd district of Georgia.

Mr. Speaker, throughout Mrs. Hope's career, she has been a role model to both students and aspiring young teachers. When asked, "If you had it to do all over again, would you?" Her response, "Of course, with any job you have your good days and your bad, but for me, I wouldn't change a thing."

Too often, we forget to acknowledge those who spend 6 to 8 hours a day educating our children. Today, I salute Vivian Hope for spending 30 years with our children.

In conclusion, I also want to add that one of her best students is her own daughter, Theresa Hooper. Many of us know Theresa, and have had the pleasure of working with her on various State and national issues. She originally worked on the Senate Appropriations Committee, but in 1992, we on the House side had the good fortune of having her work with us. She is bright, intelligent and a true professional.

With people like Theresa serving as a sample of her mother's fine work, we can be sure that Mrs. Hope's legacy will live on for many years.

The world is clearly better for her outstanding contributions to America. Congratulations Mrs. Hope.

HONORING DELLA LAMB COMMUNITY SERVICES OF KANSAS CITY, MO

HON. KAREN MCCARTHY

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 1, 1995

Ms. MCCARTHY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Della Lamb Community Services, which will have its annual awards banquet on Sunday, February 5, 1995.

Della Lamb has stood as a beacon of hope in Kansas City for almost 100 years, providing a wide range of services to our central city. These services include day care, youth programs and summer camp, adult education, including GED and basic skills instruction, and special programs for senior adults, including much-needed transportation services.

The services provided by Della Lamb touch hundreds of Kansas Citizens every month. I commend the staff, volunteers, and supporters of Della Lamb for the wonderful contributions they make to our community.

In addition, I would like to pay special tribute to the executive director of Della Lamb, William C. "Duke" Akers, who has served Della Lamb for 20 years.

During the tenure of Mr. Akers, Della Lamb has grown from a one-location neighborhood house to an eight-location charitable endeavor with an annual budget of \$3.5 million. The growth of services coordinated by Mr. Akers and the Della Lamb family have an impact on people every day. I commend Mr. Akers for 20 years of service to Della Lamb and I thank him for the valuable contributions he makes to our community.