about 160,000 jobs. This puts the administration on track to reach its goal of 272,900 job cuts by the year 1999. Furthermore, congressional efforts to eliminate, streamline, or reform outdated programs could accelerate or increase the numbers of Federal jobs lost. Reductions in the number of full time equivalents [FTE's] will displace a number of workers and reductions-in-force [RIF's] most likely will follow. All of the job cuts cannot be absorbed by retirements or attrition. Therefore, as the nation's largest employer, the Federal Government should be sensitive to its displaced employees and do what it can to ease their transition into the private sector—in other words. give them a soft landing.

The Federal Employee Separation Incentive and Reemployment Act will provide temporary authority for the payment of retirement and separation incentives which will assist agencies reduce their workforce through attrition rather than RIF's. Buyouts, private sector reemployment training and relocation incentives, a job bank, and extention of health care and life insurance benefits will ease the Federal employee's transition out the Federal work force. This legislation will save the Government money because buyouts are less expensive than RIF's. A reduction in the number of RIF's will protect dwindling morale which adversely impacts on productivity. Finally and most importantly, this legislation will help the separated Federal employee make a smooth transition into the private sector.

Mr. Speaker, this legislation is a combination of some new and old ideas. This legislation should serve as a starting point for more good ideas which I encourage Federal employee unions, groups, and associations to share with the Civil Service Subcommittee. Also, I call on the administration to put forth some suggestions about how to ease Federal employees' transition into the private sector. For instance, perhaps OPM should conduct job fairs around the country whereby OPM helps match experience and qualified separated Federal employees with private sector jobs.

Mr. Speaker, I encourage our colleagues to cosponsor this important legislation, and I urge the chairman of the Government Reform and Oversight Subcommittee on Civil Service to hold hearings on this important legislation. This bill is a good government measure intended to help displaced Federal employees. While we may not be able to guarantee lifetime jobs to our dedicated Federal employees, we can help give them a soft landing.

Mr. Speaker, the following is a brief description of the incentives and transition assistance included in the bill:

- (1) Incentive Payments for Employees Eligible for Immediate Retirement.—This program would provide for incentive payments to employees who voluntarily separate but who are not eligible for an immediate anuity. These Voluntary Separation Incentive Programs (VSIPs) are generally referred to as buyouts. VSIPs may be paid only if they are necessary to avoid or minimize the need for involuntary separations due to a RIF, reorganization, transfer of function, or other similar action.
- (2) Payments and Other Incentives for Employees Not Eligible For Immediate Retirement.—This program gives an incentive to Federal employees who are not eligible for immediate retirement to find private sector employment by providing an incentive payment to a Federal employee who obtains pri-

vate sector employment within six months after the employee's voluntary separation. The incentive payment is based on the amount of severance pay the employee would have been entitled to in the case of an involuntary separation. The sooner a former employee obtains reemployment, the greater the amount of the reemployment incentive. Specifically, the employee would receive 100 percent of his/her salary if he or she obtains private sector employment within the first two months of separation. He/she would receive 80 percent if the new employment commences within three months, 60 percent in four months, 40 percent in five months and 20 percent in six months.

- (3) Reemployment Incentives—Priority Placement Programs for Federal Employees Affected by a Reduction-in-Force.—This program codifies a Presidential order establishing a government wide priority placement program. This program is modeled after the successful Department of Defense priority placement program. In essence, the program would provide a system under which agencies will be required to fill positions with displaced employees referred through the program if the employee is qualified for the position. Agencies would obtain employee names from a central inventory of employees who have been RIFed or given notice that they will be RIFed.
- (4) Non-Federal Employment Incentives—Retraining Incentives.—Under this program, agencies may pay a retraining incentive to non-Federal employers upon the employee's completion of 12 months of continuous employment by the non-Federal employer. This gives private sector employers an incentive to hire displaced federal employees by paying for a portion of the employee's retraining. Retraining incentives shall not exceed \$20.000.
- (5) Non-Federal Employment Incentives—Relocation Incentives.—Under this program, agencies may pay a relocation incentive to an eligible employee if it is necessary for the employee to relocate in order to commence employment with a non-Federal employer. Relocation incentives shall not exceed \$20,000
- (6) Job Placement and Counseling Services.—Under this program, agencies may establish a program to provide job placement and counseling services to current and former employees and their families. Services may include career and personal counseling, training in job search skills, and job placement assistance.
- (7) Extension of Life Insurance Benefits.— A federal employee who is separated involuntarily or takes early retirement may elect to continue his/her life insurance coverage and pay both the employee's and agency contribution share. Under current law he/she can not.
- (8) Extension of Health Insurance Benefits.—Current law generally requires that retiring employees must have participated in the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program (FEHBP) for the five years preceding retirement in order to continue their coverage as retirees. This new program directs the Office of Personnel Management to waive the five-year requirement for a federal employee who retires before October 1, 1999, and is eligible for an immediate annuity, provided the individual is enrolled in the FEHBP on the date of retirement.

TRIBUTE TO EL RANCHO HIGH SCHOOL ACADEMIC DECATHLON TEAM

### HON. ESTEBAN EDWARD TORRES

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, December 7, 1995

Mr. TORRES. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the students, coaches, and parents who make up the El Rancho High School Academic Decathlon Team

On November 18, 1995, El Rancho High School competed in and hosted the 1995 Los Angeles County Academic Decathlon. More than 60 schools from Los Angeles County participated. For the third year in a row, the El Rancho High School Academic Decathlon Team won the Southeast Divisional Region and placed 11th in the entire county.

Sergio Aguilar, Charles Cazares, David Leslie Gonzales, Enevoldsen, Govenaga, Scott Moore, Jozelyn Pablo, Sherry Panganiban, and David Zaragoza are the nine students who make up this year's winning team. With the guidance and support of their families and coaches Doug Anderson-head coach—Jim Dyson—assistant coach—Gary Barton, Della Bruhn, Julie Ellis, Karen Mainer, Tim McMullen, Ben Meza, Cheryl Milas, Ben Rich, Eva Rosa, Chris Whalen, Stan Wlasick, the decathletes proved that the El Rancho High School Academic Decathlon Team is a formidable competitor.

The team has a long and successful tradition of winning the Southeast Divisional Region, never placing lower than third and placing first in 1988, 1990, 1993, 1994, and 1995. For 3 consecutive years, El Rancho has been the Southeast Regional Champion.

The dedication and commitment demonstrated by these students is commendable and noteworthy. Studying for the competition required many early mornings and afterschool hours, and spending summers and weekends at school in preparation for the competition. These young people serve as promising role models for their peers and future academic decathletes.

Mr. Speaker, it is with pride that I rise to recognize these exceptional students, coaches, and parents. I ask my colleagues to join me in saluting these accomplished individuals and in extending our congratulations and best wishes for their continued success.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

### HON. BARBARA B. KENNELLY

OF CONNECTICUT

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, December 7, 1995

Mrs. KENNELLY. Mr. Speaker, on November 30, I was absent from the House of Representatives on official business and missed rollcall votes 830, 831, 832, and 833.

Had I been present I would have voted "aye" on rollcall No. 830, "aye" on rollcall 831, "aye" on rollcall 832, and "nay" on rollcall

I ask unanimous consent that this be reflected in the RECORD.

GERALD FETCHER SPEAKS FOR THE CHILDREN

### HON. MARSHALL "MARK" SANFORD

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, December 7, 1995

Mr. SANFORD. Mr. Speaker, for the past few weeks a constituent of mine, Gerald Fetcher, has paid for an ad to appear in the Washington Times. The text of the ad follows: "An Appeal to the Congress of the United States"

Please do not give in to the demands of President Clinton. We must balance the budget in seven years. America is already five trillion dollars in debt, which is over \$18,000 per person (including newborn babies). Kids don't have the right to vote, they can't vote on their own future.

It is very selfish for politicians to appeal to voters by giving them more benefits (to get votes), and destroy the future of America.

Please hang in there Congress and Senate, do not give in to the selfish demands of President Clinton.

I commend Mr. Fetcher for taking the initiative to make sure that his voice is heard. He speaks for most Americans. Balance the budget now.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN 100TH ANNIVERSARY

# HON. MIKE WARD

OF KENTUCKY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, December 7, 1995

Mr. WARD. Mr. Speaker, it is my honor and pleasure to congratulate the National Council of Jewish Women, Louisville section on its 100th year of birth. Over those 100 years the council has been undaunted in its commitment to serve the community of Louisville.

The Louisville Chapter of NCJW has admirably fought for the protection of women, children, and the elderly. They have acted as a community foundation in the upgrading, safeguarding, and the protection of public education

The basis for the success of the NCJW has been its hands-on volunteering. This volunteer experience is a phenomenon shared through a century by people bound together through religion, culture, and history.

Throughout their existence the National Council of Jewish Women have been a positive force for decency, dignity, and respect for the individual in the Louisville community. I salute them on their 100th anniversary.

LEGACY OF LEADERSHIP WILL BE REMEMBERED

## HON. JAMES A. BARCIA

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, December 7, 1995

Mr. BARCIA. Mr. Speaker, advocates for second amendment rights, the people of Michigan, and conservationists have lost a great friend. Tom Washington, President of the National Rifle Association [NRA], died of heart failure on December 5, 1995.

Probably one of the most important aspects of Tom's career was his leadership in the NRA. A member of the board of directors since 1985, Tom served as second and first vice president until he was elected to serve as president in 1994. He strengthened the NRA and acquired new state-of-the-art head-quarters in Fairfax, VA. As president he improved many NRA programs including hunter services, and founded the NRA's Youth Hunter Education Challenge.

Michigan has been fortunate to be served by Tom Washington who played a key role in preserving land in Michigan. His commitment to this goal was demonstrated when he wrote the administrative rules for the cornerstone of Michigan's land use program—the Michigan Farmland and Open Space Preservation Act which has been the model for land preservation legislation in Michigan. He also assisted in drafting legislation to create and then served as a member of the board for the Michigan Natural Resources Trust Fund. The trust is used to purchase prime recreational lands for public use.

An avid hunter and outdoorsman, Tom understood the importance of a healthy environment and was dedicated to protecting our natural resources. Tom served on the board of directors of the National Wildlife Federation, the Safari Club International and received the Safari Club's International Chairman's Award. Tom was presented with the Miles D. Pirnie Award by the Michigan Duck Hunters Association for his leadership in preserving wetlands and wetlands wildlife.

Tom could not have achieved these great accomplishments without the support of his loving family and is survived by his wife, Joanne and their six children; Miriam, David, Heidi, Susan, Steven, and Christy.

Please join me in remembering and honoring Tom's legacy of combining environmental consciousness and second amendment rights. Tom realized that these goals are not mutually exclusive and spent his lifetime protecting the two.

TRIBUTE TO MS. BONNIE WARR

#### HON. CHARLES WILSON

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, December 7, 1995

Mr. WILSON, Mr. Speaker, today I ask that you join me in recognizing the achievements of Ms. Bonnie Warr of Pineland. TX.

Bonnie is one of those truly good, kind, and dedicated people who at the midpoint of life suddenly rediscovers the joys of education. A friend of hers says that a stint working in my office started the process, and helped her discover that she was just as smart as everyone else. I take no real credit for Bonnie's hardearned success, but I am happy to trumpet it as an example of the benefits of education at any age.

On December 16, 1995, Bonnie will receive her masters of business administration diploma from Stephen F. Austin State University. She made the decision to jump back into the academic fray in 1988, earning an associates degree in 1991 and a bachelor of business administration degree in 1992. In May 1994, she received a secondary education certification that will allow her to share the

wealth and teach English, mathematics, and business curriculums to high school students.

Bonnie started her new academic life with typical enthusiasm and with the happy encouragement and support of her husband Royce and daughters Angela Warr Lopez and Kendra Warr. Kendra will join her mother on the dais December 16 to receive her bachelor of arts degree.

Too many times people are guilty of saying "I would have liked to do this, but now it's too late" or "I'm too old." Bonnie is an inspiration to all of those who fall into this trap. I join her family and coworkers at Temple-Eastex in saluting her fortitude, perseverance, and persistence.

### HON. EDOLPHUS TOWNS

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, December 7, 1995

Mr. TOWNS. Mr. Speaker, it is my distinct pleasure to acknowledge Sister Rita Meaney, a native New Yorker. She belongs to the Sisters of Charity, and began her career as a child care worker at St. Agatha's Home for Children in Nanuet, NY. She rose quickly to become director of child care, and eventually its assistant administrator.

Sister Rita attended the College of Mount St. Vincent, from which she received her undergraduate degree. She earned her master's degree in social work from Fordham University. Sister Rita is a certified social worker and licensed nursing home administrator.

Sister Rita is committed to volunteerism, especially as it relates to providing for the needs of troubled families and children. She currently serves as executive director of St. Joseph Services for Children and Families. Under her guidance, St. Joseph has not only grown but thrived under Sister Rita's direction. The Service offers community-based programs in the prevention of child abuse and neglect; and encourages independent living skills among adolescents. St. Joseph also targets the special needs of foster care children with AIDS; and provides vital services such as health care, psychological counseling, and educational and vocational guidance. I am pleased to acknowledge her unique contributions and selfless service to humanity.

DR. JULIUS C. DIX; AN EDUCATOR FOR ALL AGES

# HON. WILLIAM (BILL) CLAY

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, December 7, 1995

Mr. CLAY. Mr. Speaker, the retirement of Dr. Julius C. Dix from the St. Louis Public Schools on October 20, 1995, is a milestone in a brilliant and varied career of an extraordinary educator. For more than 41 years, Dr. Dix has provided service and leadership to the students and staff of the school district. Upon completion of undergraduate school at Lincoln University, Jefferson City, Ml, Dr. Dix began his career as an elementary teacher. His talents were recognized very early in his career;