IN SUPPORT OF H.R. 1776: THE BLACK REVOLUTIONARY WAR PATRIOTS COMMEMORATIVE COIN ACT

HON. NANCY L. JOHNSON

OF CONNECTICUT

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 7, 1995

Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut. Mr. Speaker, today I introduced, with my colleague DON-ALD PAYNE of New Jersey, H.R. 1776, the Black Revolutionary War Patriots Commemorative Coin Act. This legislation will direct the Secretary of the Treasury to mint a special coin in commemoration of the many black soldiers who fought for out Nation's independence and our individual freedom. In addition to recognizing the often forgotten contributions of African-Americans during this historic period of our Nation's history, distribution of such a coin will enable the Black Patriots Foundation to succeed in funding the Black Revolutionary War Patriots Memorial, to be located in Constitution Gardens between the Washington Monument and the Lincoln Memorial.

More than 5,000 black revolutionary war patriots fought shoulder-to-shoulder with white patriots, heroically sacrificing so that we can stand here today, a free people and a world leader. This contribution should not be forgotten. As generations of children visit our Nation's capital and walk the mall, they should have a concrete reminder that we are descendants of men and women of all races and ethnic backgrounds and only together can we create a Nation in which individual social freedom and justice are a reality.

I urge my colleagues to join in honoring black revolutionary war patriots through this commemorative coin act and enable the Black Patriots Foundation to complete the Black Revolutionary War Patriots Memorial here in Washington, DC.

HOUSE RESOLUTION COMMENDING POLICE ATHLETIC LEAGUES NA-TIONWIDE

HON. GEORGE MILLER

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 7, 1995

Mr. MILLER of California. It gives me great pleasure today, together with my fellow cosponsors, to introduce a resolution commending Police Athletic Leagues [PAL] across this country for their excellent work on behalf of our Nation's youth.

PAL was created over 50 years ago in New York City by Lt. Ed Flynn, who, faced with persistent gang violence, organized a baseball league to give kids an alternative to crime. PAL now has 246 local chapters in cities nationwide, including Jacksonville, Des Moines, New York, Denver, Dallas, San Francisco, and Seattle. And in my congressional district, there are PAL organizations in Benicia, Martinez, Richmond, and Vallejo.

Three million kids participate in PAL's recreational and educational program, such as athletic tournaments, police cadet clubs, and computer training. Fifty years after its inception, the principal mission of PAL remains the same: Police officers volunteer their free time

to work with youths in promoting trust and understanding in an atmosphere of cooperation. The kids benefit by receiving positive role models and learning life skills. The officers benefit by getting an opportunity to make a real, positive difference in kids' lives.

Mr. Speaker, in my own State, PAL-called CAL-PAL—is easily one of the largest juvenile crime prevention programs in California, with over 50,000 kids participating. CAL-PAL includes over 25 chapters, each as varied as the towns or cities in which they operate. CAL-PAL has established itself as a viable, successful juvenile crime prevention program by focusing on athletic and other related youth activities. Their motto is "Filling Playgrounds Not Prisons." PAL's long years of experience with kids shows that sporting activities help bring out the best in kids. Youth members of PAL learn to be part of a team—they learn how their individual efforts are part of a collective goal, they learn endurance and perseverance, and they learn that hard work leads to success. And above all they gain self-awareness and self-esteem, which are the essential building blocks of every child's personality, but are especially important to disadvantaged kids. PAL also serves the purpose of cementing positive relationships between kids and police officers, a relationship that is based on mutual respect and deep admiration.

Clearly, we need to do all we can to reduce crime among our youth. Although crime in the Nation has subsided somewhat in recent years, violent crimes committed by juveniles has surged. PAL is certainly no substitute for tough crime fighting strategies and policies. But police athletic leagues, acting in concert with these policies, are out in the field every-day attempting to turn back the rising tide of crime by providing constructive activities for kids. PAL's police officers deserve our support and our commendation.

REDEDICATION OF DOUGHBOY STATUE

HON. IKE SKELTON

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 7, 1995

Mr. SKELTON. Mr. Speaker, on the evening of May 30, 1995, the community of Concordia, MO, rededicated the Doughboy Statue, first erected in 1923, in the city's central park. It was a memorable experience for me to participate in the ceremonies with community leaders, including Dick Stuenkel, Rev. Paul Wobus, and Mayor Alfred Rodewald. Brig. Gen. Ron Marcotte of Whiteman Air Force Base delivered an address. Mayor Rodewald delivered the rite of dedication, which was a fitting tribute to the community's veterans:

RITE OF REDEDICATION OF DOUGHBOY
MONUMENT

In the Name of Almighty God, the Creator of all things, the Redeemer of sinful mankind and the Sanctifier of all that is made just and holy.

On Sept. 23, 1923, this community dedicated a monument. The monument was formed of Bedford limestone. It depicted an American soldier—a Doughboy of World War fame—standing at attention, standing 6 feet tall, a weapon at his right side, in full uniform, dignified, in Central Park, Concordia, MO.

Here the Doughboy monument has stood for 71 years. It has been a symbol of appreciation for all who joined the Armed Forces of America to defend her against human injustice: in the Civil War from 1861 to 1865; the Spanish-American War in 1898; and the World War from 1914 to 1918.

The monument has endured 71 years of exposure to the elements of west central Missouri. It has received tender glances from people who wanted to know of its significance and meaning. It has been greeted by warm faces from patriotic Americans and foreigners alike. Through the years, the Doughboy has stood as a proud symbol in central park.

This monument of stone has stood in silence. Yet it has projected a message of dedication and commitment by area citizens to the defense of liberty, peace and justice for all. Dedicated to those who defended America in the Civil War, Spanish-American War, and World War I, the Doughboy has held its place in Concordia while more wars raged and the U.S. Government called upon new generations of local men and women to bear arms in her defense.

The monument stood through World War II, from 1939 to 1945; the Korean war, from 1950 to 1953; the Vietnam war, from 1965 to 1973; and the Persian Gulf War in 1991.

This monument of stone, reflecting material blemishes from years of exposure to elements at central park, was recently refurbished. It was refurbished through the effort of many—including the city of Concordia; American Legion Post 258 and auxiliary; Veterans of Foreign Wars Post 5649 and auxiliary; Concordia Area Heritage Society; Concordia Lions Club and Concordia Civic Club.

Refurbished, the monument dedicated in 1923 is ready for rededication.

I, therefore, rededicate the Doughboy Monument with this rite. May this monument of stone continue to project its message of commitment to liberty, peace and justice for all mankind to everyone who lives in and visits this community. May God grant it to stand enduringly as a symbol of peace and as a symbol of love for God and country in the town that chose the name Concordia as it sought peace and harmony following many painful experiences in the Civil War.

As floodlights focus on the Doughboy Monument tonight we rededicate it to its mission.

In the Name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost. Amen. [let the lights turn on]

1995 FARM BILL

HON. EARL POMEROY

OF NORTH DAKOTA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 7, 1995

Mr. POMEROY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize Debra Lundgren, a farm wife from Kulm, ND, who gave a short, but meaningful speech in April when U.S. Secretary of Agriculture, Dan Glickman, was in North Dakota for a regional farm forum. Her speech follows:

I am here today as a farm wife. It is a role I enjoy, but one I do not get to perform very often. Because I am married to a farmer, I cannot afford to be a farm wife. I would rather work on the farm, but can't—and I'm not alone. Eighty-seven percent of the income generated by the average U.S. farm operator household comes from off-farm sources.

My husband farms full-time and works an additional job, fulltime job. I am presently working two jobs, so no one can say we are lazy. Nor are we getting rich from program payments.

Between bureaucrats and the media, farmers take a beating every day. They sensationalize program abuse and tend to forget those of us trying to make a living.

those of us trying to make a living. Unfortunately, most people who are removed from agriculture believe there is an unlimited flow of financial support from the government to the farmer. That sir, as you know, is not true. In fact, our government has kept the price of our commodities artificially low. You must admit, it's a consumer subsidy, not a farm subsidy. Expenses have risen since the depression. Prices have not.

In countries that have been hungry, governments provide price supports to make sure their farmers will produce. Japan pays their farmers \$32.88 for each bushel of wheat. Syria pays \$23. Even Bangladesh supports prices above the United States of America.

Please don't let the word "price supports" be misunderstood. We are not asking for welfare. We are, in essence, requesting a minimum wage. Unlike most people working for a minimum wage, we invest for the privilege.

Mr. Secretary, the original intent of the farm program was to narrow the gap in income between farmers and the rest of the population. Family farmers still stand to benefit from that ideal, but the current abuse of the programs allow the largest 18% of farms to collect 3/3 of the benefits. The time has come to change the programs, not throw them out. Target the benefits, based on production, to family farmers. Reward the efforts of the farmers who continue to provide quality food for America's families while struggling to feed his own. The new wealth created by a fair price would revitalize rural and urban main streets across the country.

Finally, we may be only 2% of the population, but that means that 98% of the population depends on us to provide their food. I'd say that makes us an extremely important part of this country. I'd say that deserves the respect of anyone who had breakfast this morning or supper last night. I'd say we are worth the effort of a farm bill that directs program benefits to farm families who risk everything every year.

Wouldn't you?

AUTHORIZING A CALIFORNIA URBAN ENVIRONMENTAL RE-SEARCH CENTER

HON. FORTNEY PETE STARK

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday. June 7. 1995

Mr. STARK. Mr. Speaker, today I am reintroducing legislation to authorize the Environmental Protection Agency [EPA] to establish a California Urban Environmental Research and Education Center [CUEREC].

I am honored to be joined in this effort by 13 California colleagues: Mr. Dellums, Ms. Pelosi, Mr. Horn, Mr. Lantos, Mr. Matsui, Mr. Miller, Ms. Woolsey, Mr. Mineta, Ms. Eshoo, Ms. Roybal-Allard, Mr. Torres, Mr. Waxman, and Mr. Filner.

Legislation to authorize EPA research programs was unfortunately not acted upon in the last Congress. However, CUEREC did receive a line item in the 1995 Department of VA, HUD, and Independent Agencies appropriations bill to cover start-up costs. This line item has allowed CUEREC to begin its first year of operation and the center was dedicated on October 21, 1994 at a tree planting ceremony on the Cal State Hayward campus.

The bill requests \$4.5 million for fiscal year 1996 because CUEREC is mandated to work with all 22 California State Universities in its 2nd year of operation and because CUEREC will need this level of support to carry out the activities set out for it in the legislation.

Currently, CUEREC is in the process of linking California's major university systems—the Cal State University [CSU] campuses, the University of California [UC] campuses, as well as private universities and colleges-to deal with the employment and environmental challenges of California's military base closures and defense conversion. Among other activities CUEREC will: help remove market barriers for small environmental business enterprise development; help in military base conversion and utilization focused on increasing sustainable economic development and job creation throughout California, encourage the transfer of government developed and/or sponsored environmental technology to the private sector while working closely with such laboratories as Lawrence Livermore, Sandia, and Lawrence-Berkeley; encourage the funding of viable environmental projects throughout California; assist women and minority owned small businesses in complying with local, State, and Federal environmental regulations and taking advantage of opportunities in sustainable economic development; avoid duplication in environmental research and education programs by developing an on-line data base of such activities available to all California universities and colleges; help coordinate Cal State and UC environmental applied research and education programs; and advise local, State, and Federal officials on the economic and envionmetal implications of development programs throughout California.

Prior to CUEREC, no EPA sponsored research center had been established in California. Seventeen such EPA sponsored research centers have already been established in other States. CUEREC would be the first to focus on urban environmental policy, base closures, and defense conversion environmental problems. CUEREC would also be the first to include all of the universities and colleges in a single State.

Both Senators were very supportive of the legislation last year. CUEREC is a unique program, providing many important benefits for California and a cost effective model; university based program for the Nation and I urge my California colleagues to support it.

MARY N.D. MATANANE, GUAM NURSES ASSOCIATION 1995 NURSE OF THE YEAR

HON. ROBERT A. UNDERWOOD

OF GUAM

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 7, 1995

Mr. UNDERWOOD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this occasion to commend Mary N.D. Matanane, an outstanding member of Guam's island community, for having been chosen as the Guam Nurses Association's Nurse of the Year for 1995.

For over two decades, Mary Matanane has dedicated herself to the health care profession, working for both the private and public sectors. Prior to her retirement from government service, she worked for a total of over 19

years with the Guam Memorial Hospital and the Department of Public Health and Social Services. She currently serves as the assistant director and clinical supervisor at Clark Home Nursing Service.

Throughout this time, Mary worked toward uniting the members of Guam's nursing profession and improving the quality of health care available on the island serving as president and director-at-large of the Guam nurses Association for the past 18 years. In addition to her significant role in several of the association's committees, she also served as chairperson for the Governor's Task Force for Maternal Child Health and the Maternal and Child Health Advisory Council.

Her devotion to the community through the nursing profession has resulted in a number of awards including the 1994 ANA Search for Excellence Award, the 1993 National League for Nursing Centennial Leadership Award, the 1993 Department of Public Health and Social Services Supervisor of the Year Award. It is only befitting for her to be selected as 1995's Nurse of the Year.

On behalf of the people of Guam, I congratulate Mary Matanane for having been chosen as the Guam Nurses Association's Nurse of the Year for 1995. We commend her efforts, hard work, and contributions to the island.

IN RECOGNITION OF A DEDICATED EDUCATOR, RICHARD F. PULICE

HON. ESTEBAN EDWARD TORRES

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 7, 1995

Mr. TORRES. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize a special individual, dedicated educator, and childhood friend, Richard F. Pulice, director of instruction, Montebello Unified School District.

Richard has dedicated over 34 years of service to providing the children of Montebello with a superior public education. Immediately upon graduating from Occidental College in 1961, Richard began his longstanding career by teaching at Bandini Elementary School in the city of Commerce. He taught at Bandini until 1969. During this time he also earned his masters degree in education administration, which he received from Whittier College in 1967.

For the next 18 years, Richard proceeded to hold various principal positions throughout the Montebello Unified School District. He was principal at Bella Vista Elementary, Suva Elementary, and Potrero Heights Elementary. In 1987, Richard was appointed as director of elementary instruction for the Montebello Unified School District and in 1992, he was appointed director of instruction, a position he currently holds.

In addition to his extensive professional accomplishments, Richard has been involved in local, county, and State efforts to improve our educational system. He has served as an advisor to Montebello's Board of Education and superintendent on current issues and trends in education. Richard is also responsible for the overall coordination and implementation of the instructional program from kindergarten