

positive role models for other women faced with this same situation.

The two Nancy's recently participated in a successful climbing expedition of the 23,085-foot Mount Aconcagua in Argentina in which 16 breast cancer survivors took part. They should be commended for their participation in this novel effort, organized by Breast Cancer Fund of San Francisco, to raise money for research and treatment of breast cancer. The two were recently recognized by the White House for their efforts during the Clinton administration's Medicare Mammography Awareness Campaign. I know that their enthusiastic response to fighting this disease in such an active manner helps to motivate others to redouble their efforts against this deadly disease, as well as the example they set and hope they give to other cancer survivors.

Mr. Speaker, it is my great pleasure to pay tribute to Nancy and Nancy for their extraordinary efforts. I am very proud to be representing these two remarkable women in Congress. I extend my heartfelt congratulations and deep appreciation to Nancy Hudson and Nancy Knoble for their tremendous achievements.

A TRIBUTE TO JERALD R.
BUTCHERT

HON. CALVIN M. DOOLEY

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, May 12, 1995

Mr. DOOLEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize and honor Jerald R. Butchert, a personal friend of mine and a man who has worked tirelessly to make the San Joaquin Valley the most fertile agricultural land on Earth. Jerry is retiring May 31 as general manager of the Westlands Water District.

For the past 18 years, Jerry has been general manager of the Nation's largest agricultural water district, a district which approximately equals the State of Rhode Island in area.

Jerry has built a career on the prudent management of water, and has helped build Westlands into one of the most impressive water-delivery systems in the world.

Jerry was a key participant in the negotiations that led to the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982, legislation which forever changed the face of the Westlands' farming operations, and created new opportunities for young landowners and farmers. He also led the district's ongoing negotiations with the Federal Government on the need for adequate drainage service.

More recently, Jerry was active in discussions that led to the historic Bay-Delta agreement, an agreement that helped bring stability to the Delta and to California's agricultural water supply. He is currently playing an important role in efforts to reform the 1992 Central Valley Project Improvement Act.

A civil engineering graduate of Fresno State College, Jerry began his career as an engineer for the Fresno Irrigation District. He later served as the executive officer of the Eel River Water Council, and as the legislative representative in Washington, DC for the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California.

He has continued to be active in water organizations throughout his career, serving as a

director of the National Water Resources Association, the Central Valley Project Water Association, and the San Luis and Delta-Mendota Water Authority. He is a member of the Drainage Oversight Committee of the San Joaquin Valley Drainage Program, the Association of California Water Agencies, and the American Society of Civil Engineers.

Jerry and his wife, Carrie Lou, have four children and five grandchildren.

Mr. Speaker, Jerry Butchert has a long record of achievement in his career. He has earned our honor and respect in his retirement. Mr. Speaker, please join me and my colleagues in recognizing by good friend Jerry Butchert.

THE RIGHT TO LIFE ACT OF 1995

HON. ROBERT K. DORNAN

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, May 12, 1995

Mr. DORNAN. Mr. Speaker, I am privileged to introduce the Right to Life Act of 1995 because I must do what I can for our society to instill respect for human life and stop the current culture of death. The Supreme Court in *Roe v. Wade* laid out the blueprint for this legislation. It is simple, reasonable, and just, and provides that the right to life guaranteed by the Constitution is vested in each human being at fertilization.

We Members of the House know that for each of the past 22 years following *Roe v. Wade*, an estimated 1,500,000 preborn children have been institutionally killed throughout Federal enclaves and the States. More than 33,000,000 innocents have been slaughtered, pregnant mothers traumatized, and fathers denied paternity. As would be expected from this loss of respect for the value of dignity of human life, euthanasia followed the soaring abortion rate. And then street violence invaded the lives of all Americans at a frightening pace.

And so, Mr. Speaker, I must ask America: "How did this tragedy occur in our beautiful Land of the Free?" Well, in a word, apathy. We took it for granted that America was good and just. But, evil worked from within, and persuaded our Supreme Court to make catastrophic errors of judgment, fact and law in *Roe v. Wade*, by which the Court authorized the killing of innocents. It is the same evil which we suffered when society permitted the personhood of a slave to be less than the personhood of a slave owner. Now the right to life of a preborn person is less, according to the Court, than that of a born child.

The Right to Life Act confronts and overcomes the abortion plague spawned by *Roe v. Wade*. It assures that we will no longer violate the basic human right to life. We will provide equal care and protection for the right to life for both a pregnant mother and her preborn child.

As an American, I cannot live side-by-side with abortion and euthanasia as if it were not evil to kill a baby or the aged or sick. As a public official, I cannot sit by as if America cannot stop notorious violations of human rights in our country.

For centuries, America was held hostage to the great controversy over the absolute evil of slavery. Now, for 22 years too long, America

has been held hostage in this great controversy and conflict over the absolute evil of abortion.

Where are the bodies of the 4,000 or more problem preborn babies intentionally killed each day in America? The press and media show us photos of starving children in foreign lands and urge us to get food to the hungry. We say the dead and barely alive victims of Hitler's death camps which sickened us 50 years ago. Today we still remember and memorialize the worst evils of World War II.

No longer should there be a cover-up of the death of even one preborn baby. We must look squarely at the abortion tragedy and pray that America will be moved finally with reason and compassion to save preborn babies, their mothers and fathers, and our society.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE 16TH
DISTRICT STUDENT CONGRES-
SIONAL COUNCIL

HON. RALPH REGULA

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, May 12, 1995

Mr. REGULA. Mr. Speaker, every year I sponsor a student congressional council in the 16th District of Ohio. High school students are selected to participate and are assigned issues of national importance to research and debate. This year the students were told to formulate their own "Contract With America."

The students spent many weeks researching and discussing the annual topic. They conclude the project by holding a mock Congress. On this final day the students debate and vote on their contract proposals.

The students considered over 30 pieces of legislation. I am proud to insert the following proposals which passed their student legislation into the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

The participating high schools are: Alliance, Central Catholic, Glen Oak, Fairless, Fredericktown, Hillsdale, Hoover, Louisville, Marlinton, Minerva, Northwestern, R.G. Drage, Tuslaw, and West Holmes.

WELFARE REFORM

It is clear that the current welfare system is slowly destroying the very fabric of our society. The current system encourages both irresponsible behavior and fraud. In an attempt to save the American society by strengthening the American family, encouraging responsibility, and eliminating unnecessary illegal behavior, I urge the passing of this bill.

A bill to establish guidelines for the Aid to Families with Dependent Children program.

In order to qualify for and receive Aid to Families payments all applicants and recipients must be at least 18 years of age, a legal citizen of the United States, and either possess a high school diploma, have passed the Graduation Equivalency Test, or currently be enrolled in a course of study leading to a GED test.

All applicants or recipients whom the State determines to be addicted to alcohol or any type of drug shall be required to participate in and successfully complete an addiction treatment program. Those applicants and recipients whom the State determines to be addicted to alcohol or any type of drug shall also be subject to random alcohol and/or drug testing.

All guardians of children whose parent(s) are currently incarcerated shall continue to

receive AFDC payments for the care of these children.

All States shall have the power to require recipients of AFDC payments to perform community service, providing that they offer child care to those whom they determine need it.

All unwed mothers must establish paternity in order to receive AFDC payments. Once paternity is established, AFDC benefits will not increase for those women who are currently on welfare who give birth to additional children.

All fathers that fail to pay child support shall not be eligible to receive AFDC payments, however, job training and placement assistance shall be offered to these men.

All States shall be required to terminate AFDC payments to recipients who have received these payments for at least three years. All States shall have the power, however, to end these AFDC payments after one year, providing that they offer a job training and assistance program to their recipients.

All State-provided job training and placement assistance programs shall be funded through block grants, comprised of the savings generated by denying AFDC benefits to those under the age of 18. All State-provided child care to recipients of AFDC payments may also be funded through these block grants, or States may provide the position of child care administrator as a community service opportunity to those recipients whom must complete a State determined requirement of community service.

STRICTER LEGISLATION REGARDING PERSONS ON TRIAL, PUNISHMENTS, AND THEIR APPEALS

A bill to have a stricter legislation regarding trials, punishments and appeals of accused persons. If a person is accused of committing a felony, they should be tried as an adult regardless of their age when they committed the crime. There should be stricter psychiatric evaluations for accused persons claiming temporary insanity. Useless questioning or the use of irrelevant evidence should be abolished. There should be stricter punishments for criminals convicted of crimes involving guns, drugs, and other serious felonies. Any criminal convicted of any 3 felonies will be locked up in prison for the rest of their life. Life sentences should be serviced for the remainder of the criminal's life. We should cut back on jail privileges for the white collar criminals, such as tennis courts, exercise rooms, swimming pools, etc. A convicted criminal should only be allowed to receive two appeals. By doing this, it will eliminate the use of tax payers' funding of useless court trials. If released, the criminal must pay court fees.

MANDATORY RAILROAD CROSSING WARNING LIGHT AND GATE PLACEMENT AND REPAIR

This bill would impose mandatory placement of lights and gates at all railroad crossings in use and require immediate repair of all faulty gates and lights.

A bill to create gates and lights for all railroads in use.

Sec. 1. The federal government will allocate funds from Department of Transportation to state governments for the building of railroad crossings that are in use.

Sec. 2. All faulty gates and lights must be repaired immediately. Gates and lights that are not working or are being repaired must have signs posted to notify this to drivers.

Sec. 3. If a railroad crossing does not have gates of lights then trains must reduce their speed to 25 m.p.h. through the crossing until the installation of gates and lights is complete.

Sec. 4. If a state does not comply with this bill all federal funding for highways will be cut off for that state.

TRIBUTE TO COL. CECIL G.
FOSTER, U.S.A.F.

HON. DAVE CAMP

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, May 12, 1995

Mr. CAMP. Mr. Speaker, it is with great pleasure that I rise today to recognize an outstanding individual, originally from Michigan, on the occasion of his homecoming to serve as Parade Marshall of the Midland Memorial Day Parade. Col. Cecil Foster has dedicated his life to the service of his country and his community, and is an inspiration to the many people whose lives he has touched.

Shortly after his graduation from Midland High School in 1943, Cecil answered the call of his country and enlisted in the Army Air Forces. This was the beginning of a long and distinguished career in the U.S. military. During this time, his services were recognized as he was awarded the Silver Star with one Oak Leaf Cluster, the Distinguished Flying Cross with two Oak Leaf Clusters, and the Air Force Commendation Medal.

Cecil immediately requested pilot training, and through dedication and hard work, he earned his wings in 1948. After resigning his commission in 1950, he hardly had time to settle into civilian life before the onset of the Korean War. The outbreak of hostilities in Korea once again summoned Cecil's unwavering patriotism. He was recalled to active duty in August 1951 and assigned to the 16th Fighter Interceptor Squadron, where his brave service to our Nation in the name of democracy earned him a promotion to Captain.

Cecil's military career continued into the era of the Vietnam War. Promoted to Lieutenant Colonel, he assumed command of the 390th Tactical Fighter Squadron in DaNang in 1968.

During Cecil's tours in South Korea and South Vietnam, he logged over 200 combat sorties, including the confirmed downing of 9 MiG-15's. He remained on active duty until 1975, and retired with over 5,000 flying hours.

Mr. Speaker, Colonel Foster has demonstrated dedication, patriotism and bravery in service to his country that is unparalleled in America's history books. He is one of the few, unique individuals whose actions still represent the ideals upon which this Nation was founded. I know you will join me in welcoming Midland's "native son" home to Michigan on this special occasion.

INTRODUCTION OF COME HOME, CORPORATE AMERICA BILL

HON. BERNARD SANDERS

OF VERMONT

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, May 12, 1995

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. Speaker, did you know that investment by U.S.-based multinational corporations abroad rose by 7.2 percent to a total of \$716.2 billion in 1993 and increased at an even faster rate in the first half of 1994?

Stop and think about the jobs and economic growth that would have been generated here in the United States of America if that investment capital had been plowed into rebuilding our Nation instead of boosting offshore competition and production.

It is time for Uncle Sam to help redirect much more of our Nation's limited investment capital into providing good-paying jobs for Americans here at home.

The best place to start is by eliminating various special interest tax breaks and subsidies that reward U.S. companies for investing abroad rather than in the United States and that add tens of billions to our Federal deficit every year. Currently Federal tax and spending policies actually favor overseas investment by U.S.-based multinational corporations in many ways, instead of rewarding domestic investment and job creation.

That is why I have been joined by other members of the Progressive Caucus in sponsoring comprehensive legislation—The Come Home, Corporate America Bill—to cut the corporate welfare for U.S.-based multinational corporations that are busy hollowing out our Nation's production base, exporting good-paying U.S. Jobs, and bliking the American taxpayer all at the same time.

My bill will cut the Federal deficit by \$252 billion over the next 5 years by wiping out assorted special interest tax loopholes and subsidies that have been handed out year after year to U.S.-based multinational corporations. These are the same companies that have turned their backs on millions of American working families whose hard work and personal allegiance has been instrumental in building these Fortune 500-type companies into economic powerhouses.

Specifically, my bill will achieve major deficit reduction by cutting the following multinational corporate welfare:

Abolishing the foreign tax credit;

Eliminating tax deferral of income from controlled foreign corporations;

Cracking down on transfer pricing, whereby multinational corporations arbitrarily allocate computed income among their operations in different countries;

Eliminating special tax break that allows companies to exclude 15 percent of their export income generated from special subsidiaries often created merely to claim and process the break;

Repealing tax exemption from U.S. taxes for employees of multinational corporations regardless of whether or not that income is subject to foreign taxation. Companies often equalize tax liabilities so that their employees' after-tax income is the same, thus allowing the company to pad their profits;

Abolishing the Overseas Private Investment Corporation [OPIC] which obligates the American taxpayer to insure and underwrite political risk insurance for companies to invest in scores of foreign countries;

Cutting below-market loan subsidies and fees provided by the Export-Import Bank for foreign purchasers to buy from U.S. companies;

Eliminating tax loopholes allowing earnings stripping and intrafirm transfers that allow companies to inflate their deductible expenses;

Abolishing exemption for foreign investors to avoid paying capital gains tax on the sale of their stock in U.S. corporations; and

Repealing the exemption that allows foreign investors to avoid paying taxes on interest received on bonds issued in the United States.