

and years ahead that encouragement and those prayers.

Thank you, Mr. President. Thank you, Members of the Senate. And thank you, colleagues, for being here to share this special moment. Thank you.

NOTE: The President spoke at 2:54 p.m. in the East Room at the White House. In his remarks, he referred to Cecilia Marshall, wife of former Justice Thurgood Marshall; Mary Ann Stewart, wife of former Justice Potter Stewart; John G. Roberts, Sr., and his wife, Rosemary Roberts, Chief Justice Roberts' parents; Margaret "Peggy" Roberts and Barbara Burke, Chief Justice Roberts' sisters. Chief Justice Roberts referred to Edward W. Gillespie, founder and co-chairman, Quinn Gillespie & Associates; and William Kelley, Deputy Counsel to the President.

Memorandum on Transfer of Funds From FY 2004 and 2005 Foreign Assistance Act and Arms Export Control Act Accounts to the International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement Account To Support the G-8 Women's Justice and Empowerment Initiative
September 29, 2005

Presidential Determination No. 2005-41

Memorandum for the Secretary of State

Subject: Transfer of Funds from FY 2004 and 2005 Foreign Assistance Act and Arms Export Control Act Accounts to the International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement Account to Support the G-8 Women's Justice and Empowerment Initiative

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, including section 610 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended (the "Act"), I hereby determine it necessary for the purposes of that Act that \$5 million in FY 2004 funds made available under the Support for East European Democracy Act (\$1 million) and FY 2005 funds made available under chapter 9 of part II of the Act (\$1.2 million) and under section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act (\$2.8 million) be

transferred to, and consolidated with, funds made available under chapter 8 of part I of the Act, and such funds are hereby so transferred and consolidated.

You are hereby authorized and directed to report this determination to the Congress and to publish it in the *Federal Register*.

George W. Bush

NOTE: An original was not available for verification of the content of this memorandum.

Message to the Congress Giving Notification of Federal Payment for Emergency Planning and Security Costs in the District of Columbia
September 29, 2005

To the Congress of the United States:

Consistent with title I of the District of Columbia Appropriations Act, 2005, Public Law 108-335, I am notifying the Congress of the proposed use of \$10,151,538 provided in title I under the heading "Federal Payment for Emergency Planning and Security Costs in the District of Columbia." This will reimburse the District for the costs of public safety expenses related to security events and responses to terrorist threats.

The details of this action are set forth in the enclosed letter from the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

George W. Bush

The White House,
September 29, 2005.

Executive Order 13385—Continuance of Certain Federal Advisory Committees and Amendments to and Revocation of Other Executive Orders
September 29, 2005

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and consistent with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App.), it is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1. Each advisory committee listed below is continued until September 30, 2007.

- (a) Committee for the Preservation of the White House; Executive Order 11145, as amended (Department of the Interior).
- (b) National Infrastructure Advisory Council; section 3 of Executive Order 13231, as amended (Department of Homeland Security).
- (c) Federal Advisory Council on Occupational Safety and Health; Executive Order 12196, as amended (Department of Labor).
- (d) President's Board of Advisors on Historically Black Colleges and Universities; Executive Order 13256 (Department of Education).
- (e) President's Board of Advisors on Tribal Colleges and Universities; Executive Order 13270 (Department of Education).
- (f) President's Commission on White House Fellowships; Executive Order 11183, as amended (Office of Personnel Management).
- (g) President's Committee for People with Intellectual Disabilities; Executive Order 12994, as amended (Department of Health and Human Services).
- (h) President's Committee on the Arts and the Humanities; Executive Order 12367, as amended (National Endowment for the Arts).
- (i) President's Committee on the International Labor Organization; Executive Order 12216, as amended (Department of Labor).
- (j) President's Committee on the National Medal of Science; Executive Order 11287, as amended (National Science Foundation).
- (k) President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology; Executive Order 13226, as amended (Office of Science and Technology Policy).
- (l) President's Council on Bioethics; Executive Order 13237 (Department of Health and Human Services).
- (m) President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports; Executive Order

13265 (Department of Health and Human Services).

- (n) President's Export Council; Executive Order 12131, as amended (Department of Commerce).
- (o) President's National Security Telecommunications Advisory Committee; Executive Order 12382, as amended (Department of Homeland Security).
- (p) Trade and Environment Policy Advisory Committee; Executive Order 12905 (Office of the United States Trade Representative).

Sec. 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other Executive Order, the functions of the President under the Federal Advisory Committee Act that are applicable to the committees listed in section 1 of this order shall be performed by the head of the department or agency designated after each committee, in accordance with the guidelines and procedures established by the Administrator of General Services.

Sec. 3. The following Executive Orders that established committees that have terminated or whose work is completed are revoked:

- (a) Executive Order 13328, establishing the Commission on the Intelligence Capabilities of the United States Regarding Weapons of Mass Destruction; and
- (b) Executive Order 13326, establishing the President's Commission on Implementation of United States Space Exploration Policy.

Sec. 4. Sections 1 and 2 of Executive Order 13316 are superseded by sections 1 and 2 of this order.

Sec. 5. Section 3 of Executive Order 13231, as amended, is further amended by striking section 3, except subsection (c) thereof, and inserting immediately preceding subsection (c), the following:

“Section 3. The National Infrastructure Advisory Council. The National Infrastructure Advisory Council (NIAC), established on October 16, 2001, shall provide the President through the Secretary of Homeland Security with advice on the security

of the critical infrastructure sectors and their information systems.

- (a) Membership. The NIAC shall be composed of not more than 30 members appointed by the President, taking appropriate account of the benefits of having members (i) from the private sector, including but not limited to banking and finance, transportation, energy, communications, and emergency services organizations and institutions of higher learning, and State, local, and tribal governments, (ii) with senior leadership responsibilities for the reliability and availability, which include security, of the critical infrastructure and key resource sectors, (iii) with expertise relevant to the functions of the NIAC, and (iv) with experience equivalent to that of a chief executive of an organization. Unless otherwise determined by the President, no full-time officer or employee of the executive branch shall be appointed to serve as a member of the NIAC. The President shall designate from among the members of the NIAC a Chair and a Vice Chair, who shall perform the functions of the Chair if the Chair is absent, disabled, or in the instance of a vacancy in the Chair.
- (b) Functions of the NIAC. The NIAC shall meet periodically to:
 - (i) enhance the partnership of the public and private sectors in protecting critical infrastructures and their information systems and provide reports on this issue to the President through the Secretary of Homeland Security, as appropriate;
 - (ii) propose and develop ways to encourage private industry to perform periodic risk assessments;
 - (iii) monitor the development and operations of private sector coordinating councils and their information sharing mechanisms and provide recommendations to the President through the Secretary of Homeland Security on how these organizations can best foster improved cooperation among the sectors, the Department

of Homeland Security, and other Federal Government entities;

- (iv) report to the President through the Secretary of Homeland Security, who shall ensure appropriate coordination with the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security and Counterterrorism, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs under the terms of this order; and
- (v) advise sector specific agencies with critical infrastructure responsibilities to include issues pertaining to sector and government coordinating councils and their information sharing mechanisms.”

In implementing this order, the NIAC shall not advise or otherwise act on matters pertaining to National Security and Emergency Preparedness (NS/EP) Communications and, with respect to any matters to which the NIAC is authorized by this order to provide advice or otherwise act on that may depend upon or affect NS/EP Communications, shall coordinate with the National Security and Telecommunications Advisory Committee established by Executive Order 12382, as amended.

Sec. 6. Executive Order 12367, as amended, is further amended by:

- (a) Striking “including the Millennium” in section 2;
- (b) Changing the title of section 3 to read “Administrative and Project Support”; and
- (c) Adding the following new subsection 3(c):

“(c) Additional project support may be provided, to the extent permitted by law, by the Director of the Institute of Museum and Library Services after consultation with the Chairpersons of the National Endowment for the Arts and the National Endowment for the Humanities.”.

Sec. 7. Executive Order 12216, as amended, is further amended by revising subsection 1–101 to read as follows:

“1–101. There is established the President’s Committee on the International Labor Organization (ILO). The members will be

the Secretaries of Labor, State, and Commerce, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and one representative each from organized labor and the business community, to be designated by the Secretary of Labor.”

Sec. 8. Executive Order 13226, as amended, is further amended by:

- (a) Striking “not more than 25 members,” in section 1 and inserting in lieu thereof “not more than 45 members,”;
 - (b) Striking “24 of whom” in section 1 and inserting in lieu thereof “44 of whom”; and
 - (c) Adding the following new subsection 2(d):
- “(d) PCAST shall serve as the President’s Information Technology Advisory Committee under subsections 101(b) and 103(b) of the High-Performance Computing Act of 1991 (Public Law 102–194), as amended (15 U.S.C. 5511(b) and 5513(b)).”

Sec. 9. Executive Order 13283 is revoked.

Sec. 10. This order shall be effective September 30, 2005.

George W. Bush

The White House,
September 29, 2005.

[Filed with the Office of the Federal Register, 8:45 a.m., October 3, 2005]

NOTE: This Executive order was released by the Office of the Press Secretary on September 30, and it will be published in the *Federal Register* on October 4.

Remarks at the Farewell Tribute for General Richard B. Myers and Swearing-In for General Peter Pace as Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff in Arlington, Virginia
September 30, 2005

Thank you for the warm welcome. It is a pleasure to join you in paying tribute to a fine American and a superb Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, General Dick Myers. I’m glad to see the Myers family here:

Dick’s great wife, Mary Jo; their children, Rich, Nicole, and Erin; their grandchildren, Sophie and Cole. I know those grandkids are proud of their grandfather today; I want you to know, kids, you’re joined by the Commander in Chief and the American people.

Today we also honor the outstanding Marine succeeding General Myers as the Chairman, General Pete Pace. I’m glad that Pete’s family has joined us today: his wife, Lynne; their daughter, Tiffany; their son, Lieutenant Pete Pace; and the General’s brothers, Tom and Simone; as well as his sister, Elizabeth and his mom, Doris.

I have come to know Pete Pace well during his time as the Vice Chairman. I appreciate his wisdom and commitment to serve, and I look forward to having Pete by my side in the years ahead.

I want to appreciate the Vice President for being here. Mr. Secretary, thank you very much for your continued strong leadership. I appreciate the Secretary of State, Condi Rice, joining us. I want to thank all the members of the administration who have come to pay tribute to this fine man and his wife. I particularly thank the President of the World Bank, Paul Wolfowitz, who served with Dick Myers for 4 years at the Defense Department. I thank the members of the diplomatic corps who have joined us.

When I asked Dick Myers to take his job back in the summer of 2001, I knew we had some important things in common. We both made a good decision early in life when we married a teacher. We both flew fighter jets, although I never won the Grey Eagle Award. We both knew it would take all of our combined strength, energy, and resolve to defend the American people—and to keep up with Don Rumsfeld. *[Laughter]*

When General Myers was sworn in as the 15th Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff 4 years ago, he joined a long line of distinguished military leaders that stretches back to General Omar Bradley. Every Chairman faced difficult tests, yet none took up his duties under more demanding circumstances than Dick Myers. In his first week as the Chairman, we launched strikes on terrorist training camps in Afghanistan. By the middle of December, American troops and our allies had driven the Taliban from power, put Al