

Week Ending Friday, July 22, 2005

**Proclamation 7913—Captive Nations Week, 2005**

*July 15, 2005*

*By the President of the United States  
of America*

**A Proclamation**

America stands for freedom and supports those who are oppressed. During Captive Nations Week, we reaffirm our commitment to advancing democracy, defending liberty, and protecting human rights around the world.

When President Eisenhower issued the first Captive Nations Week proclamation in 1959, freedom was being denied by communist regimes in Europe, Asia, and Latin America. Millions were deprived of their rights to freely practice religion, assemble in public, and exercise freedom of speech. The Cold War and the captivity of millions of people in Central and Eastern Europe have since ended, and we have witnessed the rise of democratic governments in countries across the globe.

Building a free and peaceful world is the work of generations, and this work continues. America believes that freedom is God's gift to each man and woman in this world and that spreading freedom's blessings is the calling of our time. We are continuing to work to help spread liberty and democracy to people who have known fear and oppression. The gains in places like Afghanistan, Iraq, Ukraine, and Georgia have been achieved through the courage, determination, and sacrifice of millions of men and women in those countries, with the assistance of the United States and other allies.

As a Nation forged from the ideals of freedom, justice, and human dignity, we will continue speaking out on behalf of oppressed people. We will support the growth of democratic movements and institutions in every nation. This young century will be liberty's

century, and during Captive Nations Week, we pledge to advance the cause of liberty for all people.

The Congress, by Joint Resolution approved July 17, 1959 (73 Stat. 212), has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation designating the third week in July of each year as "Captive Nations Week."

**Now, Therefore, I, George W. Bush,** President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim July 17 through July 23, 2005, as Captive Nations Week. I call upon the people of the United States to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities and to reaffirm their commitment to all those seeking liberty, justice, and self-determination.

**In Witness Whereof,** I have hereunto set my hand this fifteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord two thousand five, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and thirtieth.

**George W. Bush**

[Filed with the Office of the Federal Register, 8:45 a.m., July 19, 2005]

NOTE: This proclamation was published in the *Federal Register* on July 20. This item was not received in time for publication in the appropriate issue.

**Executive Order 13383—Amending  
Executive Orders 12139 and 12949  
in Light of Establishment of the  
Office of Director of National  
Intelligence**

*July 15, 2005*

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section. 1.** Section 1–103 of Executive Order 12139 of May 23, 1979, is amended by:

(a) striking “(c) Director of Central Intelligence” and inserting in lieu thereof “(c) Director of National Intelligence”;

(b) striking “(g) Deputy Director of Central Intelligence” and inserting in lieu thereof “(g) Director of the Central Intelligence Agency”; and

(c) adding at the end thereof “(h) Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence.”.

**Sec. 2.** Section 3 of Executive Order 12949 of February 9, 1995, is amended by:

(a) striking “(c) Director of Central Intelligence” and inserting in lieu thereof “Director of National Intelligence”;

(b) striking “and” at the end of subsection (f);

(c) striking “(g) Deputy Director of Central Intelligence.” and inserting in lieu thereof “(g) Director of the Central Intelligence Agency; and”; and

(d) adding at the end thereof “(h) Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence.”.

**Sec. 3.** This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable by any party at law or in equity against the United States, its departments, agencies, entities, officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

**George W. Bush**

The White House,  
July 15, 2005.

[Filed with the Office of the Federal Register,  
8:45 a.m., July 19, 2005]

NOTE: This Executive order was published in the *Federal Register* on July 20. This item was not received in time for publication in the appropriate issue.

**Memorandum on Drawdown of  
Commodities and Services From the  
Department of Defense To Support  
African Union Peacekeeping in  
Darfur, Sudan**

July 15, 2005

Presidential Determination No. 2005–30

*Memorandum for the Secretary of State, the  
Secretary of Defense*

**Subject:** Drawdown of Commodities and Services from the Department of Defense to Support African Union Peacekeeping in Darfur, Sudan.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the laws of the United States, including section 552(c)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, I hereby determine that:

- (1) as a result of an unforeseen emergency, the provision of assistance under Chapter 6 of Part II of the Act in amounts in excess of funds otherwise available for such assistance is important to the national interests of the United States; and
- (2) such unforeseen emergency requires the immediate provision of assistance under Chapter 6 of Part II of the Act.

I therefore direct the drawdown of up to \$6 million in commodities and services from the Department of Defense to support the transportation of African Union forces to Darfur, Sudan.

The Secretary of State is authorized and directed to report this determination to the Congress and to publish it in the *Federal Register*.

**George W. Bush**

[Filed with the Office of the Federal Register,  
8:45 a.m., July 26, 2005]

NOTE: This memorandum will be published in the *Federal Register* on July 27. This item was not received in time for publication in the appropriate issue.