

be subject to the following informal notice-and-comment procedures. The issuing agency shall publish a notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER announcing that a draft of the proposed guidance document is publicly available, shall post the draft guidance document on its website, shall invite public comment on the draft document for a minimum of 30 days, make the public comments available for public review on its website, and shall prepare and post a public response to major concerns raised in the comments, as appropriate, on its website, either before or when the guidance document is finalized and issued.

(b) The requirements of paragraph (a) of this section will not apply to any significant guidance document or categories of significant guidance documents for which OBPA finds, in consultation with OIRA, the proposing agency, and the Office of the Secretary, good cause that notice and public comment thereon are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest (and incorporates the finding of good cause and a brief statement of reasons therefor in the guidance document issued).

(c) Where appropriate, the proposing agency may recommend to OBPA that a particular guidance document that is otherwise of importance to the Department's interests shall also be subject to the informal notice-and-comment procedures described in paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 1.907 Petitions for guidance.

Any person may petition a USDA agency to withdraw or modify a particular guidance document. Petitions may be submitted by postal mail to: Guidance Officer, Office of Budget and Program Analysis, USDA, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20250-1400. Email petitions may be sent to *OBPA-GuidanceInquiries@usda.gov*. The agency shall respond to all requests in a timely manner, but no later than 90 days after receipt of the request.

[85 FR 34085, June 3, 2020, as amended at 85 FR 55359, Sept. 8, 2020]

§ 1.908 Rescinded guidance.

No USDA agency may cite, use, or rely on guidance documents that are rescinded, except to establish historical facts.

§ 1.909 Exigent circumstances.

In emergency situations or when the issuing agency is required by statutory deadline or court order to issue guidance documents more quickly than this subpart's review procedures allow, the issuing agency shall coordinate with OBPA to notify OIRA as soon as possible and, to the extent practicable, shall comply with the requirements of this subpart at the earliest opportunity. Wherever practicable, the issuing agency shall schedule its proceedings to permit sufficient time to comply with the procedures set forth in this subpart.

§ 1.910 Reports to Congress and GAO.

Unless otherwise determined in writing, it is the policy of USDA that upon issuing a guidance document determined to be "significant," the issuing agency shall submit a report to Congress and the Government Accountability Office in accordance with the procedures described in 5 U.S.C. 801 (the Congressional Review Act).

§ 1.911 No judicial review or enforceable rights.

This subpart is intended to improve the internal management of USDA. As such, it is for the use of USDA personnel only and is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its agencies or other entities, its officers or employees, or any other person.

PART 1a—LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITIES

Sec.

- 1a.1 General statement.
- 1a.2 Authorization.
- 1a.3 Persons authorized.
- 1a.4 Limitations.
- 1a.5 Responsibility of the Inspector General.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 1337, Pub. L. 97-98; 5 U.S.C. 301; 5 U.S.C. App. I.

§ 1a.1

SOURCE: 47 FR 2073, Jan. 14, 1982, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1a.1 General statement.

This part sets forth the rules issued by the Secretary of Agriculture to implement section 1337 of Public Law 97-98 relating to:

- (a) Arrests without warrant for certain criminal felony violations;
- (b) Execution of warrants for arrests, searches of premises and seizures of evidence; and
- (c) The carrying of firearms by designated officials of the Office of Inspector General.

§ 1a.2 Authorization.

Any official of the Office of Inspector General who is designated by the Inspector General according to §§ 1a.3 and 1a.5 of this part and who is engaged in the performance of his/her official duties under the authority provided in section 6, or described in section 9, of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.), is authorized to—

- (a) Make an arrest without a warrant for any criminal felony violation subject to § 1a.4, if such violation is committed, or if the official has probable cause to believe that such violation is being committed, in his/her presence;
- (b) Execute and serve a warrant for an arrest, for the search of premises, or the seizure of evidence if such warrant is issued under authority of the United States upon probable cause to believe that any criminal felony violation, subject to § 1a.4, has been committed; and
- (c) Carry a firearm.

[50 FR 13759, Apr. 8, 1985]

§ 1a.3 Persons authorized.

Any person who is employed in the Office of Inspector General and who is designated by the Inspector General in accordance with and subject to § 1a.5 and who conducts investigations of alleged or suspected felony criminal violations of statutes administered by the Secretary of Agriculture or any agency of the Department of Agriculture may exercise the authorities listed in and pursuant to § 1a.2.

§ 1a.4 Limitations.

The powers granted by §§ 1a.2(a) and 1a.2(b) shall be exercised only when a designated official is engaged in an investigation of alleged or suspected felony violations of statutes administered by the Secretary of Agriculture or any agency of the Department.

[50 FR 13759, Apr. 8, 1985]

§ 1a.5 Responsibility of the Inspector General.

The Inspector General shall:

- (a) Issue directives conforming to this part governing the exercise of the authorities granted by this part. These directives should contain the policies and procedures by which the authorities will be exercised by designated officials of the Office of Inspector General;
- (b) Establish criteria for qualification by officials of the Office of Inspector General who are designated to exercise the authorities granted in this part;
- (c) Monitor the implementation and exercise of the authorities granted by this part;
- (d) Designate, pursuant to §§ 1a.2, 1a.3 and 1a.4, and the directives issued under paragraph (a) of this section, and the criteria established under paragraph (b) of this section, employees who have satisfied all the qualifications set by the Inspector General to exercise the authorities granted by § 1a.2; and
- (e) Submit to the Attorney General of the United States the name of any employee of the Office of Inspector General designated pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section. Any designation not specifically disapproved by the Attorney General within 30 days after the date of submission shall be deemed approved.

**PART 1b—NATIONAL
ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT**

- Sec.
- 1b.1 Purpose.
- 1b.2 Policy.
- 1b.3 Categorical exclusions.
- 1b.4 Exclusion of agencies.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301; 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*; E.O. 11514, 3 CFR, 1966-1970 Comp., p. 902.